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TG/159/3



INTERNATIONAL UNION
FOR THE PROTECTION
OF NEW VARIETIES OF
PLANTS

UNION INTERNATIONALE
POUR LA PROTECTION
DES OBTENTIONS
VÉGÉTALES

INTERNATIONALER
VERBAND ZUM SCHUTZ
VON PFLANZEN-
ZÜCHTUNGEN

UNIÓN INTERNACIONAL
PARA LA PROTECCIÓN
DE LAS OBTENCIÓNES
VEGETALES

**GUIDELINES
FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS
FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY**

LOQUAT

(Eriobotrya japonica
(Thunb.) Lindl.)

**GENEVA
1998**

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These Guidelines should be read in conjunction with document TG/1/2, which contains explanatory notes on the general principles on which the Guidelines have been established.

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I. Subject of these Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all vegetatively propagated varieties of *Eriobotrya japonica* (Thunb.) Lindl.

II. Material Required

1. The competent authorities decide when, where and in what quantity and quality the plant material required for testing the variety is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must make sure that all customs formalities are complied with. As a minimum, the following quantity of plant material is recommended:

(a) Varieties obtained from crossings:

6 one-year-old plants grafted on *Eriobotrya japonica* seedlings or

(b) Varieties obtained by mutation:

10 one year-old plants grafted on *Eriobotrya japonica*.

2. The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor or affected by any important pests or diseases. It should preferably not be obtained from *in vitro* propagation.

3. The plant material must not have undergone any treatment unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

III. Conduct of Tests

1. To assess distinctness, it is essential for the plants under test to bear a satisfactory crop of fruit for at least two growing periods.

2. The tests should normally be conducted at one place. If any important characteristics of the variety cannot be seen at that place, the variety may be tested at an additional place.

3. Fruits should be thinned to leave 3 or 4 fruits per cluster, which should be bagged in paper. The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring normal growth. Each test should include a total of 6 plants of varieties obtained from crossings or 10 plants for varieties obtained by mutation. Separate plots for observation and for measuring can only be used if they have been subject to similar environmental conditions.

4. Additional tests for special purposes may be established.

IV. Methods and Observations

1. All observations determined by measurements, weighing or counting should be made on 5 plants or 10 parts 2 from each of 5 plants for varieties obtained from crossings or 10 plants or 20 parts 2 from each of 10 plants for varieties obtained by mutation.
2. For the assessment of uniformity, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied for varieties obtained from crossings, and a population standard of 2% with the same acceptance probability for varieties obtained by mutation. In the case of a sample size of 6 plants, the maximum number of off-types allowed would be 1, in the case of 10 plants the maximum number of off-types allowed would also be 1.
3. All observations on the tree should be made after the growing period, before pruning.
4. All observations on the central and lateral shoots should be made on well-developed current season shoots after the growing period, before pruning.
5. All observations on the leaf should be made on fully developed leaves at the middle part of the current season central shoot after hardening.
6. All observations on the flower cluster should be made at the beginning of flowering on the central current seasons shoots (when 10% of the flowers on 10% of the flower clusters have opened).
7. All observations on the flower should be made on the current seasons central shoots at the time of full flowering. The flowering period lasts until 90% of the flower clusters have opened.
8. Unless otherwise stated, all observations on the fruit should be made on fruits of moderate size from more than 5 clusters at the time of maturity for consumption (50% of fully colored fruits bagged in paper).

V. Grouping of Varieties

1. The collection of varieties to be grown should be divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness. Characteristics which are suitable for grouping purposes are those which are known from experience not to vary, or to vary only slightly, within a variety. Their various states of expression should be fairly evenly distributed throughout the collection.
2. It is recommended that the competent authorities use the following characteristics for grouping varieties:
 - (a) Fruit: shape in longitudinal section (characteristic 24)
 - (b) Fruit: color of skin (characteristic 28)
 - (c) Time of maturity (characteristic 46).

VI. Characteristics and Symbols

1. To assess distinctness, uniformity and stability, the characteristics and their states as given in the Table of Characteristics should be used.
 2. Notes (numbers), for the purposes of electronic data processing, are given opposite the states of expression for each characteristic.
3. Legend
- (*) Characteristics that should be used on all varieties in every growing period over which examinations are made and always be included in the variety descriptions, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this impossible.
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in chapter VIII.

VII. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteresticas

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. (*)	Tree: habit	Arbre: port	Baum: Wuchsform	Árbol: porte		
	upright	dressé	aufrecht	erecto	Mogi, Tsukumo	1
	semi-upright	demi-dressé	halbaufrecht	semierecto	Nojima-wase	2
	spreading	étalé	breitwüchsig	rastrero	Tanaka	3
2. (*)	Tree: vigor	Arbre: vigueur	Baum: Wuchsstärke	Árbol: vigor		
	weak	faible	gering	débil	Morimoto	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Yukawa	5
	strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Mogi, Tanaka	7
3. (*)	Central shoot: thickness	Pousse centrale: épaisseur	Haupttrieb: Dicke	Tallo central: grosor		
	thin	mince	dünn	delgado	Fukujin	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Tanaka	5
	thick	épais	dick	grueso	Amakusa-wase, Mogi	7
4. (*)	Central shoot: num- ber of lateral shoots	Pousse centrale: nombre de pousses latérales	Haupttrieb: Anzahl Seitentriebe	Tallo central: número de tallos laterales		
	few	petit	gering	bajo	Amakusa-wase, Fukuhara- wase	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	many	grand	groß	alto	Champagne	7
5 (*)	Lateral shoot: length	Pousse latérale: longueur	Seitentrieb: Länge	Tallo lateral: lon- gitud		
	short	courte	kurz	corto	Wase-dai	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	long	longue	lang	largo	Nagasaki-wase	7

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielsorten Variedades ejemplar	Note/ Nota
6. (*) Lateral shoot: thickness	Pousse latérale: épaisseur	Seitentrieb: Dicke	Tallo lateral: grosor		
thin	fine	dünn	delgado	Mogi	3
medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Tanaka	5
thick	épaisse	dick	grueso	Amakusa-wase	7
7. (*) Leaf blade: length	Limbe: longueur	Blattspreite: Länge	Limbo: longitud		
short	court	kurz	corto		3
medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
long	long	lang	largo	Nojima-wase	7
8. (*) Leaf blade: width	Limbe: largeur	Blattspreite: Breite	Limbo: anchura		
narrow	étroit	schmal	estrecho	Togoshi	3
medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
broad	large	breit	ancho	Fukuhara-wase, Yukawa	7
9. (*) Leaf blade: ratio length/width	Limbe: rapport lon- gueur/largeur	Blattspreite: Ver- hältnis Länge/Breite	Limbo: razón longi- tud/anchura		
small	petit	klein	pequeña	Mogi, Obusa	3
medium	moyen	mittel	media	Tanaka	5
large	grand	groß	grande	Togosi	7
10.	Leaf blade: thick- ness	Limbe: épaisseur	Blattspreite: Dicke	Limbo: grosor	
thin	mince	dünn	delgado	Fukujin	3
medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Tanaka	5
thick	épais	dick	grueso	Amakusa-wase, Mogi	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties	Note/ Nota
					Exemples Beispielsorten Variedades ejemplar	
11.	Leaf blade: shape of Limbe: forme du tip	sommet	Blattspreite: Form der Spitze	Limbo: forma del ápice		
(+)						
	sharp acute	aigu à bout pointu	zugespitzt	puntiagudo	Togoshi	1
	blunt acute	aigu à bout arrondi	abgestumpft	agudo romo	Tanaka	2
	rounded	arrondi	abgerundet	redondeado	Mogi	3
12.	Leaf blade: shape in cross section	Limbe: forme en section transversale	Blattspreite: Form im Querschnitt	Limbo: forma en sección transversal		
	concave	concave	konkav	cónvavo	Togoshi, Yukawa	1
	flat	plat	eben	plano	Mogi	2
	convex	convexe	konvex	convexo	Kusunoki	3
13.	Leaf blade: density of serrations of margin	Limbe: densité de la denticulation du bord	Blattspreite: Dichte der Sägung des Randes	Limbo: densidad de la forma dentada del borde		
	sparse	lâche	locker	laxa	Morio-wase	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	dense	dense	dicht	densa	Mizuho, Obusa	7
14.	Leaf blade: green color of upper side	Limbe: couleur verte de la face supérieure	Blattspreite: Grünfärbung der Oberseite	Limbo: color verde del haz		
(*)						
	light	claire	hell	claro	Champagne, Kanton	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Tanaka	5
	dark	foncée	dunkel	oscuro	Togoshi	7
15.	Leaf: attitude in relation to shoot	Feuille: port par rapport à la pousse	Blatt: Haltung im Verhältnis zum Trieb	Limbo: porte en relación al tallo		
	upwards	vers le haut	nach oben	hacia arriba	Amakusa-wase	1
	outwards	perpendiculaire	abstehend	perpendicular	Mogi, Tanaka	2
	downwards	vers le bas	nach unten	hacia abajo	Wase-dai	3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties	Note/ Nota
					Exemples Beispielsorten Variedades ejemplo	
16. <small>(*)</small>	Flower cluster: shape	Bouquet de fleurs: forme	Blütenstand: Form	Racimo floral: forma		
	conical	conique	konisch	cónico	Tsukumo	1
	truncate conical	tronconique	stumpf konisch	cónico truncado	Mogi	2
	cylindrical	cylindrique	zylindrisch	cilíndrico	Champagne	3
17. <small>(*)</small>	Flower cluster: size	Bouquet de fleurs: taille	Blütenstand: Größe	Racimo floral: ta- maño		
	small	petite	klein	pequeño	Tsukumo	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	large	grande	groß	grande	Morio-wase	7
18. <small>(*)</small> <small>(+)</small>	Flower cluster: length of lowest lateral	Bouquet de fleurs: longueur du rameau le plus bas	Blütenstand: Länge der untersten Verzweigung	Racimo floral: longitud del racimo lateral más bajo		
	short	court	kurz	corto	Kusunoki, Obusa	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	long	long	lang	largo	Amakusa-wase	7
19. <small>(*)</small> <small>(+)</small>	Flower cluster: attitude of lateral in relation to peduncle	Bouquet de fleurs: port du rameau par rapport au pédon- cule	Blütenstand: Stel- lung der Verzwei- gung im Verhältnis zum Blumenstiell	Racimo floral: porte del racimo lateral en relación al pedúnculo		
	upwards	vers le haut	nach oben	hacia arriba	Amakusa-wase	1
	outwards	perpendiculaire	abstehend	perpendicular	Mogi	2
	downwards	vers le bas	nach unten	hacia abajo	Tanaka	3
20. <small>(*)</small>	Flower cluster: number of flowers	Bouquet de fleurs: nombre de fleurs	Blütenstand: An- zahl Blüten	Racimo floral: nú- mero de flores		
	few	faible	gering	bajo	Yukawa	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Nagasaki-wase, Obusa	5
	many	élevé	groß	elevado	Mogi, Tanaka	7

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielsorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
21. (*)	Flower: size	Fleur: taille	Blüte: Größe	Flor: tamaño	
	small	petite	klein	pequeño	Mogi, Nagasaki-wase 3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Tsukumo, Yukawa 5
	large	grande	groß	grande	Tanaka, Obusa 7
22. (*)	Petal: color	Pétale: couleur	Blütenblatt: Farbe	Pétalo: color	
	white	blanc	weiß	blanco	Ikeda 1
	yellowish white	blanc jaunâtre	gelblichweiß	blanco amarillento	Mogi, Tanaka 2
	yellow	jaune	gelb	amarillo	Champagne 3
23. (*)	Fruit: size	Fruit: taille	Frucht: Größe	Fruto: tamaño	
	small	petit	klein	pequeño	Fukujuin, Kanton 3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi 5
	large	grand	groß	grande	Tanaka 7
24. (*) (+)	Fruit: shape in longitudinal section	Fruit: forme en section longitudinale	Frucht: Form im Längsschnitt	Fruto: forma en sección longitudinal	
	elliptic	elliptique	elliptisch	elíptico	Muroto-wase 1
	broad elliptic	elliptique large	breit elliptisch	elíptico ancho	Ono-wase 2
	round	rond	rund	redondo	Gold nugget 3
	oblate	aplati	breitrund	achatado	Kanton, Toi 4
	broad obovate	obovale large	breit verkehrt eiförmig	oboval ancho	Tanaka 5
	obovate	obovale	verkehrt eiförmig	oboval	Mogi 6

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties	Note/ Nota
				Exemples Beispielsorten Variedades ejemplar	
25. <small>(*) (+)</small>	Fruit: shape in cross section	Fruit: forme en section transversale	Frucht: Form im Querschnitt	Fruto: forma en sección transversal	
round	rond	rund	redonda	Mogi, Toi	1
slightly angular	faiblement anguleux	leicht eckig	ligeramente angular	Mizuho, Yukawa	2
strongly angular	fortement anguleux	stark eckig	fuertemente angular	Obusa	3
26. <small>(+)</small>	Fruit: shape at stalk end	Fruit: forme au pôle pédonculaire	Frucht: Form am Stielansatz	Fruto: forma en el extremo peduncular	
acute	aigu	spitz	agudo	Mogi	1
obtuse	obtus	stumpf	obtuso	Nagasaki-wase, Obusa	2
rounded	arrondi	abgerundet	redondo	Toi	3
27. <small>(*) (+)</small>	Fruit: shape of apex	Fruit: forme de l'apex	Frucht: Form der Spitze	Fruto: forma del ápice	
depressed	déprimé	eingesunken	deprimido	Obusa	1
flat	plat	flach	plano	Mogi, Tanaka	2
raised	saillant	vorgewölbt	elevado	Muroto-wase	3
28. <small>(*)</small>	Fruit: color of skin	Fruit: couleur de l'épiderme	Frucht: Farbe der Epidermis	Fruto: color de la piel	
white	blanche	weiß	blanca	Toi	1
yellowish white	blanc jaunâtre	gelblichweiß	blanca amarillenta	Shiromogi	2
yellow	jaune	gelb	amarilla	Advance	3
orange yellow	jaune orangé	orangegegelb	amarilla naranja	Obusa, Tanaka	4
orange	orangé	orange	naranja	Gold nugget	5

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties	Note/ Nota
	(*)				Exemples Beispielsorten Variedades	
29.	Fruit: aperture of eye	Fruit: ouverture de l'oeil	Frucht: Öffnung der Kelchhöhle	Fruto: apertura del ojo		
(+)	closed	fermé	geschlossen	cerrado	Nojima-wase	1
	slightly open	légèrement ouvert	teilweise geöffnet	ligeramente abierto	Mogi	2
	fully open	complètement ouvert	vollkommen offen	completamente abierto	Gold nugget, Satomi	3
30.	Fruit: length of sepal	Fruit: longueur du sépale	Frucht: Länge des Kelchblattes	Fruto: longitud del sépalo		
(+)	short	court	kurz	corto	Nagasaki-wase	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	long	long	lang	largo	Morimoto	7
31.	Fruit: width of sepal at its base	Fruit: largeur du sépale à sa base	Frucht: Breite des Kelchblattes an seiner Basis	Fruto: anchura del sépalo en su base		
(+)	narrow	étroit	schmal	estrecho	Tanaka	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi, Obusa	5
	broad	large	breit	ancho	Morimoto	7
32.	Fruit: diameter of core at base of calyx tube	Fruit: diamètre du cœur à la base du tube du calice	Frucht: Durchmesser des Kerngehäuses an der Basis der Kelchhöhle	Fruto: diámetro del corazón en la base del tubo del cáliz		
(+)	small	petit	klein	pequeño	Morio-wase, Nojima-wase	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi	5
	large	grand	groß	grande	Obusa, Tanaka	7
33.	Fruit: depth of calyx tube	Fruit: profondeur du tube du calice	Frucht: Tiefe der Kelchhöhle	Fruto: profundidad del tubo del cáliz		
(+)	shallow	peu profond	flach	poco profundo	Kusunoki, Toi	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	deep	profond	tief	profundo	Mizuho, Tsukumo	7

					Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Exemples	Note/ Nota
					Beispielsorten	
					Variedades ejemplo	
34.	Fruit: adherence of skin (peeling from stalk end)	Fruit: adhérence à l'épiderme (détachement du pôle pédonculaire)	Frucht: Anhaftung der Schale (Schälen vom Stielende aus)	Fruto: adherencia de la piel (separación desde el extremo peduncular)		
(*)	weak	faible	gering	débil	Tsukumo	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Mogi	5
	strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Ono-wase	7
35.	Fruit: thickness of flesh	Fruit: épaisseur de la chair	Frucht: Dicke des Fleisches	Fruto: espesor de la carne		
(*)	thin	mince	dünn	delgado	Amakusa-wase	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	thick	épaisse	dick	grueso	Morimoto	7
36.	Fruit: color of flesh	Fruit: couleur de la chair	Frucht: Farbe des Fleisches	Fruto: color de la carne		
(*)	white	blanche	weiß	blanca	Kanton	1
	yellowish white	blanc jaunâtre	gelblichweiß	blanca amarillenta	Champagne	2
	yellow	jaune	gelb	amarilla		3
	orange yellow	jaune orangé	orangegelb	amarilla naranja	Mizuho, Mogi, Tanaka	4
	orange	orangé	orange	naranja	Gold nugget	5
37.	Fruit: firmness of flesh	Fruit: fermeté de la chair	Frucht: Festigkeit des Fleisches	Fruto: firmeza de la carne		
	soft	tendre	locker	suave	Kanton, Toi	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Mogi, Yukawa	5
	firm	ferme	fest	firme	Obusa, Tanaka	7
38.	Fruit: total soluble solids of juice	Fruit: teneur en matières solubles	Frucht: Gesamtgehalt an gelösten Stoffen	Fruto: contenido de sólidos solubles del jugo		
	low	faible	niedrig	bajo	Fukujuin	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	high	élevée	hoch	alto	Kusunoki, Toi	7

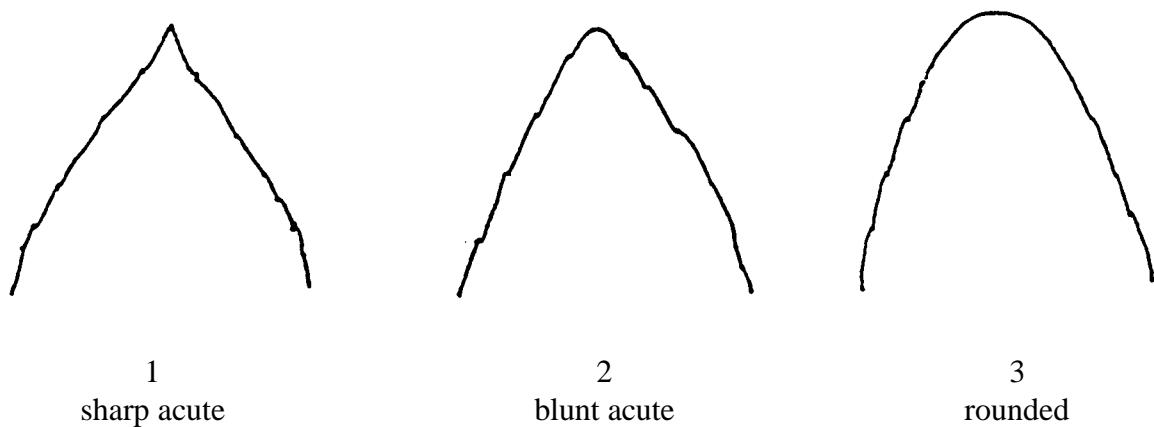
English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielsorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
39. Fruit: acid content of juice	Fruit: teneur du jus en acide	Frucht: Säuregehalt des Saftes	Fruto: contenido de ácido del jugo		
low	faible	niedrig	bajo	Mogi	3
medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Tanaka	5
high	élevée	hoch	alto	Fukujuin	7
40. Fruit: average number of seed	Fruit: nombre moyen de semences	Frucht: durchschnittliche Anzahl Samen	Fruto: número medio de semillas		
less than three	moins de trois	weniger als drei	menos de tres		1
three to five	trois à cinq	drei bis fünf	tres a cinco	Mogi, Tanaka	2
more than five	plus de cinq	mehr als fünf	más de cinco	Mizuho	3
41. Fruit: weight of seeds compared to fruit <small>(*)</small>	Fruit: poids des semences par rapport au fruit	Frucht: Gewicht der Samen im Verhältnis zur Frucht	Fruto: peso de las semillas en relación al fruto		
low	faible	niedrig	bajo	Mogi, Obusa	3
medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Nagasaki-wase, Tanaka, Yukawa	5
high	élevé	hoch	alto	Mizuho	7
42. Fruit: shape of seed <small>(*)</small> <small>(+)</small>	Fruit: forme des semences	Frucht: Form der Samen	Fruto: forma de las semillas		
elliptic	elliptiques	elliptisch	elípticas	Mogi, Tanaka	1
round	rondes	rund	redondas	Toi	2
obovate	obovales	verkehrt eiförmig	obovales	Nagasaki-wase	3
43. Time of leaf bud burst (20-30% burst)	Époque du débourrement (20-30 % des bourgeons)	Zeitpunkt des Blattknospenaufbruchs (20-30 % der Knospen aufgebrochen)	Fecha de apertura de la yemas (20-30 % abiertas)		
early	précoce	früh	temprana		3
medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Tanaka	5
late	tardive	spät	tardía	Togoshi	7

					Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Exemples	Note/ Nota
					Beispielsorten	
					Variedades ejemplo	
44. (*)	Time of beginning of flowering	Époque du début de floraison	Zeitpunkt des Blühbeginns	Fecha del comienzo de la floración		
	early	précoce	früh	temprana	Morio-wase	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	late	tardive	spät	tardía	Obusa	7
45. (*)	Duration of flowering	Durée de floraison	Dauer der Blüte	Duración de la floración		
	short	courte	kurz	corta	Champagne	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	long	longue	lang	larga	Obusa	7
46. (*)	Time of maturity	Époque de maturité	Zeitpunkt der Reife	Fecha de la madurez		
	very early	très précoce	sehr früh	muy temprana	Amakusa-wase, Morio-wase	1
	early	précoce	früh	temprana	Nagasaki-wase	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Mogi	5
	late	tardive	spät	tardía	Tanaka	7
	very late	très tardive	sehr spät	muy tardía	Morimoto	9
47.	Fruit bearing on central shoots: ratio number of bearing central shoots/total number of central shoots	Production de fruits sur des pousses centrales: rapport nombre de pousses centrales avec fruits/nombre total de pousses centrales	Produktion von Früchten an Haupttrieben: Verhältnis Anzahl Haupttriebe mit Früchten/Gesamtzahl Haupttriebe	Producción de frutos en los tallos centrales: razón entre los tallos centrales con frutos/número total de tallos centrales		
	small	petit	klein	pequeño	Kanton, Toi	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi	5
	large	grand	groß	grande	Mizuho, Morimoto, Tanaka	7

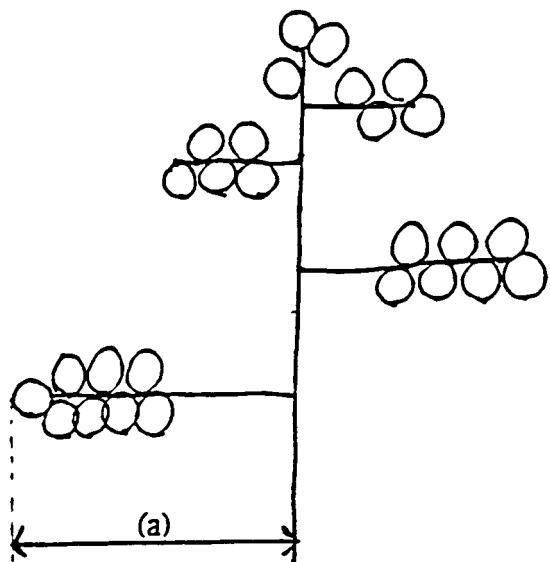
	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties	Note/ Nota
					Exemples Beispielsorten Variedades ejemplar	
48.	Fruit bearing on lateral shoots: ratio number of bearing lateral shoots/total number of lateral shoots	Production des fruits sur <u>pousses latérales</u>: rapport nombre de pousses latérales avec fruits/nombre total de pousses latérales	Produktion von Früchten an <u>Seitentrieben</u>: Verhältnis Anzahl Seitentriebe mit Früchten/ Gesamtzahl Seitentriebe	Producción de frutos en los <u>tallos laterales</u>: razón entre el número de tallos laterales con frutos/número total de tallos laterales		
	small	petit	klein	pequeño	Kanton, Toi	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi, Tanaka	5
	large	grand	groß	grande	Amakusa-wase	7
49.	Fruit bearing on fruit spurs: ratio number of bearing fruit spurs/total number of fruit spurs	Production des fruits sur les <u>brindilles</u>: rapport nombre des brindilles avec fruits/nombre total des brindilles	Produktion von Früchten an <u>kurzen Fruchtspießen</u>: Verhältnis Anzahl kurze Fruchtspieße mit Früchten/Gesamtzahl kurzer Fruchtspieße	Producción de frutos en los <u>estolones</u>: razón entre el número de estolones con frutos/número total de estolones		
	small	petit	klein	pequeño	Toi	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mogi	5
	large	grand	groß	grande	Mizuho	7

VIII. Explanation on the Table of Characteristics

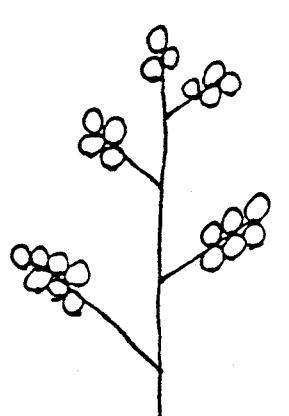
Ad. 11: Leaf blade: shape of tip



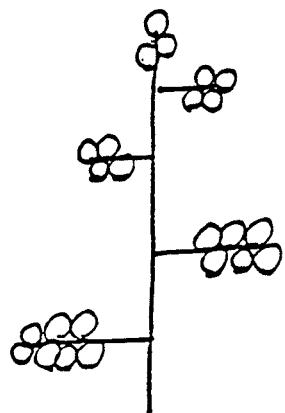
Ad. 18: Flower cluster: length of lowest lateral (a)



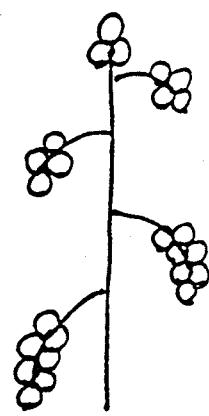
Ad. 19: Flower cluster: attitude of lateral in relation to peduncle



1
upwards

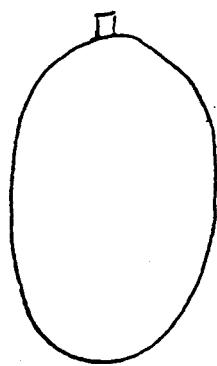


2
outwards

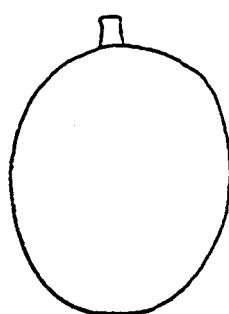


3
downwards

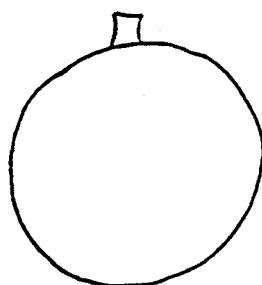
Ad. 24: Fruit: shape in longitudinal section



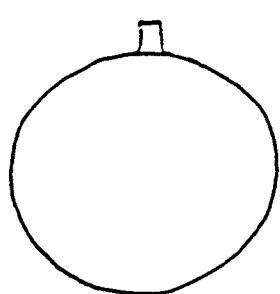
1
elliptic



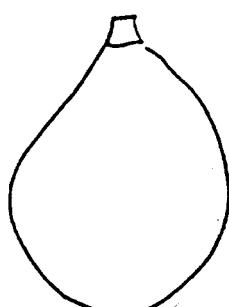
2
broad elliptic



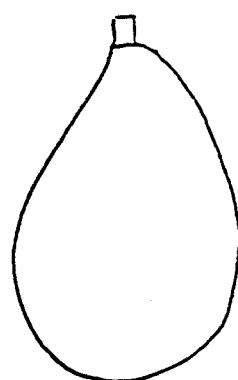
3
round



4
oblate

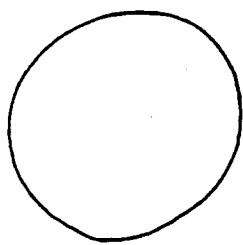


5
broad obovate

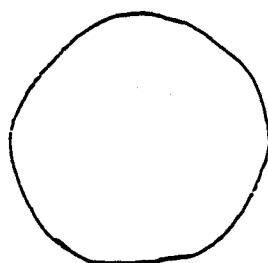


6
obovate

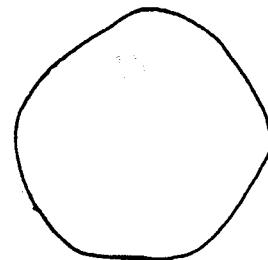
Ad. 25: Fruit: shape in cross section



1
round

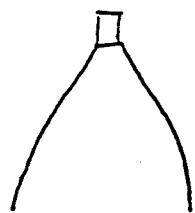


2
slightly angular

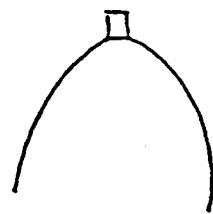


3
strongly angular

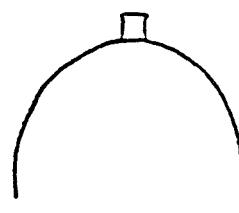
Ad. 26: Fruit: shape at stalk end



1
acute

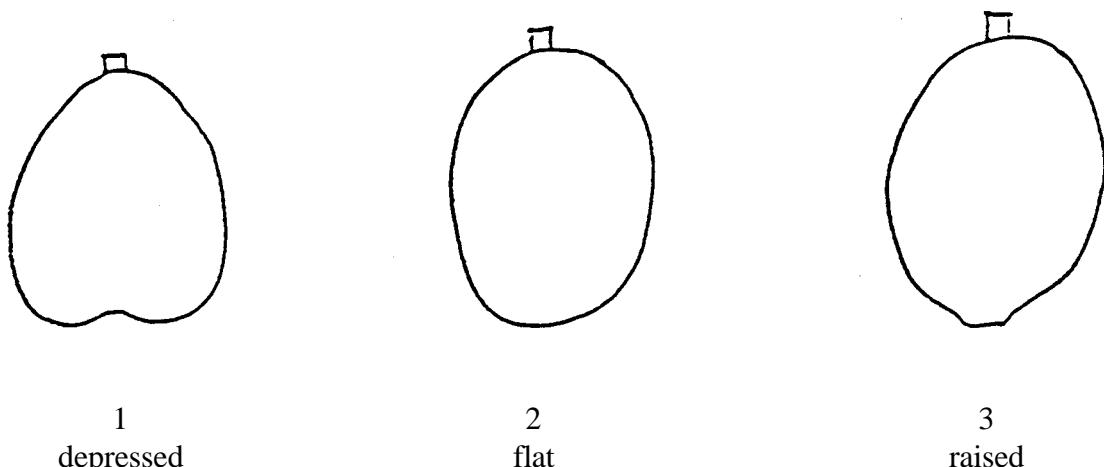


2
obtuse

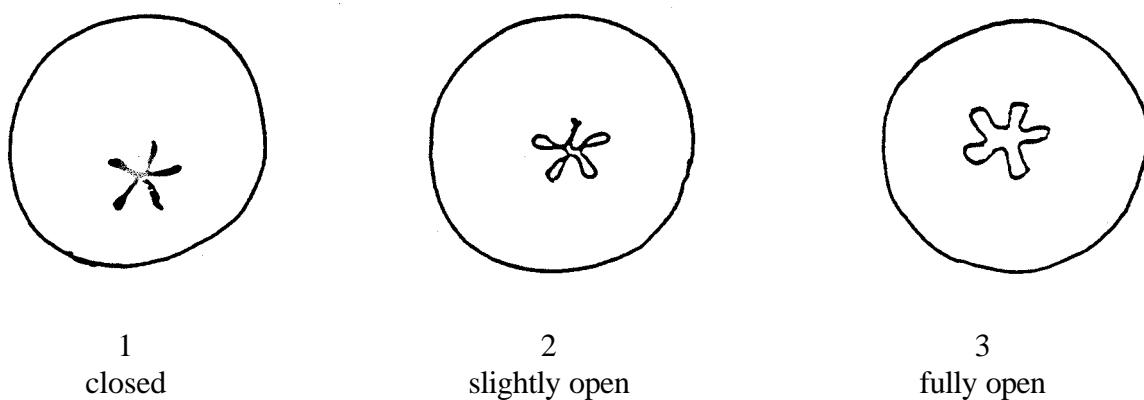


3
rounded

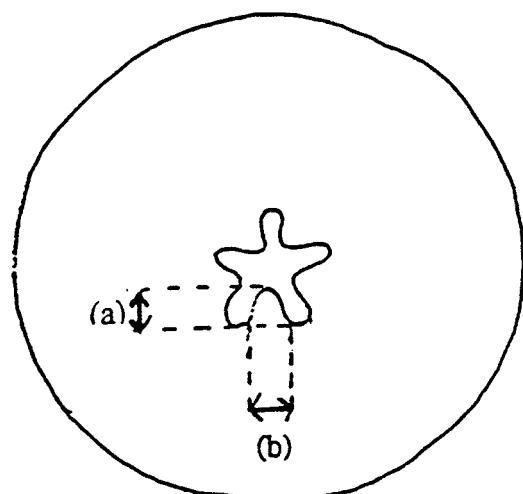
Ad. 27: Fruit: shape of apex



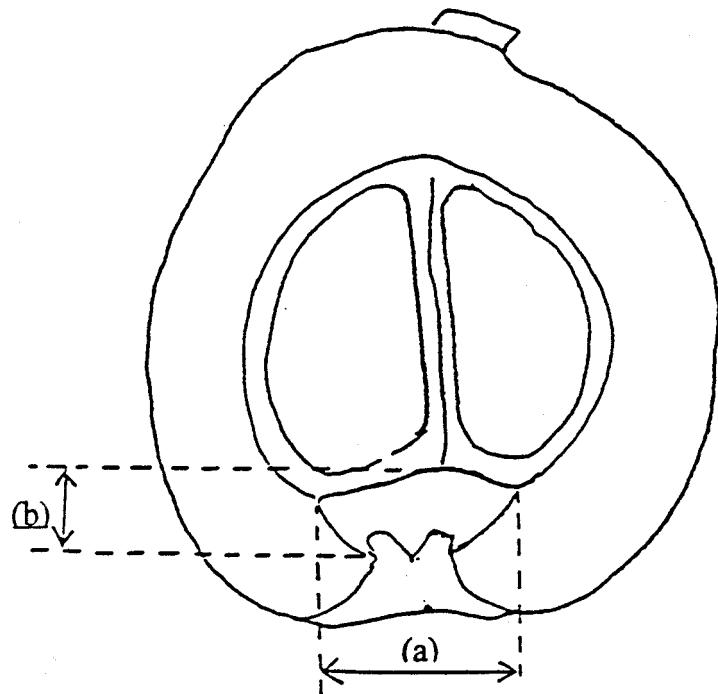
Ad. 29: Fruit: aperture of eye



Ad. 30 and 31: Fruit: length (a)/width (b) of sepal



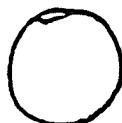
Ad. 32 and 33: Fruit: diameter (a) of core at base of calyx tube and depth (b) of calyx tube



Ad. 42: Fruit: shape of seed



1
elliptic



2
round



3
obovate

IX. Literature

National Test Guidelines for Loquat in Japan.

Goubran, F. H., El-Zeftawi, B. M., 1983: "Assessment of Some Loquat Cultivars," Australian Horticultural Research Newsletter No. 55, p. 125, Australia.

"New Cultivars. Loquat": 1982, Agronomico Vol. 34, p. 15-17, Brazil.

"New IAC Cultivars. (Loquat)," 1987, Agronomico Vol. 39, No. 2, p. 114-115, Brazil.

Demir, S., 1983, "Promising Loquat (*Eriobotrya japonica* (Thunb.) Lindl.) Cultivars for the Antalya Region," Bahce Vol. 12, No. 1, p. 5-16, Turkey.

Blumenfeld, A., 1980, "Fruit Growth of Loquat," Journal of the American Society for Horticultural Science Vol. 105, No. 5, p. 747- 750.

Lupescu, F., Lupescu, T. , Khelil, A. , Tanislav, G.: "Agro-biological Performance of Some *Eriobotrya japonica* Varieties Grown at the Horticultural Station of the National Agronomic Institute of Algiers," Fruit Vol. 35, No. 4, p. 251-261, Algeria.

Huang, J. S., Xu, X. T., Fang, J. Q., 1990: "A New, Stable, Productive Loquat Variety. Changhong 3," China Fruit No. 2, p. 26- 27, 32, China.

Morita, A. , 1990: "Occurrence and Control of Loquat Disease from 1980 to 1989 in Nagasaki Prefecture," Proceeding of the Association for Plant Protection of kyushu Vol. 36, p. 79- 80, Japan

Kozaki, J., Ueno, J., Tsutiya, S., Kajiura, J., 1996: "The Fruits in Japan," Yoken-do, Japan (with English summary)

X. Technical Questionnaire

	Reference Number (not to be filled in by the applicant)
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights	
1. Species	<i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl. LOQUAT
2. Applicant (Name and address)	
3. Proposed denomination or breeder's reference	

4. Information on origin, maintenance and reproduction of the variety

4.1 Breeding method

- (a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?

Yes [] No []

- (b) Has such authorization been obtained?

Yes [] No []

If the answer to that question is yes, please attach a copy of such an authorization.

4.2 Origin

- (a) Seedling of unknown parentage []

- (b) Produced by controlled pollination []
(indicate parent varieties)

— Seed bearing parent []

.....
— Pollen parent []

-
(c) Produced by open pollination of []
(indicate seed bearing parent plant)

-
(d) Mutation or sport from (indicate parent variety) []

-
(e) Discovery (indicate where and when) []

4.3. *In vitro* propagation

The plant material has been obtained by *in vitro* propagation

yes []
no []

4.4 Virus status

The variety is

- (a) virus free []
(indicate viruses)

- (b) virus tested
(indicate against which virus)

- (c) The virus status is unknown []

4.5 Pollinator

Good pollinators are the following varieties:

.....

4.6 Other information

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the state of expression which best corresponds).

Characteristics	Example Varieties	
5.1 Fruit: shape in longitudinal section (24)		
elliptic	Muroto-wase	1[]
broad elliptic	Ono-wase	2[]
round	Gold nugget	3[]
oblanceolate	Kanton, Toi	4[]
broad obovate	Tanaka	5[]
obovate	Mogi	6[]
5.2 Fruit: color of skin (28)		
white	Toi	1[]
yellowish white	Shiromogi	2[]
yellow	Advance	3[]
orange yellow	Obusa, Tanaka	4[]
orange	Gold nugget	5[]
5.3 Time of maturity (46)		
very early	Amakusa-wase, Morio-wase	1[]
early	Nagasaki-wase	3[]
medium	Mogi	5[]
late	Tanaka	7[]
very late	Morimoto	9[]

6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

Denomination of similar variety	Characteristic in which the similar variety is different ^{o)}	State of expression of similar variety	State of expression of candidate variety
---------------------------------	--	--	--

^{o)} In the case of identical states of expressions of both varieties, please indicate the size of the difference.

7. Additional information which may help to distinguish the variety

7.1 Resistance to pests and diseases

7.2 Special conditions for the examination of the variety

7.3 Other information

A representative color photo of the variety should be included in the Technical Questionnaire.