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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS GENEVA

CORNSALAD

UPOV Code: VLRNL_LOC VLRNL ERI

Valerianella locusta L. & Valerianella eriocarpa Desv.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

Alternative Names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Valerianella locusta L.	Cornsalad, Lambs' Lettuce	Mâche	Feldsalat, Rapunzel, Rapünzchen	Hierba de los canónigos, Lechuga de campo
Valerianella eriocarpa Desv.				

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

^{*} These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Valerianella locusta* L. and *Valerianella eriocarpa* Desv.

2. Material Required

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

20 grams or 20,000 seeds.

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should, be stated by the applicant.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 The recommended method of observing the characteristic is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics:

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MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

3.4 Test Design

- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 60 plants, which should be divided between two or more replicates.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.
- 3.5 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations should be made on 20 plants or parts taken from each of 20 plants.

3.6 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. <u>Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability</u>

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the

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recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.2 Uniformity

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity, a population standard of 1 % and an acceptance probability of at least 95 % should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 60 plants, 2 off-types are allowed.

4.3 Stability

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Leaf: length (characteristic 3)
 - (b) Leaf: profile of apical part in longitudinal section (characteristic 9)
 - (c) Seed: size (characteristic 19)
 - (d) Seed: collar (characteristic 20)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 Categories of Characteristics

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

(*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

QL: Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

QN: Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

PQ: Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

MG, MS, VG, VS: See Chapter 3.3.2

(+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8

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7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English	français	deutsch	Español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. (*)		Plant: attitude	Plante: port	Pflanze: Haltung	Planta: porte		
QN	VG	erect	dressé	aufrecht	erecto	Elan	1
		semi-erect	demi-dressé	halbaufrecht	semierecto	Verte de Louviers	3
		horizontal	horizontal	waagerecht	horizontal	Valgros	5
2. (*)		Plant: diameter	Plante: diamètre	Pflanze: Durch- messer	Planta: diámetro		
QN	VG	very small	très petit	sehr klein	muy pequeño		1
		small	petit	klein	pequeño	Coquille de Louviers	3
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Verte de Louviers	5
		large	grand	groß	grande	Verte de Cambrai	7
		very large	très grand	sehr groß	muy grande	A grosse graine	9
3. (*)		Leaf: length	Feuille: longueur	Blatt: Länge	Hoja: longitud		
		very short	très courte	sehr kurz	muy corta		1
		very short to short	très courte à courte	sehr kurz bis kurz	muy corta a corta		2
QN	MS	short	courte	kurz	corta	Coquille de Louviers	3
		short to medium	courte à moyenne	kurz bis mittel	corta a media	Verte de Cambrai	4
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Verte à coeur plein 2	5
		medium to long	moyenne à longue	mittel bis lang	media a larga	Arpege	6
		long	longue	lang	larga	Agathe	7
		long to very long	longue à très longue	lang bis sehr lange	larga a muy larga	A grosse graine	8
		very long	très longue	sehr lang	muy larga	Ljubljanski	9
4. (*)		Leaf: width	Feuille: largeur	Blatt: Breite	Hoja: anchura		
QN	MS	narrow	étroite	schmal	estrecha	Verte d'Etampes	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	A grosse graine, Verte de Cambrai	5
		broad	large	breit	ancha	Palace, Rodion	7

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		English	français	deutsch	Español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
5.		Leaf: ratio length/width	Feuille: rapport longueur/largeur	Blatt: Verhältnis Länge/Breite	Hoja: relación longitud/ anchura		
QN	MS	small	petit	klein	pequeña		3
		medium	moyen	mittel	media		5
		large	grand	groß	grande		7
6. (*) (+)		Leaf: shape	Feuille: forme	Blatt: Form	Hoja: forma		
PQ	VG	elliptic	elliptique	elliptisch	elíptica	Verte de Louviers	1
		broad spatulate	spatulée large	breit spatelförmig	espatulada ancha	Verte à coeur plein 2	2
		narrow spatulate	spatulée étroite	schmal spatelförmig	espatulada estrecha	A grosse graine	3
7.		Leaf: glossiness	Feuille: brillance	Blatt: Glanz	Hoja: brillo		
QN	VG	weak	faible	gering	débil	D'Italie à feuille de laitue	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Verte maraîchère	5
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Verte de Louviers	7
8.		Leaf: profile in cross-section	Feuille: profil en section transversale	Blatt: Profil im Querschnitt	Hoja: perfil en sección transversal	1	
QN	VG	concave	concave	konkav	cóncavo		1
		flat	droit	eben	plano	Coquille de Louviers	2
		convex	convexe	konvex	convexo	Verte à coeur plein 2	3
9. (*) (+)		Leaf: profile of apical part in longitudinal section	Feuille: profil de la partie apicale en section longitudinale	Blatt: Profil des apikalen Teiles im Längsschnitt	Hoja: perfil de la zona apical en sección longitudinal		
QN	VG	concave	concave	konkav	cóncavo	Coquille de Louviers	1
		flat	droit	eben	plano	Gala, Verte à coeur plein 2	2
		convex	convexe	konvex	convexo	Verte d'Etampes	3

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		English	français	deutsch	Español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
10.		Leaf: torsion	Feuille: torsion	Blatt: Drehung	Hoja: torsión		
QN	VG	absent or very weak	nulle ou très faible	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy débil		1
		weak	faible	gering	débil	Dante	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	A grosse graine	5
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Topaze	7
11. (*)		Leaf: intensity of green color	Feuille: intensité de la couleur verte	Blatt: Intensität der Grünfärbung	Hoja: intensidad del color verde		
QN	VG	light	claire	hell	claro	Verte maraîchère	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Verte de Rouen	5
		dark	foncée	dunkel	oscuro	Verte à coeur plein 2	7
12.		Leaf: dentation (outer leaves)	Feuille: denti- culation (feuilles externes)	Blatt: Zähnung (äußere Blätter)	Hoja: dentado (hojas externas)		
	VG		culation (feuilles			A grosse graine, Coquille de Louviers	1
	VG	(outer leaves)	culation (feuilles externes)	(äußere Blätter)	externas)		1 9
	VG	(outer leaves) absent	culation (feuilles externes) absente	(äußere Blätter) fehlend	externas) ausente	Coquille de Louviers	
QL		absent present	culation (feuilles externes) absente présente	(äußere Blätter) fehlend vorhanden	externas) ausente presente	Coquille de Louviers	
QL 13.		absent present Leaf: thickness	culation (feuilles externes) absente présente Feuille: épaisseur	(äußere Blätter) fehlend vorhanden Blatt: Dicke	externas) ausente presente Hoja: espesor	Coquille de Louviers Saphir, Sapiana	9
QL 13.		absent present Leaf: thickness thin	culation (feuilles externes) absente présente Feuille: épaisseur mince	(äußere Blätter) fehlend vorhanden Blatt: Dicke dünn	externas) ausente presente Hoja: espesor delgado	Coquille de Louviers Saphir, Sapiana	3
QL 13.		absent present Leaf: thickness thin medium thick	culation (feuilles externes) absente présente Feuille: épaisseur mince moyen épais	(äußere Blätter) fehlend vorhanden Blatt: Dicke dünn mittel dick	externas) ausente presente Hoja: espesor delgado medio	Coquille de Louviers Saphir, Sapiana Valgros Verte d'Etampes	3 5
QL 13. QN 14.	VG	absent present Leaf: thickness thin medium thick Leaf: prominence of	culation (feuilles externes) absente présente Feuille: épaisseur mince moyen épais Feuille: importance	(äußere Blätter) fehlend vorhanden Blatt: Dicke dünn mittel dick Blatt: Hervortreten	externas) ausente presente Hoja: espesor delgado medio grueso Hoja: prominencia del	Coquille de Louviers Saphir, Sapiana Valgros Verte d'Etampes	3 5
QL 13. QN 14. (*)	VG	absent present Leaf: thickness thin medium thick Leaf: prominence of veins	culation (feuilles externes) absente présente Feuille: épaisseur mince moyen épais Feuille: importance de la nervation	(äußere Blätter) fehlend vorhanden Blatt: Dicke dünn mittel dick Blatt: Hervortreten der Aderung	externas) ausente presente Hoja: espesor delgado medio grueso Hoja: prominencia del nervio	Coquille de Louviers Saphir, Sapiana Valgros Verte d'Etampes	9 3 5 7

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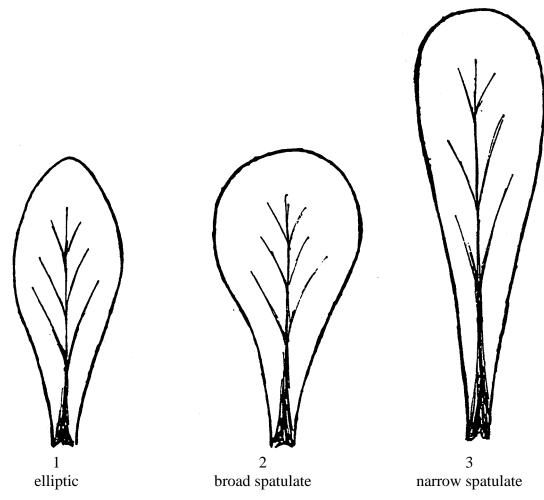
		English	français	deutsch	Español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
15.		Leaf: blistering	Feuille: cloqûre	Blatt: Blasigkeit	Hoja: abullonado		
QN	VG	absent or very weak	nulle ou très faible	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy débil	A grosse graine, Baron	1
		weak	faible	gering	débil		3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	D'Italie à feuille de laitue, Saphir	5
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Progres	7
		very strong	très forte	sehr stark	muy fuerte		9
16.		Time of beginning of bolting (10% of plants)	Époque de début de montaison (10% des plantes)	Zeitpunkt des Schoßbeginns (10 % der Pflanzen)	Fecha del comienzo de salida de flor (10% de las plantas)		
QN	MG	very early	très précoce	sehr früh	muy precoz	Valgros	1
		early	précoce	früh	precoz	Verte à coeur plein 2	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Verte d'Etampes	5
		late	tardive	spät	tardía	Baikal	7
17.		Flower stem: fasciation	Tige: fasciation	Blütenstiel: Verbänderung	Tallo: fasciación		
QL	VG	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente	A grosse graine, Coquille de Louviers	1
		present	présente	vorhanden	presente	Jobra, Jovis	9
18.		Flower stem: anthocyanin coloration	Tige: pigmentation anthocyanique	Blütenstiel: Anthocyanfärbung	Tallo: pigmentación antociánica		
QN	VG	weak	faible	gering	débil	A grosse graine	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Valvert	5
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Pustade	7
19. (*)		Seed: size	Graine: grosseur	Samen: Größe	Semilla: tamaño		
QN	VG	small	petite	klein	pequeña	D'Italie à feuille de laitue, Deutscher	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	mediana	Vit	5
		large	grosse	groß	grande	A grosse graine	7

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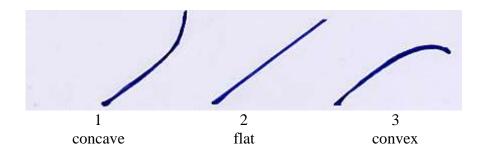
	English	français	deutsch	Español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
20. (*) (+)	Seed: collar	Graine: collerette	Samen: Kragen	Semilla: collar		
QL VG	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente	Deutscher	1
	present	présente	vorhanden	presente	D'Italie à feuille de laitue	9
21. (+) QL VG	Resistance to downy mildew (Peronospora valerianella)	Résistance au mildiou (Peronospora valerianella)	Resistenz gegen Falschen Mehltau (Peronospora valerianella)	Resistencia al mildiu (Peronospora valerianella)		
21.1	Strain 1	Souche 1	Pathotyp 1	Cepa Ls 1		
	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente		1
	present	présente	vorhanden	presente		9
21.2	present Strain 2	présente Souche 2	vorhanden Pathotyp 2	presente Cepa Ls 2		9
21.2						9

8. <u>Explanations on the Table of Characteristics</u>

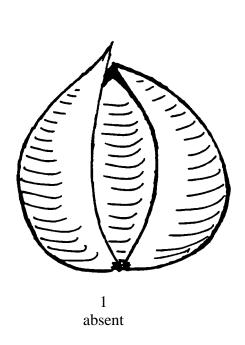
Ad. 6: Leaf: shape



Ad. 9: Leaf: profile of apical part in longitudinal section



Ad. 20: Seed: collar





9 present

Ad. 21: Resistance to downy mildew (Peronospora valerianella)

Strain(s) used: Races 1, 2

Maintenance of strains:

Nature of medium: Conservation of strains in the form of oospores associated with

naturally contaminated seeds.

Particular conditions: Storage of batches of contaminated seeds in waterproof sachets

at 4°C, on different varieties.

Comments: Since mildew spores are fragile, medium-term conservation

(a few months) on contaminated leaves kept in a freezer

(-20°C) is particularly delicate.

<u>Production of inoculum</u>: At the beginning of the test period, inoculum is produced from

naturally contaminated seeds (sanitary analysis). Broadcast sowing, about 200-250 seeds per box. Germination and

development of plant germs in a cold tunnel, 10 to 15°C.

From the time of appearance of the first leaf, the boxes are placed in a plastic cage or are covered with a plastic lid (mini-glasshouse), in order to generate moisture on the plants.

10 to 12 days after sowing, the first symptoms appear on the plants produced from the infected seeds. The cotyledons and

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leaves have a rolled aspect. The sick leaves are recovered in order to multiply the inoculum or for an infection. The spores are collected on a recent sporulation (night time). They are suspended in a small amount of permuted water, with 20 tween added (1 drop per 100 ml) and filtered on stamens. The concentration in spores is adjusted to 10^5 spores/ml. The inoculum is kept on a bed of ice.

Sowing: Sowing in plugs (5 x 5 cm), at a rate of 2 to 3 seeds per plug,

in order to conserve only one seed per plug.

Conduct of the test:

Plant stage: First leaf stage

Number of plants studied: 40 plants per variety and 10 plants of a control variety.

Cultivation conditions: 10 to 15°C before inoculation / 8 to 15°C after inoculation: the

difference in temperature is important.

Implantation: Cold glasshouse prior to inoculation / cold tunnel (anti-freeze)

after inoculation.

Inoculation: Spraying of a suspension of spores at 10⁵ spores/ml, using an

ECOSPRAY type sprayer, then the plants are covered for

48 hours in a plastic cage.

Duration of the test: Sowing-inoculation: approximately 10-12 days

Inoculation-reading: 12-15 days.

Test reading: Beginning of sporulation on sensitive plants approximately

12 days after the inoculation.

Test reliability:

Differential hosts to be used:

Hosts	Pathotype 1	Pathotype 2
	(Cambrai)	(Gala)
Cambrai	S	R
Verella	R	S
Gala	R	S

S = Sensitive, R = Resistant

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9. <u>Literature</u>

Fascicule du CTPS - Novembre 1995: Tests de résistance aux maladies, Plantes potagères.

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TEC	HNICAL QUESTIONNAIR	E	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:		
				Application date: (not to be filled in by the app	lica	nt)
			NICAL QUESTIONN tion with an applicatio	NAIRE n for plant breeders' rights		
1.	Subject of the Technical Qu	ıesti	onnaire (please indica	te the relevant species)		
	1.1.1 Botanical name	Val	lerianella locusta L			
	1.1.2 Common name	Con	rnsalad, Lambs' Lettud	ce	[]
	1.2.1 Botanical name	Val	lerianella eriocarpa D	esv.		
	1.2.2 Common name				[]
2.	Applicant					
	Name					
	L					
	Address					
	Telephone No.					
	Fax No.					
	E-mail address					
	Breeder (if different from a	ppli	cant)			
3.	Proposed denomination and	l bre	eeder's reference			
	Proposed denomination [(if available)					
	Breeder's reference					

TECH	NIC	AL	QUES'	TIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
#4. Ir	nforr	natio	on on t	he breeding scl	neme and propagation o	of the variety	
	4.1]	Breedi	ng scheme			
			Variet	y resulting from	n:		
			4.1.1	Crossing			
				` /	lled cross e state parent varieties)	[]	
				_	ly known cross e state known parent va	riety(ies))	
				(c) unknow	wn cross	[]	
			4.1.2	Mutation (please state p	arent variety)	[]	
			4.1.3	Discovery and (please state v and how deve	where and when discover	[] ered	
			4.1.4	Other (please provid	e details)	[]	
4	.2	Met	hod of	propagating th	e variety		
		(a)	Sel	f-pollination		[]	
		(b)	Oth (ple	ease provide de	tails)	[]	

[#] Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

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5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

COITC	esponus).		
	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (3)	Leaf: length		
	very short		1[]
	very short to short		2[]
	short	Coquille de Louviers	3[]
	short to medium	Verte de Cambrai	4[]
	medium	Verte à coeur plein 2	5[]
	medium to long	Arpege	6[]
	long	Agathe	7[]
	long to very long	A grosse graine	8[]
	very long	Ljubljanski	9[]
5.2 (9)	Leaf: profile of apical part in longitudinal section		
	concave	Coquille de Louviers	1[]
	flat	Gala, Verte à coeur plein 2	2[]
	convex	Verte d'Etampes	3[]
5.3 (11)	Leaf: intensity of green color		
	very light		1[]
	very light to light		2[]
	light	Verte maraîchère	3[]
	light to medium		4[]
	medium	Verte de Rouen	5[]
	medium to dark		6[]
	dark	Verte à coeur plein 2	7[]
	dark to very dark		8[]
	very dark		9[]

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	Characteristics		Example Varieties	Note
5.4 (19)	Seed: size			
	very small			1[]
	very small to small			2[]
	small		D'Italie à feuille de laitue, Deutscher	3[]
	small to medium			4[]
	medium		Vit	5[]
	medium to large			6[]
	large		A grosse graine	7[]
	large to very large			8[]
	very large			9[]
5.5 (20)	Seed: collar			
	absent		Deutscher	1[]
	present		D'Italie à feuille de laitue	9[]

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6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.							
Denomination(s) of Characteri variety(ies) similar to which your your candidate variety variety diffe similar variety			candidate rs from the	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)		Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety	
	Rodio	n	Leaf: 1	width	<u> </u>	proad	medium
Comments:							
[#] 7.	Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety						
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?						
	Yes	[]		No []		
	(If yes,	please provide	e details)				
7.2	Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?						
	Yes	[]		No []		
	(If yes,	please provide	e details)				
7.3	Other in	nformation					

 $^{^{\#}}$ Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

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8.	8. Authorization for release						
	(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?						
		Yes []	No []			
	(b) Has such authorization been obtained?						
		Yes []	No []			
	If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.						
9.	9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination.						
9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.							
9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:							
	(a)	Microorgai	nisms (e.g. vir	us, bacteria, phytopla	sma) Yes []	No []	
	(b)	Chemical t	reatment (e.g.	growth retardant, pes	ticide) Yes []	No []	
	(c)	Tissue cult	ure		Yes []	No []	
	(d)	Other factor	ors		Yes []	No []	
Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".							

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10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:						
Applicant's name						
Signature		Date				

[End of document]