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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

TIMOTHY

UPOV Code(s): PHLEU_BER;
PHLEU_PRA*Phleum nodosum* L.;
Phleum pratense L.

*

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

Alternative names:^{*}

| Botanical name | English | French | German | Spanish |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| <i>Phleum nodosum</i> L., <i>Phleum bertolonii</i> DC., <i>Phleum pratense</i> subsp. <i>bertolonii</i> (DC.) Bornm., <i>Phleum</i> <i>pratense</i> subsp. <i>nodosum</i> (L.) Domin, <i>Phleum pratense</i> var. <i>nodosum</i> (L.) Huds. | Diploid Timothy, Small Timothy, Smaller Cat's-tail, Timothy, Turf Timothy | Fléole diploïde, Petite fléole | Zwiebellieschgras | Fleo |
| <i>Phleum pratense</i> L., <i>Phleum intermedium</i> Jord., <i>Phleum</i> <i>parnassicum</i> Boiss., nom. nud. | Meadow cat's-tail, Timothy | Fléole des prés | Timothe, Wiesenlieschgras | Fleo de los prados |

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Phleum nodosum* L. and *Phleum pratense* L.

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seeds.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

500 g of seed

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles should be in the form of two separate plantings.

3.1.3 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.3.2 The optimum stage of development for the assessment of each characteristic is indicated by a number in the Table of Characteristics. The stages of development denoted by each number are described in Chapter 8.

3.3.3 The recommended type of plot in which to observe the characteristic is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics:

- A: Spaced plants
- B: Row plots

3.4 *Test Design*

- 3.4.1 Spaced plants: Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 60 plants, which should be divided between at least 2 replicates.
- 3.4.2 Row plots: Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 200 plants, which should be divided between at least 2 replicates.
- 3.4.3 In addition, the test may include 8 meters of row plot which should be divided between at least 2 replicates. The density of the seed should be such that around 200 plants/meter can be expected.
- 3.4.4 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 60 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 60 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

In the case of observations of parts taken from single plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 1.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 *Uniformity*

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of cross-pollinated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.
- 4.2.3 The assessment of uniformity should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.

4.3 *Stability*

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Plant: time of inflorescence emergence after vernalization (characteristic 9)
- (b) Stem: length (characteristic 13)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 *Example Varieties*

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

| | English | | français | | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|--|---------------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | | |
| | Name of characteristics in English | Nom du caractère en français | | Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch | Nombre del carácter en español | | | |
| | states of expression | types d'expression | | Ausprägungsstufen | tipos de expresión | | | |

- 1 Characteristic number
- 2 (*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2
- 3 Type of expression
 - QL Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
 - QN Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
 - PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
- 4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)
 - MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5
- 5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2
- 6 (a)-(b) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1
- 7 Growth stage key See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.3
- A spaced plants
- B row plot

If more than one type of plot is indicated for a specific characteristic, the examination office has to choose the most appropriate plot type under its conditions. The characteristic should not be assessed twice.

P.p. *Phleum pratense*
 P.n. *Phleum nodosum*

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

| | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|--|--|-----------|--|--|--|--|---------------|
| 1. | QN | VG B | | | 20-29 | | |
| Leaf: intensity of green color <u>without</u> vernalization | Leaf: intensity of green color <u>without</u> vernalization | | Feuille : intensité de la couleur verte <u>sans</u> vernalisation | Blatt: Intensität der Grünfärbung <u>ohne</u> Vernalisation | Hoja: intensidad del color verde <u>sin</u> vernalización | | |
| | very light | | très claire | sehr hell | muy clara | | 1 |
| | very light to light | | très claire à claire | sehr hell bis hell | muy clara a clara | | 2 |
| | light | | claire | hell | clara | | 3 |
| | light to medium | | claire à moyenne | hell bis mittel | clara a media | | 4 |
| | medium | | moyenne | mittel | media | Presto (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to dark | | moyenne à foncée | mittel bis dunkel | media a oscura | | 6 |
| | dark | | foncée | dunkel | oscura | Teno (P.n.) | 7 |
| | dark to very dark | | foncée à très foncée | dunkel bis sehr dunkel | oscura a muy oscurs | | 8 |
| | very dark | | très foncée | sehr dunkel | muy oscura | | 9 |
| 2. | QN | VG B VS A | | (a) | 20-29 | | |
| Plant: growth habit <u>without</u> vernalization | Plant: growth habit <u>without</u> vernalization | | Plante : port <u>sans</u> vernalisation | Pflanze: Wuchsform <u>ohne</u> Vernalisation | Planta: hábito de crecimiento <u>sin</u> vernalización | | |
| | erect | | dressé | aufrecht | erecto | | 1 |
| | erect to semi-erect | | dressé à demi-dressé | aufrecht bis halbaufrecht | erecto a semierecto | | 2 |
| | semi-erect | | demi-dressé | halbaufrecht | semierecto | Aturo (P.p.) | 3 |
| | semi-erect to intermediate | | demi-dressé à intermédiaire | halbaufrecht bis mittel | semierecto a intermedio | | 4 |
| | intermediate | | intermédiaire | mittel | intermedio | Dolina (P.p.) | 5 |
| | intermediate to semi-prostrate | | intermédiaire à demi-étalé | mittel bis halbliegend | intermedio a semipostrado | | 6 |
| | semi-prostrate | | demi-étalé | halbliegend | semipostrado | Alma (P.p.) | 7 |
| | semi-prostrate to prostrate | | demi-étalé à étalé | halbliegend bis liegend | semipostrado a postrado | | 8 |
| | prostrate | | étalé | liegend | postrado | | 9 |

| | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|----|---|-----------|--|--|---|--|---------------|
| 3. | QN | MG B/VG B | | | 20-29 | | |
| | Plant: natural height without vernalization | | Plante : hauteur naturelle sans vernalisation | Pflanze: natürliche Höhe ohne Vernalisation | Planta: altura sin vernalización | | |
| | very short | | très basse | sehr niedrig | muy baja | Latima (P.n.) | 1 |
| | very short to short | | très basse à basse | sehr niedrig bis niedrig | muy baja a baja | | 2 |
| | short | | basse | niedrig | baja | | 3 |
| | short to medium | | basse à moyenne | niedrig bis mittel | baja a media | | 4 |
| | medium | | moyenne | mittel | media | Barpenta (P.p.), Vega (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to tall | | moyenne à haute | mittel bis hoch | media a alta | | 6 |
| | tall | | haute | hoch | alta | Rubato (P.p.) | 7 |
| | tall to very tall | | haute à très haute | hoch bis sehr hoch | alta a muy alta | | 8 |
| | very tall | | très haute | sehr hoch | muy alta | | 9 |
| 4. | QN | MS A/VG B | (+) | | 20-39 | | |
| | Plant: time of inflorescence emergence without vernalization | | Plante : époque d'épiaison sans vernalisation | Pflanze: Zeitpunkt des Erscheinen des Blütenstands ohne Vernalisation | Planta: época de emergencia de las inflorescencias sin vernalización | | |
| | very early | | très précoce | sehr früh | muy temprana | Vähäsöyrinki (P.p.) | 1 |
| | very early to early | | très précoce à précoce | sehr früh bis früh | muy temprana a temprana | | 2 |
| | early | | précoce | früh | temprana | Rhonia (P.p.), Saga (P.p.) | 3 |
| | early to medium | | précoce à moyenne | früh bis mittel | temprana a media | | 4 |
| | medium | | moyenne | mittel | media | Rasant (P.p.), Teicis (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to late | | moyenne à tardive | mittel bis spät | media a tardía | | 6 |
| | late | | tardive | spät | tardía | Rubato (P.p.) | 7 |
| | late to very late | | tardive à très tardive | spät bis sehr spät | tardía a muy tardía | | 8 |
| | very late | | très tardive | sehr spät | muy tardía | | 9 |
| 5. | QN | VG B/VS A | | | 20-39 | | |
| | Leaf: intensity of green color after vernalization | | Feuille : intensité de la couleur verte après vernalisation | Blatt: Intensität der Grünfärbung nach der Vernalisation | Hoja: intensidad del color verde después de la vernalización | | |
| | very light | | très claire | sehr hell | muy clara | | 1 |
| | very light to light | | très claire à claire | sehr hell bis hell | muy clara a clara | | 2 |
| | light | | claire | hell | clara | | 3 |
| | light to medium | | claire à moyenne | hell bis mittel | clara a media | | 4 |
| | medium | | moyenne | mittel | media | Aturo (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to dark | | moyenne à foncée | mittel bis dunkel | media a oscura | | 6 |
| | dark | | foncée | dunkel | oscura | Latima (P.n.) | 7 |
| | dark to very dark | | foncée à très foncée | dunkel bis sehr dunkel | oscura a muy oscurs | | 8 |
| | very dark | | très foncée | sehr dunkel | muy oscura | | 9 |

| | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|--------|---|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|
| 6. | QN | VG B/VS A | (a) | 20-39 | | | |
| | Plant: growth habit <u>after vernalization</u> | Plante : port <u>après</u> vernalisation | Pflanze: Wuchsform <u>nach der</u> Vernalisation | Planta: hábito de crecimiento <u>después</u> <u>de la</u> vernalización | | | |
| | erect | dressé | aufrecht | erecto | | | 1 |
| | erect to semi-erect | dressé à demi-dressé | aufrecht bis halbaufrecht | erecto a semierecto | | | 2 |
| | semi-erect | demi-dressé | halbaufrecht | semierecto | Phlewiola (P.p.) | | 3 |
| | semi-erect to intermediate | demi-dressé à intermédiaire | halbaufrecht bis mittel | semierecto a intermedio | | | 4 |
| | intermediate | intermédiaire | mittel | intermedio | Presto (P.p.), Teno (P.n.) | | 5 |
| | intermediate to semi-prostrate | intermédiaire à demi-étalé | mittel bis halbliegend | intermedio a semipostrado | | | 6 |
| | semi-prostrate | demi-étalé | halbliegend | semipostrado | | | 7 |
| | semi-prostrate to prostrate | demi-étalé à étalé | halbliegend bis liegend | semipostrado a postrado | | | 8 |
| | prostrate | étalé | liegend | postrado | Latima (P.n.) | | 9 |
| 7. (*) | QN | MS A/VG B | | 20-39 | | | |
| | Plant: natural height <u>after vernalization</u> | Plante : hauteur naturelle <u>après</u> vernalisation | Pflanze: natürliche Höhe <u>nach der</u> Vernalisation | Planta: altura <u>después</u> <u>de la</u> vernalización | | | |
| | very short | très basse | sehr niedrig | muy baja | Latima (P.n.) | | 1 |
| | very short to short | très basse à basse | sehr niedrig bis niedrig | muy baja a baja | | | 2 |
| | short | basse | niedrig | baja | Vähäsöyrinki (P.p.) | | 3 |
| | short to medium | basse à moyenne | niedrig bis mittel | baja a media | | | 4 |
| | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Barmidi (P.p.) | | 5 |
| | medium to tall | moyenne à haute | mittel bis hoch | media a alta | | | 6 |
| | tall | haute | hoch | alta | Prometheus (P.p.), Rasant (P.p.) | | 7 |
| | tall to very tall | haute à très haute | hoch bis sehr hoch | alta a muy alta | | | 8 |
| | very tall | très haute | sehr hoch | muy alta | | | 9 |
| 8. | QN | VG B | | 20-39 | | | |
| | Leaf: width | Feuille : largeur | Blatt: Breite | Hoja: anchura | | | |
| | very narrow | très étroite | sehr schmal | muy estrecha | | | 1 |
| | very narrow to narrow | très étroite à étroite | sehr schmal bis schmal | muy estrecha a estrecha | | | 2 |
| | narrow | étroite | schmal | estrecha | Teno (P.n.) | | 3 |
| | narrow to medium | étroite à moyenne | schmal bis mittel | estrecha a media | | | 4 |
| | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Dolina (P.p.) | | 5 |
| | medium to broad | moyenne à large | mittel bis breit | media a ancha | | | 6 |
| | broad | large | breit | ancha | Varis (P.p.) | | 7 |
| | broad to very broad | large à très large | breit bis sehr breit | ancha muy ancha | | | 8 |
| | very broad | très large | sehr breit | muy ancha | | | 9 |

| | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|---|---|------|---|---|-------------------------|--|---------------|
| 9. (*) | QN | MS A | (+) | | | | |
| Plant: time of inflorescence emergence after vernalization | Plante : époque d'épiaison après vernalisation | | Pflanze: Zeitpunkt des Erscheinen des Blütenstandes nach der Vernalisation | Planta: época de emergencia de las inflorescencias después de la vernalización | | | |
| | very early | | très précoce | sehr früh | muy temprana | Tiller (P.p.) | 1 |
| | very early to early | | très précoce à précoce | sehr früh bis früh | muy temprana a temprana | | 2 |
| | early | | précoce | früh | temprana | Phlewiola (P.p.), Teno (P.n.) | 3 |
| | early to medium | | précoce à moyenne | früh bis mittel | temprana a media | | 4 |
| | medium | | moyenne | mittel | media | Vähäsöyrinki (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to late | | moyenne à tardive | mittel bis spät | media a tardía | | 6 |
| | late | | tardive | spät | tardía | Adrienne (P.p.) | 7 |
| | late to very late | | tardive à très tardive | spät bis sehr spät | tardía a muy tardía | | 8 |
| | very late | | très tardive | sehr spät | muy tardía | Aberystwyth S48 (P.p.) | 9 |
| 10. (*) | QN | MS A | (b) | 50-56 | | | |
| Flag leaf: length | Dernière feuille : longueur | | Fahnenblatt: Länge | Hoja bandera: longitud | | | |
| | very short | | très courte | sehr kurz | muy corta | Teno (P.n.) | 1 |
| | very short to short | | très courte à courte | sehr kurz bis kurz | muy corta a corta | | 2 |
| | short | | courte | kurz | corta | | 3 |
| | short to medium | | courte à moyenne | kurz bis mittel | corta a media | | 4 |
| | medium | | moyenne | mittel | media | Grindstad (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to long | | moyenne à longue | mittel bis lang | media a larga | | 6 |
| | long | | longue | lang | larga | Erecta (P.p.) | 7 |
| | long to very long | | longue à très longue | lang bis sehr lang | larga a muy larga | | 8 |
| | very long | | très longue | sehr lang | muy larga | | 9 |
| 11. (*) | QN | MS A | (b) | 50-56 | | | |
| Flag leaf: width | Dernière feuille : largeur | | Fahnenblatt: Breite | Hoja bandera: anchura | | | |
| | very narrow | | très étroite | sehr schmal | muy estrecha | | 1 |
| | very narrow to narrow | | très étroite à étroite | sehr schmal bis schmal | muy estrecha a estrecha | | 2 |
| | narrow | | étroite | schmal | estrecha | | 3 |
| | narrow to medium | | étroite à moyenne | schmal bis mittel | estrecha a media | | 4 |
| | medium | | moyenne | mittel | media | Tiller (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to broad | | moyenne à large | mittel bis breit | media a ancha | | 6 |
| | broad | | large | breit | ancha | KIS Muri (P.p.) | 7 |
| | broad to very broad | | large à très large | breit bis sehr breit | ancha muy ancha | | 8 |
| | very broad | | très large | sehr breit | muy ancha | | 9 |

| | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|--|--|------|---|--|-------------------|--|---------------|
| 12. | QN | MS A | (b) | 50-56 | | | |
| Flag leaf: length/width ratio | Dernière feuille : rapport longueur/largeur | | Fahnenblatt: Verhältnis Länge/Breite | Hoja bandera: relación entre la longitud y la anchura | | | |
| | very low | | très bas | sehr klein | muy baja | | 1 |
| | very low to low | | très bas à bas | sehr klein bis klein | muy baja a baja | | 2 |
| | low | | bas | klein | baja | Teno (P.n.) | 3 |
| | low to medium | | bas à moyen | klein bis mittel | baja a media | | 4 |
| | medium | | moyen | mittel | media | Saga (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to high | | moyen à élevé | mittel bis groß | media a alta | | 6 |
| | high | | élevé | groß | alta | Dolina (P.p.) | 7 |
| | high to very high | | élevé à très élevé | groß bis sehr groß | alta a muy alta | | 8 |
| | very high | | très élevé | sehr groß | muy alta | | 9 |
| 13. (*) | QN | MS A | (+) | 60-68 | | | |
| Stem: length | Tige : longueur | | Halm: Länge | Tallo: longitud | | | |
| | very short | | très courte | sehr kurz | muy corta | | 1 |
| | very short to short | | très courte à courte | sehr kurz bis kurz | muy corta a corta | | 2 |
| | short | | courte | kurz | corta | | 3 |
| | short to medium | | courte à moyenne | kurz bis mittel | corta a media | | 4 |
| | medium | | moyenne | mittel | media | Vähäsöyrinki (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to long | | moyenne à longue | mittel bis lang | media a larga | | 6 |
| | long | | longue | lang | larga | Dolina (P.p.) | 7 |
| | long to very long | | longue à très longue | lang bis sehr lang | larga a muy larga | | 8 |
| | very long | | très longue | sehr lang | muy larga | | 9 |
| 14. (*) | QN | MS A | | 60-68 | | | |
| Stem: length of upper internode | Tige : longueur du dernier entrenœud | | Halm: Länge des obersten Internodiums | Tallo: longitud del entrenudo superior | | | |
| | very short | | très courte | sehr kurz | muy corta | | 1 |
| | very short to short | | très courte à courte | sehr kurz bis kurz | muy corta a corta | | 2 |
| | short | | courte | kurz | corta | Latima (P.n.) | 3 |
| | short to medium | | courte à moyenne | kurz bis mittel | corta a media | | 4 |
| | medium | | moyenne | mittel | media | Aturo (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to long | | moyenne à longue | mittel bis lang | media a larga | | 6 |
| | long | | longue | lang | larga | Aurora (P.p.) | 7 |
| | long to very long | | longue à très longue | lang bis sehr lang | larga a muy larga | | 8 |
| | very long | | très longue | sehr lang | muy larga | | 9 |

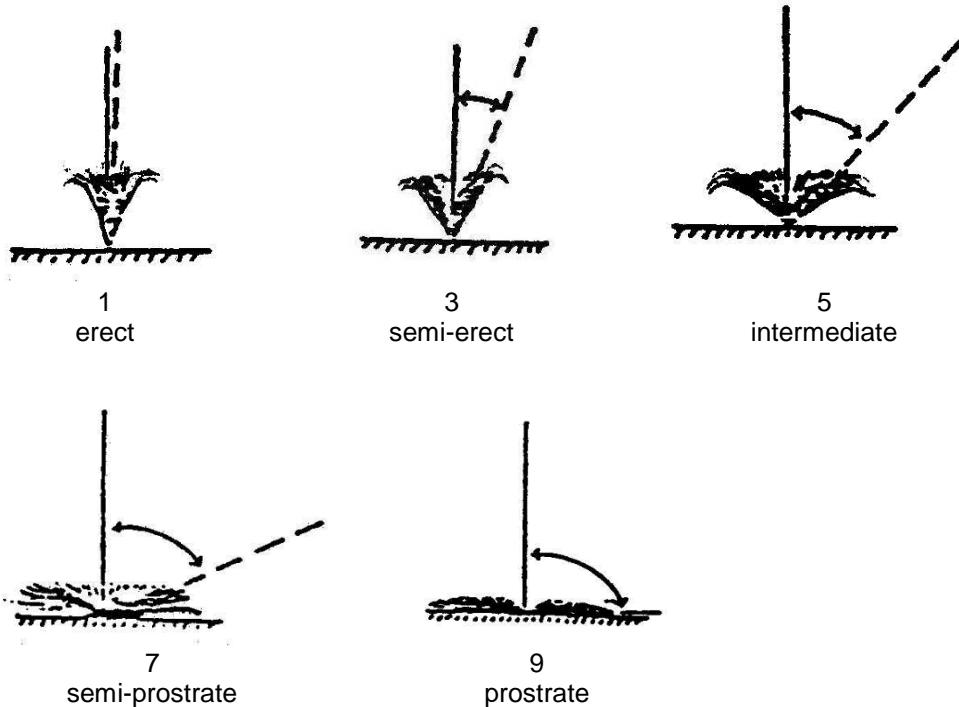
| | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|---------|---|--|----------|---|--|--|---------------|
| 15. (*) | QN | MS A | | | 60-68 | | |
| | Inflorescence: length | Inflorescence : longueur | | Blütenstand: Länge | Inflorescencia: longitud | | |
| | very short | très courte | | sehr kurz | muy corta | | 1 |
| | very short to short | très courte à courte | | sehr kurz bis kurz | muy corta a corta | | 2 |
| | short | courte | | kurz | corta | Teno (P.n.) | 3 |
| | short to medium | courte à moyenne | | kurz bis mittel | corta a media | | 4 |
| | medium | moyenne | | mittel | media | Phlewiola (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to long | moyenne à longue | | mittel bis lang | media a larga | | 6 |
| | long | longue | | lang | larga | Aurora (P.p.) | 7 |
| | long to very long | longue à très longue | | lang bis sehr lang | larga a muy larga | | 8 |
| | very long | très longue | | sehr lang | muy larga | | 9 |
| 16. | QN | VG B | | | | | |
| | Plant: tendency to form inflorescences in aftermath | Plante : tendance à former des inflorescences après la coupe | | Pflanze: Neigung zur Bildung von Blütenständen im Nachwuchs | Planta: tendencia a formar inflorescencias después del corte | | |
| | very weak | très faible | | sehr gering | muy débil | Vega (P.p.) | 1 |
| | very weak to weak | très faible à faible | | sehr gering bis gering | muy débil a débil | | 2 |
| | weak | faible | | gering | débil | Anjo (P.p.), Tryggve (P.p.) | 3 |
| | weak to medium | faible à moyenne | | gering bis mittel | débil a media | | 4 |
| | medium | moyenne | | mittel | media | Rubato (P.p.) | 5 |
| | medium to strong | moyenne à forte | | mittel bis stark | media a fuerte | | 6 |
| | strong | forte | | stark | fuerte | Timola (P.p.) | 7 |
| | strong to very strong | forte à très forte | | stark bis sehr stark | fuerte a muy fuerte | | 8 |
| | very strong | très forte | | sehr stark | muy fuerte | | 9 |

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) The growth habit should be assessed visually from the attitude of the leaves of the plant as a whole. The angle formed by the imaginary line through the region of greatest leaf density and the vertical should be used.



- (b) The flag leaf is the first true leaf at the top of the stem which is visible at the time of inflorescence emergence and has a sheath enclosing the stem.

In some cases, a small bract-like leaf which has a very short sheath, ligule and blade develops at the base of the inflorescence. This leaf is not visible at the time of inflorescence emergence but only when the inflorescence fully emerged. It generally does not have a normal sheath clasping the stem. This bract-like leaf is not to be considered as a flag leaf.

8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 4: Plant: time of inflorescence emergence without vernalization

1st observation: - when approximately 20% of the plants of the earliest heading variety have emerged
- Date 1 for plants with emerged inflorescences

2nd observation: - 1-2 weeks after first observation (weather dependent)
- Date 2 for plants with emerged inflorescences

3rd observation: - 1-2 weeks after second observation (weather dependent)
- Date 3 for plants with emerged inflorescences

Date 4 for those other plants which have not emerged in any one of the three observations.

From this data a mean date per variety is calculated.

Ad. 9: Plant: time of inflorescence emergence after vernalization

The date of inflorescence emergence of each single plant should be assessed at least twice a week. A single plant is considered to have headed when the tip of three inflorescences can be seen protruding from the flag leaf sheath. From the single plant data, a mean date per plot and a mean date per variety is calculated.

Ad. 13: Stem: length

Observations should be made on the longest stem and include the inflorescence.

8.3 Growth stages for grasses

All characteristics should be recorded at the appropriate time for the plant concerned. Growth stages of grasses are indicated by decimal codes which are derived from the decimal code for the growth stages of cereals (Zadoks, et al., 1974). This decimal code is in close conformity with the BBCH code (Meier, 1997).

Seedling growth (seedling: one shoot)

- DC 10 First leaf through coleoptile
- DC 15 Five leaves unfolded
- DC 19 Nine or more leaves unfolded

Tillering

- DC 20 Main shoot only (beginning of tillering)
- DC 23 Main shoot and 3 tillers
- DC 25 Main shoot and 5 tillers
- DC 29 Main shoot and 9 or more tillers

Stem elongation

- DC 30 Pseudo-stem erection (formed by sheaths of leaves)
- DC 31 First node detectable (early stem extension across all stems)
- DC 35 Fifth node detectable (50% extension across all stems)
- DC 39 Flag leaf ligula/collar just visible (pre-boot stage)

Booting

- DC 41 Flag leaf sheath extending (little enlargement of the inflorescence, early boot-stage)
- DC 45 Boots swollen (late-boot stage)
- DC 47 First leaf sheath opening
- DC 49 First awns visible (in awned forms only)

Inflorescence emergence (mostly non-synchronous)

- DC 50 First spikelet of inflorescence just visible
- DC 52 25% of the inflorescence emerged (across all stems)
- DC 54 50% of the inflorescence emerged (across all stems)
- DC 56 75% of the inflorescence emerged (across all stems)
- DC 58 Emergence of inflorescence completed

Anthesis (mostly non-synchronous)

- DC 60 Beginning of anthesis
- DC 64 Anthesis half-way
- DC 68 Anthesis complete

9. Literature

Meier, U., 1997: Growth stages of mono- and dicotyledonous plants. BBCH-Monograph Blackwell Science. Berlin, Vienna

ZADOKS, J. C., CHANG, T. T. and KONZAK, C. F., 1974. A decimal code for the growth stages of cereals. Weed Research, 14: 415–421.

10. Technical Questionnaire

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |
| | | Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant) |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights | | |
| 1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire | | |
| 1.1.1 Botanical name | <i>Phleum nodosum L.</i> [] | |
| 1.1.2 Common name | Diploid Timothy, Small Timothy, Smaller Cat's-tail, Timothy, Turf Timothy | |
| 1.2.1 Botanical name | <i>Phleum pratense L.</i> [] | |
| 1.2.2 Common name | Meadow cat's-tail, Timothy | |
| 2. Applicant | | |
| Name | | |
| Address | | |
| Telephone No. | | |
| Fax No. | | |
| E-mail address | | |
| Breeder (if different from applicant) | | |
| 3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference | | |
| Proposed denomination (if available) | | |
| Breeder's reference | | |

| | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |
| #4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety | | |
| 4.1 Breeding scheme | | |
| Variety resulting from: | | |
| 4.1.1 Crossing | | |
| (a) controlled cross | [] | |
| (please state parent variety) | | |
| (.....) | x | (.....) |
| female parent | male parent | |
| (b) partially known cross | [] | |
| (please state known parent variety(ies)) | | |
| (.....) | x | (.....) |
| female parent | male parent | |
| (c) unknown cross | [] | |
| 4.1.2 Mutation | [] | |
| (please state parent variety) | | |
| <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 80px;"></div> | | |
| 4.1.3 Discovery and development | [] | |
| (please state where and when discovered and how developed) | | |
| <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 80px;"></div> | | |
| 4.1.4 Other | [] | |
| (Please provide details) | | |
| <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 80px;"></div> | | |

| | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

4.2 Method of propagating the variety

4.2.1 Seed-propagated varieties

(a) Cross-pollination

[]

(b) Other (please provide details)

[]

4.2.2 Other

(Please provide details)

[]

| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| 5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds). | | |
| Characteristics | Example Varieties | Note |
| 5.1 Plant: time of inflorescence emergence <u>after</u> vernalization (9) | | |
| very early | Tiller (P.p.) | 1 [] |
| very early to early | | 2 [] |
| early | Phlewiola (P.p.), Teno (P.n.) | 3 [] |
| early to medium | | 4 [] |
| medium | Vähäsöyrinki (P.p.) | 5 [] |
| medium to late | | 6 [] |
| late | Adrienne (P.p.) | 7 [] |
| late to very late | | 8 [] |
| very late | Aberystwyth S48 (P.p.) | 9 [] |
| 5.2 Flag leaf: length (10) | | |
| very short | Teno (P.n.) | 1 [] |
| very short to short | | 2 [] |
| short | | 3 [] |
| short to medium | | 4 [] |
| medium | Grindstad (P.p.) | 5 [] |
| medium to long | | 6 [] |
| long | Erecta (P.p.) | 7 [] |
| long to very long | | 8 [] |
| very long | | 9 [] |
| 5.3 Flag leaf: width (11) | | |
| very narrow | | 1 [] |
| very narrow to narrow | | 2 [] |
| narrow | | 3 [] |
| narrow to medium | | 4 [] |
| medium | Tiller (P.p.) | 5 [] |
| medium to broad | | 6 [] |
| broad | KIS Muri (P.p.) | 7 [] |
| broad to very broad | | 8 [] |
| very broad | | 9 [] |

| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Characteristics | Example Varieties | Note |
| 5.4 Stem: length (13) | | |
| very short | | 1 [] |
| very short to short | | 2 [] |
| short | | 3 [] |
| short to medium | | 4 [] |
| medium | Vähäsöyrinki (P.p.) | 5 [] |
| medium to long | | 6 [] |
| long | Dolina (P.p.) | 7 [] |
| long to very long | | 8 [] |
| very long | | 9 [] |

| | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.

| Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety | Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies) | Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies) | Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety |
|---|---|--|--|
| <i>Example</i> | <i>Flag leaf: length</i> | <i>short</i> | <i>medium</i> |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Comments: | | | |

| | | |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |
| <p>#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety</p> <p>7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.3 Other information</p> <p>7.3.1 Ploidy</p> <p>diploid [] hexaploid []</p> <p>7.3.2 Resistance to pests and diseases</p> <p>.....</p> <p>7.3.3 Other</p> <p>.....</p> | | |

| | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

8. Authorization for release

- (a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?

Yes [] No []

- (b) Has such authorization been obtained?

Yes [] No []

If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.

9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination

9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.

9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:

- | | | |
|---|---------|--------|
| (a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (c) Tissue culture | Yes [] | No [] |
| (d) Other factors | Yes [] | No [] |

Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".

.....

10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:

Applicant's name

Signature

Date

[End of document]