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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

GINGER

UPOV Code(s): ZINGI OFF

Zingiber officinale Rosc.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS. UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from Japan to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Vegetables at its fifty-eighth session, to be held virtually from 2024-04-22 to 2023-05-25

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Zingiber officinale Rosc.	Ginger	Gingembre	Ingwer	Jengibre

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

^{*} These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Zingiber officinale Rosc.

2. Material Required

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of rhizomes.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

40 rhizomes with an individual weight of about 80 to 100g

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

- 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles
- 3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.
- 3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles should be in the form of two separate plantings.
- 3.1.3 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.
- 3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 30 plants, which should be divided between at least 2 replicates.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.
- 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 20 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 20 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

- 4.2 Uniformity
- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of vegetatively propagated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.
- 4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 30 plants, 1 off-type is allowed.
- 4.3 Stability
- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.
- 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial
- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Plant: height (characteristic 2)
 - (b) Plant: number of stems (characteristic 3)
 - (c) Stem: anthocyanin coloration (characteristic 11)
 - (d) Rhizome: size of sections (characteristic 17)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".
- 6. <u>Introduction to the Table of Characteristics</u>
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
- 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.
- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

	English		françai	s	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1 2	3	4	5	6	7			
	Name of characteristics in English							
	states of expression							

1 Characteristic number

2 (*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

3 Type of expression

QL Qualitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3
QN Quantitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3
PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3
PSeudo-qualitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3

Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)

MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

6 (a)-(d) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Not applicable

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	QN	VG		(a)				_
	Plant	: growth habit						
	uprigh	nt					Kintoki	1
	uprigh	nt to semi-upright						2
	semi-	upright					Sanshu	3
	semi- sprea	upright to ding						4
	sprea	ding						5
2. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Plant	: height						
	very s	short						1
		short to short						2
	short short to medium medium							3
								4
								5
	mediu	ım to long						6
	long							7
	long t	o very long						8
	very l	ong						9
3. (*)	QN	MS/VG		(b)				
	Plant	: number of s						
	very f	ew						1
	very f	ew to few						2
	few						Tosadai Shouga	3
	few to medium							4
							Sanshu	5
	mediu	ım to many						6
	many						Kintoki	7
	many	to very many						8
	very r	nany						9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
4.	QN	MS/VG		(b)				
		: number of s on main stem						
	very f	ew						1
	few							2
	mediu							3
	many							4
	very r	nany						5
5.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
:	Leaf: leaf	attitude of top						
	erect	erect					Yanaka	1
		to semi-erect						2
	semi-erect						Sanshu	3
	semi-	erect to horizontal						4
	horizo	horizontal					Tosadai Shouga	5
6. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Leaf:	length						
	very s	short						1
	short							2
	mediu	ım						3
	long							4
	very l	ong						5
7. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
· ·	Leaf:	width		•				
	very r	narrow						1
	narrow							2
	mediu	ım						3
	broad							4
	very broad							5

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
8. (*)	QN	VG		(b)				•
3	Leaf: green	intensity of color		·				
	very li	ght						1
	light							2
	mediu							3
	dark							4
	very c	lark						5
9. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Stem	: diameter						
								1
	very to							2
	thick							3
								4
40	very t			(1.)				5
10	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				Τ
	Stem: intensity of green color							
	very li	ght						1
	light							2
	mediu	ım						3
	dark							4
	very c	lark						5
11 (*)	QN	VG		(b)				
	Stem	: anthocyanin ation						
	abser	nt or very weak						1
		veak to weak						2
	weak						Sanshu	3
		to medium						4
	mediu						Yanaka	5
	mediu	ım to strong						6
	strong						Kintoki	7
	strong	to very strong						8
		strong						9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
12 (*)	QN	MS		(d)				
	Rhizo	me: total weight						
	very lo	 W	•					1
	very lo	w to low	•					2
	low						Sanshu	3
		medium						4
	mediu	m					Kintoki	5
	mediu	m to high						6
	high							7
	high to	very high	†					8
	very hi	gh	†					9
13 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(d)				1
·	Rhizo	me: skin color						
	yellow	ish white					Sanshu	1
	greyish yellow		***************************************				Tosadai Shouga	2
	reddish yellow						Kintoki	3
	reddisl	h brown					Akashouga	4
14	QN	VG		(d)				
	Rhizome: roughness of surface							
	very sr	mooth						1
	smootl	h						2
	mediu	m	•					3
	rough		•					4
	very ro	ough	•					5
15	QN	VG		(d)			1	
•	Rhizoi colora	me: anthocyanin		·				
	absent	t or very weak						1
		eak to weak						2
	weak						Sanshu	3
		o medium						4
			ļ				Yanaka	5
		m to strong						6
	strong						Kintoki	7
		to very strong						8
	very st		†					9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
16 (*)	QN	MS/VG		(d)				
	Rhizo	ome: number of ons		•				
	very f	ew						1
	very f	ew to few						2
	few						Tosadai Shouga	3
		medium						4
	mediu						Sanshu	5
		um to many						6
	many							7
	many	to very many						8
	very r	nany					Kintoki	9
17 (*)	QN	VG		(d)				
·	Rhizome: size of sections			·				
	very s	very small						1
								2
	medium							3
	large							4
	very l	arge						5
18	QN	VG	(+)	(d)		L		
	Rhizo	ome: density of ons						
	very s	sparse						1
	spars	e						2
	mediu							3
	dense							4
	very o							5
19	QN	VG		(d)		L		
	Rhizo	ome: intensity of w color of flesh		_ [
	very l	ight						1
	light							2
	mediu	ım						3
	dark							4
	very o	dark						5

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
20	QN	MG/VG	(+)	(c)				
	Time	of sprouting						
	very early early							1
								2
	medium							3
	late							4
	very la	ate						5
21	QN	MG/VG	(+)	(d)				
	Time matu	of harvest rity						
	very e	arly						1
	early							2
	mediu	ım						3
	late							4
	very la	ate						5

- 8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics
- 8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Observations should be made at the time when the growth indicate most vigorously.
- (b) Observations should be made before the end of the growing phase.
- (c) Observations should be made at the time of sprouting.
- (d) Observations should be made at the time of harvesting when the color of leaves starts to turn yellow.
- 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

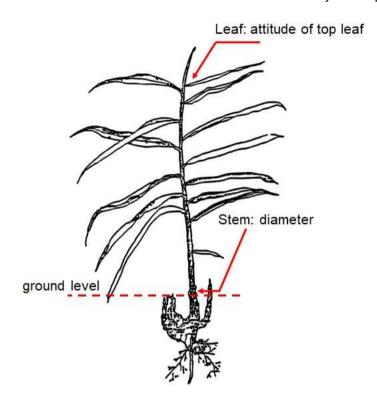
Ad. 2: Plant: height

Observation should be made on the height from ground level to top of the main stem.



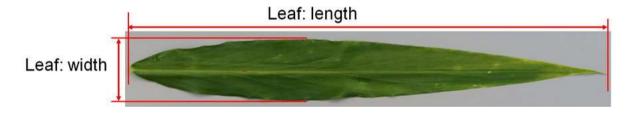
Ad. 5: Leaf: attitude of top leaf

Observation should be made on the attitude of the fully developed top leaf of the main stem.



Ad. 6: Leaf: length

Observation or measurement should be made on the largest leaf taken from the upper third of the main stem.



Ad. 7: Leaf: width

See Ad.6.

Ad. 9: Stem: diameter

See Ad.5.

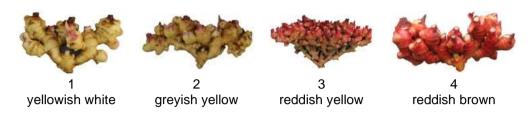
Observation or measurement should be made on the diameter of the main stem (including the leaf sheath) at broadest point.

Ad. 10: Stem: intensity of green color

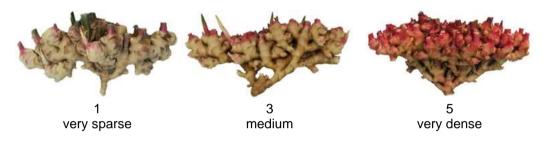
Observation should be made on the stem including the leaf sheath.

Ad. 13: Rhizome: skin color

Observation should be made on color of skin excluding anthocyanin coloration of buds.



Ad. 18: Rhizome: density of sections



Ad. 20: Time of sprouting

The time of sprouting is when 50% of the plants begin to sprout.

Ad. 21: Time of harvest maturity

The time of harvest maturity is when 50% of the plants have reached the yellowing stage of the leaves.

9. <u>Literature</u>

Aoki, H., 1996: Nogyogijutsu-taikei (Vegetable. Volume11), Shadanhojin Nousan-gyoson-bunkakyokai. Tokyo, JP, pp. 227 to 248

Ishii, Y., Tamura, S., 1972: Saishin-Engeidaijiten (Volume5), Seibundo Shinkosha Publishing Co.,Ltd. Tokyo, JP, pp. 2747 to 2749

Bown, D., 1997: The Royal Horticultural Society Herbs-daihyakka, Seibundo Shinkosha Publishing Co.,Ltd. Tokyo, JP, pp. 373

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHN	NICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE		Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
					Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
				CHNICAL QUESTIONNA	NRE of for plant breeders' rights
1.	Subject	of the Technical Question	nnai	re	
	1.1	Botanical name	Zir	ngiber officinale Rosc.	
	1.2	Common name	Gi	nger	
2.	Applica	nt			
	Name				
	Address	3			
	Telepho	one No.			
	Fax No.				
	E-mail a	address			
	Breeder applicar	r (if different from nt)			
3.	Propose	ed denomination and bree	der	's reference	
	Propose (if availa	ed denomination able)			
	Breede	r's reference			

TECHI	VICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
#4.	Informa	ation on the breeding scheme	and propagation of the var	riety
	4.1	Breeding scheme		
	Variety	resulting from:		
	4.1.1	Crossing		
	(a)	controlled cross		[]
	(b)	partially known cross		[]
	(c)	unknown cross		[]
	4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent variety))	[]
	4.1.3	Discovery and development (please state where and wh	t en discovered and how de	[] veloped)
	4.1.4	Other (Please provide details)		[]

TECHNICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number	r:
4.2 4.2.1	Method of propagating the v	variety		
(a) (b)	Rhizomes Other (state method)			[]
4.2.2	Other (Please provide details)			[]
				I

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (2)	Plant: height		
	very short		1[]
	very short to short		2[]
	short		3[]
	short to medium		4[]
	medium		5[]
	medium to long		6[]
	long		7[]
	long to very long		8[]
	very long		9[]
5.2 (3)	Plant: number of stems		
	very few		1[]
	very few to few		2[]
	few	Tosadai Shouga	3[]
	few to medium		4[]
	medium	Sanshu	5[]
	medium to many		6[]
	many	Kintoki	7[]
	many to very many		8[]
	very many		9[]
5.3 (6)	Leaf: length		
	very short		1[]
	short		2[]
	medium		3[]
	long		4[]
	very long		5[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.4 (7)	Leaf: width		
	very narrow		1[]
	narrow		2[]
	medium		3[]
	broad		4 []
	very broad		5[]
5.5 (8)	Leaf: intensity of green color		
	very light		1[]
	light		2[]
	medium		3[]
	dark		4[]
	very dark		5[]
5.6 (9)	Stem: diameter		
	very thin		1[]
	thin		2[]
	medium		3[]
	thick		4[]
	very thick		5[]
5.7 (11)	Stem: anthocyanin coloration		
	absent or very weak		1[]
	very weak to weak		2[]
	weak	Sanshu	3[]
	weak to medium		4[]
	medium	Yanaka	5[]
	medium to strong		6[]
	strong	Kintoki	7[]
	strong to very strong		8[]8
	very strong		9[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.8 (12)	Rhizome: total weight		
	very low		1[]
	very low to low		2[]
	low	Sanshu	3[]
	low to medium		4[]
	medium	Kintoki	5[]
	medium to high		6[]
	high		7[]
	high to very high		8[]
	very high		9[]
5.9 (13)	Rhizome: skin color		
	yellowish white	Sanshu	1[]
	greyish yellow	Tosadai Shouga	2[]
	reddish yellow	Kintoki	3[]
	reddish brown	Akashouga	4[]
5.10 (16)	Rhizome: number of sections		
	very few		1[]
	very few to few		2[]
	few	Tosadai Shouga	3[]
	few to medium		4[]
	medium	Sanshu	5[]
	medium to many		6[]
	many		7[]
	many to very many		8[]
	very many	Kintoki	9[]
5.11 (17)	Rhizome: size of sections		
	very small		1[]
	small		2[]
	medium		3[]
	large		4[]
	very large		5[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE		Page {x} of {y}		Reference Number:		
6. Similar varieties and d	lifferences from th	ese varieties				
Please use the following tab the variety (or varieties) whi examination authority to con	ch, to the best of	your knowled	lge, is (or are)	most similar.		
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(syour candidate v	ariety differs	the character	expression of ristic(s) for the rariety(ies)	Describe the expression the characteristic(s) for candidate variety	
Example Plant: height		eight	sł	hort	medium	
Comments:						

TECHN	IICAL QUES	TIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:				
#7.	Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety							
7.1		In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?						
	Yes []		No	[]				
	(If yes, pleas	e provide details)						
7.2	Are there an	ny special conditions for	growing the variety or cor	nducting the examination?				
	Yes []		No	[]				
	(If yes, pleas	e provide details)						
7.3	Other inform	nation						
A representative color photograph of the variety displaying its main distinguishing feature(s), should accompany the Technical Questionnaire. The photograph will provide a visual illustration of the candidate variety which supplements the information provided in the Technical Questionnaire. The key points to consider when taking a photograph of the candidate variety are: Indication of the date and geographic location Correct labeling (breeder's reference) Good quality printed photograph (minimum 10 cm x 15 cm) and/or sufficient resolution electronic format version (minimum 960 x 1280 pixels)" Further guidance on providing photographs with the Technical Questionnaire is available in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines", Guidance Note 35 (http://www.upov.int/tgp/en/). [The link provided may be deleted by members of the Union when developing authorities' own test guidelines.]								
Resista	ance to pests a	and diseases						

TECH	INICA	L QUES	TIONNAIRE	Page {x} o	of {y}	Reference	Number:			
8.	Authorization for release									
	(a)	a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?								
		Yes	[]	No	[]					
	(b)	(b) Has such authorization been obtained?								
		Yes	[]	No	[]					
	If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.									
9. Inf	ormatio	on on plan	nt material to be examin	ned or submi	tted for examin	nation				
	9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.									
9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:										
	(a)	Mic	roorganisms (e.g. virus	s, bacteria, pł	nytoplasma)		Yes []	No []	
	(b)	Che	emical treatment (e.g. g	growth retard	ant, pesticide)		Yes []	No []	
	(c)	Tiss	sue culture				Yes []	No []	
	(d)	Oth	er factors				Yes []	No []	
	Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".									
10.	10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:									
	Applicant's name									
			L							
	Sig	nature				Date				

[End of document]