# UPOV

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# INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

# DRAFT

## CHINESE CABBAGE

UPOV Code(s): BRASS\_RAP\_PEK; BRASS\_RAP\_PCH ; BRASS\_RAP\_PRA; BRASS\_TUR

Brassica rapa L. subsp. pekinensis (Lour.) Kitam.; hybrids between Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. pekinensis (Lour.) Hanelt and Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. chinensis (L.) Hanelt; hybrids between Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. pekinensis (Lour.) Hanelt and Brassica rapa L. var. rapa (L.) Thell.; Brassica ×turicensis O. E. Schulz & Thell.

#### **GUIDELINES**

# FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

# FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from the Republic of Korea to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Vegetables at its fifty-sixth session, to be held virtually, from 2022-04-18 to 2022-04-22

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative names:\*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Brassica rapa L. subsp. pekinensis (Lour.) Kitam., Brassica campestris subsp. pekinensis (Lour.) G. Olsson, Brassica pekinensis (Lour.) Rupr., Brassica pe-tsai L. H. Bailey, Brassica rapa subvar. pe-tsai (L. H. Bailey) Kitam., Brassica rapa var. glabra Regel, Sinapis pekinensis Lour.	Chinese Cabbage	Chou chinois	Chinakohl	Repollo chino
hybrids between Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. <i>pekinensis</i> (Lour.) Hanelt and <i>Brassica</i> <i>rapa</i> L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. <i>chinensis</i> (L.) Hanelt				
hybrids between Brassica rapa L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. <i>pekinensis</i> (Lour.) Hanelt and <i>Brassica</i> <i>rapa</i> L. var. <i>rapa</i> (L.) Thell.				
Brassica ×turicensis O. E. Schulz & Thell. , Brassica juncea × Brassica rapa ssp. Pekinensis				

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

# ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

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#### 1. <u>Subject of these Test Guidelines</u>

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Brassica rapa* L. subsp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Kitam., hybrids between *Brassica rapa* L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Hanelt and *Brassica rapa* L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. *chinensis* (L.) Hanelt, hybrids between *Brassica rapa* L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. *pekinensis* (Lour.) Hanelt and *Brassica rapa* L. var. *rapa* (L.) Thell. and *Brassica ×turicensis* O. E. Schulz & Thell.

#### 2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

#### 10 g or 2,000 seeds

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should, be stated by the applicant.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.
- 3. <u>Method of Examination</u>
- 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles
- 3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.
- 3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles should be in the form of two separate plantings.
- 3.1.3 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.
- 3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

#### 3.4 Test Design

- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 60 plants, which should be divided between at least 2 replicates.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.
- 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

- 4. <u>Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability</u>
- 4.1 Distinctness
- 4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

#### 4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 20 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 20 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

#### 4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

- 4.2 Uniformity
- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of seed-propagated varieties including cross-pollinated and hybrid varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.
- 4.2.3 The assessment of uniformity should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.
- 4.2.4 For the assessment of uniformity of single cross hybrid varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 60 plants, 2 off-types are allowed.

#### 4.3 Stability

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

#### 5. <u>Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial</u>

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
  - (a) Plant: height (characteristic 2)
  - (b) Head: shape in longitudinal section (characteristic 24)
  - (c) Head: type (characteristic 25)
  - (d) Time of harvest maturity (characteristic 32)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".
- 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
- 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by \*) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.
- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudoqualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

#### 6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

#### 6.5 Legend

	E	English français o		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota		
1 2	2 3	3	4	5	6	7			
	c	Name of characteristics in English		Nom c caract frança	ère en	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
	-	states expres		types o	d'expression	Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

#### 1 Characteristic number

2	(*)	Asterisked characteristic	- see Chapter 6.1.2
3	Type of expression QL QN PQ	Qualitative characteristic Quantitative characteristic Pseudo-qualitative characteristic	<ul> <li>see Chapter 6.3</li> <li>see Chapter 6.3</li> <li>see Chapter 6.3</li> </ul>
4	Method of observation (and type MG, MS, VG, VS	e of plot, if applicable)	- see Chapter 4.1.5
5	(+)	See Explanations on the Table of	of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2
6	(a)-(c)	See Explanations on the Table of	of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1
7	Not applicable		

# 7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

			English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.		QN	VG	(+)	(a)				•
		Plant:	habit						
		erect						Golden boy, Granaat	1
		semi-e	erect					Bilko, Daetong, Muso	2
		spread	ding					Bando	3
2.	(*)	QN	MS/VG		(a)				
		Plant:	height		·				
		very s	hort						1
		very s	hort to short						2
		short						Natsuki	3
			o medium						4
		mediu	m					Bilko, Daetong, Muso	5
			m to tall						6
		tall						Monument, Shousai	7
		tall to	very tall						8
		very ta	all .		. <u>.</u>				9
3.		QN	MS/VG		(a)		1		-
		Outer	leaf: length						
		very s	hort						1
	·		hort to short						2
		short						Salad, TheHan1ho	3
			o medium						4
		mediu						Daetong, Muso	5
			m to long						6
		long						Shousai	7
		long to	o very long						8
		very lo	ong						9

		English	français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
4.	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer	leaf: width		:				
	very r	narrow						1
	very r	narrow to narrow						2
	narro	N					Jinhongssam, Salad	3
		w to medium						4
	mediu	ım					Daetong, Muso	5
	mediu	um to broad						6
	broad						Bando, Lycofresh Gimjang	7
	broad	to very broad						8
	very b	oroad						9
5. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer	r leaf: shape						
	circula	ar					Kenshin	1
	broad	obovate					Daetong, Kaho	2
	obova	ate					Muso, Suho	3
	narrov	w obovate					Bando, Lycofresh Gimjang	4
	narro	w elliptic					Shousai	5
6.	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer	r leaf: apex						
	obtus	e					Shousai	1
	round	ed					Daetong, Muso	2
	trunca	ated					Lycofresh Gimjang, Ousho	3

			English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
7.	(*)	QN	VG		(a)				
			leaf: number of rs on upper side						
		very fe	9W						1
		very fe	ew to few						2
		few						Granaat, Kinap, Sprinter	3
		few to	medium						4
		mediu						Daetong, Muso, Parkin	5
		mediu	m to many						6
		many						Bando, Enduro, Jindaebak, Ming	7
		many	to very many						8
		very m	nany						9
8.		QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
			leaf: size of rs on upper side						
		very s	mall						1
		very s	mall to small						2
		small						Granaat	3
		small	to medium						4
		mediu	m					Daetong, Parkin	5
			m to large						6
		large						Enduro	7
		large t	o very large						8
	:	very la	:	ļ					9
9.	(*)	PQ	VG		(a)		Τ	1	1
		Outer	leaf: color						
		yellow	green					EX King santosai, Regina	1
		green						Daetong, Hayamidori, Kaho, Muso	2
		grey g	reen						3
		purple						Jinhongssam, Kwonnongppalgang	4

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
10	QN VG	(a)		·		
	Outer leaf : Intensity of color					
	very light					1
	very light to light					2
	light				Kaho, Red Dragon	3
	light to medium					4
	medium				Daetong, Muso, Sprinkin	5
	medium to dark					6
	dark				Hayamidori, Parkin, TheHan1ho	7
	dark to very dark					8
	very dark					9
11	QN VG	(a)				
	Outer leaf: glossiness					
	very weak					1
	very weak to weak					2
	weak				Hanko, Kaho, Kinap	3
	weak to medium					4
	medium				Daetong, Muso	5
	medium to dark					6
	strong				Shunjyu	7
	dark to very dark					8
	very dark					9
12	QN VG	(+) (a)		Γ	I	1
	Outer leaf: hairiness					
	absent or very weak				Salad	1
	weak				Cream, Kinap	2
	medium				Daetong, Shunjyu, Tardisto	3
	strong				Jinhongssam, Muso	4
	very strong					5

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
13	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer I Iongitu	leaf: profile in Idinal section						
	concav	'e					Bilko, Parkin	1
	straight	t					Daetong, Monument	2
	convex	(					Hanko	3
14	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer I of mar	Leaf: undulation gin						
	absent	or very weak						1
	weak						Jinhongssam, Kaho, Red Dragon	2
	mediun	n					Hanko, Suho	3
	strong						Monument, Shin-azuma	4
	very sti	very strong						5
15	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer I margir	leaf: incisions of 1						
	absent	or weak					Hanko, Jinhongssam, Kenshin	1
	mediun	n					Kasumi, Lycofresh Gimjang	2
	strong							3
16	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer I margir	leaf: serration of						
	absent	or weak					Hanko, Jinhongssam, Kinap	1
	weak t	to medium						2
	mediun	n					Daetong, Enduro	3
	mediun	n to strong						4
	strong						Sinrok Utgari	5

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
17	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer midri	r leaf: length of b						
	very s	short						1
	very s	short to short						2
	short						Hamamidori	3
	short	to medium						4
	mediu						Daetong, Muso	5
		um to long						6
	long						RCC65, Shousai	7
	long t	o very long						8
	very l	ong						9
18	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer midri	r leaf: width of b						
	very r	narrow						1
	-	narrow to narrow						2
	narro						Shousai	3
	narro	w to medium						4
	mediu	um					Enduro, Jinhongssam, Red Dragon	5
		um to broad						6
	broad	1					Gorki, Harumaki 1 go, Jindaebak	7
	broad	I to very broad						8
	very b	oroad						9
19	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
_		r leaf: midrib in s section						
	conca	ave					Bilko, Jinhongssam, Parkin	1
	conca	ave to flat						2
	flat						Daetong, Hanko, Kinap	3

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
20	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer of mic	leaf: thickness drib		·				
	thin						RCC65	1
	thin to	medium						2
	mediu	ım					Daetong	3
	mediu	Im to thick						4
	thick						Jinhongssam	5
21	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Outer midril	leaf: color of b						
	white						Lycofresh Gimjang, Muso	1
	green							2
	purple	)					RCC65, Red Dragon	3
22	QN	MS/VG		(b)				
	Head	: height						
	very s	hort						1
	very s	hort to short						2
	short						Golden boy	3
	short	to medium						4
	mediu	ım					Muso, Parkin, Sprinkin, Suho	5
	mediu	ım to tall						6
	tall						Jinhongssam, Monument, Shousai	7
	tall to	very tall						8
	very ta	all	Ι					9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
23	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
•	Head	: width		·				
	very n	arrow						1
	very n	arrow to narrow						2
	narrov	N					Granaat, Jinhongssam	3
		w to medium						4
	mediu	ım					Muso, TheHan1ho	5
	mediu	im to broad						6
	broad						Jindaebak	7
	broad	to very broad						8
	very b	oroad						9
24 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Head: longit	: shape in tudinal section						
	circula	ar					Kenshin	1
	elliptic	)					Hayamidori, TheHan1ho	2
	ovate						Daetong, Shinjyu	3
	obova	ite					Gorki, Hamamidori	4
	oblon	g					Chushu, Golden boy, Hanko	5
	narrov	w oblong					Granaat, Jinhongssam, Shousai	6
25 (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				1
	Head	: type						
	open		1				Jinhongssam	1
	open	to half-open						2
	half-o	pen					Daetong, Spectrum	3
	half-o	pen to closed						4
	closed	d					Golden boy, Kinap, Muso	5

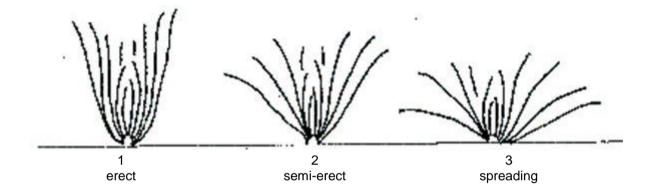
		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
26	PQ	VG		(b)				
	Head	color of top		·				
	white							1
	yellow	/ green					Kasumi	2
	green						Daetong, Lycofresh Gimjang, Muso	3
	dark g	green					Bando	4
	purple	;					Jinhongssam, Red Dragon	5
27	QN	VG	(+)	(b)		•		
	Head: wrapp	: blistering of per leaf						
	absen	nt or very weak						1
	weak						Granaat	2
	mediu	ım					Gorki, Jinhongssam	3
	strong						Daetong, Enduro	4
	very s	strong					TheHan1ho	5
28 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Head: internal color							
	whitis	h					Bilko, Parkin	1
	light y	ellow					Golden boy	2
	mediu	ım yellow					Daetong, Enduro, Hanko	3
	dark y	vellow					TheHan1ho	4
	orang	е					Orange Queen	5
	purple	9					Jinhongssam, Red Dragon	6
29	QN	VG		(b)				
	Head	: firmness						
	very lo	oose					Jinhongssam	1
	very lo	oose to loose						2
	loose						Granaat, RCC65	3
	loose to medium							4
	mediu	medium					Gorki, Lycofresh Gimjang	5
	mediu	ım to firm						6
	firm						Bando, Bazuko, Suho	7
	firm to	o very firm						8
	very fi	irm					Shunjyu	9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
30	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Head: of inte	: shape of apex ernal stem						
	pointe	ed					Kaho	1
	round						Bilko, Muso, Parkin	2
	trunca	ate					Jindaebak, Syunju	3
31	QL	VG	(+)	(b)				
	vascu	: coloration in ular bundle of nal stem						
	absen	nt					Daetong	1
	present						Betafresh	9
32 (*)	QN	MG/VG		(b)				
		Time of harvest maturity						
	very e	early					Kenshin	1
	very e	early to early						2
	early						Blues, RCC65, Sprinkin	3
	early t	to medium						4
	mediu						Enduro, Muso, Suho	5
		im to late						6
	late						Chusyu, Jindaebak, Parkin, Red Dragon	7
	late to	o very late						8
	very la	ate						9

- 8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics
- 8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

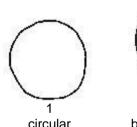
- (a) Observation should be made at the beginning of head formation, before harvest maturity.
- Observations should be made at harvest maturity. (b)
- 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics
- Ad. 1: Plant: habit



#### Ad. 4: Outer leaf: width

Observation should be made on the broadest part.

#### Ad. 5: Outer leaf: shape





circular

2 broad obovate



obovate

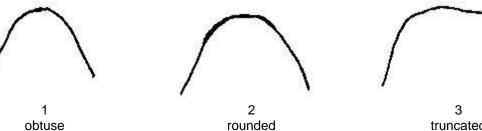




narrow obovate

narrow elliptic

Ad. 6: Outer leaf: apex



truncated

# Ad. 8: Outer leaf: size of blisters on upper side



small



medium



large

# Ad. 12: Outer leaf: hairiness

Observations should be made on the lower side.

# Ad. 13: Outer leaf: profile in longitudinal section

Observation should be made excluding leaf base.



3 convex

# Ad. 14: Outer Leaf: undulation of margin



2. weak

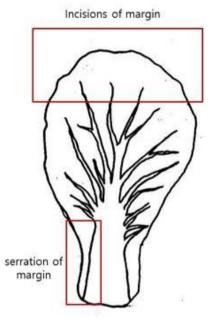
3. medium

4. strong

5. very strong

# Ad. 15: Outer leaf: incisions of margin

Observations should be made on distal part of leaf.





- 1. absent or weak
- 2. medium

3. strong

# Ad. 16: Outer leaf: serration of margin

Observations should be made on the base part of leaf.



1 absent or weak

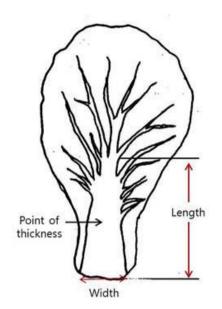


3 medium



5 strong

# Ad. 17: Outer leaf: length of midrib





# Ad. 18: Outer leaf: width of midrib

See Ad. 17

#### Ad. 19: Outer leaf: midrib in cross section

Observation should be made in the middle part of midrib.



1. concave

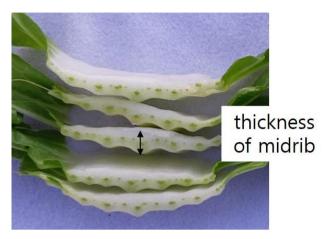
2. concave to flat

3. flat

# Ad. 20: Outer leaf: thickness of midrib

#### See Ad. 17

Observations should be made at the midpoint in middle part of the midrib where the characteristic 19 is observed.



# Ad. 21: Outer leaf: color of midrib



white

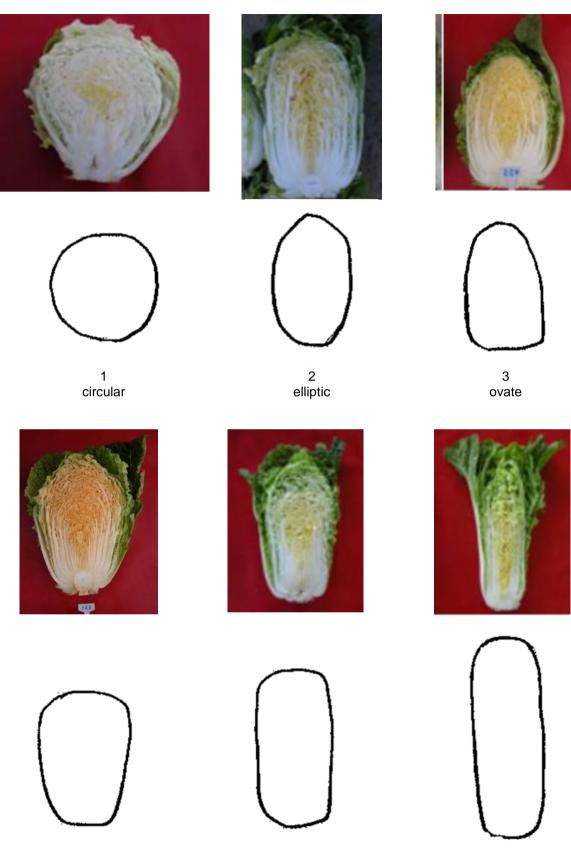
green

purple

# Ad. 23: Head: width

Observations should be made on the broadest part.

Ad. 24: Head: shape in longitudinal section



4 obovate

5 oblong

6 narrow oblong

#### Ad. 25: Head: type



open



5 closed

# Ad. 27: Head: blistering of wrapper leaf



1 abscent or very weak

2 weak

3 medium

strong

4

5 very strong

#### Ad. 28: Head: internal color



1 whitish

2 light yellow

yellow

4 dark yellow

orange

purple

# Ad. 30: Head: shape of apex of internal stem



1 pointed

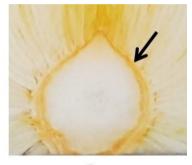
2 round



Ad. 31: Head: coloration in vascular bundle of internal stem



1 absent



9 present

# 9. <u>Literature</u>

Shogakukan, 1991: The Grand Dictionary of Horticuluture. pp.560-563

Tsunoda, S., Hinata, K., and Gommez-Campo, C., 1980: Brassica Crops and Wild Allies - Biology and Breeding. Japan Scientific Press, Tokyo

# 10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE				Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:				
					Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicar	nt)			
	TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights								
1.	1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire								
	1.1.1	Botanical name	Bra	assica rapa L. subsp. pe	ekinensis (Lour.) Kitam.	[]			
	1.1.2	Common name	Ch	inese Cabbage		]			
	1.2.1	Botanical name	pe		<i>rapa</i> L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. and <i>Brassica rapa</i> L. Emend. Metzg.	[]			
	1.2.2	Common name				]			
	1.3.1	Botanical name	pe		<i>rapa</i> L. Emend. Metzg. ssp. and <i>Brassica rapa</i> L. var. <i>rapa</i> (L.)	[]			
	1.3.2	Common name				]			
	1.4.1	Botanical name	Bra	assica ×turicensis O. E.	Schulz & Thell.	[]			
	1.4.2	Common name				]			

2.	Applicant					
	Name		]			
	Address					
	Telephone No.		]			
	Fax No.		]			
	E-mail address		]			
	Breeder (if different from applicant)		]			
3.	Proposed denomination and breeder's reference					
	Proposed denomination (if available)					
	Breeder's reference					

TECHNICA	L QUES	STIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}		Reference Numb	er:
		on the breeding scheme		he va	riety	
4.1	Bre					
Var	iety resu	Iting from:				
4.	.1.1 Cro	ossing				
(	(a) cor	trolled cross				[]
	(ple	ease state parent variety)				
	(		)	x	(	)
	ferr	nale parent			male parent	
(	(b) par	tially known cross				[]
	(ple	ease state known parent	variety(ies))			
	(		)	x	(	)
	ferr	nale parent				
(	(c) unł	known cross				[]
4.1.		tation ease state parent variety)				[]
4.1.		covery and development ease state where and whe		ow de	eveloped)	[]
4.1.		ner ease provide details)				[]

TECHNICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
4.2 4.2.1	Method of propagating the Seed-propagated varieties	variety		
(ii) (i) (b) (ii)	Cross-pollination Population Synthetic variety Single hybrid Hybrid Three-way hybrid Double hybrid Other (please provide detai	ls)	[ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]	
		, 		
4.2.2	Other (Please provide details)		[]	
sheet.	ase of hybrid varieties the pro This should provide details of Hybrid (SH)		/brid should be provided on a s ropagating the hybrid, e.g.	separate
(fem	ale parent) x (male par	rent)		
	Way Hybrid (3WH) ale line) x (male line => single hybrid us	) sed as female parent x(	.male parent)	
and sho (a) (b)	uld identify in particular: any male sterile lines maintenance system of m	nale sterile lines.		

	Characteristics of the variety to be indicate characteristic in Test Guidelines; please r	ed (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding mark the note which best corresponds).	
	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (2)	Plant: height		
	very short		1 [
	very short to short		2 [
	short	Natsuki	3 [
	short to medium		4 [
	medium	Bilko, Daetong, Muso	5 [
	medium to tall		6 [
	tall	Monument, Shousai	7 [
	tall to very tall		8 [
	very tall		9 [
5.2 (24)	Head: shape in longitudinal section		
	circular	Kenshin	1 [
	elliptic	Hayamidori, TheHan1ho	2 [
	ovate	Daetong, Shinjyu	3 [
	obovate	Gorki, Hamamidori	4 [
	oblong	Chushu, Golden boy, Hanko	5 [
	narrow oblong	Granaat, Jinhongssam, Shousai	6 [
5.3 (25)	Head: type		
	open	Jinhongssam	1 [
	open to half-open		2 [
	half-open	Daetong, Spectrum	3 [
	half-open to closed		4 [
	closed	Golden boy, Kinap, Muso	5 [
5.4 (32)	Time of harvest maturity		
	very early	Kenshin	1 [
	very early to early		2 [
	early	Blues, RCC65, Sprinkin	3[
	early to medium		4 [
	medium	Enduro, Muso, Suho	5 [
	medium to late		6 [
	late	Chusyu, Jindaebak, Parkin, Red Dragon	7 [
	late to very late		8 [

TECHNICAL QUESTION	NAIRE	Page {x} of	{y}	Reference Nu	imber:			
6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties								
Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.								
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic your candidate from the simila	variety differs	the characte	e expression of ristic(s) for the variety(ies)	Describe the expression o the characteristic(s) for <b>you</b> candidate variety			
Example	Example Head :		half-open		closed			
Comments:								

TECH		QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:					
#7.	#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety								
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?								
	Yes	[]	No	[]					
	(If yes,	please provide details)							
7.2	Are the	ere any special conditions for	r growing the variety or co	nducting the examination?					
	Yes	[]	No	[]					
	(If yes,	please provide details)							
7.3	Other	information							
<ul> <li>7.3 Other information</li> <li>A representative color photograph of the variety displaying its main distinguishing feature(s), should accompany the Technical Questionnaire. The photograph will provide a visual illustration of the candidate variety which supplements the information provided in the Technical Questionnaire.</li> <li>The key points to consider when taking a photograph of the candidate variety are: <ul> <li>Indication of the date and geographic location</li> <li>Correct labeling (breeder's reference)</li> <li>Good quality printed photograph (minimum 10 cm x 15 cm) and/or sufficient resolution electronic format version (minimum 960 x 1280 pixels)"</li> <li>Further guidance on providing photographs with the Technical Questionnaire is available in document TGP/7</li> <li>"Development of Test Guidelines", Guidance Note 35 (http://www.upov.int/tgp/en/).</li> <li>[The link provided may be deleted by members of the Union when developing authorities' own test guidelines.]</li> </ul> </li> </ul>									

TECH	INICA	L QUES	TIONNAIRE	Page {x} of	f {y}	Reference Nu	mber:	
8.	Autho	orization fo	or release					
	(a)		e variety require pri nent, human and a		or release ur	nder legislation co	oncerning	the protection of the
		Yes	[]	No	[]			
	(b)	Has suc	h authorization bee	en obtained?				
		Yes	[]	No	[]			
	If the	answer to	(b) is yes, please	attach a copy of t	he authoriza	tion.		
9. Inf	ormati	on on plar	t material to be example	amined or submit	ted for exam	ination		
	and o	disease, d		t (e.g. growth re	tardants or			by factors, such as ue culture, different
chara has ι	acterist underg	ics of the	variety, unless the	competent authorials of the treatme	prities allow of the prites allow of the prities allow of the prities al	or request such ti jiven. In this resp	reatment. ect, pleas	expression of the If the plant material e indicate below, to
	(a)	Micı	roorganisms (e.g. v	virus, bacteria, ph	ytoplasma)	Ye	s [ ]	No [ ]
	(b)	Che	mical treatment (e	.g. growth retarda	ant, pesticide	) Ye	s [ ]	No [ ]
	(c)	Tiss	ue culture			Ye	s [ ]	No [ ]
	(d)	Oth	er factors			Ye	s [ ]	No [ ]
	Ple	ase provid	le details for where	e you have indicat	ted "yes".			
9.3 ⊢		plant mat	erial to be examine	ed been tested for	r the presend	e of virus or othe	r pathogei	ns?
	Yes		[]					
	(pleas	se provide	details as specifie	d by the Authority	()			
	No		[]					
10.	10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:							
	Арр	olicant's na	ame					
	Sig	gnature				Date		

[End of document]