



TG/BRASS_JUN(proj.3)

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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

Brown Mustard

UPOV Code: BRASS_JUN

Brassica juncea (L.) Czern.

GUIDELINES**FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS****FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY***prepared by (an) expert(s) from Japan**to be considered by the*

*Technical Working Party for Vegetables
at its forty-ninth session
to be held in Angers, France,
from 2015-06-15
to 2015-06-19*

Alternative Names:^{*}

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>French</i>	<i>German</i>	<i>Spanish</i>
Brassica juncea (L.) Czern.	Brown mustard, India mustard, Indian mustard, Oriental mustard	Moutarde brune	Sareptasenf	Mostaza de Sarepta, Mostaza india

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

^{*} These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Brassica juncea (L.) Czern..

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

3,000 seeds for single spaced plants.
20,000 seeds for drilled plants.

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should be stated by the applicant.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 single spaced: Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 60 plants which should be divided between at least 2 replicates.

3.4.2 drilled: Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 200 plants, which should be divided between 2 replicates.

3.5 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 30 plants or parts taken from each of 30 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

- MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants
- MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants
- VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants
- VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 *Uniformity*

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 The assessment of uniformity for cross-pollinated varieties should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.

4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity of inbred lines, a population standard of 1 % and an acceptance probability of at least 95 % should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 60 plants for single spaced varieties, 2 off-types are allowed. In the case of a sample size of 200 plants for drilled plants, 5 off-types are allowed.

4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Seed: color (characteristic 1)
- (b) Leaf: type (characteristic 5)
- (c) Leaf: shape (characteristic 6)
- (d) Leaf blade: intensity of anthocyanin coloration (characteristic 16)
- (e) Leaf blade: density of incisions of margin (excluding type2) (characteristic 19)
- (f) Leaf blade: blistering (excluding type2) (characteristic 20)
- (g) Plant: head formation (characteristic 22)

In the first place, the collection should be divided according to leaf types in Table 1 of Chapter 8.1.

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

State	Note
small	3
medium	5
large	7

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

State	Note
very small	1
very small to small	2
small	3
small to medium	4
medium	5
medium to large	6
large	7
large to very large	8
very large	9

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 *Example Varieties*

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 *Legend*

- | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| (*) | Asterisked characteristic | – see Chapter 6.1.2 |
| QL | Qualitative characteristic | – see Chapter 6.3 |
| QN | Quantitative characteristic | – see Chapter 6.3 |
| PQ | Pseudo-qualitative characteristic | – see Chapter 6.3 |
| MG, MS, VG, VS | | – see Chapter 4.1.5 |
- (a)-(e) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. (*) PQ VG 00 (+)					
(a) (b)					
Seed: color					
yellow				Kigarashina	1
brown				Miike Takana	2
black				Akaoba Takana(Red Giant), Hagarashina	3
2. QN VG 10 (a) (b)					
Hypocotyl: anthocyanin coloration					
absent or weak				Zasai FM-58	1
medium				Shinkoku Seisai	2
strong				TTK456(Chaplin)	3
3. QN MS VG 10 (a)					
(b) (c)					
Cotyledon: length					
short				Junkei Yamashiona	3
medium				Katsuona	5
long					7
4. QN MS VG 10 (a)					
(b) (c)					
Cotyledon: width					
narrow				Junkei Yamashiona	3
medium				Katsuona	5
broad					7
5. (*) PQ VG 19 (+)					
(a) (b)					
Leaf: type					
type 1				Hagarashina, Kigarashina	1
type 2				Akariasu, Riasu Karashina, Scarlet Frills	2
type 3				Akaoba Takana(Red Giant), Kekkyu Takana, Oba Takana, Sagami Green	3
type 4				Miike Takana, Shinkoku Seisai	4

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
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6. PQ VG 19 (+)

(a) (b)

Leaf: shape

ovate				Serihon	1
circular				Kekkyu Takana	2
elliptic				Akariasu	3
oblong				Zasai FM-58	4
obovate				Katsuona	5
spatulate				Kigarashina	6

7. QN VG 19 (+)

(a) (b)

Leaf: attitude

erect				Junkei Yamashiona	1
semi-erect				Shinkoku Seisai	3
horizontal				Miike Takana	5

8. QN MS VG 19

(a) (b) (d)

Leaf: length

short				Chirimen Hakarashina	3
medium				Miike Takana	5
long				Akaoba Takana(Red Giant)	7

9. QN MS VG 19

(a) (b) (d)

Leaf: width

narrow				Chirimen Hakarashina	3
medium				Miike Takana	5
broad				Katsuona	7

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<hr/>					
10. QN MS VG 19 (a) (b) (d) Leaf: length of petiole					
absent or very short				Serihon	1
short				Miike Takana	3
medium				Junkei Yamashiona	5
long				Kigarashina	7
<hr/>					
11. QN MS VG 19 (a) (b) (d) Leaf: width of petiole					
narrow				Kigarashina	3
medium				Katsuona	5
broad				Shinkoku Seisai	7
<hr/>					
12. QN MS VG 19 (+) (a) (b) Leaf blade: size of terminal lobe					
small				Chirimen Hakarashina	3
medium				Kigarashina	5
large				Perm Green	7
<hr/>					
13. QN VG 19 (a) (b) Leaf blade: number of lateral lobes					
few				Karajin	3
medium				Kigarashina	5
many				Akariasu, TTK456(Chaplin)	7
<hr/>					

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<hr/>					
14. QN VG 19 (a) (b)					
Leaf blade: pubescence on lower side					
absent or weak				Miike Takana	1
medium				Oba Takana	2
strong				Kigarashina	3
<hr/>					
15. QL VG 10-19 (a) (b)					
Leaf blade: glaucosity					
absent					1
present					9
<hr/>					
16. QN VG 19 (a) (b) (e)					
Leaf blade: intensity of anthocyanin coloration					
absent or very weak				Kekkyu Takana	1
weak					3
medium				Miike Takana	5
strong				Akaoba Takana(Red Giant)	7
<hr/>					
17. QN VG 19 (a) (b)					
Excluding totally covered with anthocyanin varieties: Leaf blade: intensity of green color					
light				Kekkyu Takana, Merapi, Wasabina	3
medium				Katsuona	5
dark				Kigarashina	7
<hr/>					
18. QN VG 19 (a) (b)					
Leaf blade: undulation of margin (excluding type2)					
absent or very weak					1
weak				Akaoba Takana(Red Giant)	3
medium				Katsuona	5
strong				Chirimen Hakarashina	7
<hr/>					

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<hr/>					
19. QN VG 19 (+)					
(a) (b)					
Leaf blade:					
density of incisions of margin (excluding type2)					
absent or very sparse				Katsuona	1
sparse					3
medium				Junkei Yamashiona	5
dense				Chirimen Hakarashina	7
<hr/>					
20. QN VG 19 (+)					
(a) (b)					
Leaf blade:					
blistering (excluding type2)					
absent or weak				Kigarashina	1
medium				Junkei Yamashiona	2
strong				Katsuona	3
<hr/>					
21. QN MS VG 19					
(a) (b) (d)					
Only varieties with leaf: type: type3 and 4: Leaf blade: width of midrib at widest point					
narrow				Sagami Green	3
medium				Katsuona	5
broad				Shinkoku Seisai	7
<hr/>					
22. (*) QL VG 19					
(+) (a) (b)					
Plant: head formation					
absent				Kigarashina	1
present				Kekkyu Takana	9
<hr/>					
23. QN MS VG 19					
(a) (b)					
Only varieties with Head formation: present: Head: height					
short					1
medium				Unzen Kekkyu Takana	2
tall					3

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<hr/>					
24. QN MS VG 19 (a) (b) Only varieties with Head formation: present: Head: diameter					
narrow					1
medium				Kekkyu Takana	2
broad					3
<hr/>					
25. QN MS VG 19 (a) (b) Only varieties with Head formation: present: Head: number of leaves					
few					3
medium				Kekkyu Takana	5
many					7
<hr/>					
26. PQ VG 19 (a) (b) Only varieties with Head formation: present: Head: internal color					
yellowish white				Unzen Kekkyu Takana	1
light green					2
medium green				Kekkyu Takana	3
<hr/>					
27. PQ VG 20-29 (+) (a) (b) Stem: type of main stem (excluding heading type)					
type1				Kigarashina	1
type2				Umino	2
type3				Zasai FM-58	3
type4				FE-K226	4
<hr/>					

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<hr/>					
28. QN MS VG 30-39 (a) (b)					
Time of beginning of bolting					
early				Junkei Yamashiona, Scala	3
medium				Katsuona	5
late				Akaoba Takana(Red Giant)	7
<hr/>					
29. QN MS VG 79 (a) (b)					
Time of flowering					
early					3
medium					5
late					7
<hr/>					
30. QN MS VG 79 (a) (b)					
Only varieties with head formation: absent: Plant: length					
short					3
medium					5
long					7
<hr/>					
31. QN MS VG 79 (a) (b)					
Only varieties with head formation: absent: siliqua: length					
short					3
medium					5
long					7
<hr/>					
32. QN MS VG 79 (a) (b)					
Only varieties with head formation: absent: Siliqua: length of beak					
short					3
medium					5
long					7

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<hr/>					
<hr/>					
33. QN MS VG 79 (a) (b) Only varieties with head formation: absent: Siliqua: width					
narrow					3
medium					5
broad					7
<hr/>					
34. QN MS VG 79 (a) (b) Only varieties with head formation: absent: Siliqua: length of peduncle					
short					3
medium					5
long					7
<hr/>					
35. QN MS VG (a) (b) Generative development in the year of sowing for late summer sown trials					
absent or very weak					1
weak					3
medium					5
strong					7
very strong					9
<hr/>					
36. QN VG 50-59 (a) (b) Only varieties with head formation: absent: Production of pollen					
absent or weak					1
medium					2
strong					3
<hr/>					

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

(a) KEY FOR THE STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT

KEY	GENERAL DESCRIPTION
<u>0</u>	<u>Principal growth stage 0: Germination</u>
01	Beginning of seed imbibition
03	Seed imbibition complete
05	Radicle emerged from seed
07	Hypocotyl with cotyledons emerged from seed
08	Hypocotyl with cotyledons growing towards soil surface
09	Emergence: cotyledons emerge through soil surface
<u>1</u>	<u>Principal growth stage 1: Leaf development</u>
10	Cotyledons completely unfolded
11	First leaf unfolded
12	2 leaves unfolded
13	3 leaves unfolded
14	4 leaves unfolded
15	5 leaves unfolded
16	6 leaves unfolded
17	7 leaves unfolded
18	8 leaves unfolded
19	9 or more leaves unfolded
<u>2</u>	<u>Principal growth stage 2: Formation of side shoots</u>
20	No side shoots
21	first side shoot detectable
22	2 side shoots detectable
23	3 side shoots detectable
24	4 side shoots detectable
25	5 side shoots detectable
26	6 side shoots detectable
27	7 side shoots detectable
28	8 side shoots detectable
29	9 or more side shoots detectable
<u>3</u>	<u>Principal growth stage 3: Stem elongation</u>
30	no internodes ("rosette")
31	1 visibly extended internode
32	2 visibly extended internode
33	3 visibly extended internode
34	4 visibly extended internode
35	5 visibly extended internode
36	6 visibly extended internode
37	7 visibly extended internode
38	8 visibly extended internode
39	9 or more visibly extended internodes
<u>4</u>	<u>Principal growth stage 5: Inflorescence emergence</u>
40	Flower buds present, still enclosed by leaves
41	Flower buds visible from above ("green bud")
42	Flower buds free, level with the youngest leaves
43	Flower buds raised above the youngest leaves
45	Individual flower buds (main inflorescence) visible but still closed
47	Individual flower buds (secondary inflorescences) visible but still closed
49	First petals visible, flower buds still closed ("yellow bud")

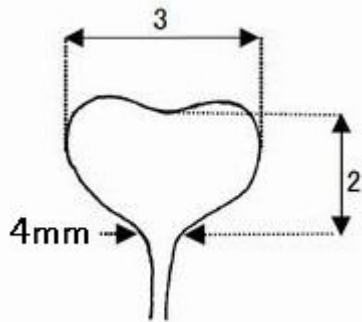
<u>5</u>	<u>Principal growth stage 6: Flowering</u>
50	First flowers open
51	10% of flowers on main raceme open, main raceme elongating
52	20% of flowers on main raceme open
53	30% of flowers on main raceme open
54	40% of flowers on main raceme open
55	Full flowering: 50% flowers on main raceme open, older petals falling
57	Flowering declining: majority of petals fallen
59	End of flowering
<u>6</u>	<u>Principal growth stage 7: Development of fruit</u>
61	10% of siliquas have reached final size
62	20% of siliquas have reached final size
63	30% of siliquas have reached final size
64	40% of siliquas have reached final size
65	50% of siliquas have reached final size
66	60% of siliquas have reached final size
67	70% of siliquas have reached final size
68	80% of siliquas have reached final size
69	Nearly all siliquas have reached final size
<u>7</u>	<u>Principal growth stage 8: Ripening</u>
70	seed green, filling siliquas cavity
71	10% of siliquas ripe, seeds dark and hard
72	20% of siliquas ripe, seeds dark and hard
73	30% of siliquas ripe, seeds dark and hard
74	40% of siliquas ripe, seeds dark and hard
75	50% of siliquas ripe, seeds dark and hard
76	60% of siliquas ripe, seeds dark and hard
77	70% of siliquas ripe, seeds dark and hard
78	80% of siliquas ripe, seeds dark and hard
79	Fully ripe: nearly all siliquas ripe, seeds dark and hard
<u>8</u>	<u>Principal growth stage 9: Senescence</u>
87	Plant dead and dry
89	Harvested product

(b) Table 1

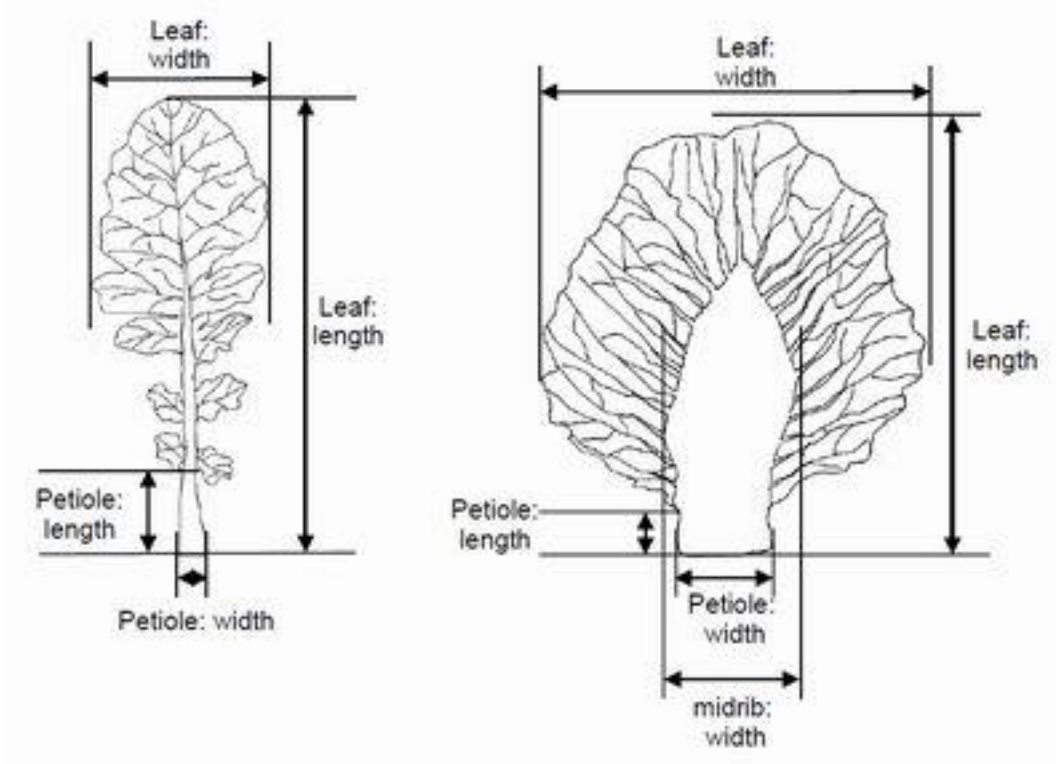
Table 1

Leaf: type	Example varieties	Seed: color (1)	Leaf: shape (5)	Leaf blade: pubescence on lower side (14)	Excluding totally covered with anthocyanin varieties: Leaf: intensity of green color (17)	Leaf blade: blistering (excluding type2) (20)	Plant: head formation (22)
type1	Hagarashina	black	spatulate	strong	dark	absent or weak	absent
	Kigarashina	yellow	spatulate	strong	dark	absent or weak	absent
type2	Akariasu	black	elliptic	absent or weak	absent or very light	-	absent
	Riasu Karashina	black	elliptic	absent or weak	medium	-	absent
type3	Oba Takana	black	obovate	medium	medium	medium	absent
	Sagami Green	black	obovate	absent or weak	medium to dark	absent or weak	absent
type4	Kekkyu Takana	black	circular	absent or weak	light	absent or weak	present
	Miike Takana	brown	obovate	absent or weak	medium	medium	absent
	Shinkoku Seisai	black	elliptic	absent or weak	light to medium	medium	absent

(c) The measurements should be taken in the glasshouse on cotyledons of 30 seedlings. If the two cotyledons differ in size, the biggest one should be measured. The length is defined as distance between the inclination at top of the cotyledon and the point where the width of the petiole is about 4 mm. The width of the cotyledon should be measured at the widest point of the cotyledons.



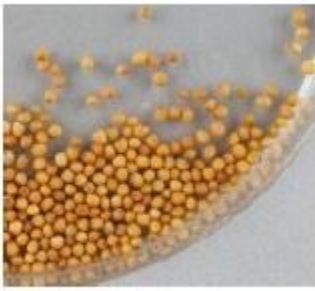
- (d) Ad. 7: Leaf: length
- Ad. 8: Leaf: width
- Ad. 9: Leaf: length of petiole
- Ad. 10: Leaf: width of petiole
- Ad. 19: Leaf: Only varieties with leaf: type: type 3 and 4: Leaf blade: width of midrib at widest point



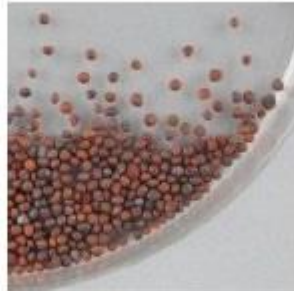
(e) the strongest intensity of anthocyanin should be observed (not the extension).

8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 1: Seed: color



1
yellow

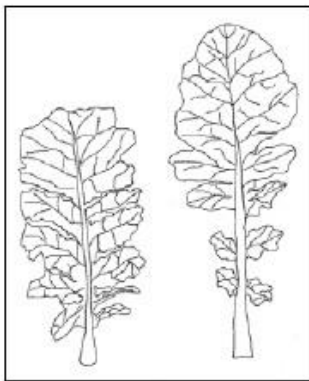


2
brown

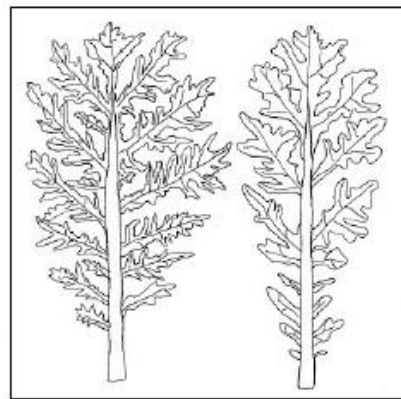


3
black

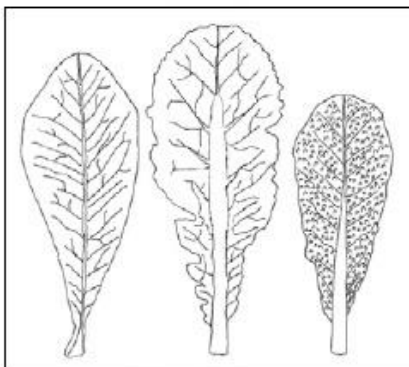
Ad. 5: Leaf: type



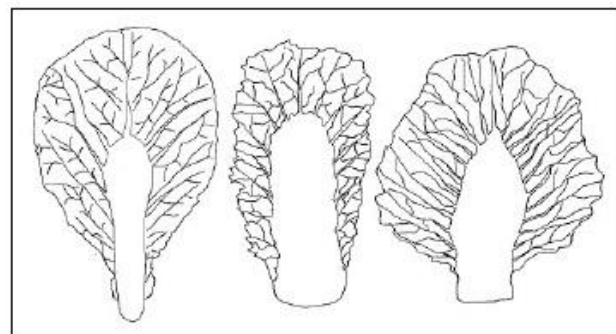
1
type1
(lyrate)



2
type2
(division)

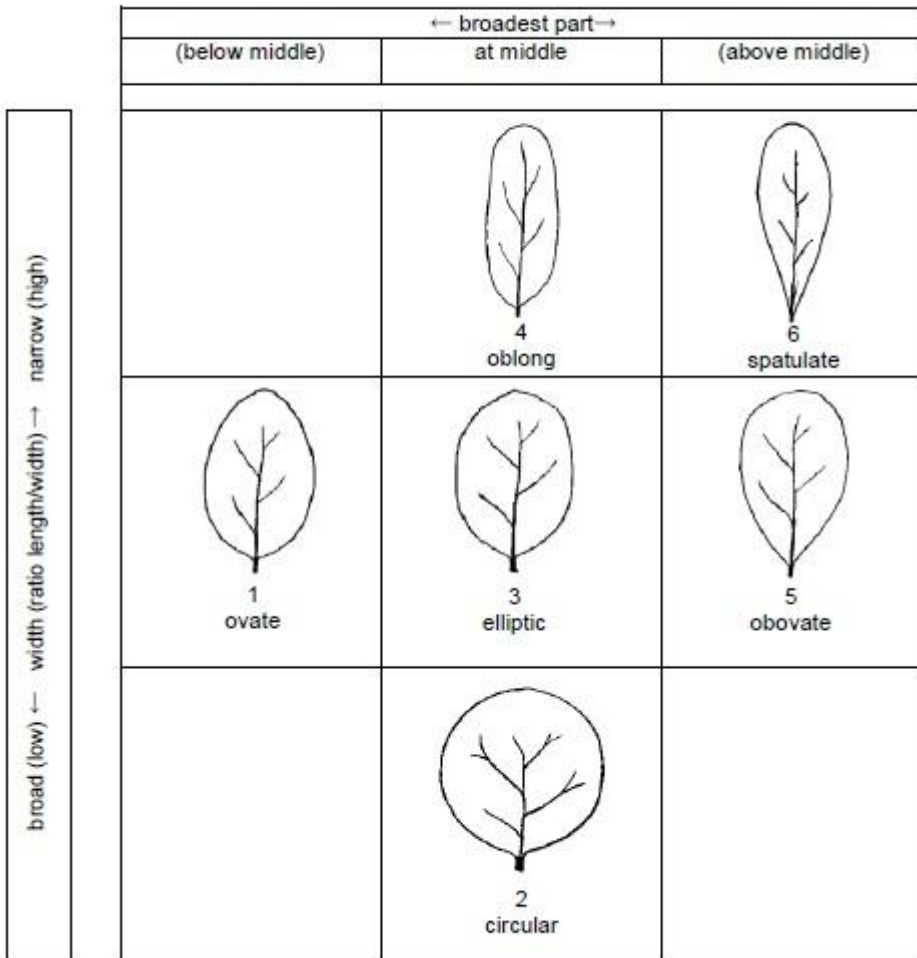


3
type3
(entire and narrow midrib)



4
type4
(entire and broad midrib)

Ad. 6: Leaf: shape



Ad. 7: Leaf: attitude



1
erect

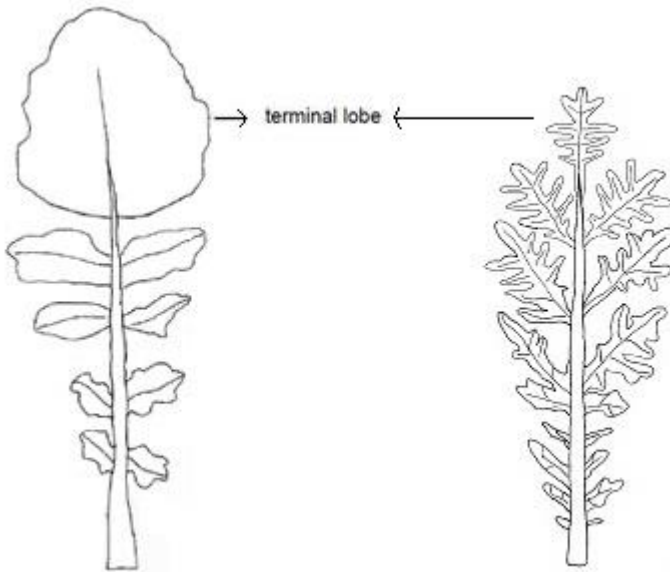


3
semi-erect

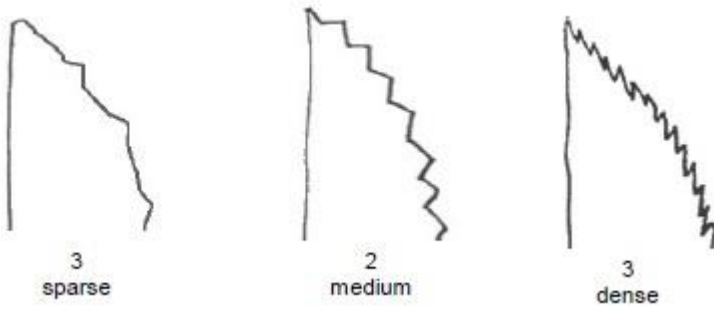


5
horizontal

Ad. 12: Leaf blade: size of terminal lobe



Ad. 19: Leaf blade: density of incisions of margin (excluding type2)



Ad. 20: Leaf blade: blistering (excluding type2)



1
absent or weak



2
medium



3
strong

Ad. 22: Plant: head formation



1
absent



9
present

Ad. 27: Stem: type of main stem (excluding heading type)

Observation on type of main stem should be made on shape of main stem without lateral stem.



1
type1



2
type2



3
type3



4
type4

9. Literature

Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry & Fisheries of Japan., 1994: National Test Guideline for Karashina.

Tsukamoto, Y., 1994: The Grand Dictionary of Horticulture Volume 1. The Shogakukan Ltd., Tokyo, Japan, pp. 520 to 522.

Takasi A., 2004: Yasai-engei-daihyakka 17. Shadanhoin Nousan-gyoson-bunkakyokai. Tokyo, Japan. 169-233

Fujishiro, T., 1996: Breeding processes and characteristics of a newly bred leaf mustard (*Brassica Juncea* Coss.), Kanagawa, Japan.

Uwe Meier. Federal Biological Research Centre for Agriculture and Forestry, 2001: Growth stages of mono-and dicotyledonous plants, BBCH Monograph,

Roger Phillips, Martyn Rix., 1993: VEGETABLES (The Pan Garden Plants Series) p.44

Joy Larkcom., 1991: Oriental Vegetables (The Complete guide for Garden and Kitchen) London, United Kingdom. pp. 39 to 45

10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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	Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
--	---

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE
 to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights

1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire			
1.1.1	Botanical Name	Brassica juncea (L.) Czern.	
1.1.2	Common Name	Brown mustard, India mustard, Indian mustard, Oriental mustard	
1.1.3			

2. Applicant	
Name	<input type="text"/>
Address	<input type="text"/>
Telephone No.	<input type="text"/>
Fax No.	<input type="text"/>
E-mail address	<input type="text"/>
Breeder (if different from applicant)	<input type="text"/>

3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference	
Proposed denomination (if available)	<input type="text"/>
Breeder's reference	<input type="text"/>

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety

4.1 Breeding scheme

4.2 Method of propagating the variety

4.2.1 Seed-propagated varieties

- (a) Cross-pollination []
- (b) Other []
(please provide details)

.....
:
:
:
.....

4.2.2 Other []
(please provide details)

.....
:
:
:
.....

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 Seed: color (1)		
yellow	Kigarashina	1[]
brown	Miike Takana	2[]
black	Akaoba Takana(Red Giant), Hagarashina	3[]
5.2 Leaf: type (5)		
type 1	Hagarashina, Kigarashina	1[]
type 2	Akariasu, Riasu Karashina, Scarlet Frills	2[]
type 3	Akaoba Takana(Red Giant), Kekkyu Takana, Oba Takana, Sagami Green	3[]
type 4	Miike Takana, Shinkoku Seisai	4[]
5.3 Leaf: shape (6)		
ovate	Serihon	1[]
circular	Kekkyu Takana	2[]
elliptic	Akariasu	3[]
oblong	Zasai FM-58	4[]
obovate	Katsuona	5[]
spatulate	Kigarashina	6[]
5.4 Leaf: attitude (7)		
erect	Junkei Yamashina	1[]
erect to semi-erect		2[]
semi-erect	Shinkoku Seisai	3[]
semi-erect to horizontal		4[]
horizontal	Miike Takana	5[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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5.5 Leaf blade: intensity of anthocyanin coloration (16)		
absent or very weak	Kekkyu Takana	1[]
very weak to weak		2[]
weak		3[]
weak to medium		4[]
medium	Miike Takana	5[]
medium to strong		6[]
strong	Akaoba Takana(Red Giant)	7[]
strong to very strong		8[]
very strong		9[]
5.6 Leaf blade: undulation of margin (excluding type2) (18)		
absent or very weak		1[]
very weak to weak		2[]
weak	Akaoba Takana(Red Giant)	3[]
weak to medium		4[]
medium	Katsuona	5[]
medium to strong		6[]
strong	Chirimen Hakarashina	7[]
strong to very strong		8[]
very strong		9[]
5.7 Leaf blade: density of incisions of margin (excluding type2) (19)		
absent or very sparse	Katsuona	1[]
very sparse to sparse		2[]
sparse		3[]
sparse to medium		4[]
medium	Junkei Yamashiona	5[]
medium to dense		6[]
dense	Chirimen Hakarashina	7[]
dense to very dense		8[]
very dense		9[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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5.8 Leaf blade: blistering (excluding type2) (20)		
absent or weak	Kigarashina	1[]
medium	Junkei Yamashiona	2[]
strong	Katsuona	3[]
5.9 Plant: head formation (22)		
absent	Kigarashina	1[]
present	Kekkyu Takana	9[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.

Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety
<i>Example</i>	<i>Leaf: shape</i>	<i>ovate</i>	<i>oblong</i>
Comments:			

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety

7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?

Yes [] No []

(If yes, please provide details)

7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?

Yes [] No []

(If yes, please provide details)

7.3 Other information

Main use: a. Vegetable [...]
b. Seed [...]
 i oil [...]
 ii condiment [...]
c. Green manure d. other [...]

8. Authorization for release

(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?

Yes [] No []

(b) Has such authorization been obtained?

Yes [] No []

If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:												
<p>9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination</p> <p>9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.</p> <p>9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:</p> <table data-bbox="239 560 1356 761"><tr><td>(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr><tr><td>(b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr><tr><td>(c) Tissue culture</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr><tr><td>(d) Other factors</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr></table> <p>Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".</p> <p>.....</p>			(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)	Yes []	No []	(b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)	Yes []	No []	(c) Tissue culture	Yes []	No []	(d) Other factors	Yes []	No []
(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)	Yes []	No []												
(b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)	Yes []	No []												
(c) Tissue culture	Yes []	No []												
(d) Other factors	Yes []	No []												
<p>10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:</p> <table data-bbox="223 1052 1404 1254"><tr><td data-bbox="223 1052 494 1131">Applicant's name</td><td colspan="2" data-bbox="494 1052 1404 1131"><input type="text"/></td></tr><tr><td data-bbox="223 1131 494 1254">Signature</td><td data-bbox="494 1131 981 1254"><input type="text"/></td><td data-bbox="981 1131 1404 1254">Date <input type="text"/></td></tr></table>			Applicant's name	<input type="text"/>		Signature	<input type="text"/>	Date <input type="text"/>						
Applicant's name	<input type="text"/>													
Signature	<input type="text"/>	Date <input type="text"/>												

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