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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS
 GENEVA

DRAFT

YAM*

UPOV Code: DIOSC

[DIOSC_ALA; DIOSC_BAT; DIOSC_JAP]

Dioscorea L.

[*Dioscorea alata* L.; *Dioscorea polystachya* Turcz.;
Dioscorea japonica Thunb.]

GUIDELINES
 FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS
 FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by an expert from Japan

*to be considered by the
 Technical Working Party for Vegetables at its forty-second session,
 to be held in Cracow, Poland, from June 23 to 27, 2007*

Alternative Names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
<i>Dioscorea</i> L.	Yam	Igname	Yamswurzel	Ñame
[<i>Dioscorea alata</i> L.]	[greater yam, Guyana arrowroot, ten-months yam, water yam, white yam, winged yam, yam]	[grande igname, igname ailée, igname de Chine]	[geflügelter Yam, wasser Yamswurzel]	[ñame blanco, ñame de agua, tabena]
[<i>Dioscorea polystachya</i> Turcz., <i>Dioscorea batatas</i> Decne.]	[Chinese yam, Chinese-potato, cinnamon-vine]	[igname]	[chinesische Yamswurzel]	
[<i>Dioscorea japonica</i> Thunb.]				

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Dioscorea alata* L., *Dioscorea polystachya* Turcz. and *Dioscorea japonica* Thunb..

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of tubers.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

30 tubers

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.3.2 The recommended method of observing the characteristic is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics:

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 20 plants, which should be divided between 2 or more replicates.

3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 *Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined*

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations should be made on 20 plants or parts taken from each of 20 plants.

3.6 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.2 *Uniformity*

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 20 plants, 1 off-type is allowed.

4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Tuber: length (characteristic 3)
- (b) Tuber: general shape (characteristic 5)
- (c) Tuber: flesh color (characteristic 8)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 *Example Varieties*

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 *Legend*

(*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

QL: Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

QN: Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

PQ: Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

MG, MS, VG, VS: See Chapter 3.3.2

(a)-(d) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

(+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	VG	Plant: vigour				
(+)						
QN	(a)	weak			Ise-imo	3
		medium			Morimoto-imo	5
		strong			Gankumijika-taisho	7
2.	VG	Plant: number of branches				
QN	(a)	few			Ise-imo	3
		medium			Fusaougi	5
		many			Segoshi-2	7
3.	VG/ (*) MS	Tuber: length				
QN	(b)	short			Shintanmaru	3
		medium			Nebarisutaa	5
		Long			Jinecho	7
4.	VG/ (*) MS	Tuber: width				
QN	(b)	narrow			Inabu-2	3
		medium			Shintanmaru	5
		broad			Fusaougi	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
5.	VG	Tuber: general shape				
(*)						
(+)						
PQ	(b)	lash shape			Inabu-2	1
		long spindle shape			Jinecho	2
		spindle shape			Gankumijika-taisho	3
		cylinder shape				4
		sake-bottle shape			Tokkuri-imo	5
		fan shape			Icho-imo	6
		hand shape			Tukune-imo	7
		globular			Shintanmaru	8
		massive			Ise-imo	9
6.	VG	Tuber: color of skin				
PQ	(b)	yellow brown			Ise-imo	1
		pale brown			Fusaougi	2
		Medium brown			Gankumijikataishou	3
		blackish brown				4
		black			Yamato-kurokawa	5
		red				6
		purple			Murasaki-imo	7
7.	VG/ MS	Tuber: length of neck				
(+)						
QN	(b)	short			Shintanmaru	3
		medium			Jinecho	5
		long			Inabu-2	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
8.	VG	Tuber: flesh color				
(*)						
PQ	(b)	white			Naga-imo	1
		cream			Ise-imo	2
		creamish orange				3
		purple red			Murasaki-imo	4
9.	VG	Tuber: hardness of flesh				
PQ	(b)	soft			Gankumijikataisho	1
		medium			Fusaougi	2
		hard			Tukuneimo	3
10.	VG	Tuber: viscosity of flesh after grating				
(+)						
QN	(b)	weak			Gankumijikataisho	3
		medium			Fusaougi	5
		strong			Tukuneimo	7
11.	VG	<u>Varieties with white or cream flesh color only: Tuber: browning flesh after grating</u>				
(+)						
QN	(b)	weak			Shintanmaru	1
		medium				2
		strong			Shuhou-1	3
12.	VG/ MS	Stem: thickness				
(+)						
QN	(a)	thin			Inabu-2	3
		medium			Jinecho	5
		thick			Shintanmaru	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
13.	VG	Stem: anthocyanin coloration				
QN	(a)	absent or very weak			Kusakarigou	1
		weak				3
		medium			Shintanmaru	5
		strong			Inabu-2	7
14.	VG	Aerial tuber				
QL	(b)	absent			Tukuneimo	1
		present				9
15.	VG/ MS	Varieties with aerial tubers only: tuber: size				
QN	(b)	small			Fusaougi	3
		medium			Nebarisutaa	5
		large			Morimoto-imo	7
16.	VG (*)	Aerial tuber: shape				
PQ	(b)	globular			Jinecho	1
		pear shape			Kusakarigou	2
17.	VG (b)	Aerial tuber: intensity of brown color of skin				
QN		light			Shintanmaru	3
		medium			Jinecho	5
		dark			Nebarisutaa	7
18.	VG/ MS	Aerial tuber: number				
QN	(b)	few			Shintanmaru	3
		medium			Fusaougi	5
		many			Jinecho	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
19.	VG/ MS	Leaf blade: length				
(+)						
QN	(a)	short			Shintanmaru	3
		medium			Fusaougi	5
		long			Osato-1	7
20.	VG/ MS	Leaf blade: width				
(+)						
QN	(a)	narrow			Inabu-2	3
		medium			Jinecho	5
		wide			Nebarisuta	7
21.	VG	Leaf blade: ratio length/width				
(*)						
(+)						
QN	(a)	small			Fusaougi	1
		medium			Nebarisuta	2
		large			Jinecho	3
22.	VG	Leaf blade: color				
PQ	(a)	yellow green			Ougiimo	1
		light green			Toyama-senju	2
		medium green			Fusaougi	3
		dark green			Inabu-2	4
23.	VG/ MS	Leaf blade: depth of sinus				
(+)						
QN	(a)	shallow			Inabu-2	3
		medium			Fusaougi	5
		deep			Nebarisuta	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota	
24.	VG	Leaf blade: depression of margin					
	(+)						
QN	(a)	absent or very weak			Shinjtanmaru	1	
		weak			Husaougi	3	
		medium			Tsukuneimo	5	
		strong			Nebarisuta	7	
25.	VG/ MS	Petiole: length					
QN	(a)	short			Jinecho	3	
		medium			Fusaougi	5	
		long			Nebarikko	7	
26.	VG	Time of maturity					
QN		early			Ozutuwase	3	
		medium			Naga-imo	5	
		late			Inabu-2	7	

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

(a) Plant, stem, leaf blade, petiole: all observations should be made when the plant is fully developed in late summer.

(b) Aerial tuber, tuber: all observations should be made when the tuber is fully developed on plant without leaves.

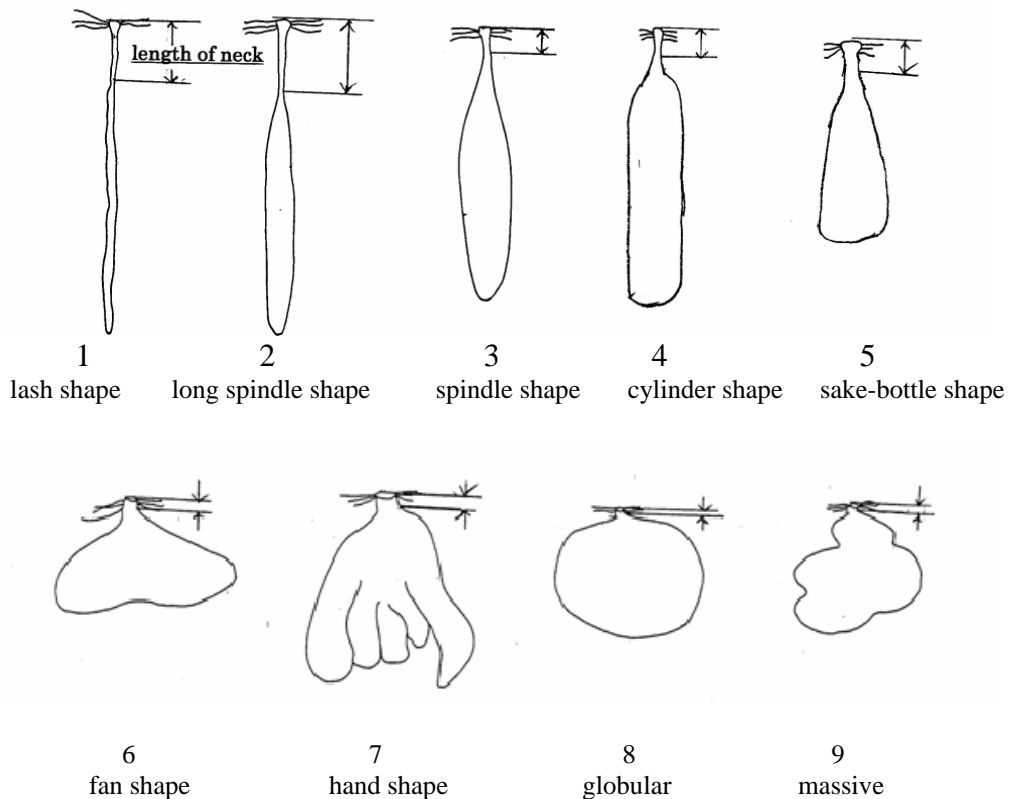
8.2 *Explanations for individual characteristics*

Ad.1: Plant: vigor

Vigor: density of foliage

Ad. 5: Tuber: general shape

Ad. 7: Tuber: length of neck



Ad. 10: Tuber: viscosity of flesh after grating

Viscosity of fresh is observed as follows:

1. Peel the tuber
2. Grate the middle part of tuber with kitchen grater
3. Feel the grated flesh with one's fingers, and estimate the viscosity

Ad. 11: Varieties with white or cream flesh color only: Tuber: browning flesh after grating

Browning flesh is observed as follows:

1. Peel the tuber.
2. Grate the middle part of tuber with kitchen grater.
3. Observe for browning of flesh 1 hour later.

Ad. 12: Stem: thickness

Thickness: thickness of main stem 30 cm high from ground level

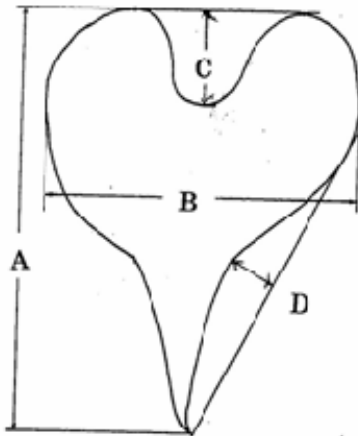
Ad. 19: Leaf blade: length

Ad. 20: Leaf blade: width

Ad. 21: Leaf blade: ration length/width

Ad. 23: Leaf blade: depth of sinus

Ad. 24: Leaf blade: depression of margin



A: length

B: width

C: depth of sinus

D: depression of margin

9. Literature

Larkom, J., 1991: Chinese Yam, Oriental Vegetables 121-122, Jon Murry, GB.

Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry & Fisheries, 1981: National Test Guideline for Yamanoimo, JP

Nanba,T., 1991: Dioscorea L., The Grand Dictionary of Horticulture, Vol. 5. 152-155, Shougakkan, JP.

Phillips,R., Rix M., 1993: Greater Yam, Vegetables 239, Pan Books, GB.

Sato, I., 1988: Nagaimo, Nogyo-Gijutu-Taikai-Vegatable Vol.11, 473-480, Nosangyoson-Bunka-Kyokai, JP.

10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
		Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights		
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire		
1.1 Botanical name	<input type="text" value="Dioscorea L."/>	
1.2 Common name	<input type="text" value="Yam"/>	
2. Applicant		
Name	<input type="text"/>	
Address	<input type="text"/>	
Telephone No.	<input type="text"/>	
Fax No.	<input type="text"/>	
E-mail address	<input type="text"/>	
Breeder (if different from applicant)	<input type="text"/>	
3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference		
Proposed denomination (if available)	<input type="text"/>	
Breeder's reference	<input type="text"/>	

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety

4.1 Breeding scheme

Variety resulting from:

4.1.1 Crossing

- (a) controlled cross []
(please state parent varieties)
- (b) partially known cross []
(please state known parent variety(ies))
- (c) unknown cross []

4.1.2 Mutation []
(please state parent variety)

4.1.3 Discovery and development []
(please state where and when discovered
and how developed)

4.1.4 Other []
(please provide details)

4.2 Method of propagating the variety

4.2.1 Vegetative propagation

- (a) dividing []
- (b) *in vitro* propagation []
- (c) other (state method) []

4.2.2 Seed []

4.2.3 Other []
(please provide details)

Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
<p>5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).</p>			
Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note	
<p>5.1 Tuber: length (3)</p>			
short	Shintanmaru	3[]	
medium	Nebarisuta	5[]	
long	Jinecho	7[]	
<p>5.2 Tuber: general shape (5)</p>			
lash shape	Inabu-2	1[]	
long spindle shape	Jinecho	2[]	
spindle shape	Gankumijika-taisho	3[]	
cylinder shape		4[]	
sake-bottle shape	Tokkuri-imo	5[]	
fan shape	Icho-imo	6[]	
hand shape	Tukune-imo	7[]	
globular	Shintanmaru	8[]	
massive	Ise-imo	9[]	
<p>5.3 Tuber: flesh color (8)</p>			
white	Naga-imo	1[]	
cream	Ise-imo	2[]	
creamish orange		3[]	
purple red	Murasaki-imo	4[]	

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.

Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety
<i>Example</i>	<i>Tuber: general shape</i>	<i>spindle shape</i>	<i>fan shape</i>

Comments:

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety

7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?

Yes [] No []

(If yes, please provide details)

7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?

Yes [] No []

(If yes, please provide details)

7.3 Other information

A representative color photograph of the variety should accompany the Technical Questionnaire.

8. Authorization for release

(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?

Yes [] No []

(b) Has such authorization been obtained?

Yes [] No []

If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.

Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination.

9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.

9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:

- | | | |
|---|---------|--------|
| (a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (c) Tissue culture | Yes [] | No [] |
| (d) Other factors | Yes [] | No [] |

Please provide details for where you have indicated “yes”.

.....

9.3 Has the plant material to be examined been tested for the presence of virus or other pathogens?

Yes []

(please provide details as specified by the Authority)

No []

10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:

Applicant's name

Signature

Date