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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

AMARYLLIS

UPOV Code(s): HIPPE

Hippeastrum Herb.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

*prepared by experts from the Netherlands
to be considered by the
Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees
at its fifty-fifth session, to be held virtually
from 2023-06-12 to 2023-06-16*

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
<i>Hippeastrum</i> Herb., <i>Hippeastrum</i> x <i>hybridum</i> hort., <i>Hippeastrum</i> <i>Hybrids</i> , <i>Hippeastrum</i> x <i>hortorum</i> Maatsch, <i>Hippeastrum</i> - <i>Hybridae</i>	Amaryllis	Amaryllis	Amaryllis, Ritterstern	Amarilis

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Hippeastrum* Herb.

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of bulbs.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

20 bulbs

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.

3.1.2 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.3.2 Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part I. These determinations should be made with the plant part placed against a white background. The color chart and version used should be specified in the variety description.

3.4 *Test Design*

Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 20 plants.

3.5 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 10 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 10 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 *Uniformity*

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of vegetatively propagated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.
- 4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 20 plants, 1 off-type is allowed.

4.3 *Stability*

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
- (a) Flower: type (characteristic 10)
 - (b) Flower: maximum width of perianth (characteristic 17)
 - (c) Outer median tepal: main color of inner side (characteristic 22) with the following groups:
 - Gr. 1: white
 - Gr. 2: yellow green
 - Gr. 3: orange
 - Gr. 4: light pink
 - Gr. 5: medium pink
 - Gr. 6: dark pink
 - Gr. 7: medium red
 - Gr. 8: dark red
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular

circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

English				français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
	Name of characteristics in English			Nom du caractère en français		Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
	states of expression			types d'expression		Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

1 Characteristic number

2 (*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

3 Type of expression
 QL Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
 QN Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
 PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)
 MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

6 (a)-(f) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Not applicable

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Leaf: width							
	very narrow							1
	narrow						Balentino	2
	medium						Coral Flame	3
	broad						Peach Melba	4
	very broad							5
2.	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Leaf: anthocyanin coloration							
	absent or very weak						White Garden	1
	weak						Lovely Lady	2
	medium						Floris Hekker	3
	strong						Ferrari	4
	very strong							5
3. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Peduncle: length							
	very short							1
	very short to short							2
	short						Double Dragon, Pink Rival	3
	short to medium							4
	medium						Red Beauty, Red Garden	5
	medium to long							6
	long						Balentino, Scarlet Belle	7
	long to very long							8
	very long						Central Park	9
4. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Peduncle: width							
	very narrow						Balentino	1
	narrow						Up Star	2
	medium						Coral Flame, KB111081	3
	broad						NWK 8288, Scarlet Belle	4
	very broad						Ferrari	5

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
5.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Peduncle: anthocyanin coloration							
	absent or very weak						Antarctica	1
	weak						Double Dragon	2
	medium						NWK 8288	3
	strong						Table Dance	4
	very strong						Lovely Lady	5
6.	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				
	<u>Only varieties with anthocyanin coloration: present:</u> Peduncle: distribution of anthocyanin coloration							
	basal third						Hyde Park	1
	distal third							2
	entire						Lovely Lady	3
7.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Bracts: anthocyanin coloration							
	absent or very weak						Antarctica	1
	weak						Cherry Bloss	2
	medium						White Garden	3
	strong						NWK 8288	4
	very strong						Lovely Lady	5
8.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	<u>Only varieties with Bracts: anthocyanin coloration: absent or very weak to medium:</u> Bracts: intensity of green color							
	very light						White Amadeus	1
	light							2
	medium						Antarctica	3
	dark							4
	very dark						Lagoon	5

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
9. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(c)				
	Inflorescence: number of flowers						
	few					Pretnym	1
	medium					Antarctica, Peach Melba	2
	many					Red Garden	3
10. (*)	QL	VG	(+)	(c), (d)			
	Flower: type						
	single					Antarctica, Peach Melba	1
	double					Double Dragon, Scarlet Belle	2
11.	QL	VG	(+)	(c), (d)			
	<u>Only varieties with flower type:</u> <u>double:</u> Flower: shape of petaloid staminodes						
	regular					Double Dragon	1
	irregular					NWK 8288	2
12.	QN	VG	(+)	(c), (d)			
	Flower: attitude of perianth (excluding pedicel)						
	erect					Up Star	1
	erect to horizontal					Double Dragon	2
	horizontal					Antarctica	3
	horizontal to drooping					Balentino	4
	drooping					Red Garden	5
13. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(c), (d)			
	Pedicel: length						
	very short					Up Star	1
	short					Peach Melba, Table Dance	2
	medium					Arnym, Valentino	3
	long					Double Dragon, Scarlet Belle	4
	very long					NWK 8288	5

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
14.	QN	VG	(+)	(c), (d)				
	Pedice! anthocyanin coloration							
	absent or very weak						Antarctica	1
	weak						NWK 8288	2
	medium						Floris Hekker	3
	strong						Lovely Lady	4
	very strong						KB111081	5
15. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(c), (d)				
	Flower: shape in front view							
	round						Dancing Queen, Scarlet Belle	1
	triangular						Antarctica, Peach Melba	2
	star-shaped						Balentino	3
16. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(c), (d)				
	Flower: length of perianth							
	very short						Orange Queen	1
	short						NWK 8288, White Garden	2
	medium						Cherry Bloss, Peach Melba	3
	long						Lagoon, Tosca	4
	very long							5
17. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(c), (d)				
	Flower: maximum width of perianth							
	very narrow						Red Beauty	1
	very narrow to narrow						White Garden	2
	narrow						Table Dance	3
	narrow to medium						Pink Rival	4
	medium						Cherry Bloss, Coral Flame	5
	medium to broad						Antarctica	6
	broad						NWK 8288, Tosca	7
	broad to very broad						Arnym	8
	very broad							9

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
18. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(c), (d)				
	Outer median tepal: shape							
	narrow ovate						Red Beauty	1
	medium ovate						Tosca	2
	broad ovate						Peach Melba	3
	narrow elliptic						Balentino, Night Star	4
	medium elliptic						Estella	5
	broad elliptic						Antarctica, Coral Flame	6
	narrow obovate							7
	medium obovate						Monaco	8
	broad obovate						Mama Mia	9
19.	PQ	VG	(+)	(c), (d)				
	Outer median tepal: shape of apex							
	acute							1
	acuminate							2
	rounded							3
20.	QN	VG		(c), (d)				
	Outer median tepal: undulation of margin							
	absent or very weak						Balentino	1
	weak						Red Garden	2
	medium						White Garden	3
	strong						NWK 8288	4
	very strong						Central Park	5
21.	QN	VG		(c), (d)				
	Outer median tepal: attitude							
	horizontal						Double Dragon	1
	slightly reflexed						White Garden	2
	moderately reflexed						Red Garden	3
	strongly reflexed						Balentino	4
22. (*)	PQ	VG		(c), (d), (e)				
	Outer median tepal: main color of inner side							
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)							

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
23.	PQ	VG	(c), (d), (e)				
	Outer median tepal: secondary color of inner side						
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)						
24. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(c), (d)			
	Outer median tepal: color pattern of secondary color on inner side						
	none					Antarctica, Peach Melba	1
	veined					Estella, Pretnym	2
	star-shaped					Balentino	3
	narrow marginated					Picotee	4
	striped and speckled					Mama Mia	5
25.	QN	VG	(+)	(c), (d)			
	<u>Only varieties with outer median tepal: color pattern of secondary color on inner side: none:</u> Outer median tepal: conspicuousness of veins						
	very weak					Antarctica	1
	weak					Arnym	2
	medium					Red Garden	3
	strong					Lovely Lady	4
	very strong					Up Star	5
26.	PQ	VG	(c), (d), (e), (f)				
	Outer median tepal: main color of outer side						
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)						
27.	PQ	VG	(c), (d), (e), (f)				
	Outer median tepal: secondary color of outer side						
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)						

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
28.	PQ	VG	(+)	(c), (d)				
	Inner median tepal: shape							
	narrow ovate							1
	medium ovate							2
	broad ovate							3
	narrow elliptic						Night Star	4
	medium elliptic						Estella	5
	broad elliptic							6
	narrow obovate							7
	medium obovate							8
	broad obovate							9
29.	PQ	VG		(c), (d), (e)				
	Inner median tepal: main color of inner side							
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)							
30.	PQ	VG		(c), (d), (e)				
	Inner median tepal: secondary color of inner side							
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)							
31.	PQ	VG	(+)	(c), (d)				
	Inner median tepal: color pattern of secondary color on inner side							
	none						Antarctica, Peach Melba	1
	veined						Estella, Pretnym	2
	star shaped						Balentino	3
	narrow marginated						Picotee	4
	striped and speckled						Lieve, Table Dance	5
32.	PQ	VG		(c), (d), (e), (f)				
	Inner median tepal: main color of outer side							
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)							

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
33.	PQ	VG	(c), (d), (e), (f)				
	Inner median tepal: secondary color of outer side						
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)						
34.	PQ	VG	(+)	(c), (d)			
	Inner lateral tepal: shape						
	narrow ovate						1
	medium ovate					Red Beauty	2
	broad ovate					Monaco	3
	narrow elliptic					Night Star	4
	medium elliptic					Estella	5
	broad elliptic						6
	narrow obovate						7
	medium obovate						8
	broad obovate						9
35.	QN	VG	(+)	(c), (d)			
	Inner lateral tepal: depth of incisions						
	absent or shallow					Balentino	1
	medium					Central Park	2
	deep					Lagoon	3
36.	PQ	VG	(c), (d)				
	Filament: color						
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)						
37.	PQ	VG	(+)	(c)			
	Anther: color						
	yellowish					Antarctica	1
	pinkish					Lovely Lady	2
	reddish					Red Garden	3
	purplish					Pink Rival	4

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
38.	PQ	VG	(c), (d)				
	Style: color						
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)						
39.	QN	VG	(+) (c), (d)				
	Stigma: diameter						
	very small					Pink Panther	1
	small					Balentino, Estella	2
	medium					Antarctica, Peach Melba	3
	large					Monaco, Pink Rival	4
	very large					Albarino	5

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*



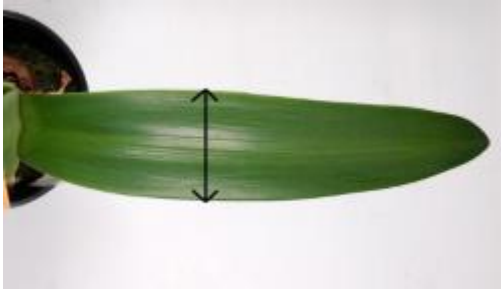
Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Observations on the leaf should be made on the largest fully expanded leaf. This is in most cases after the flowering period.
- (b) Observations on peduncle and bracts should be made before the flowers open.
- (c) Observations should be made when all flowers on the first peduncle are open.
- (d) Observations on the flower should be made when the anthers are open.
- (e) The main color is the color with the largest surface area. In cases where the areas of the main and secondary color are too similar to reliably decide which color has the largest area, the darker color is considered to be the main color.
- (f) Observations on the color of outer side should only be made if the color is clearly different from the color of the inner side.

8.2 *Explanations for individual characteristics*

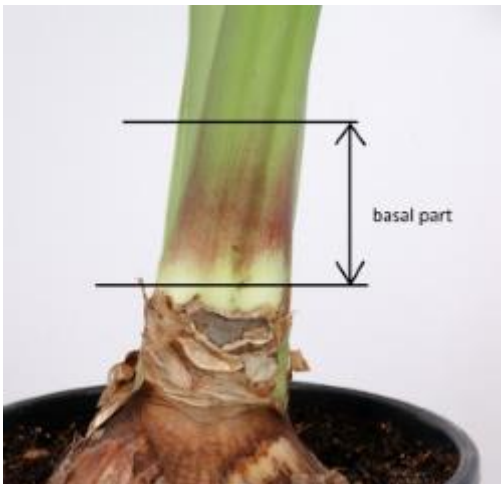
Ad. 1: Leaf: width

Observations should be made on the widest part of the leaf.



Ad. 2: Leaf: anthocyanin coloration

Observations should be made on the basal part of the leaf.



Ad. 3: Peduncle: length

Observations should be made from the top of the bulb to the base of the pedicel.



Ad. 4: Peduncle: width

Observations should be made on the widest part in the middle third of the peduncle.



Ad. 5: Peduncle: anthocyanin coloration

Observations should be made from the top of the bulb to the base of the pedicel. The strongest anthocyanin coloration should be observed.



Ad. 6: Only varieties with anthocyanin coloration: present: Peduncle: distribution of anthocyanin coloration

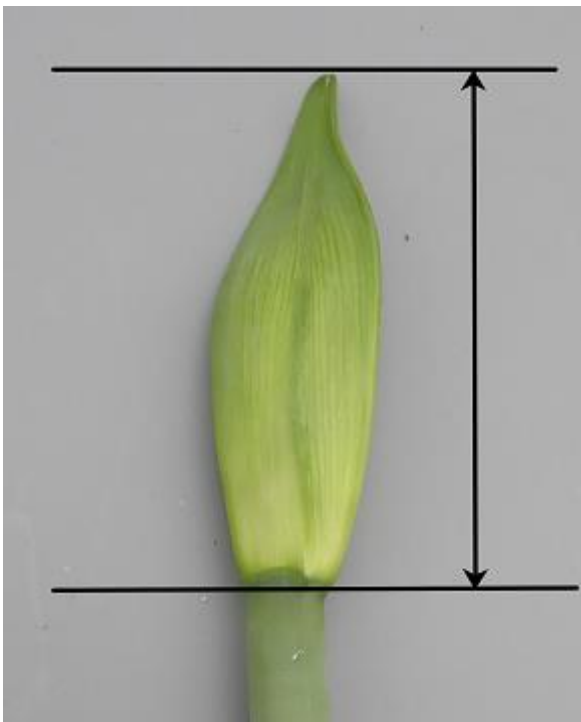


Ad. 7: Bracts: anthocyanin coloration



Ad. 8: Only varieties with Bracts: anthocyanin coloration: absent or very weak to medium: Bracts: intensity of green color

Only to be observed for varieties with 'Bracts: anthocyanin coloration' less than strong (less than note 4 to 5).



Ad. 10: Flower: type

Double flowers have more than 6 tepals.



1
single



2
double

Ad. 11: Only varieties with flower type: double: Flower: shape of petaloid staminodes



1
regular



2
irregular

Ad. 12: Flower: attitude of perianth (excluding pedicel)



1
erect



3
horizontal

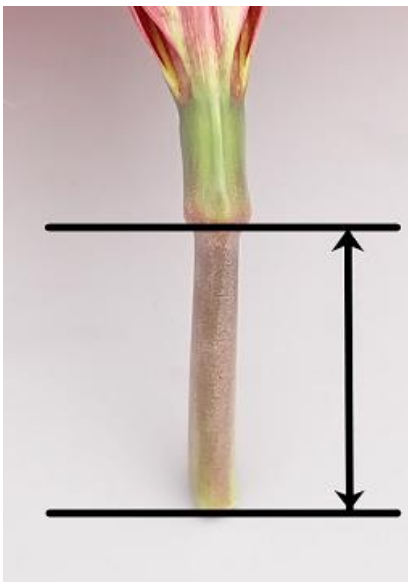


5
drooping

Ad. 13: Pedicel: length



Ad. 14: Pedicel: anthocyanin coloration



Ad. 15: Flower: shape in front view



1
round



2
triangular



3
star-shaped







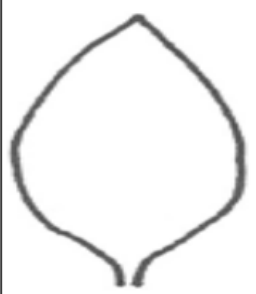


Ad. 16: Flower: length of perianth



Ad. 17: Flower: maximum width of perianth



Ad. 18: Outer median tepal: shape

← broadest part →				
(below middle)		at middle	(above middle)	
↑ width (ratio length/width) ↓	narrow (elongated)	 1 narrow ovate	 4 narrow elliptic	 7 narrow obovate
		 2 medium ovate	 5 medium elliptic	 8 medium obovate
	broad (compressed)	 3 broad ovate	 6 broad elliptic	 9 broad obovate

Ad. 19: Outer median tepal: shape of apex



1
acute



2
acuminate



3
rounded

Ad. 24: Outer median tepal: color pattern of secondary color on inner side



1
none



2
veined



3
star-shaped



4
narrow margined



5
striped and speckled

Ad. 25: Only varieties with outer median tepal: color pattern of secondary color on inner side: none:
Outer median tepal: conspicuousness of veins



1
very weak



2
weak



3
medium












4
strong



5
very strong

Ad. 28: Inner median tepal: shape

← broadest part →				
(below middle)		at middle	(above middle)	
↑ width (ratio length/width) ↓	narrow (elongated)	 1 narrow ovate	 4 narrow elliptic	 7 narrow obovate
		 2 medium ovate	 5 medium elliptic	 8 medium obovate
	broad (compressed)	 3 broad ovate	 6 broad elliptic	 9 broad obovate

Ad. 31: Inner median tepal: color pattern of secondary color on inner side



1
none



2
veined



3
star shaped

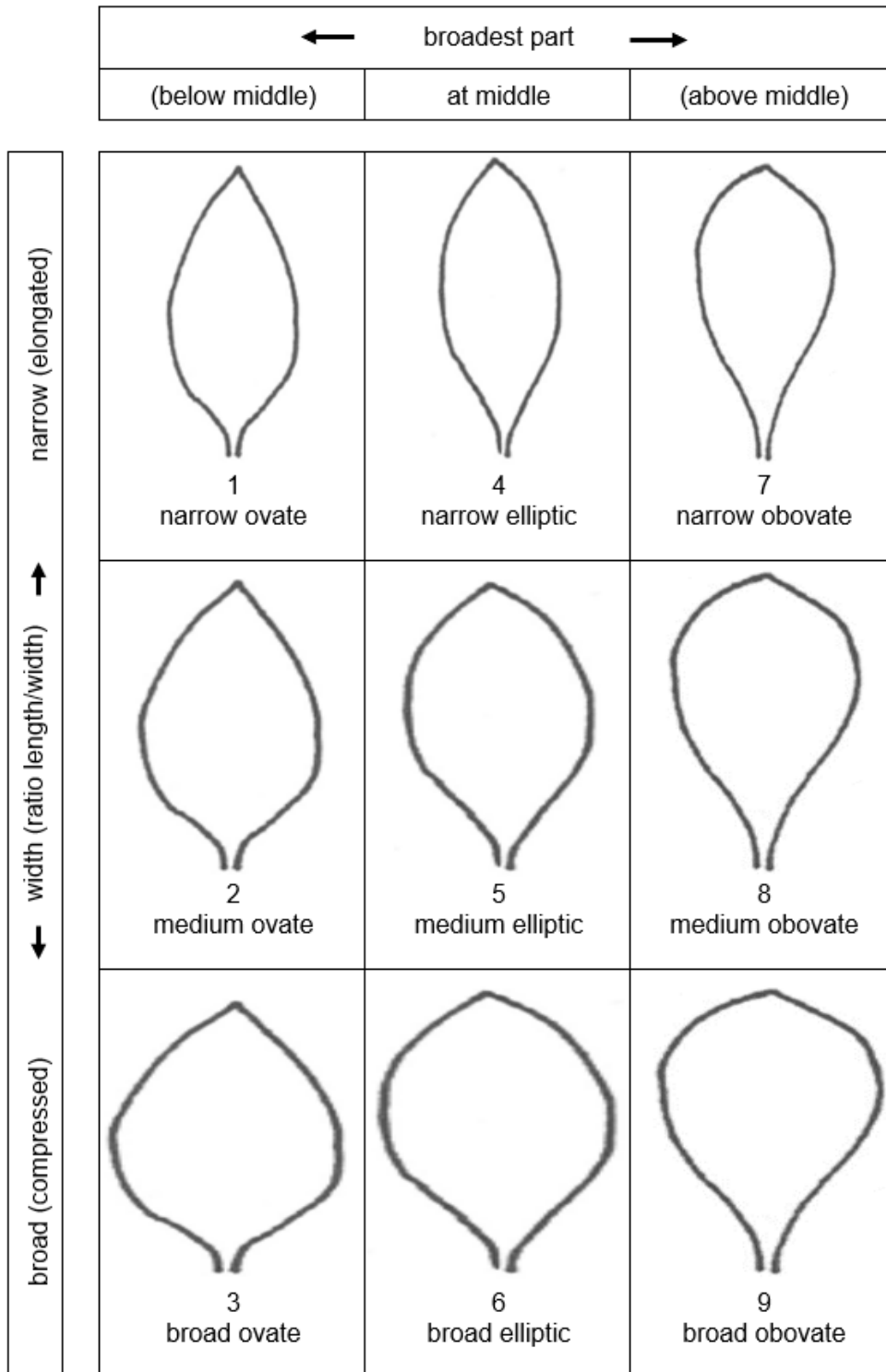


4
narrow margined



5
striped and speckled

Ad. 34: Inner lateral tepal: shape



Ad. 35: Inner lateral tepal: depth of incisions



1
absent or shallow



2
medium



3
deep

Ad. 37: Anther: color

Observations on the color of the anther should be made just before dehiscence.

Ad. 39: Stigma: diameter

Observations on the stigma should be made on mature flowers.



2
small



4
large

9. Literature

10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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	Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights	
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire	
1.1 Botanical name	<input type="text" value="Hippeastrum Herb."/>
1.2 Common name	<input type="text" value="Amaryllis"/>
2. Applicant	
Name	<input type="text"/>
Address	<input type="text"/>
Telephone No.	<input type="text"/>
Fax No.	<input type="text"/>
E-mail address	<input type="text"/>
Breeder (if different from applicant)	<input type="text"/>
3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference	
Proposed denomination (if available)	<input type="text"/>
Breeder's reference	<input type="text"/>

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety

4.1 Breeding scheme

Variety resulting from:

4.1.1 Crossing

(a) controlled cross []

(please state parent variety)

(.....) x (.....)

female parent

male parent

(b) partially known cross []

(please state known parent variety(ies))

(.....) x (.....)

female parent

male parent

(c) unknown cross []

4.1.2 Mutation []
(please state parent variety)

--

4.1.3 Discovery and development []
(please state where and when discovered and how developed)

--

4.1.5 Other []
(Please provide details)

--

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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4.2 Method of propagating the variety

4.2.1 Vegetative propagation

- (a) *In vitro* propagation []
(b) Division []
(c) Other (state method) []

4.2.2 Other []
(Please provide details)

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 Flower: type (10)		
single	Antarctica, Peach Melba	1 []
double	Double Dragon, Scarlet Belle	2 []
5.2 Flower: maximum width of perianth (17)		
very narrow	Red Beauty	1 []
very narrow to narrow	White Garden	2 []
narrow	Table Dance	3 []
narrow to medium	Pink Rival	4 []
medium	Cherry Bloss, Coral Flame	5 []
medium to broad	Antarctica	6 []
broad	NWK 8288, Tosca	7 []
broad to very broad	Arnym	8 []
very broad		9 []
5.3(i) Outer median tepal: main color of inner side (22)		
RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.3(ii) Outer median tepal: main color of inner side (22)		
white	White Garden	1 []
yellow green	Yellow Garden	2 []
orange	Orange Queen, Peach Melba	3 []
light pink	Swenym	4 []
medium pink	Estella	5 []
dark pink	Pink Rival	6 []
medium red	Monaco, Red Garden	7 []
dark red	KB111081	8 []
other (please indicate)		9 []
5.4 Outer median tepal: color pattern of secondary color on inner side (24)		
none	Antarctica, Peach Melba	1 []
veined	Estella, Pretnym	2 []
star-shaped	Balentino	3 []
narrow marginated	Picotee	4 []
striped and speckled	Mama Mia	5 []

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.

Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety
<i>Example</i>	<i>Peduncle: length</i>	<i>short</i>	<i>medium</i>
Comments:			

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety

7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?

Yes ☐ No ☐

(If yes, please provide details)

7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?

Yes ☐ No ☐

(If yes, please provide details)

7.3 Other information

A representative color photograph of the variety displaying its main distinguishing feature(s), should accompany the Technical Questionnaire. The photograph will provide a visual illustration of the candidate variety which supplements the information provided in the Technical Questionnaire.

The key points to consider when taking a photograph of the candidate variety are:

- Indication of the date and geographic location
- Correct labeling (breeder's reference)
- Good quality printed photograph (minimum 10 cm x 15 cm) and/or sufficient resolution electronic format version (minimum 960 x 1280 pixels)"

Further guidance on providing photographs with the Technical Questionnaire is available in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines", Guidance Note 35 (<http://www.upov.int/tgp/en/>).

[The link provided may be deleted by members of the Union when developing authorities' own test guidelines.]

Resistance to pests and diseases?

yes ☐ no ☐

(If yes please, provide details)

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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<p>8. Authorization for release</p> <p>(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(b) Has such authorization been obtained?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.</p>																		
<p>9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination</p> <p>9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.</p> <p>9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:</p> <table border="0"><tr><td>(a)</td><td>Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr><tr><td>(b)</td><td>Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr><tr><td>(c)</td><td>Tissue culture</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr><tr><td>(d)</td><td>Other factors</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr></table> <p>Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".</p> <p>.....</p>			(a)	Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)	Yes []	No []	(b)	Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)	Yes []	No []	(c)	Tissue culture	Yes []	No []	(d)	Other factors	Yes []	No []
(a)	Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)	Yes []	No []															
(b)	Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)	Yes []	No []															
(c)	Tissue culture	Yes []	No []															
(d)	Other factors	Yes []	No []															
<p>10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:</p> <p>Applicant's name <input type="text"/></p> <p>Signature <input type="text"/> Date <input type="text"/></p>																		

[End of document]