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# INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

**DRAFT** 

### **WEIGELA**

UPOV Code(s): WEIGE

Weigela Thunb.

#### **GUIDELINES**

#### FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

### FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from France to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees at its fifty-fifth session, to be held virtually from 2023-06-12 to 2023-06-16

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

### Alternative names:\*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Weigela Thunb.	Weigela	Weigela	Weigelie	Weigela

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

### **ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS**

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

<sup>\*</sup> These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

# TG/148/3(proj.3) Weigela, 2023-04-21

2

TΑ	BLE O	F CONTENTS	PAGE
1.	SUBJE	CT OF THESE TEST GUIDELINES	<u>3</u>
2.	MATER	RIAL REQUIRED	<u>3</u>
3.	METH	DD OF EXAMINATION	<u>3</u>
	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	Number of Growing Cycles	3 3 .3 4 4
4.	ASSES	SSMENT OF DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY	<u>4</u>
	4.1 4.2 4.3	Distinctness	4 5 5
5.	GROU	PING OF VARIETIES AND ORGANIZATION OF THE GROWING TRIAL	<u>6</u>
6.	INTRO	DUCTION TO THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS	. <u>8</u>
	6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Categories of Characteristics States of Expression and Corresponding Notes  Types of Expression  Example Varieties  Legend	8 8 8 8 8 9
7.	TABLE CARA	OF CHARACTERISTICS/TABLEAU DES CARACTÈRES/MERKMALSTABELLE/TABLA DE CTERES	<u>10</u>
8.	EXPLA	NATIONS ON THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS	<u>23</u>
	8.1 8.2	Explanations covering several characteristics	
9.	LITERA	ATURE	<u>32</u>
10	TECHN	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	33

#### 1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Weigela Thunb.

### 2. Material Required

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of plants (two years old) on their own roots.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

6 plants

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

### 3. Method of Examination

- 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles
- 3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.
- 3.1.2 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.
- 3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part I. These determinations should be made with the plant part placed against a white background. The color chart and version used should be specified in the variety description.
- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 6 plants.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

### 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

## 4. <u>Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability</u>

#### 4.1 Distinctness

#### 4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

### 4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

#### 4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

### 4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 5 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 5 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

### 4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

- 4.2 Uniformity
- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of vegetatively propagated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.
- 4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 6 plants, 1 off-type is allowed.
- 4.3 Stability
- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.
- 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial
- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
  - (a) Plant: growth habit (characteristic 3)
  - (b) Shoot: color (characteristic 5)
  - (c) Leaf blade: main color (characteristic 16)
  - (d) Leaf blade: secondary color (characteristic 17)
  - (e) Leaf blade: presence of tertiary color (characteristic 19)
  - (f) Inflorescence: type (characteristic 24)
  - (g) Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant (characteristic 28)
  - (h) Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: absent: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side (characteristic 29) with the following groups: Gr. 1: white
    - Gr. 2: yellow
    - Gr. 3: pink
    - Gr. 4: red
    - Gr. 5: purple
  - (i) Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: absent: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side (characteristic 32) with the following groups:
    - Gr. 1: white
    - Gr. 2: yellow
    - Gr. 3: pink
    - Gr. 4: red
    - Gr. 5: purple

- (j) Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side of the predominantly present flower (characteristic 35) with the following groups:
  - Gr. 1: white
  - Gr. 2: pink
  - Gr. 3: red
  - Gr. 4: purple
- (k) Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the predominantly present flower (characteristic 36) with the following groups:
  - Gr. 1: white
  - Gr. 2: pink
  - Gr. 3: red
  - Gr. 4: purple
- (I) Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side of the second predominantly present flower (characteristic 37) with the following groups:
  - Gr. 1: white
  - Gr. 2: pink
  - Gr. 3: red
  - Gr. 4: purple
- (m) Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the second predominantly present flower (characteristic 38) with the following groups:
  - Gr. 1: white
  - Gr. 2: pink
  - Gr. 3: red
  - Gr. 4: purple
- (n) Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side of the third predominantly present flower (characteristic 39) with the following groups:
  - Gr. 1: white
  - Gr. 2: pink
  - Gr. 3: red
  - Gr. 4: purple
- (o) Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the third predominantly present flower (characteristic 40) with the following groups:
  - Gr. 1: white
  - Gr. 2: pink
  - Gr. 3: red
  - Gr. 4: purple
- (p) Corolla throat: color of blotch (characteristic 42)
- (q) Time of beginning of flowering (characteristic 44)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".
- 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
- 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

#### 6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by \*) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state

of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.
- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

### 6.5 Legend

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota		
1 2	3 4	5 6	7					
	Name of characteristics in English	Nom du caractère en français	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español				
	states of expression	types d'expression	Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión				

1 Characteristic number

2 (\*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

3 Type of expression

QL Qualitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3
QN Quantitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3
PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3

4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)

MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

6 (a)-(j) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Not applicable

# 7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	QN	MG/VG		(a)				_
	Plant	: height						
	very s	hort					Elvera	1
	very short to short							2
	short						Bokraspark	3
	short	to medium						4
	medium medium to tall					Wagneri	5	
							6	
	tall						Girondin	7
	tall to	very tall						8
	very to	all					Le Printemps	9
2.	QN	VG		(a)			•	
	Plant:	: height in on to width						
	taller than broad						Alexandra	1
		as broad					Bokraspark	2
	broad	er than tall					Styriaca	3
3. (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				_
	Plant	growth habit						
	uprigh	nt						1
	uprigh	nt to spreading						2
	sprea	ding						3
	droop	ing						4
4.	QN	VG		(a)				
	Plant	density						
	sparse	e					Fiesta	1
	sparse	e to medium						2
	mediu	ım					Kolsunn	3
	mediu	ım to dense						4
	dense	)					TVP2	5

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
5. (*)	PQ	VG		(b)		<u> </u>		
·	Shoo	t: color		·				
	green						Candida	1
	red						Courtadur	2
	brown	nish purple					Alexandra	3
6.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				<u>'</u>
	Shoo section	t: shape in cross- on						
	round	ed					Maximowiczii	1
	round	ed to slightly ar					Courtadur	2
	angul	ar					Descartes	3
7.	QN	VG	(+)	(b), (c)		1		
	Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot							
	upwai	rds					Kolmagira	1
	outwa	ırds					Kolsunn	2
	down	wards					Styriaca	3
8.	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(b), (c)				
	Leaf I	blade: length						
	very s	short						1
	very s	short to short						2
	short						Bokraspark	3
	short	to medium						4
	mediu						Wagneri	5
	mediu	ım to long						6
	long						Conquête	7
	long t	o very long						8
	very l	ong						9

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
9.	QN MG/MS/VG	(+)	(b), (c)				
	Leaf blade: width						
	very narrow						1
	very narrow to narrow	N					2
	narrow					Bokraspark	3
	narrow to medium						4
	medium					Wagneri	5
	medium to broad						6
	broad					Conquête	7
	broad to very broad						8
	very broad						9
10. (*)	PQ VG		(b), (c)		1		
	Leaf blade: shape		·				
	ovate					Styriaca	1
	elliptic					TVP2	2
	obovate					Canary	3
11.	QN VG	(+)	(b), (c)				1 -
111		(+)	(5), (6)				
	Leaf blade: profile in cross-section						
	concave					Wings of fire	1
	flat						2
	convex					Bokraspark	3
12.	QN VG	(+)	(b), (c)		1		
	Leaf blade: blistering	ng	·				
	absent or weak					Alexandra	1
	weak to medium					Courtared	2
	medium					Féerie	3
	medium to strong					Courtatom	4
	strong					Caricature	5
13. (*)	QN VG		(b), (c)		'	•	
	Leaf blade: pubescence of lowe side	er					
	absent or sparse					Venusta	1
	medium					TVP2	2
	dense					Courtadur	3

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
14.	QN	VG	(+)	(b), (c)				•
	Leaf b	olade: undulation irgin						
		nt or weak	•				Alexandra	1
	mediu	ım					Kosteriana Variegata	2
	strong	J					Courtared	3
15.	QN	VG		(b), (c)		1		
• ,	Leaf blade: incisions of margin							
		t or shallow					Caricature	1
	medium		•				Alexandra	2
	deep						Styriaca	3
16. (*)	PQ	VG		(b), (c), (d), (e)		1		
•	Leaf b	olade: main color						
	yellow						Newzako	1
	light green						Golden candy	2
	medium green						Styriaca	3
	dark g		<u> </u>				Bristol Ruby	4
4- 40	purple			<i>a</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Alexandra	5
17. (*)	PQ	VG		(b), (c), (e), (f)				<u> </u>
	Leaf b	olade: secondary						
	none						Alexandra	1
	white						Kolsunn	2
	yellow	vish white					Verweig	3
	yellow	I					Brigela	4
	yellow	<i>i</i> green					Milk and Honey	5
	dark g	reen					Olympiade	6
18.	PQ	VG	(+)	(b), (c), (e), (f)				
	Leaf blade: distribution of secondary color							
	on ma	argin only					Marginata Alba	1
	margi	nal zone	<b>+</b>				Brigela	2
	centra	al zone	<b>+</b>				Olympiade	3
	irregu	lar					Milk and Honey	4

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
19. (*)	QL	VG		(b), (c), (e), (f)				·
·	Leaf b	plade: presence tiary color						
	absen						Alexandra	1
	preser						Kolmagira, Verweig	9
20.	PQ	VG		(b), (c), (e), (f)				•
	Leaf b	plade: tertiary						
		Colour Chart ate reference er)						
21.	PQ	VG	(+)			,	•	,
	Flowe	er bud: color						
		Colour Chart ate reference er)						
22.	PQ	VG	(+)	(g)				
	Sepal	: color						
	green						Candida	1
	red						Verweig 4	2
23.	QN	VG		(g)				
	Sepal	: pubescence						
	absen	t or sparse						1
	mediu	m						2
	dense							3
24. (*)	QL	VG	(+)					
	Inflore	escence: type						
	solitar	y flower					Elvera	1
	simple	panicle					Verweig 4	2
	compo	ound panicle					Courtadur	3
25.	QN	MG/VG		(g), (h)				,
·	Corol	la: length						
	short		1					1
	mediu	m	1					2
	long		1					3

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
26.	QN	MG/VG		(g), (h)				
	Corol	la: width						
	very n	arrow	<b>†</b>				Slingpink	1
	very n	narrow to narrow						2
	narrow narrow to medium medium medium to broad					Candida	3	
							4	
						Fiesta	5	
							6	
	broad						Courtadur	7
	broad	to very broad						8
	very b	oroad					Conquête	9
27.	QN	VG		(g), (h)				
	Corolla: length in relation to width							
	longe	r than broad					TVP2	1
	as lon	ig as broad					Bristol Ruby	2
	broad	er than long					Brigela	3
28. (*)	QL	VG	(+)					
	differ	er: presence of ent colored rs on the same						
	absen	nt						1
	prese	nt						9
29. (*)	PQ	VG		(d), (g), (h)		1	1	1
·	difference flower plant:	varieties with er: presence of ent colored rs on the same absent: Corolla main color of side						
		Colour Chart ate reference er)						

	1							
		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
30.	PQ	VG		(f), (g), (h)				
	flower flower plant: lobe: s	rarieties with r: presence of ent colored s on the same absent: Corolla secondary color er side						
		Colour Chart te reference er)						
31.	PQ	VG	(+)	(f), (g), (h)			<u>,                                      </u>	
	flower flower plant: lobe: 0	rarieties with r: presence of ent colored s on the same absent: Corolla distribution of dary color of side						
	on mai	rgin only						1
	margin	nal zone						2
	central	zone						3
32. (*)	PQ	VG		(d), (g), (h)				
	Flower different flower plant:	rarieties with r: presence of ent colored s on the same absent: Corolla main color of side						
		Colour Chart te reference er)						
33.	PQ	VG		(f), (g), (h)				
	Flower different flower plant: lobe: s	rarieties with r: presence of ent colored s on the same absent: Corolla secondary color er side						
		Colour Chart te reference er)						

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
34.	QN	VG	(+)	(f), (g), (h)		!	<b>!</b>	
:	flower flower plant: lobe:	varieties with varieties with var: presence of ent colored rs on the same absent: Corolla area of dary color on argin of inner		:				
	small							1
	mediu	m						2
	large							3
35. (*)	PQ	VG		(g), (h), (i)				
	Flower flower plant: lobe: outer	varieties with r: presence of ent colored rs on the same present: Corolla main color of side of the minantly present						
		Colour Chart ate reference er)						
36. (*)	PQ	VG		(g), (h), (i)				
	difference flower plant: lobe: inner predo flower	varieties with er: presence of ent colored rs on the same present: Corolla main color of side of the minantly present  Colour Chart ate reference						
	numbe							
37. (*)	PQ	VG		(g), (h), (j)				
	flower flower plant: lobe: outer secon prese	varieties with er: presence of ent colored rs on the same present: Corolla main color of side of the ad predominantly nt flower  Colour Chart						
		ate reference						

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
38. (*)	PQ VG		(g), (h), (j)				•
,	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the second predominantly present flower		·				
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)						
39. (*)	PQ VG		(g), (h), (j)				•
	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side of the third predominantly present flower						
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)						
40. (*)	PQ VG		(g), (h), (j)				•
	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the third predominantly present flower						
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)						
41.	QN VG	(+)	(g)				
	Corolla lobe: attitude						
	erect					Bokrarob	1
	semi erect					Gloire des bosquets	2
	horizontal					Olympiade	3
42. (*)		(+)	(g)			-	
	Corolla throat: color of blotch						
	none						1
	yellow					Courtadur	2
	orange yellow					Bokrarob	3
	yellow or red					Mango	4

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
43. (*)	QN	VG	(+)					•
	Stigm relation	a: position in on to anthers						
	same						Kolmas	1
		/ above					Olympiade	2
	strong	ly above					Styriaca	3
44. (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)					_
	Time of	of beginning of ring						
	very e	arly					Canary	1
	very e	arly to early						2
	early						Bokraspark, Pink Princess	3
	early t	o medium						4
	mediu	m					Abel Carrière	5
	mediu	m to late						6
	late						Bokrarob	7
	late to	very late						8
	very la	ite					Marjorie	9
45. (*)	QL	VG						
	Secon	nd flowering						
	absen	t					Féerie	1
	preser	nt					Slingco 4	9

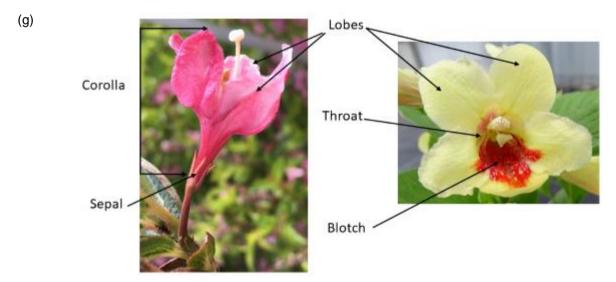
### 8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

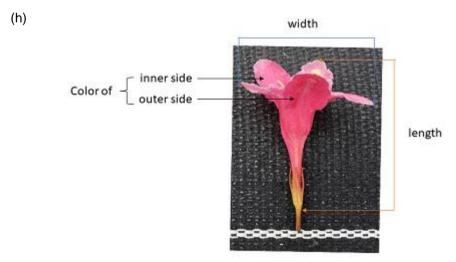
#### 8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Unless otherwise indicated all observations should be made when 50% of the inflorescences have open flowers

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Observation should be made just before flowering.
- (b) Observations should be made on current years growth.
- (c) Observations should be made on fully expanded leaves.
- (d) The main color is the color with the largest surface area. In cases where the areas of the main and secondary color are too similar to reliably decide which color has the largest area, the darker color is considered to be the main color.
- (e) Observations should be made on the upper side of the leaf blade
- (f) The secondary color is the color with the second largest surface area. In cases where the areas of the secondary and tertiary color are too similar to reliably decide which color has the largest area, the darker color is considered to be the secondary color.

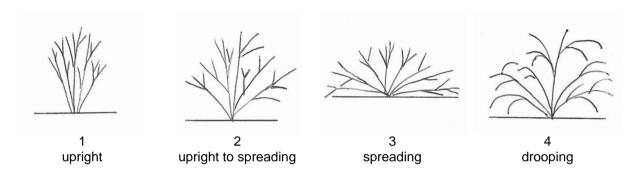




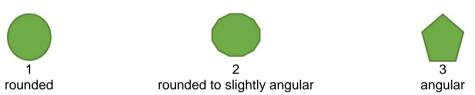
- (i) The predominantly present flower is the flower whose color occurs at the highest frequency on the plant. In cases where the frequency of the predominantly present flower and the second predominantly present flower are too similar to reliably decide which flower has the highest frequency on the plant, the flower with the darker color is considered to be the predominantly present flower.
- (j) The second predominantly present flower is the flower whose color occurs at the second highest frequency on the plant. In cases where the frequency of the second predominantly present flower and the third predominantly present flower are too similar to reliably decide which has the highest frequency, the flower with the darker color is considered to be the second predominantly present flower.

### 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

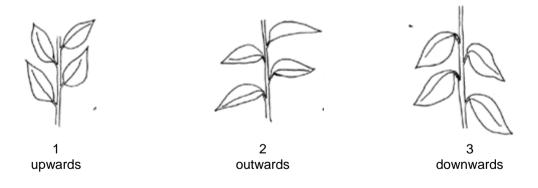
### Ad. 3: Plant: growth habit



### Ad. 6: Shoot: shape in cross-section



### Ad. 7: Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot



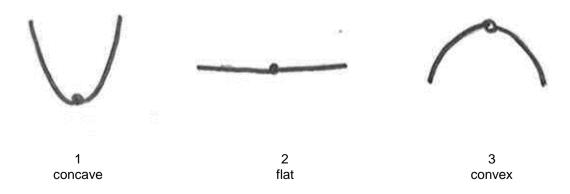
Ad. 8: Leaf blade: length



Ad. 9: Leaf blade: width



Ad. 11: Leaf blade: profile in cross-section



Ad. 12: Leaf blade: blistering











Ad. 14: Leaf blade: undulation of margin



absent or weak



strong

### Ad. 18: Leaf blade: distribution of secondary color



on margin only



marginal zone



3 central zone

irregular

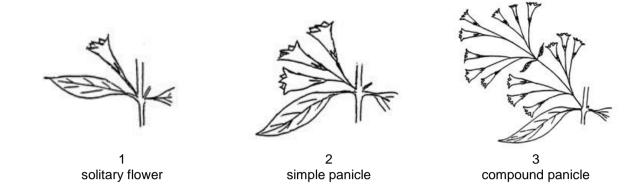
Ad. 21: Flower bud: color

Observation should be made just before opening of the bud. Observation should be made on the color covering the largest surface area

# Ad. 22: Sepal: color

Observation should be made on the color covering the largest surface area

### Ad. 24: Inflorescence: type



Ad. 28: Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant



Ad. 31: Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: absent: Corolla lobe: distribution of secondary color of outer side



Ad. 34: Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: absent: Corolla lobe: area of secondary color on the margin of inner side

# to add illustration

April 21st: too early to make photos. Hope to show you one during the TWO

### Ad. 41: Corolla lobe: attitude



Ad. 42: Corolla throat: color of blotch

State 4 "yellow or red" means that on the same plant there are simultaneously flowers with a yellow blotch in the corolla throat and flowers with a red blotch in the corolla throat.



Ad. 43: Stigma: position in relation to anthers



Ad. 44: Time of beginning of flowering

The time of beginning of flowering is reached when all plants have approximately 10% of inflorescences with open flowers.

# 9. <u>Literature</u>

Howard R., 1965: A check-list of Cultivar names in Weigela. Arnoldia volume 25, pp 9 to 11

Kruessman G., 1976 - 77: Handbuch des Laubgehölze. Bd I + II, Paul Parey, Hamburg-DE

Grootendorst, 1968: Weigela. DENDROFLORA, Nr. 5, pp 56 - 60, Boskoop-NL

De Courtye, 1992: Le Weigela. Chapitre d'ouvrage "Amélioration des espèces végétales cultivées" par A. Gallais et H. Bannerot, Edition INRA, p. 358

# 10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE				Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
					Application date: (not to be filled in by the applican	nt)
				CHNICAL QUESTIONNA ection with an application		,
1.	Subject	of the Technical Question	nnai	re		
	1.1	Botanical name	We	eigela Thunb.		
	1.2	Common name	We	eigela		
				_		
2.	Applica	nt				
	Name					
	Address	5				
	Telepho	one No.				
	Fax No.					
	E-mail a	address				
	Breeder applicar	r (if different from nt)				
3.	Propose	ed denomination and bree	eder	's reference		
	Propose (if availa	ed denomination able)				
	Breede	r's reference				

TECHN	<u>VICAL Q</u>	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}		Reference Number:	
#4.	Informa	tion on the breeding schem	ne and propagation of t	he var	riety	
	4.1	Breeding scheme				
	Variety	resulting from:				
	4.1.1	Crossing				
	(a)	controlled cross				[]
		(please state parent varie	ty)			
		(	)	x	(	)
		female parent			male parent	
	(b)	partially known cross				[ ]
		(please state known parel	nt variety(ies))			
		(	)	x	(	)
		female parent			male parent	
	(c)	unknown cross				[]
	4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent varie	ty)			[ ]
	4.1.3	Discovery and developme (please state where and v	ent vhen discovered and h	ow de	veloped)	[]
	4.1.4	Other (please provide details)				[ ]

TECHNICAL C	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number	r:
4.2	Method of propagating the	variety		
4.2.1	Vegetative propagation			
(a) (b) (c)	Cuttings In vitro propagation Other (state method)			
4.2.2	Other (Please provide details)			[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (3)	Plant: growth habit		
(3)	upright		1[]
	upright to spreading		2[]
	spreading		3[]
	drooping		4[]
5.2 (5)	Shoot: color		
	green	Candida	1[]
	red	Courtadur	2[]
	brownish purple	Alexandra	3[]
	other (please specify)		4[]
5.3 (16)	Leaf blade: main color		
	yellow	Newzako	1[]
	light green	Golden candy	2[]
	medium green	Styriaca	3[]
	dark green	Bristol Ruby	4 [ ]
	purple	Alexandra	5[]
	other (please specify)		6[]
5.4 (17)	Leaf blade: secondary color		
	none	Alexandra	1[]
	white	Kolsunn	2[]
	yellowish white	Verweig	3[]
	yellow	Brigela	4 [ ]
	yellow green	Milk and Honey	5[]
	dark green	Olympiade	6[]
	other (please specify)		7[]
5.5 (19)	Leaf blade: presence of tertiary color		
	absent	Alexandra	1[]
	present	Kolmagira, Verweig	9[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.6 (24)	Inflorescence: type		
	solitary flower	Elvera	1[]
	simple panicle	Verweig 4	2[]
	compound panicle	Courtadur	3[]
5.7 (28)	Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plan	nt	
	absent		1[]
	present		9[]
5.8(i) (29)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: absent: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side		
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.8(ii) (29)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: absent: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side		
	white		1[]
	yellow		2[]
	pink		3[]
	red		4[]
	purple		5[]
	other (please specify)		6[]
5.9(i) (32)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: absent: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side  RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.9(ii) (32)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	white		1[]
	yellow		2[]
	pink		3[]
	red		4[]
	purple		5[]
	other (please specify)		6[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.10(i) (35)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side of the predominantly present flower		
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.10(ii) (35)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side of the predominantly present flower		
	white		1[]
	pink		2[]
	red		3[]
	purple		4[]
	other (please specify)		5[]
5.11(i) (36)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the predominantly present flower		
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.11(ii) (36)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the predominantly present flower		
	white		1[]
	pink		2[]
	red		3[]
	purple		4[]
	other (please specify)		5[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.12(i) (37)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side of the second predominantly present flower		
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.12(ii) (37)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side of the second predominantly present flower		
	white		1[]
	pink		2[]
	red		3[]
	purple		4[]
	other (please specify)		5[]
5.13(i) (38)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the second predominantly present flower		
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.13(ii) (38)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the second predominantly present flower		
	white		1[]
	pink		2[]
	red		3[]
	purple		4[]
	other (please specify)		5[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.14(i) (39)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side of the third predominantly present flower		
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.14(ii) (39)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of outer side of the third predominantly present flower		
	white		1[]
	pink		2[]
	red		3[]
	purple		4[]
	other (please specify)		5[]
5.15(i) (40)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the third predominantly present flower		
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.15(ii) (40)	Only varieties with Flower: presence of different colored flowers on the same plant: present: Corolla lobe: main color of inner side of the third predominantly present flower		
	white		1[]
	pink		2[]
	red		3[]
	purple		4[]
	other (please specify)		5[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.16 (42)	Corolla throat: color of blotch		
	none		1[]
	yellow	Courtadur	2[]
	orange yellow	Bokrarob	3[]
	yellow or red	Mango	4[]
	other (please specify)		5[]
5.17 (44)	Time of beginning of flowering		
	very early	Canary	1[]
	very early to early		2[]
	early	Bokraspark, Pink Princess	3[]
	early to medium		4[]
	medium	Abel Carrière	5[]
	medium to late		6[]
	late	Bokrarob	7[]
	late to very late		8[]
	very late	Marjorie	9[]

TECHNICAL QUESTION	Page {x} of {y} Reference Nu		ımber:			
6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties						
	ich, to the best o	f your knowled	dge, is (or are	) most similar. ˈ	candidate variety differs from This information may help the	
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic your candidate from the simila	variety differs	the characte	e expression of ristic(s) for the variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for <b>you</b> candidate variety	
Example	Leaf blade:	main color	yє	ellow	dark green	
Comments:						

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:

<sup>#</sup> 7.	Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety							
7.1		In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?						
	Yes	[]	No	[]				
	(If yes,	(If yes, please provide details)						
7.2	Are th	ere any special conditions fo	anducting the examination?					
	Yes	[]	No	[]				
	(If yes,	(If yes, please provide details)						
7.3	Other	information						

A representative color photograph of the variety displaying its main distinguishing feature(s), should accompany the Technical Questionnaire. The photograph will provide a visual illustration of the candidate variety which supplements the information provided in the Technical Questionnaire.

The key points to consider when taking a photograph of the candidate variety are:

- Indication of the date and geographic location
- Correct labeling (breeder's reference)
- Good quality printed photograph (minimum 10 cm x 15 cm) and/or sufficient resolution electronic format version (minimum 960 x 1280 pixels)"

Further guidance on providing photographs with the Technical Questionnaire is available in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines", Guidance Note 35 (http://www.upov.int/tgp/en/).

[The link provided may be deleted by members of the Union when developing authorities' own test guidelines.]

### TG/148/3(proj.3) Weigela, 2023-04-21 36

TECH	INICA	L QUES	TIONNAIRE	Page {x} o	of {y}	Reference	Number:				
8.	Authorization for release										
	(a)	Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?									
		Yes	[]	No	[]						
	(b)	Has suc	h authorization been ol	n been obtained?							
		Yes	[]	No	[]						
	If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.										
9. Inf	ormatio	on on plan	nt material to be examin	ned or submi	tted for examin	nation					
	and o	disease, d	ion of a characteristic of chemical treatment (e.sen from different growt	.g. growth re	etardants or p						
9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:											
	(a)	Micr	roorganisms (e.g. virus	, bacteria, ph	nytoplasma)		Yes [ ]	No [	]		
	(b)	Che	emical treatment (e.g. g	rowth retarda	ant, pesticide)		Yes [ ]	No [	]		
	(c)	Tiss	sue culture				Yes [ ]	No [	]		
	(d)	Oth	er factors				Yes [ ]	No [	]		
	Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".										
10.	I he	reby decla	are that, to the best of	my knowledg	je, the informa	ition provide	d in this form is	s correct:			
	App	olicant's na	ame								
			<u> </u>								
	Sig	gnature				Date					

[End of document]