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#### INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

**DRAFT** 

#### **ANTHURIUM**

UPOV Code(s): ANTHU

Anthurium Schott

#### **GUIDELINES**

#### FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

#### FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from Japan to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees at its fifty-third session, to be held in Roelofarendsveen, Netherlands, from 2021-06-07 to 2021-06-11

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

#### Alternative names:\*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Anthurium Schott	Anthurium	Anthurium	Flamingoblume	Anthurium

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

#### **ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS**

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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#### 1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Anthurium Schott.

## 2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of young plants.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

6 plants

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

#### 3. Method of Examination

- 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles
- 3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.
- 3.1.2 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.
- 3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part I. These determinations should be made with the plant part placed against a white background. The color chart and version used should be specified in the variety description.
- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 6 plants.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.
- 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

#### 4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

#### 4.1 Distinctness

#### 4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

#### 4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

#### 4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

#### 4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 5 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 5 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

### 4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or nonlinear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

- 4.2 Uniformity
- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of vegetatively propagated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.
- 4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 6 plants, 1 off-type is allowed.
- 4.3 Stability
- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.
- 5. <u>Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial</u>
- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
  - (a) Plant: height (characteristic 1)
  - (b) Flower: number of spathes (characteristic 16)
  - (c) Spathe: length (characteristic 17)
  - (d) Spathe: main color of upper side (characteristic 25)
    - Gr. 1: white
    - Gr. 2: green
    - Gr. 3: yellow
    - Gr. 4: orange
    - Gr. 5: pink
    - Gr. 6: red
    - Gr. 7: purple
    - Gr. 8: brown
  - (e) Spathe: secondary color of <u>upper</u> side (characteristic 26)
    - Gr. 1: white
    - Gr. 2: green
    - Gr. 3: yellow
    - Gr. 4: orange
    - Gr. 5: pink
    - Gr. 6: red
    - Gr. 7: purple
    - Gr. 8: brown
  - (f) Spathe: distribution of secondary color of upper side (characteristic 27)
  - (g) Spadix: rolling (characteristic 35)
  - (h) Spadix: main color of <u>basal</u> part (characteristic 38)
  - (i) Spadix: main color of <u>distal</u> part (characteristic 39)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".
- 6. <u>Introduction to the Table of Characteristics</u>
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
- 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by \*) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.
- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

#### 6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

#### 6.5 Legend

		English	n	françai	s	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Be ejemplo	Note
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
		Name chara in Eng	cteristics	Nom o caract frança	tère en	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
		states		types	d'expression	Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

1 Characteristic number

2 (\*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

3 Type of expression

QL Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
QN Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)

MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

6 (a)-(c) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Not applicable

# 7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/
1. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)				•	
	Plant	: height						
	short						ANTHDOSDOH	3
	mediu						ANTHCAPBUK	5
	tall						ANTHARYSIA	7
2. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
		blade: length						
	short						ANTHEPEDI	3
	mediu	ım					ANTHCAPBUK	5
	long						ANTHARYSIA	7
3. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Leaf I	blade: width		•				
	narro	w					RYN2009006	3
	mediu	um					ANTHCAPBUK	5
	broad	 					ANTHAQUIRE	7
4. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a)				<u>'</u>
		blade: ratio h/width						
	low						RIJN200565	3
	mediu	ım					ANTHCAMZIP	5
	high						ANTHDUBAQ	7
5. (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Leaf I	blade: size of						
	abser	nt or very small					ANTHDOSDOH	1
	small						ANTHZUPAP	3
	mediu	ım					ANTHCOTBIK	5
	large						ANTHAQUIRE	7
	very la	arge						9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/
6.	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				
Ī	Leaf I positi base	blade: relative ion of lobes at						
	incurv touchi	ved but not ing						1
	free							2
	touchi							3
	overla	apping						4
	adpre	ssed						5
7.	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				•
	Leaf I	blade: angle of I part						
	acute							1
		ximately right						2
	obtuse	е						3
8. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Leaf I	blade: shape of						
		w acute						1
	acute							2
	broad	acute						3
		w acuminate						4
	acumi	inate						5
	broad	acuminate						6
9.	QN	VG		(a)				•
·	Leaf I green side	blade: intensity of a color of <u>upper</u>						
	light		<b></b>				ANTHDOSDOH	3
	mediu	ım	<u> </u>				ANTHBNZL	5
	dark		<u> </u>				ANTHARYSIA	7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/
10	QN	VG		(a)				
	Leaf of <u>up</u>	blade: blistering per side						
	abser	nt or very weak					ANTHDOSDOH	1
	weak						ANTHCIMWI	3
	medi	ım					ANTHCAPBUK	5
	stron	9					ANTHAHOTO	7
	very s	strong						9
11	QN	MG/MS/VG		(a)				•
	Petio	le: length		i				
	short						ANTHEBENEX	3
	mediu						ANTHBNZL	5
	long						ANTHAQUIRE	7
12 (*)		MG/MS/VG		(b)			ANTIMOGINE	
( )				[(3)				
	Pedu	ncle: length						
	short						ANTHEPEDI	3
	mediu	ım					ANTHCAPBUK	5
	long						ANTHAQUIRE	7
13	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Pedu	ncle: thickness						
	very t	hin						1
	thin						ANTHEPEDI	2
	mediı	 Jm					ANTHCAPBUK	3
	thick						ANTHAQUIRE	4
	very t	hick						5
14	QN	VG		(b)				
	Pedu	ncle: ocyanin		<u> </u>				
	abser	nt or very weak					ANTHCAPBUK	1
	weak						ANTHBNZL	3
	medi	ım						5
	stron						ANTHEBENEX	7
	very s	_						9

-		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/
15 (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Flowerelation	er: position in on to foliage						
	below							1
	same	level					ANTHBNEK	2
	slightly	y above					ANTHEPEDI	3
	above						ANTHEBENEX	4
16 (*)	QL	VG	(+)	(b)				•
	Flowe	er: number of es						
	one						ANTHBNZL	1
	two						KURIN HEART	2
17 (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(b)		1		
<u>i</u>	İ	e: length		- <del>!</del>				
	short						ANTHEBENEX	3
	mediu						ANTHEPEDI	5
40 (1)	long						ANTHARYSIA	7
18 (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Spath	e: width						
	narrov	v					RIJN200332	3
	mediu	ım					ANTHEPEDI	5
	wide						ANTHAQUIRE	7
19	QN	MS	(+)	(b)				
	Spath length	ne: ratio n/width						
	low						ANTHCAPBUK	3
	mediu	ım					ANTHAQUIRE	5
	high						ANTHEQIWIK	7
20 (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(b)		•	•	
	Spath broad	e: position of lest part						
	at bas	e					ANTHBNZL	1
	betwe middle	en base and					ANTHOLYL	2
	at mid	Idle					ANTHITOXO	3

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/
21 (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(b)			·	
	Spath	e: size of lobes		•				
		or very small					ANTHDOSDOH	1
	small						ANTHZUPAP	3
	mediur	m	•				ANTHOLYL	5
	large						ANTHAHOTO	7
	very la	rge						9
22	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				•
	Spatho position base	e: relative on of lobes at						
	incurve touchir	ed but not ng						1
	free							2
	touchir	ng						3
	overla	oping						4
	adpres	ssed						5
23	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Spath	e: shape of apex						
	acute							1
	obtuse							2
	rounde	ed	<b></b>					3
24 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				_
	Spath	e: shape of tip		:				
	narrow	acute						1
	acute							2
	broad	acute	•					3
		acuminate						4
	acumir							5
		acuminate	•					6
25 (*)		VG		(b), (c)				
		e: main color of		1,				
		Colour Chart te reference er)	†					

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/
26 (*)	PQ	VG		(b), (c)				
•	Spath color	e: secondary of <u>upper</u> side						
		Colour Chart ate reference er)						
27 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b), (c)				
·	Spath secon upper	e: distribution of dary color of side						
	at bas	al zone						1
	at cen	tral zone	•					2
	at ape	X						3
	at mar	ginal zone						4
	along	veins						5
	spotte	d						6
	irregul	ar						7
28	PQ	VG		(b), (c)		1		
	Spath lower	e: main color of side						
	RHS ( (indica	Colour Chart ate reference er)						
29	QN	VG		(b)				
	Spath the up	e: glossiness on oper side		i				
	absen	t or very weak					ARINOS	1
	weak						KURIN HEART	3
	mediu	m					ANTHARYSIA	5
	strong						ANTHBNZL	7
	very s	trong						9
30 (*)		VG		(b)				
		e: blistering		i				
	absen	t or very weak					ANTHDOSDOH	1
	weak	,	ļ				ANTHCAPBUK	3
	mediu	m	<b></b>				ANTHEPEDI	5
	strong						ANTHBNZL	7
	9							

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/
31	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	cross	ne: shape in s section of le zone						
	conca							1
	flat							2
	conve	ex						3
32	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Spath part t	ne: angle of distal o peduncle						
	acute							1
	appro angle	ximately right						2
	obtus	е						3
33 (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Spad	ix: length						
	short						ANTHEPEDI	3
	mediu	ım					ANTHBNZL	5
	long						ANTHAQUIRE	7
34	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Spad	ix: thickness						
	very t	hin						1
	thin						RYN2009006	3
	mediu	ım	***************************************				ANTHBNZL	5
	thick							7
	very t	hick					ANTHBAQEP	9
35 (*)	QL	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Spad	ix: rolling						
	abser	nt					ANTHBNZL	1
	prese	nt					ARINOS	9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/
36 (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(b)		•	•	
·	with S prese curva	iding varieties Spadix: rolling: ent: Spadix: ture of tudinal axis						
	strong	gly incurved						1
	weakl	y incurved						2
	straig	ht						3
	weakl	y recurved						4
		gly recurved						5
37	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Spad towar	ix: tapering rds the top						
	very v	veak						1
	weak							3
	mediu	ım						5
	strong	9						7
	very s	strong		;				9
38 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b), (c)				
	Spad basal	ix: main color of part						
	white	to cream						1
	green							2
	yellow	v						3
	orang	е						4
	pink							5
	red							6
	red pu	urple						7
	purple	9						8
	brown	1						9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/
39 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b), (c)				
-	Spadi <u>distal</u>	x: main color of part		•				
	white							1
	green		•					2
	yellow	,	<b></b>					3
	orange	 e	<b></b>					4
	pink		•					5
	red							6
	red pu	ırple	<b>†</b>					7
	purple							8
	brown							9
40	PQ	VG	(+)	(b), (c)				
	middl differe	x: main color of e part (only if ent from basal istal part)						
	white		<b></b>					1
	green		•					2
	yellow		•					3
	orange	e	•					4
	pink		•					5
	red		***************************************					6
	red pu	ırple	*					7
	purple		***************************************					8
	brown		***************************************					9
41	PQ	VG	(+)	(c)		•		l
·	Spadi basal dehis	x: main color of part after cence of anthers		•				
	white	to cream						1
	green							2
	yellow	,	Ī					3
	orange	Э						4
	pink							5
	red							6
	red pu	ırple	***************************************					7
	purple		<u> </u>					8
	brown		***************************************					9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/
42	PQ	VG	(+)	(c)				•
	Spadi distal dehise	x: main color of part after cence of anthers						
	white							1
	green							2
	yellow							3
	orange							4
	pink							5
	red							6
	red pu							7
	purple							8
	brown							9

### 8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

#### 8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

All observations should be made on full grown plants with fully developed flowers.

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Observations should be made on largest fully developed leaf.
- (b) Observations should be made when basal 1/3 2/3 of flowers on spadix are developed and feel rough.



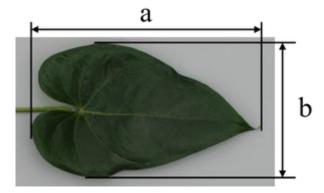
(c) The main color is the color with the largest surface area, the secondary color is the color with the second largest surface area, and the tertiary color is the color with the third largest surface area. In cases where the area of the main and secondary color are too similar to reliably decide which color has the largest area, the darker color is considered to be the main color. In cases where the area of the secondary and tertiary color are too similar to reliably decide which color has the second largest area, the darker color is considered to be the secondary color.

#### 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

### Ad. 1: Plant: height



Ad. 2: Leaf blade: length



a= Leaf blade: length b= Leaf blade: width

# Ad. 3: Leaf blade: width

See Ad. 2

# Ad. 4: Leaf blade: ratio length/width



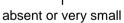




## Ad. 5: Leaf blade: size of lobes

Observation should be made on size of lobes relative to whole size of leaf blade.







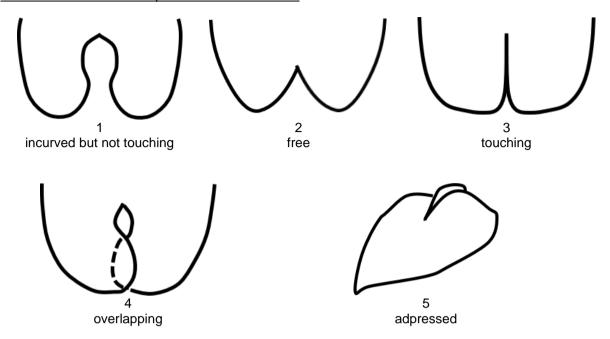
3 small



medium

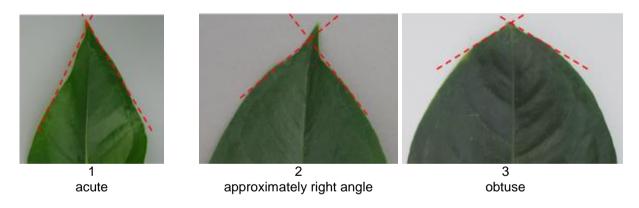


Ad. 6: Leaf blade: relative position of lobes at base

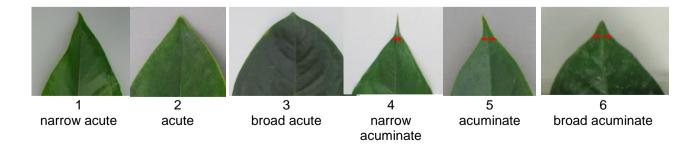


## Ad. 7: Leaf blade: angle of distal part

If present, the tip should be excluded from observation.



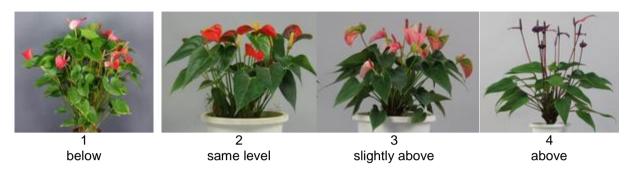
Ad. 8: Leaf blade: shape of tip



## Ad. 13: Peduncle: thickness

Observation should be made at the middle of the peduncle.

Ad. 15: Flower: position in relation to foliage

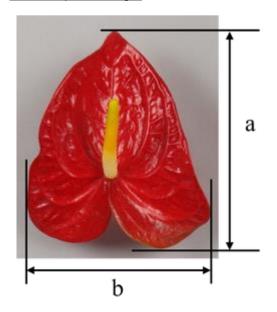


Ad. 16: Flower: number of spathes





Ad. 17: Spathe: length

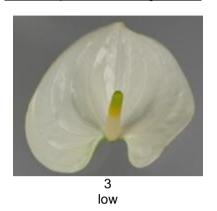


a= Spathe: length b= Spathe: width

## Ad. 18: Spathe: width

See Ad. 17

Ad. 19: Spathe: ratio length/width







Ad. 20: Spathe: position of broadest part

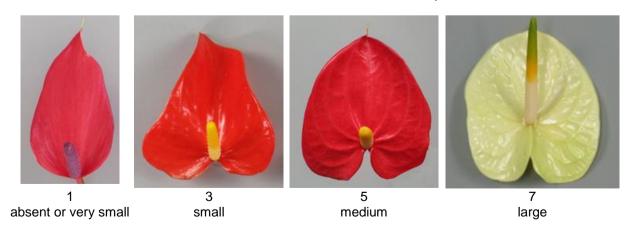






Ad. 21: Spathe: size of lobes

Observations should be made on size of lobes relative to whole size of spathe.

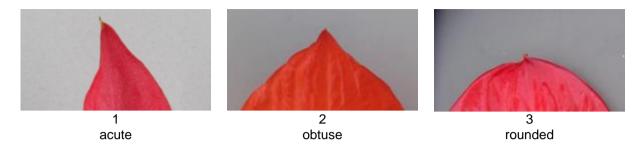


Ad. 22: Spathe: relative position of lobes at base

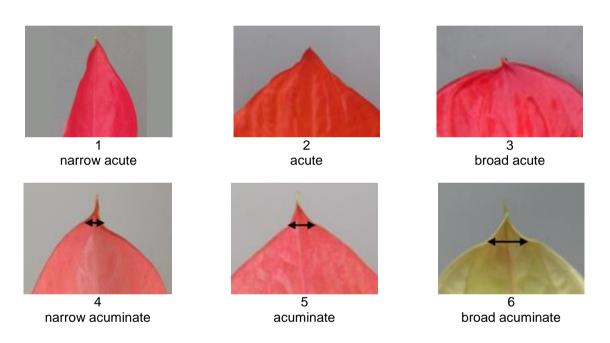
See Ad. 6

Ad. 23: Spathe: shape of apex

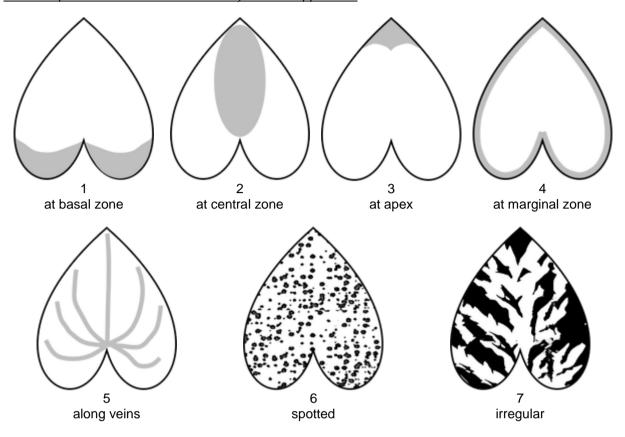
If present, the tip should be excluded from observation.



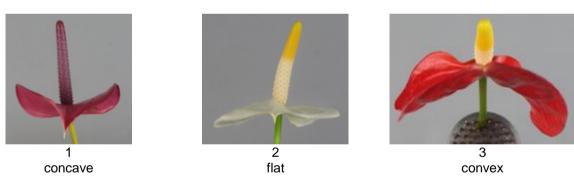
Ad. 24: Spathe: shape of tip



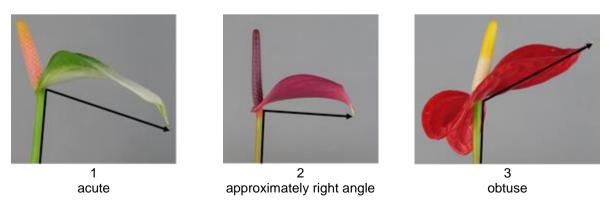
Ad. 27: Spathe: distribution of secondary color of upper side



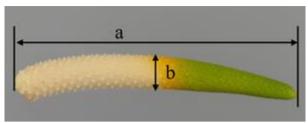
Ad. 31: Spathe: shape in cross section of middle zone



Ad. 32: Spathe: angle of distal part to peduncle



Ad. 33: Spadix: length

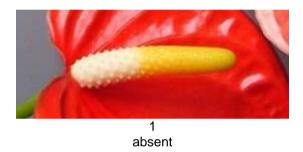


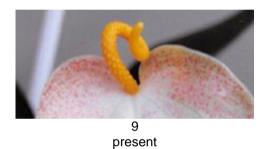
a= Spadix: length b= Spadix: thickness

## Ad. 34: Spadix: thickness

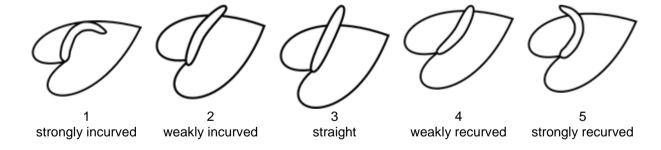
See Ad. 33 Observation should be made at the middle of the spadix.

Ad. 35: Spadix: rolling

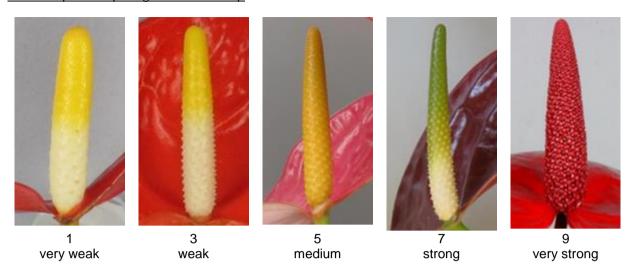




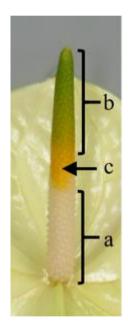
Ad. 36: Excluding varieties with Spadix: rolling: present: Spadix: curvature of longitudinal axis



Ad. 37: Spadix: tapering towards the top



Ad. 38: Spadix: main color of basal part



a= Spadix: main color of basal part (Char. 38)

b= Spadix: main color of distal part (Char. 39)

c= Spadix: main color of <u>middle</u> part (only if different from basal part and distal part) (Char. 40)

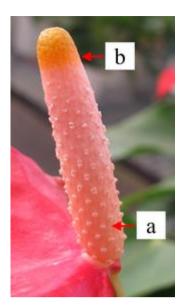
Ad. 39: Spadix: main color of distal part

See Ad. 38

Ad. 40: Spadix: main color of middle part (only if different from basal and distal part)

See Ad. 38

### Ad. 41: Spadix: main color of basal part after dehiscence of anthers



Observations should be made when basal 1/3 - 2/3 of anthers on spadix are dehisced.

Some modern varieties don't show these signs at all. In those cases, observation should be made when the flowers at the top of spadix are developed and feel rough.

a=Spadix: main color of <u>basal</u> part after dehiscence of anthers (Char. 41)

b=Spadix: main color of <u>distal</u> part after dehiscence of anthers (Char. 42)

Ad. 42: Spadix: main color of distal part after dehiscence of anthers

See Ad. 41

# 9. <u>Literature</u>

Tsukamoto, Y., 1994: The Grand Dictionary of Horticulture (Volume 1), Shogakukan Inc., Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, JP, pp. 187-192

Brickel, C., 2003: A to Z Encyclopedia of Garden Plants, Seibundo Shinkosha Publishing Co. Ltd., Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, JP, pp. 123, translated by Yokoi M et al.

# 10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHN	TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE			Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
					Application date:	
					(not to be filled in by the applican	nt)
				CHNICAL QUESTIONN ection with an application	AIRE on for plant breeders' rights	
1.	Subject	of the Technical Question			-	
	1.1	Botanical name	Ar	nthurium Schott		
	1.2	Common name	Ar	nthurium		
	1.3	Please precise the species name:				
2.	Applica	nt				
	Name					]
	Address	5				
	Telepho	one No.				]
	Fax No.					]
	E-mail a	address				]
	Breede applicar	r (if different from nt)				]
3.	. Proposed denomination and bree			's reference		
	Propose (if availa	ed denomination able)				
	Breede	r's reference				

TECHN	<u>VICAL Q</u>	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}		Reference Number:	
#4.	Informa	tion on the breeding sche	me and propagation of	the var	riety	
	4.1	Breeding scheme				
	Variety	resulting from:				
	4.1.1	Crossing				
	(a)	controlled cross				[]
		(please state parent varie	ety)			
		(	)	х	(	)
		female parent			male parent	
	(b)	partially known cross				[]
		(please state known pare	ent variety(ies))			
		(	)	х	(	)
		female parent			male parent	
	(c)	unknown cross				[]
	4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent varie	ety)			[]
	4.1.3	Discovery and developm (please state where and	nent when discovered and h	ow de	veloped)	[]
	4.1.4	Other (Please provide details)				[]

TECHNICAL C	QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
4.2	Method of propagating the	variety		
4.2.1 (a) (b)	Vegetative propagation  In vitro propagation Other (state method)		[]	
4.2.2	Other (Please provide details)		[ ]	

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (1)	Plant: height		
	short	ANTHDOSDOH	3[]
	medium	ANTHCAPBUK	5[]
	tall	ANTHARYSIA	7[]
5.2 (2)	Leaf blade: length		
	short	ANTHEPEDI	3[]
	medium	ANTHCAPBUK	5[]
	long	ANTHARYSIA	7[]
5.3 (16)	Flower: number of spathes		
	one	ANTHBNZL	1[]
	two	KURIN HEART	2[]
5.4 (17)	Spathe: length		
	short	ANTHEBENEX	3[]
	medium	ANTHEPEDI	5[]
	long	ANTHARYSIA	7[]
5.5 (18)	Spathe: width		
	narrow	RIJN200332	3[]
	medium	ANTHEPEDI	5[]
	wide	ANTHAQUIRE	7[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.6(i) (25)	Spathe: main color of <u>upper</u> side		
(23)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.6(ii) (25)	Spathe: main color of <u>upper</u> side		
, ,	white		1[]
	green		2[]
	yellow		3[]
	orange		4[]
	pink		5[]
	red		6[]
	purple		7[]
	brown		8[]8
5.7(i) (26)	Spathe: secondary color of <u>upper</u> side		
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.7(ii) (26)	Spathe: secondary color of <u>upper</u> side		
	white		1[]
	green		2[]
	yellow		3[]
	orange		4[]
	pink		5[]
	red		6[]
	purple		7[]
	brown		8[]
5.8 (27)	Spathe: distribution of secondary color of <u>upper</u> side		
	at basal zone		1[]
	at central zone		2[]
	at apex		3[]
	at marginal zone		4[]
	along veins		5[]
	spotted		6[]
	irregular		7[]
5.9 (35)	Spadix: rolling		
	absent	ANTHBNZL	1[]
	present	ARINOS	9[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.10 (38)	Spadix: main color of <u>basal</u> part		
	white to cream		1[]
	green		2[]
	yellow		3[]
	orange		4[]
	pink		5[]
	red		6[]
	red purple		7[]
	purple		8[]
	brown		9[]
5.11 (39)	Spadix: main color of <u>distal</u> part		
	white		1[]
	green		2[]
	yellow		3[]
	orange		4[]
	pink		5[]
	red		6[]
	red purple		7[]
	purple		8[]
	brown		9[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAI	IRE	Page {x} of {	<u>[</u> y}	Reference Nu	ımber:			
Similar varieties and different	5. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties							
Please use the following table from the variety (or varieties) help the examination authority	which, to the	best of your k	knowledge, is	(or are) most	similar. This information ma			
variety(ies) similar to your yo	Characteristice our candidate vorms the similar	variety differs	the characte	expression of ristic(s) for the variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for <b>yo</b> candidate variety			
Example	Plant: h	eight	h	igh	medium			
Comments:								

TECHN	IICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:				
#7.	Addition	nal information which may he	lp in the examination of the	e variety				
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which makes the base of the control of							
	Yes	[]	No	[]				
	(If yes, please provide details)							
7.2	Are the	ere any special conditions for	growing the variety or con	ducting the examination?				
	Yes	[]	No	[]				
	(If yes,	please provide details)						
7.3	Other i	nformation						
<ul> <li>7.3 Other information</li> <li>A representative color photograph of the variety displaying its main distinguishing feature(s), should accompted the control of the candidate variety which supplements the information provided in the Technical Questionnaire.</li> <li>The key points to consider when taking a photograph of the candidate variety are: <ul> <li>Indication of the date and geographic location</li> <li>Correct labeling (breeder's reference)</li> <li>Good quality printed photograph (minimum 10 cm x 15 cm) and/or sufficient resolution electronic for version (minimum 960 x 1280 pixels)"</li> <li>Further guidance on providing photographs with the Technical Questionnaire is available in document TGP, "Development of Test Guidelines", Guidance Note 35 (http://www.upov.int/tgp/en/).</li> </ul> </li> <li>[The link provided may be deleted by members of the Union when developing authorities' own test guidelined.</li> <li>Resistance to pests and diseases</li> </ul> <li>(i) Use of variety/utilisation de la variété/Verwendung der Sorte <ul> <li>cut flower</li> <li>pot plant</li> <li>[]</li> </ul> </li>								

TEC	HNICA	L QUES	TIONNAIRE	Page {x} of	f {y}	Reference	Number:				
8.	Autho	orization fo	or release								
	(a)		e variety require pr ment, human and a		or release u	nder legislatio	on concerning	the protection	of the		
		Yes	[]	No	[]						
	(b)	Has suc	Has such authorization been obtained?								
		Yes	[]	No	[]						
	If the	answer to	(b) is yes, please	attach a copy of t	he authoriza	tion.					
9. In	formati	on on plar	nt material to be ex	amined or submit	ted for exam	nination					
	s and	disease,	sion of a characterischemical treatmen ken from different g	t (e.g. growth re	tardants or						
char has	acterist underg	tics of the one such	rial should not hat variety, unless the treatment, full deta /ledge, if the plant i	competent authorials of the treatme	orities allow ont must be	or request su given. In this	ch treatment. respect, pleas	If the plant ma	aterial		
	(a)	Mic	roorganisms (e.g. v	virus, bacteria, ph	ytoplasma)		Yes [ ]	No [ ]			
	(b)	Che	emical treatment (e	.g. growth retarda	ınt, pesticide	<del>)</del> )	Yes [ ]	No [ ]			
	(c)	Tiss	sue culture				Yes [ ]	No [ ]			
	(d)	Oth	er factors				Yes [ ]	No [ ]			
	Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".										
10.	l he	ereby decl	are that, to the bes	t of my knowledge	e, the inform	ation provide	d in this form is	s correct:			
	Арі	olicant's n	ame								
	Siç	gnature				Date					

[End of document]