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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

CALENDULA

UPOV Code(s): CALEN

Calendula L.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

*prepared by experts from Japan
 to be considered by the
 Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees
 at its fiftieth session, to be held in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada
 from 2017-09-11 to 2017-09-15*

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative names:*

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>French</i>	<i>German</i>	<i>Spanish</i>
<i>Calendula</i> L.	Calendula			

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Calendula* L.

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seeds or rooted cuttings.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

seed-propagated varieties: sufficient seeds to produce 30 plants
vegetatively propagated varieties: 15 rooted cuttings

In the case of seed, the seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should, be stated by the applicant.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.3.2 Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part I. These determinations should be made with the plant part placed against a white background. The color chart and version used should be specified in the variety description.

3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 30 plants for seed propagated varieties, or 15 plants for vegetatively propagated varieties.

3.5 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of plants or parts of plants to be Examined

In the case of seed-propagated varieties, unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 20 plants or parts taken from each of 20 plants and any other observation made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

In the case of vegetatively propagated varieties, unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 10 plants or parts taken from each of 10 plants and any other observation made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

“Visual” observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert’s judgment. For the purposes of this document, “visual” observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, “G” provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 *Uniformity*

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 The assessment of uniformity for seed-propogated varieties should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.
- 4.2.3 The assessment of uniformity for hybrid varieties depends on the type of hybrid and should be according to the recommendations for hybrid varieties in the General Introduction.
- 4.2.4 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 15 plants, 1 off-type is allowed.

4.3 *Stability*

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed or plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
- (a) Plant: growth habit (characteristic 1)
 - (b) Flower head: type (characteristic 14)
 - (c) Ray floret: main color of upper side (characteristic 21)
 - Gr.1: light yellow
 - Gr.2: yellow
 - Gr.3: yellow orange
 - Gr.4: orange
 - Gr.5: orange red
 - (d) Disc: type (characteristic 31)
 - (e) Disc: color (characteristic 33)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

<i>State</i>	<i>Note</i>
small	3
medium	5
large	7

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

<i>State</i>	<i>Note</i>
very small	1
very small to small	2
small	3
small to medium	4
medium	5
medium to large	6
large	7
large to very large	8
very large	9

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 *Example Varieties*

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielsorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
		Name of characteristics in English	Nom du caractère en français	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
		states of expression	types d'expression	Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

- 1 Characteristic number
- 2 (*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2
- 3 Type of expression
 - QL Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
 - QN Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
 - PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
- 4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)
 - MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5
- 5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2
- 6 (a)-(f) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1
- 7 Not applicable

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Plant: growth habit							
	upright						Princess Golden	1
	semi-upright						Zen Orange	2
	horizontal						Winter Sun	3
2. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Plant: height							
	short						Zen Orange	3
	medium						Orea Neo	5
	tall							7
3. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Plant: width							
	narrow							3
	medium						Zen Orange	5
	broad						Princess Golden	7
4.	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Primary branch: length							
	short						Zen Orange	3
	medium						Orea Neo	5
	long							7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
5.	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a)		
	Primary branch: length of internode					
	short					1
	short to medium				Zen Orange	2
	medium					3
	medium to long				Princess Golden	4
	long					5
6. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a), (b)		
	Leaf: length					
	short				Winter Sun	3
	medium					5
	long				Princess Golden	7
7. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a), (b)		
	Leaf: width					
	narrow				Winter Sun	3
	medium					5
	broad				Zen Orange	7
8. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(a), (b)		
	Leaf: shape					
	spatulate				Princess Golden	1
	oblanceolate				Sunset Buff	2
	oblong				Gladden Orange Eye	3

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
9.	PQ	VG	(+)	(a), (b)				
	Leaf: shape of apex							
	acute						Gladden Orange Eye	1
	obtuse							2
	rounded						Zen Orange	3
10.	QN	VG		(a), (b)				
	Leaf: intensity of green color on upper side							
	light							1
	medium						Zen Orange	3
	dark						Orea Neo	5
11.	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Inflorescence: number of flower heads							
	few							1
	medium						Zen Orange	3
	many						Orea Neo	5
12.	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
	Peduncle: length							
	short						Zen Orange	3
	medium						Winter Sun	5
	long							7
13.	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a), (c)				
	Involucre: diameter							
	small						Fuyushirazu	1
	medium						Zen Orange	3
	large							5

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
14. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(a), (c)				
	Flower head: type							
	single						Winter Sun	1
	semi double						Sunset Buff	2
	double						Zen Orange	3
15. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG		(a), (c)				
	Flower head: diameter							
	small						Orea Neo	3
	medium						Zen Orange	5
	large							7
16. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG		(a), (c)				
	Flower head: number of ray florets							
	very few						Fuyushirazu	1
	few						Sunset Buff	3
	medium							5
	many							7
	very many							9
17.	QN	VG	(+)	(a), (c), (d)				
	Ray floret: attitude of basal part							
	upward						Orea Neo	1
	horizontal						Zen Orange	2
	downward							3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
18. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(a), (c), (d)			
	Ray floret: length					
	short					3
	medium				Sunset Buff	5
	long				Princess Golden	7
19. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(a), (c), (d)			
	Ray floret: width					
	narrow				Fuyushirazu	1
	medium				Zen Orange	3
	broad					5
20.	QN	MG/MS/VG	(a), (c), (d)			
	Ray floret: ratio length/width					
	low					1
	moderately low				Zen Orange	2
	medium				Orea Neo	3
	moderately high					4
	high					5
21. (*)	PQ	VG	(a), (c), (d), (e)			
	Ray floret: main color of upper side					
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
22	(*) PQ VG	(a), (c), (d), (e)				
	Ray floret: secondary color of upper side					
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
23	(*) PQ VG	(+)	(a), (c), (d), (e)			
	Ray floret: distribution of secondary color of upper side					
	none					1
	at basal part					2
	at middle part					3
	at apical part					4
24	(*) PQ VG	(a), (c), (d), (e)				
	Ray floret: tertiary color of upper side					
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
25	(*) PQ VG	(a), (c), (d), (e)				
	Ray floret: distribution of tertiary color of upper side					
	none					1
	at basal part					2
	at middle part					3
	at apical part					4

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
26.	(*) PQ VG	(a), (c), (d), (e)				
	Ray floret: main color of lower side					
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
27.	(*) PQ VG	(a), (c), (d), (e)				
	Ray floret: secondary color of lower side					
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
28.	(*) PQ VG	(a), (c), (d), (e)				
	Ray floret: distribution of secondary color of lower side					
	none					1
	at basal part					2
	at middle part					3
	at apical part					4
29.	PQ VG	(a), (c), (d), (e)				
	Ray floret: tertiary color of lower side					
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
30.	PQ	VG	(a), (c), (d), (e)				
	Ray floret: distribution of tertiary color of lower side						
	none						1
	at basal part						2
	at middle part						3
	at apical part						4
31. (*)	QL	VG	(+)	(a), (c), (f)			
	Disc: type						
	daisy					Zen Orange	1
	anemone					Princess Golden	2
32. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a), (c), (f)			
	Disc: diameter						
	absent or very small						1
	small					Winter Sun	3
	medium					Sunset Buff	5
	large						7
33. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(a), (c), (f)			
	Disc: color						
	green						1
	yellow						2
	orange						3
	brown						4
	reddish purple						5
	dark purple						6
34.	QN	MG/VG	(+)				
	Only seed-propagated varieties: Time of beginning of flowering						
	early					Gladden Orange Eye	3
	medium					Princess Golden	5
	late						7

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Unless otherwise indicated, all observations should be made at the time of full flowering.
- (b) Observations on the leaf should be made on fully developed typical leaves taken from the middle third of the stems.
- (c) Observations on the flower head should be made on the typical terminal flower heads.
- (d) The ray florets in the outermost row should be observed.
- (e) The main color is the color with the largest surface area, the secondary color is the color with the second largest surface area, and the tertiary color is the color with the third largest surface area. In cases where the area of the main and secondary colors are too similar to reliably decide which color has the largest area, the darker color is considered to be the main color. In cases where the area of the secondary and tertiary colors are too similar to reliably decide which color has the second largest area, the darker color is considered to be the secondary color.
- (f) Observations on the disc should be made when the anthers in outer 2-3 rows of the disc floret have dehisced.

8.2 *Explanations for individual characteristics*

Ad. 1: Plant: growth habit



1
upright

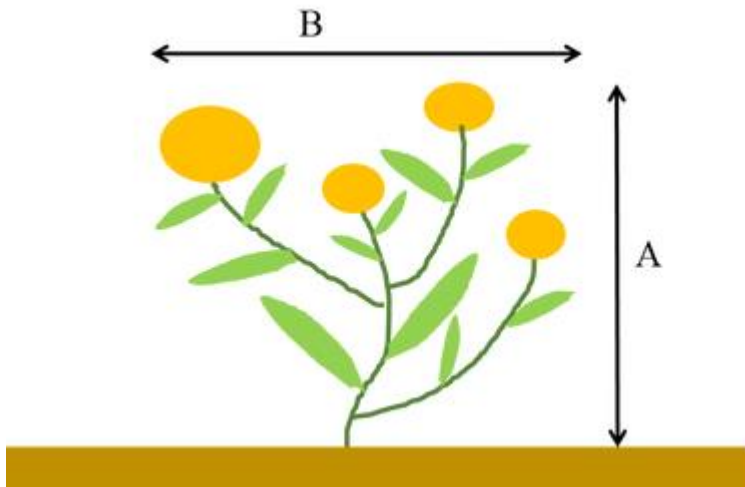


2
semi-upright



3
horizontal

Ad. 2: Plant: height

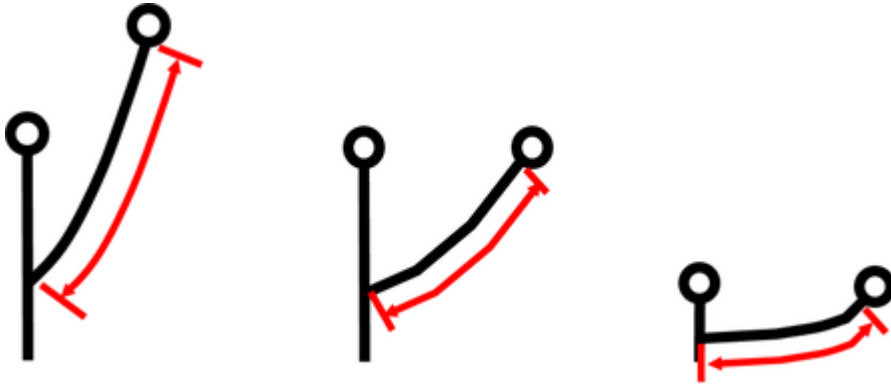


- A. Plant: height
- B. Plant: width

Ad. 3: Plant: width

See Ad.2

Ad. 4: Primary branch: length



Observation should be made on the longest primary branch.

Ad. 5: Primary branch: length of internode

Observations should be made on the middle internode of the longest primary branch.

Ad. 6: Leaf: length



A. Leaf: length
B. Leaf: width

Ad. 7: Leaf: width

See Ad.6

Ad. 8: Leaf: shape



1

spatulate



2

oblanceolate



3

oblong

Ad. 9: Leaf: shape of apex



1

acute



2

obtuse



3

rounded

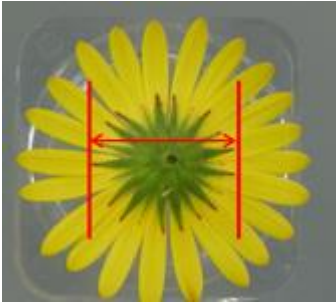
Ad. 11: Inflorescence: number of flower heads

The number of flower heads should be assessed, including flower buds, open flowers, and faded flowers. Observation should be made on the longest primary branch.

Ad. 12: Peduncle: length



Ad. 13: Involucre: diameter



Ad. 14: Flower head: type



1
single



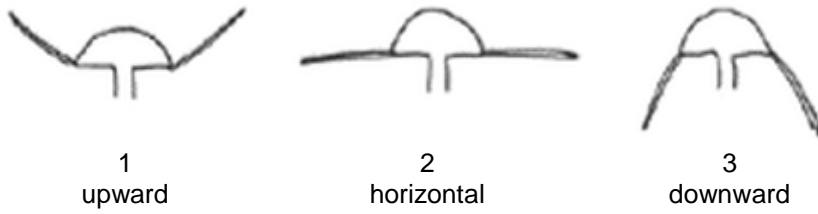
2
semi-double



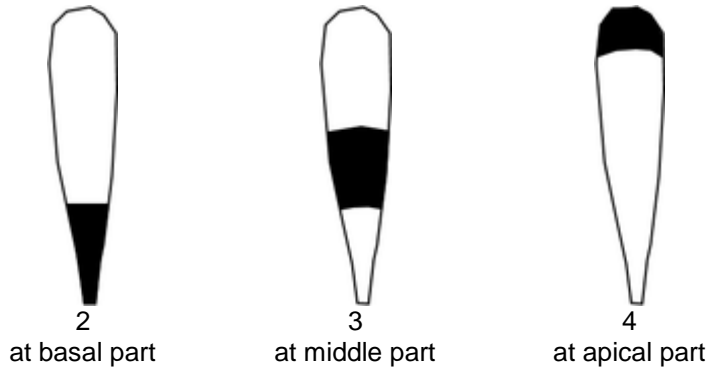
3
double

1. single: flower heads with one row of ray florets.
2. semi double: flower heads with two or three rows of ray florets.
3. double: flower heads with four or more rows of ray florets.

Ad. 17: Ray floret: attitude of basal part



Ad. 23: Ray floret: distribution of secondary color of upper side



Ad. 31: Disc: type

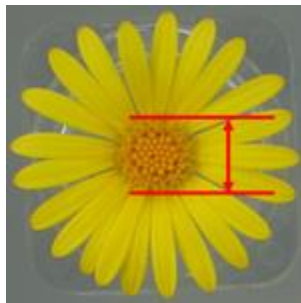


1
daisy

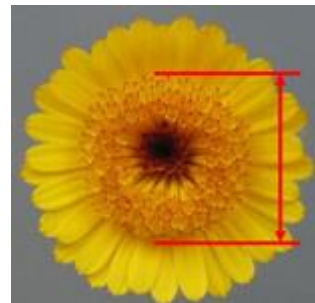


2
anemone

Ad. 32: Disc: diameter



daisy type



anemone type

Ad. 33: Disc: color

Observations on the disc should be made on the central part excluding the outer 2-3 rows with anthers dehisced.

Ad. 34: Only seed-propagated varieties: Time of beginning of flowering

Time of beginning of flowering is when the first flower head has fully opened on 50% of the plants.

9. Literature

10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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	Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE
to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights

1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire

1.1 Botanical name

1.2 Common name

2. Applicant

Name

Address

Telephone No.

Fax No.

E-mail address

Breeder (if different from applicant)

3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference

Proposed denomination (if available)

Breeder's reference

#4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety

4.1 Breeding scheme

Variety resulting from:

4.1.1 Crossing

(a) controlled cross []
(please state parent varieties)

(.....) x (.....)
female parent male parent

(b) partially known cross []
(please state known parent variety(ies))

(.....) x (.....)
female parent male parent

(c) unknown cross []

4.1.2 Mutation []
(please state parent variety)

4.1.3 Discovery and development []
(please state where and when discovered and how developed)

4.1.4 Other []
(please provide details)

4.2 Method of propagating the variety

4.2.1 Seed-propagated varieties

- (a) Self-pollination []
- (b) Cross-pollination []
- (i) Population []
- (c) Hybrid []
- (d) Other (please provide details) []

4.2.2 Vegetative propagation

- (a) Cuttings []
- (b) *In vitro* propagation []
- (c) Other (state method) []

4.2.3 Other []
(Please provide details)

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5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 Plant: growth habit (1)		
upright	Princess Golden	1 []
semi-upright	Zen Orange	2 []
horizontal	Winter Sun	3 []
5.2 Plant: height (2)		
short	Zen Orange	3 []
medium	Orea Neo	5 []
tall		7 []
5.3 Flower head: type (14)		
single	Winter Sun	1 []
semi double	Sunset Buff	2 []
double	Zen Orange	3 []
5.4 Flower head: diameter (15)		
small	Orea Neo	3 []
medium	Zen Orange	5 []
large		7 []
5.5 Ray floret: main color of upper side (21)		
RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
light yellow		1 []
yellow		2 []
yellow orange		3 []
orange		4 []
orange red		5 []
5.6 Disc: type (31)		
daisy	Zen Orange	1 []
anemone	Princess Golden	2 []

Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.7 Disc: color (33)		
green		1 []
yellow		2 []
orange		3 []
brown		4 []
reddish purple		5 []
dark purple		6 []

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6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.

Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety
<i>Example</i>	<i>Flower head: type</i>	<i>single</i>	<i>double</i>
Comments:			

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#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety

7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?

Yes No

(If yes, please provide details)

7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?

Yes No

(If yes, please provide details)

7.3 Other information

A representative color photograph of the variety displaying its main distinguishing feature(s), should accompany the Technical Questionnaire. The photograph will provide a visual illustration of the candidate variety which supplements the information provided in the Technical Questionnaire.

The key points to consider when taking a photograph of the candidate variety are:

- Indication of the date and geographic location
- Correct labeling (breeder's reference)
- Good quality printed photograph (minimum 10 cm x 15 cm) and/or sufficient resolution electronic format version (minimum 960 x 1280 pixels)"

Further guidance on providing photographs with the Technical Questionnaire is available in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines", Guidance Note 35 (<http://www.upov.int/tgp/en/>).

[The link provided may be deleted by members of the Union when developing authorities' own test guidelines.]

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8. Authorization for release

(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?

Yes [] No []

(b) Has such authorization been obtained?

Yes [] No []

If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.

9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination

9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.

9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:

- | | | | |
|-----|---|---------|--------|
| (a) | Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (b) | Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (c) | Tissue culture | Yes [] | No [] |
| (d) | Other factors | Yes [] | No [] |

Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".

.....

10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:

Applicant's name

Signature

Date

[End of document]