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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

CHINA ASTER

UPOV Code: CALSP_CHI

Callistephus chinensis (L.) Nees

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by an expert from Japan

to be considered by the

Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees at its forty-seventh session, to be held in Naivasha, Kenya, from May 19 to 23, 2014

Alternative Names:

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Callistephus chinensis (L.) Nees	China Aster, Annual Aster	Aster, Aster de Chine, Reine-marguerite	Sommeraster	Aster de China

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

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These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. <u>Subject of these Test Guidelines</u>

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Callistephus chinensis (L.) Nees.

2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

a sufficient quantity of seed to produce 40 plants.

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should be stated by the applicant.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.

3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part I. These determinations should be made with the plant part placed against a white background. The color chart and version used should be specified in the variety description.
- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 40 plants.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. <u>Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability</u>

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 20 plants or parts taken from each of 20 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual

plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 Uniformity

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity of mainly self-pollinated varieties, a population standard of 1% and acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 40 plants, 2 off-types are allowed.

4.3 Stability

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed or plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.
- 4.3.3 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, the stability of a hybrid variety may, in addition to an examination of the hybrid variety itself, also be assessed by examination of the uniformity and stability of its parent lines.

5. <u>Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial</u>

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Plant: height (characteristic 1)
 - (b) Flower head: type (characteristic 15)
 - (c) Outer ray floret: shape (characteristic 22)
 - (d) Outer ray floret: main color of inner side (characteristic 25) with the following groups:
 - Gr. 1: white
 - Gr. 2: yellow
 - Gr. 3: orange
 - Gr. 4: pink
 - Gr. 5: red
 - Gr. 6: purple
 - Gr. 7: violet
 - (e) Disc: type (characteristics 36)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. <u>Introduction to the Table of Characteristics</u>

6.1 Categories of Characteristics

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

State	Note
small	3
medium	5
large	7

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

State	Note
very small	1
very small to small	2
small	3
small to medium	4
medium	5
medium to large	6
large	7
large to very large	8
very large	9

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

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(*)	Asterisked characteristic	- see Chapter 6.1.2
QL QN PQ	Qualitative characteristic Quantitative characteristic Pseudo-qualitative characteristic	see Chapter 6.3see Chapter 6.3see Chapter 6.3
MG. N	AS. VG. VS	- see Chapter 4.1.5

- (a)-(f) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2.

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. (*) (+)	VG/ MS	Plant: height					
QN		short				Gyokurei Rose	3
		medium				Petit White	5
		tall				Sanhana Purple	7
2.	VG/ MS	Plant: width					
QN		narrow				Sanhana Purple	3
		medium				San Petit Purple	5
		broad				Koma Purple	7
3. (+)	VG/ MS	Plant: number of primary lateral shoots					
QN	(a)	few				Fukuhogyoku	3
		medium				Ariake Murasaki	5
		many				Chikuma Aka	7
4. (+)	VG/ MS	Plant: number of secondary lateral shoots					
QN		few				Fukuhogyoku	3
		medium				Shigyoku	5
		many				Chikuma Aka	7
5.	VG						
(+)		primary lateral shoots					
PQ	(a)	mainly on lower part				Siena Pink	1
		throughout				Stellar Blue	2
		mainly on upper part				Chikuma Light Pink	3
6.	VG/ MS	Primary lateral shoot: length					
QN	(a)	short				Mochizuki Blue	3
		medium				Siena Pink	5
		long				Koma Pink	7
7.	VG	Primary lateral shoot: angle in relation to stem					
QN	(a)	small				Sanhana Purple	1
		medium				Stellar Red	3
		large				San Petit Purple	5

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
8.	VG/ MS	Stem: number of nodes					
(+)							
QN		few				Fukunohikari	3
		medium				Petit Scarlet	5
		many				Sanhana Purple	7
9. (*)	VG	Stem: anthocyanin coloration					
QN		absent or very weak				Ariake Shiro	1
		weak				Fukuyo	2
		medium				Shigyoku	3
		strong				Aoitori	4
10.	VG/ MS	Petiole: length					
(+)	WIS						
QN	(b)	short				Chikuma Light Blue	3
		medium				Siena Carmine Red	5
		long				Matsumoto Top Rose	7
11. (*) (+)	VG/ MS	Leaf blade: length					
QN	(b)	short				Fukunohikari	3
		medium				Stellar Red	5
		long				Koma Purple	7
12. (*) (+)	VG/ MS	Leaf blade: width					
QN	(b)	narrow				Fukunohikari	3
		medium				Stellar Blue	5
		broad				Stellar Red	7
13.	VG/ MS	Leaf blade: ratio length/width					
(+)	IVIO	lengu/widu					
QN	(b)	low				Siena Light Blue	3
		medium				Fukunokagayaki	5
		high				Stellar Red	7
14.	VG	Leaf blade: intensity of green color					
QN	(b)	light				Matsumoto Mid Blue	1
		medium				Ariake Shiro, Kurenai	2
		dark				Athena Purple Flash	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
15. (*) (+)	VG	Flower head: type					
QL	(c)	without ray floret				Hulk	1
		single				Siena Pink	2
		double				Miss Europe, Stellar Blue	3
16. (*)	VG/ MS	Flower head: number of ray florets					
QN	(c)	absent or very few				Hulk	1
		few				Stellar Carmine	3
		medium				SAKAST045	5
		many				Racy Rose Red	7
17. (*)	VG/ MS	Flower head: diameter					
QN	(c)	small				Stellar Red	3
		medium				Fukunokagayaki	5
		large				Koma Pink	7
18. (*) (+)	VG/ MS	Flower head: height					
QN	(c)	short				Stellar Carmine	3
		medium				SAKAST044	5
		tall				Racy Rose Red	7
19. (*)	VG/ MS	Outer ray floret: length					
QN	(c)	short				Stellar Carmine	3
	(e)	medium				Siena Light Blue	5
		long				Racy Rose Red	7
20. (*)	VG/ MS	Outer ray floret: width					
QN	(c)	narrow				SAKAST042	3
	(e)	medium				Fukunohikari	5
		broad				Koma Pink	7
21. (+)	VG/ MS	Outer ray floret: ratio length/width					
QN	(c)	low				Fukunokagayaki	3
	(e)	medium				Stellar Carmine	5
	ν-,	high				Racy Rose Red	7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note Nota
22. (*) (+)	VG	Outer ray floret: shape					
PQ	(c)	ligulate					1
	(e)	spatulate					2
		tubular					3
23. (*) (+)	VG	Outer ray floret: curvature of longitudinal axis					
PQ	(c)	incurved					1
	(e)	straight					2
		reflexed					3
		twisted					4
24. (*) (+)	VG	Outer ray floret: profile in cross section at the widest part					
PQ	(c)	concave					1
	(e)	flat					2
		convex					3
		oblong					4
		circular					5
		rhombic					6
25. (*)	VG	Outer ray floret: main color of inner side					
PQ	(c) (e)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
26. (*)	VG	Outer ray floret: secondary color of inner side					
PQ	(c) (e)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
27. (+)	VG	Outer ray floret: distribution of secondary color of inner side					
PQ	(c)	basal part					1
	(e)	apical part					2
	-	on margin					3
		central bar					4
28.	VG	Outer ray floret: main color of outer side					
PQ	(c) (e)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
29. (*) (+)	VG	Only varieties with double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: shape					
PQ	(c)	ligulate					1
	(f)	spatulate					2
		tubular					3
30. (*) (+)	VG	Only varieties with double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: curvature of longitudinal axis					
PQ	(c)	incurved					1
	(f)	straight					2
		reflexed					3
		twisted					4
31. (*) (+)	VG	Only varieties with double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: profile in cross section at the widest part					
PQ	(c)	concave					1
	(f)	flat					2
		convex					3
		oblong					4
		circular					5
		rhombic					6
32. (*)	VG	Only varieties with double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: main color of inner side					
PQ	(c) (f)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
33. (*)	VG	Only varieties with double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: secondary color of inner side					
PQ	(c) (f)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
34.	VG	Only varieties with					
(+)		double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: distribution of secondary color of inner side					
PQ	(c)	basal part					1
	(f)	apical part					2
		on margin					3
		central bar					4
35.	VG	Only varieties with double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: main color of outer side					
PQ	(c) (f)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
36. (*) (+)	VG	Disc: type					
QL	(c) (d)	daisy				Siena Pink	1
		anemone				Chikuma Siro	2
37. (*) (+)	VG/ MS	Disc: diameter					
QN	(c) (d)	very small					1
		small				Stellar Carmine	2
		medium				Umenomai	3
		large				Kairyo Kurenai	4
		very large					5
38.	VG	Disc: color of central part					
PQ	(c) (d)	white					1
		yellow				Stellar Blue	2
		yellowish green				Petit Fancy Pink	3
		green					4
39.	VG	Disc floret: color					
PQ	(c) (d)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
40. (*) (+)	VG/ MS	Involucre: diameter					
QN	(c)	small				Sanhana Purple	3
		medium				Stellar Carmine	5
		large				Chikuma Light Pink	7

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
	VG/ MS	Involucre: size in relation to flower head diameter					
(+)	IVIS	to nower nead diameter					
QN	(c)	small				Taiyo	1
		equal				Fukuhogyoku	2
		large				Chikuma Light Pink	3
	VG/	Time of beginning of					
(+)	MG	flowering					
N		early				Athena Scarlet	3
		medium				Stellar Blue	5
		late				Chikuma Light Pink	7

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Unless otherwise indicated below, all characteristics should be recorded at the time of full flowering. Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Observations on the primary lateral shoots should be made on the longest primary lateral shoots.
- (b) Observations on the petiole and the leaf blade should be made on the upper side of fully developed typical leaves of the longest primary lateral shoots.
- (c) Observations on the flower head should be made on the typical terminal flower heads.
- (d) Observations on the disc should be made when the anthers in outer 3-4 rows of the disc floret have dehisced.
- (e) The ray florets in the outermost row should be observed.
- (f) The inner ray florets should be observed when they are markedly different from in shape or color of the ray florets in the outer most row.

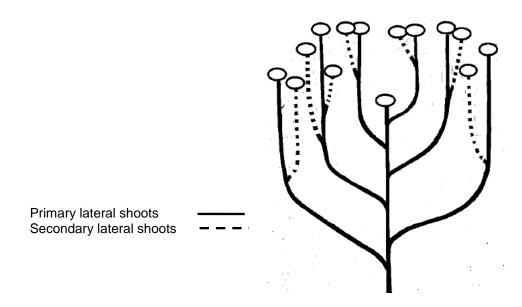
8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 1: Plant: height

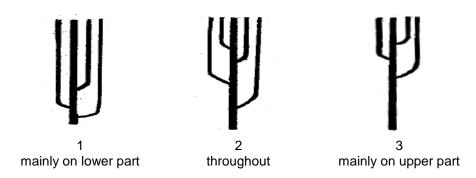
Plant height should be observed from the ground to the top of the plant, including inflorescence.

Ad. 3: Plant: number of primary lateral shoots

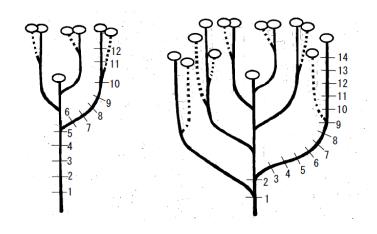
Ad. 4: Plant: number of secondary lateral shoots



Ad. 5: Plant: distribution of primary lateral shoots

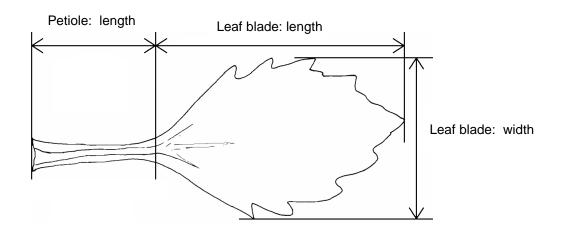


Ad. 8: Stem: number of nodes

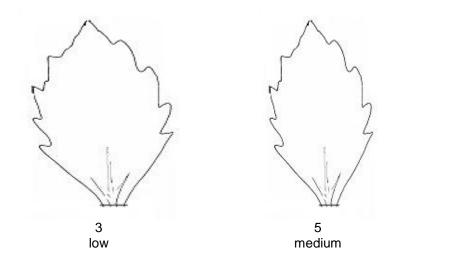


Number of nodes should be observed from the ground up to the top of the longest primary lateral shoots.

Ad. 10: Petiole: length
Ad. 11: Leaf blade: length
Ad. 12: Leaf blade: width



Ad.13: Leaf blade: ratio length/width





Ad. 15: Flower head: type

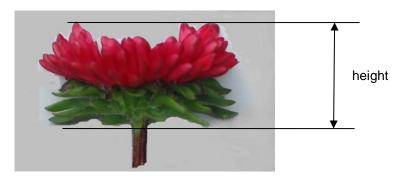


1: without ray floret flower heads with no ray floret.

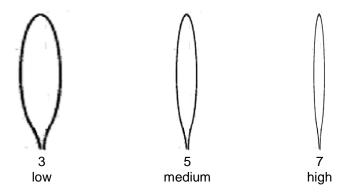
2: single flower heads with one row of ray florets, and a clearly defined central disc.

3: double flower heads with more than one row of ray florets

Ad.18: Flower head: height

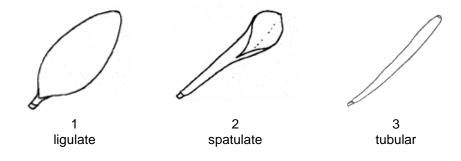


Ad. 21: Outer ray floret : ratio length/ width



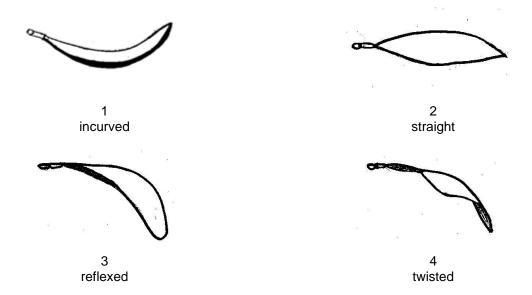
Ad. 22: Outer ray floret: shape

Ad. 29: Only varieties with double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: shape



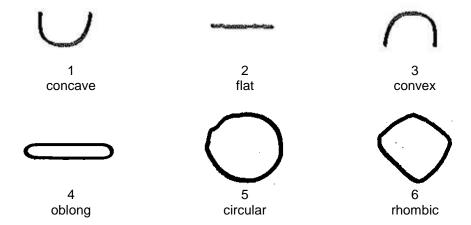
Ad. 23: Outer ray floret: curvature of longitudinal axis

Ad. 30: Only varieties with double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: curvature of longitudinal axis



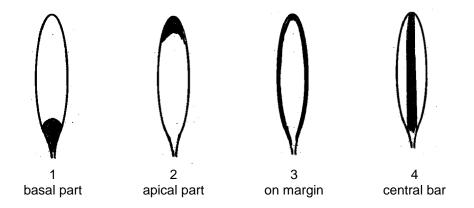
Ad. 24: Outer ray floret: profile in cross section at the widest part

Ad. 31: Only varieties with double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: profile in cross section at the widest part

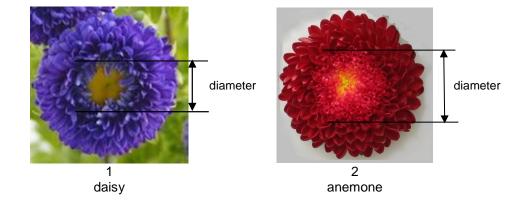


Ad. 27: Outer ray floret: distribution of secondary color of inner side

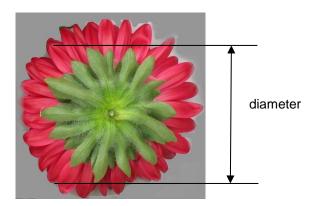
Ad. 34: Only varieties with double type of flower head: Inner ray floret: distribution of secondary color of inner side



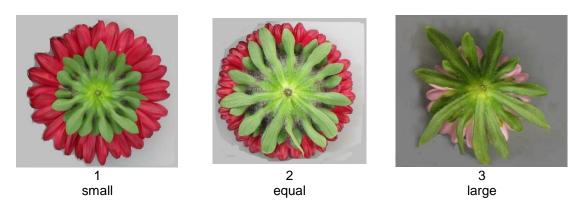
Ad. 36: Disc: type
Ad. 37: Disc: diameter



Ad. 40: Involucre: diameter



Ad. 41: Involucre: size in relation to flower head diameter



Ad. 42: Time of beginning of flowering

Time of beginning of flowering is when the first flower head has fully opened on 50% of the plants.

9. <u>Literature</u>

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Wit, F. 1937: Contributions to the Genetics of the China Aster, Genetica, Springer, vol.19, no.1-3, pp1-104

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECH	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
			Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
		ECHNICAL QUESTIONNAII nection with an application f	
1.	Subject of the Technical Questionnain	е	
	1.1 Botanical name Cal	llistephus chinensis (L.) Nee	es
	1.2 Common name Chi	na Aster	
2.	Applicant		
	Name		
	Address		
	Telephone No.		
	Fax No.		
	E-mail address		
	Breeder (if different from applicant)		
3.	Proposed denomination and breeder	s reference	
	Proposed denomination (if available)		
	Breeder's reference		

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {v}	Reference Number:

[#] 4.	Info	rmation on	nation on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety							
	4.1	Breedin	g scheme							
		Variety	resulting from:							
		4.1.1	Crossing							
			[]							
		(female pa)							
			[]							
		(female pa	rent x (male parent)						
			(c) unknown cross	[]						
		4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent variety)	[]						
		4.1.3	Discovery and development (please state where and when discovered and how developed)	[]						
		4.1.4	Other (please provide details)	[]						

[#] Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

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4.2 Method of propagating the variety 4.2.1 Seed-propagated varieties (a) Self-pollination (b) Cross-pollination (i) population (ii) synthetic varie (c) Hybrid (d) Other (please provide det	[] [] iety [] []
4.2.1 Seed-propagated varieties (a) Self-pollination (b) Cross-pollination (i) population (ii) synthetic varie (c) Hybrid (d) Other (please provide det	[] [] iety [] []
(a) Self-pollination (b) Cross-pollination (i) population (ii) synthetic varie (c) Hybrid (d) Other (please provide det	[] [] iety [] []
(b) Cross-pollination (i) population (ii) synthetic varie (c) Hybrid (d) Other (please provide det	[] iety [] [] []
(b) Cross-pollination (i) population (ii) synthetic varie (c) Hybrid (d) Other (please provide det	[] iety [] [] []
(ii) synthetic varie (c) Hybrid (d) Other (please provide det	iety [] [] []
(c) Hybrid (d) Other (please provide det	[]
(d) Other (please provide det 4.2.2 Vegetative propagation	[]
(please provide det	etails)
4.2.2 Vegetative propagation	etails)
(a) cuttings	[]
(b) in vitro propagation	n []
(c) other (state method	d) []
4.2.3 Other (please provide details)	[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (1)	Plant: height		
	very short		1[]
	very short to short		2[]
	short	Gyokurei Rose	3[]
	short to medium		4[]
	medium	Petit White	5[]
	medium to tall		6[]
	tall	Sanhana Purple	7[]
	tall to very tall		8[]
	very tall		9[]
5.2 (15)	Flower head: type		
	without ray floret	Hulk	1[]
	single	Siena Pink	2[]
	double	Miss Europe, Stellar Blue	3[]
5.3 (17)	Flower head: diameter		
	very small		1[]
	very small to small		2[]
	small	Stellar Red	3[]
	small to medium		4[]
	medium	Fukunokagayaki	5[]
	medium to large		6[]
	large	Koma Pink	7[]
	large to very large		8[]
	very large		9[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.4 (22)	Outer ray floret: shape		
	ligulate		1[]
	spatulate		2[]
	tubular		3[]
5.5i (25)	Outer ray floret: main color of inner side		
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.5ii (25)	Outer ray floret: main color of inner side		
	white		1[]
	yellow		2[]
	orange		3[]
	pink		4[]
	red		5[]
	purple		6[]
	violet		7[]
5.6 (36)	Disc: type		
	daisy		1[]
	anemone	Chikuma Siro	2[]

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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y	/} Reference Num	ber:					
6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties								
Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.								
variety(ies) similar to your your o	racteristic(s) in which candidate variety differs the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety					
Example I	Flower head: type	single	double					
Comments:								

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:

[#] 7.	Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety									
7.1		tion to the info distinguish th		ed in sec	ctions 5	and 6, are	there any	y additional c	haracterist	ics which may
	Yes	[]		No	[]					
	(If yes,	please provide	e details)							
7.2	Are the	ere any specia	l conditions for	growing	the vari	ety or con	ducting th	e examinatio	n?	
	Yes	[]		No	[]					
	(If yes,	please provid	e details)							
7.3	Other i	nformation								
	7.3.1	Main use								
	(a) (b) (c) (c)	pot plan cut-flow other	nt	e details)					[] [] []	
	7.3.2	Where ar	n image of the	variety is	to be p	rovided				
	A rep	resentative co	lor image of the	e variety	should	accompan	y the Tec	hnical Questi	ionnaire.	
8.	Authori	ization for rele	ase							
	(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?									
		Yes []		N	lo	[]				
	(b)	Has such autl	norization beer	obtaine	d?					
		Yes []		N	lo	[]				
	If the a	nswer to (b) is	s yes, please at	ttach a co	opy of th	ne authoriz	zation.			

[#] Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

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TECHN	CHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE			Page {x} of {y}	Reference N	lumber:					
9.	Informa	ation on plant ma	terial to be exa	amined or submitted for ex	xamination.						
	79.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different crootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.										
has un	teristics dergone	s of the variety, ur e such treatment,	nless the comp , full details of	undergone any treatmen betent authorities allow or the treatment must be give ial to be examined has be	request such en. In this res	treatment. If the spect, please ind	plant material				
	(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) Yes [] No []										
	(b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide) Yes [] No []										
	(c) Tissue culture Yes [] No [
(d) Other factors Yes [] No							No []				
	Please	provide details fo	or where you h	nave indicated "yes".							
9.3	Has th	e plant material to	o be examined	been tested for the prese	ence of virus or	other pathogens	s?				
	Yes [] (please provide details as specified by the Authority)										
	No		[]								
10.	I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:										
	Applica	ant's name									
	Signature Date										

[End of document]