

TG/GREVI(proj.1)
ORIGINAL: English
DATE: 2013-03-07

# INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

GREVILLEA

UPOV Code: GREVI

Grevillea R. Br. corr. R. Br.

#### **GUIDELINES**

#### FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

## FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from Australia

to be considered by the

Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees at its forty-sixth session, to be held in Melbourne, Australia, from April 22 to 26, 2013

## Alternative Names:

Botanical nameEnglishFrenchGermanSpanishGrevillea R. Br.<br/>corr. R. Br.GrevilleaImage: Corr of the corr of t

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

#### **ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS**

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

\_

These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

## TG/GREVI(proj.1) Grevillea 2013-03-07

- 2 -

<u>T/</u>	ABLE OF CONTENTS	<u>PAGE</u>
1.	. SUBJECT OF THESE TEST GUIDELINES	3
2.	MATERIAL REQUIRED	3
3.	METHOD OF EXAMINATION	3
	3.1 Number of Growing Cycles	3 3 3
4.	. ASSESSMENT OF DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY	4
	4.1 DISTINCTNESS	5
5.	. GROUPING OF VARIETIES AND ORGANIZATION OF THE GROWING TRIAL	5
6.	. INTRODUCTION TO THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS	5
	6.1 CATEGORIES OF CHARACTERISTICS 6.2 STATES OF EXPRESSION AND CORRESPONDING NOTES 6.3 TYPES OF EXPRESSION 6.4 EXAMPLE VARIETIES 6.5 LEGEND	6 6 6
7.	TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS/TABLEAU DES CARACTÈRES/MERKMALSTABELLE/TABLA DE CARACTERES	7
8.	EXPLANATIONS ON THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS	22
	EXPLANATIONS COVERING SEVERAL CHARACTERISTICS	
9.	LITERATURE	27
10	0. TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	28

- 3 -

#### 1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Grevillea R. Br. corr. R. Br..

## 2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of plants expressing relevant characteristics of the variety in the first growing cycle.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

10 plants.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

#### 3. Method of Examination

#### 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.

### 3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part I. These determinations should be made with the plant part placed against a white background. The color chart and version used should be specified in the variety description.
- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 10 plants
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

#### 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

- 4

### 4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

#### 4.1 Distinctness

#### 4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

#### 4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

#### 4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

#### 4.1.4 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 9 plants or parts taken from each of 9 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

#### 4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

- 5 -

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

#### 4.2 Uniformity

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95 % should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 10 plants, 1 off-type is allowed.

## 4.3 Stability

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

## 5. <u>Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial</u>

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
  - (a) Plant: habit (characteristic 1)
  - (b) Leaf: division of blade (characteristic 19)
  - (c) Inflorescence: form (characteristic 37)
  - (d) Inflorescence: sequence of flower opening (characteristic 38)
  - (e) Inflorescence: predominant color (characteristic 39)
  - (f) Perianth: color (characteristic 54)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

#### 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

#### 6.1 Categories of Characteristics

#### 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

#### 6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by \*) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS

and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

#### 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

State	Note
small	3
medium	5
large	7

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

State	Note
very small	1 1
very small to small	2
small	3
small to medium	4
medium	5
medium to large	6
large	7
large to very large	8
very large	9

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

### 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

#### 6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

(\*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

QL Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3 QN Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3 PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

- (a) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2.

# 7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. (*) (+)	VG	Plant: habit					
PQ	(a)	upright				Callums Gold	1
		bushy				Honey Gem	2
		spreading				Ninderry-Sunrise	3
		prostrate				Raptor	4
2. (*) (+)	VG	Plant: attitude of branches					
PQ	(a)	erect				Callums Gold	1
		erect to semi-erect				Blood Orange	2
		semi-erect				Honey Gem	3
		semi-erect to horizontal				Ninderry-Sunrise	4
		horizontal				Raptor	5
3.	VG/ MS	Plant: height of foliage					
QN	(a)	short					3
		medium					5
		tall					7
4.	VG	Plant: density of foliage					
PQ	(a)	sparse				Raptor	1
		medium				Callums Gold	2
		dense				Billy Bonkers	3
5.	VG	Young stem: color					
(+)							
PQ		yellow green				Honey Gem	1
		green				Fireworks, Coastal Prestige	2
		purple				Raptor	3
		orange				Callums Gold	4
		brown				Autumn Waterfall	5

		English	francoia	doutooh	ogno ão l	Example Varieties Exemples	Note/
		English	français	deutsch	español	Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Nota
6. (*) (+)	VG	Stem: color					
PQ		yellow green				New Blood	1
		green				Burke 3	2
		orange				Ninderry-Sunrise	3
		purple				Callums Gold	4
		brown				Honey Gem	5
7.	VG	Young stem: hairiness					
QL		absent					1
		present				Knockout	9
8.	VG/ MS	Petiole: length					
QN		short				Raptor	3
		medium				Callums Gold	5
		long				Red Rover	7
9.	VG/ MS	Leaf: length					
(+)	0						
QN		short				[Example]	3
		medium				[Example]	5
		long				[Example]	7
10. (+)	VG/ MS	Leaf: width					
QN		narrow				[Example]	3
		medium				[Example]	5
		broad				[Example]	7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
11.	VG	Leaf: attitude relative to stem					
QN		erect				Raptor	1
		erect to semi-erect				Honey Gem	2
		semi-erect				Callums Gold	3
		semi-erect to horizontal				Billy Bonkers	4
		horizontal				Prostrate Yellow	5
12. (*) (+)	VG	Leaf: margin in cross section					
PQ		flat or slightly recurved				Raptor	1
		strongly recurved				Callums Gold	2
		angularly revolute to the mid vein					3
		smoothly revolute to the mid vein				Little Honey	4
13. (*)	VG	Leaf: intensity of green color of upper side					
QN		light				Autumn Waterfall	1
		medium				Raptor	2
		dark				Callums Gold	3
14. (*) (+)	VG	Leaf: color of lower side					
PQ		white				Callums Gold	1
		light green				Raptor	2
		medium green				Ninderry-Sunrise	3
		dark green					4
		red green					5
15.	VG	Leaf: degree of hairiness on upper side					
QN		weak				Ninderry-Sunrise	3
		medium				Callums Gold	5
		strong					7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
16.	VG	Leaf: degree of hairiness on lower side					
QN		weak				Little Honey	3
		medium				Blood Orange	5
		strong				Ninderry-Sunrise	7
17.	VG	Leaf: color of hairs on lower side					
QL		white				Callums Gold	1
		red brown				Honey Gem	2
18.	VG	Leaf: undulation of margin					
QN		weak				Callums Gold	3
		medium				Raptor	5
		strong				Entrée	7
19. (*)	VG	Leaf: division of blade					
QL		absent				Fire Cracker	1
		present				Callums Gold	9
20. (*) (+)	VG	Leaf: blade shape					
PQ		lanceolate				H22	1
		ovate				Burke 3	2
		linear				Fire Cracker	3
		oblong					4
		elliptic				TWD01	5
		rhombic				Molly	6
		circular					7
		obovate					8
21.	VG	Leaf: degree of division of blade					
QL		primary				Raptor	1
		secondary				Autumn Waterfall	2
		tertiary				Callums Gold	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
22.	VG	Leaf: depth of division of blade					
QN		sinus less than one third of way to midrib					1
		sinus one third to two thirds of way to midrib				Bedspread	2
		sinus greater than two thirds of way to midrib				Callums Gold	3
23.	VG	Leaf: number of lobes					
QN		few				Parakeet Pink	3
		medium				Callums Gold	5
		many				Honey Gem	7
24.	VG	Leaf: regularity of lobing					
QL		regular				Callums Gold	1
		irregular				Raptor	2
25.	VG	Leaf: attitude of longitudinal axis of longitudinal axis of midrib					
QN		erect					1
		erect to semi-erect				Honey Gem	2
		semi-erect				Callums Gold	3
		semi-erect to horizontal					4
		horizontal					5
26. (+)	VG	Leaf: shape of apex of sinus					
PQ		pointed				Ninderry-Sunrise	1
		rounded					2
		flattened				Callums Gold	3

	4	$\sim$	
-	1	_	-

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
27.	VG/ MS	Leaf: width of sinus					
QN		very narrow					1
		very narrow to narrow				Honey Gem	2
		narrow					3
		narrow to medium				Ninderry-Sunrise	4
		medium				Billy Bonkers	5
		medium to broad				Ivory Whip	6
		broad				Callums Gold	7
		broad to very broad					8
		very broad					9
28.	VG/ MS	Lobe: length					
QN		short				Autumn Waterfall	3
		medium				Billy Bonkers	5
		long				Callums Gold	7
29.	VG/ MS	Lobe: width					
QN		narrow				Callums Gold	3
		medium				Ivory Whip?	5
		broad					7
30.		Leaf: shape of apex					
(+)							
PQ		acute				Little Honey	1
		obtuse					2
		truncate					3
31.	VG	Leaf: differentiated tip					
QL		mucronate				H22	1
		apiculate				New Blood	2

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
32.	VG	Flowering branch: position of inflorescence					
QL		terminal only				Ninderry-Sunrise	1
		axillary only					2
		both terminal and axillary				Callums Gold	3
33.	VG	Inflorescence: attitude					
PQ		erect				Red Rover	1
		erect to semi-erect				Little Honey	2
		semi-erect				Honey Gem	3
		semi-erect to horizontal				Blood Orange	4
		horizontal				Callums Gold	5
		horizontal to semi- drooping				Ninderry-Sunrise	6
		semi-drooping					7
		semi-drooping to drooping					8
		drooping				Entrée	9
34.	VG	Inflorescence: branching					
QN		absent or very weak				Ninderry-Sunrise	3
		weak				Red Rover	5
		medium				Callums Gold	7
35.	VG/ MS	Inflorescence: length					
QN		short				Raptor	3
		medium				Callums Gold	5
		long				Autumn Waterfall	7
36.	VG/ MS	Inflorescence: width					
QN		narrow				Raptor	3
		medium				Callums Gold	5
		broad				Red Rover	7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
37. (*) (+)	VG	Inflorescence: form					
PQ		secund				Ninderry-Sunrise	1
		irregular				LadyO	2
		cylindrical				Callums Gold	3
		triangular				Fireworks	4
		dome					5
		ovoid					6
		globose					7
		umbellate				H22	8
38. (*) (+)	VG	Inflorescence: sequence of flower opening					
QL		centripetal				Callums Gold	1
		centrifugal				Knockout	2
		synchronous				Coastal Prestige	3
39 (*)	VG	Inflorescence: predominant color					
PQ		red				Raptor	1
		pink				Blood Orange	2
		orange				Ninderry-Sunrise	3
		white				Ivory Whip	4
		yellow				Callums Gold	5
		green					6
		black					7
40.	VG	Inflorescence: density of florets	1				
QN		sparse				Coastal Dawn	3
		medium				Honey Gem	5
		dense				Callums Gold	7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
41.	VG/ MS	Inflorescence: number of flowers					
QN		few				Fire Cracker?	3
		medium				Raptor	5
		many				Red Rover	7
42.	VG/ MS	Rachis: length					
QN		short				Raptor	3
		medium				Callums Gold	5
		long				Honey Gem	7
43.	VG	Flower: attitude of pedicel in relation to rachis					
QN		leaning away from inflorescence peduncle				Callums Gold	1
		perpendicular				Ninderry-Sunrise	2
		leaning towards inflorescence peduncle				Autumn Waterfall	3
44.	VG/ MS	Flower: pedicel length					
QN		short				Callums Gold	3
		medium				Billy Bonkers	5
		long				Autumn Waterfall	7
45. (+)	VG	Bud: attitude of limb in relation to longitudinal axis of bud					
PQ		upright				Ninderry-Sunrise	1
		horizontal				New Blood	2
		drooping				Callums Gold	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
46.	VG	Bud: color of limb					
PQ		yellow				Honey Gem	1
		green				Callums Gold	2
		orange				Sylvia	3
		pink					4
		red				Raptor	5
		reddish brown					6
		brown				New Blood	7
		black					8
47. (*)	VG	Bud: perianth color					
PQ		white				'Ivory Whip'	1
		yellow				Callums Gold	2
		green				Ninderry-Sunrise	3
		orange				Entrée	4
		pink				Molly	5
		red				Raptor	6
		black					7
48.	VG/ MS	Perianth: length					
N		short				Raptor	3
		medium				Callums Gold	5
		long				Red Rover	7
19.	VG/ MS	Perianth: width					
QN		narrow				Callums Gold	3
		medium				Ninderry-Sunrise	5
		broad				Entrée	7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
50.	VG	Perianth: degree of hairiness (outside of perianth including limb)					
QN		absent or very weak				Ninderry-Sunrise	1
		weak				Honey Gem	2
		medium				Raptor	3
		strong				Callums Gold	4
51.	VG	Perianth: hair color					
QL		white				Raptor	1
		red brown				Callums Gold	2
52.	VG	Perianth: coherence of tepals on dorsal side					
QN		less than one third				Callums Gold	1
		one third to two thirds				Molly	2
		greater than two thirds				Ninderry-Sunrise	3
53.	VG	Perianth: coherence of tepals on <u>ventral</u> side					
QN		less than one third				Ninderry-Sunrise	1
		one third to two thirds				Molly	2
		greater than two thirds				Callums Gold	3
54. (*)	VG	Perianth: color					
PQ		white				'Ivory Whip'	1
		yellow				Callums Gold	2
		green				Sandra Gordon	3
		orange				Ninderry-Sunrise	4
		pink				Blood Orange	5
		red				Raptor	6
		black					7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
55.	VG	Tepal: flanging at margin					
QN		absent or very weak				Callums Gold	1
		weak				Blood Orange	2
		medium				Red Rover	3
		strong				Coastal Glimpse	4
56.	VG	Nectary: color					
PQ		white				Ivory Whip	1
		yellow				Honey Gem	2
		green				Billy Bonkers	3
		orange				Callums Gold	4
		pink					5
		red				Coastal Prestige	6
		black					7
57.	VG	Ovary: hairiness					
QN		absent or very weak				Knockout	1
		weak				Jubilee	2
		medium				Raptor	3
		strong				Callums Gold	4
58.	VG	Ovary: color					
PQ		white				Raptor	
		yellow				Honey Gem	
		green				Callums Gold	
		orange					
		pink					
		red					
		black					
59.	VG	Style: curvature					
(+)							
QN		straight				Callums Gold	1
		gently curved				Ninderry-Sunrise	2
		sharply curved				Pink Surprise	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
60.	VG	Style: position of curve					
QL		continuous along length				Ninderry-Sunrise	1
		top half				Raptor	2
61.	VG	Style: hairiness					
QN		absent or very weak				Callums Gold	1
		weak				Ivory Whip	2
		medium				Entrée	3
		strong					4
62.	VG	Style: position of hairs					
QN		evenly distributed along length				Entrée	1
		concentrated towards style end					2
		concentrated towards ovary end				Ninderry-Sunrise	3
63.	VG	Style: color					
PQ		white				Ivory Whip	1
		yellow				Golden Yul-lo	2
		green				Misty Pink	3
		orange				Callums Gold	4
		pink				Knockout	5
		red				Raptor	6
		black					7
64.	VG/ MS	Pistil: length					
QN		short				Knockout	3
		medium				Ninderry-Sunrise	5
		long				Callums Gold	7
65.	VG	Pistil: length in relation to length of perianth					
QN		much longer				Callums Gold	1
		moderately longer				Ivory Whip	2
		same length					3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
66.	VG	Stigma: color					
PQ		white				Knockout	1
		yellow				Callums Gold	2
		green				Raptor	3
		orange				Jubilee	4
		pink				Billy Bonkers	5
		red				Red Rover	6
		black					7
67.	VG	Pollen presenter : attitude to style					
PQ		lateral				Honey Gem	1
		oblique				Callums Gold	2
		transverse					3
68.	VG	Pollen presenter : concurrence with style					
QL		absent				Callums Gold	1
		present				Raptor	9
69.	VG	Pollen presenter: shape					
PQ		cone				Raptor	1
		cylinder				Honey Gem	2
		dome				Callums Gold	3
		flat				LadyO	4
		convex				Autumn Waterfall	5

#### TG/GREVI(proj.1) Grevillea 2013-03-07 - 21 -

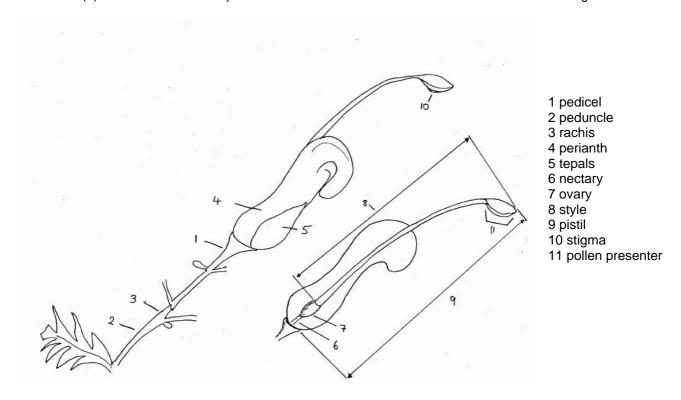
		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
70.	VG	Pollen presenter: color					
PQ		white				Billy Bonkers	1
		yellow				Callums Gold	2
		green				Raptor	3
		orange				Autumn Waterfall	4
		pink				Fireworks	5
		red				LadyO	6
		black					7
71.	VG	Pollen: color					
PQ		white				Little Honey	1
		yellow				Callums Gold	2
		purple				Raptor	3

## 8. <u>Explanations on the Table of Characteristics</u>

## 8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

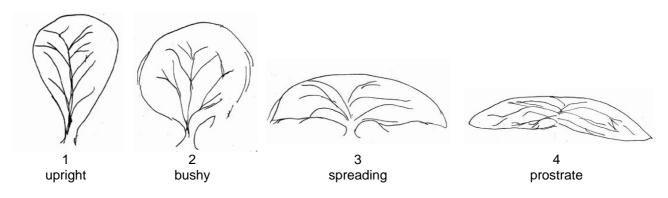
"Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

(a) The assessment of plant characteristics should be carried out at time of flowering.



## 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

#### Ad. 1: Plant habit



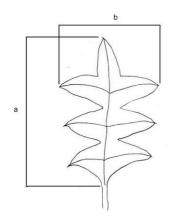
## Ad. 5: Young stem color

Sometimes there is a waxy layer covering the stem surface which gives a bluish or whitish appearance. The layer should be removed by rubbing before observing stem color.

## Ad. 6: Stem: color

Assessed on side least exposed to sun. Sometimes there is a waxy layer covering the stem surface which gives a bluish or whitish appearance. The layer should be removed by rubbing before observing stem color.

Ad. 9: Leaf: length Ad. 10: Leaf: width

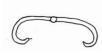


- a leaf length, observed excluding petiole
- b leaf width, observed at widest point

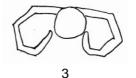
## Ad. 12: Leaf: margin in cross section



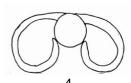
flat or slightly recurved



2 strongly recurved



angularly revolute to the mid vein



smoothly revolute to the mid vein

Ad. 13: Leaf: intensity of green color of upper side

Ad. 14: Leaf: color of lower side

Overall appearance of color with hairs present

# Ad. 20: Leaf: blade shape

Varieties with division of blade absent only.

← bro	oadest part	$\rightarrow$
below middle	at middle	above middle

ongated)		3 linear	
narrow (elongated)			
th) →	1 lanceolate	4 oblong	
width (ratio length/width)		5 elliptic	8 obovate
broad (compressed) ←		6 rhombic	
broad (c		7 circular	

Ad. 21: Leaf: degree of division of blade

Ad. 22: Leaf: depth of division of blade

Ad. 23: Leaf: number of lobes
Ad. 24: Leaf: regularity of lobing

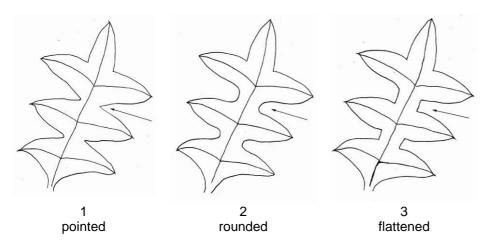
Ad. 25: Leaf: attitude of longitudinal axis of lobes to longitudinal axis of midrib

Ad. 28: Lobe: length Ad. 29: Lobe: width

Varieties with division of blade present only.

## Ad. 26: Leaf: shape of apex of sinus

Varieties with division of blade present only.



#### Ad. 27: Leaf: width of sinus

Observed on varieties with division of blade present and with rounded or flattened sinus.

Ad. 30: Leaf: shape of apex Ad. 31: Leaf: differentiated tip

Observed on varieties with division of blade absent.

Ad. 37: Inflorescence: form

[Illustrations to be added]

Ad.38: Inflorescence: sequence of flower opening

[Illustrations to be added]

## Ad. 45: Bud: attitude of limb in relation to longitudinal axis of bud

Observed during late bud prior to anthesis.

# Ad. 59: Style: curvature

Observed after anthesis before dehiscence of perianth.

# 9. <u>Literature</u>

No literature.

# 10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHN	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
			Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
		ECHNICAL QUESTIONNAII nection with an application f	
1.	Subject of the Technical Questionnair	re	
	1.1 Botanical name Gre	evillea R. Br. corr. R. Br.	
,	1.2 Common name Gre	villea	
2.	Applicant		
	Name		
,	Address		
	Telephone No.		
	Fax No.		
	E-mail address		
١	Breeder (if different from applicant)		
3.	Proposed denomination and breeder's	s reference	
	Proposed denomination (if available)		
	Breeder's reference		

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {v}	Reference Number:

<sup>#</sup> 4.	Info	rmation on	the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety	
	4.1	Breedin	ng scheme	
		Variety	resulting from:	
		4.1.1	Crossing	
			(a) controlled cross (please state parent varieties)	[ ]
		( female pa	x (arent male parent	)
			(b) partially known cross (please state known parent variety(ies))	[ ]
		( female pa	arent x (male parent	)
			(c) unknown cross	[ ]
		4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent variety)	[ ]
		4.1.3	Discovery and development (please state where and when discovered and how developed)	[ ]
		4.1.4	Other (please provide details)"	[ ]"

<sup>#</sup> Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TG/GREVI(proj.1) Grevillea 2013-03-07 - 30 -

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:

CNI 24 (Ch	enter 10, TO 4.2) information on mathed of propa	acting the veriety)
GN 31 (Cr	apter 10: TQ 4.2) – information on method of propa	gating the variety }
e 1		
"4.2.1	Seed-propagated varieties	
	"(a) Self-pollination	[ ]
	"(b) Cross-pollination	
	(i) population	[ ]
	(ii) synthetic variety	[ ]
	"(c) Hybrid	[ ]
	{see GN 32 for example}	
	"(d) Other	[ ]
	(please provide details)"	
"4.2.2	Vegetatively propagated varieties	
	{see Example 2}	[]
"4.2.3	Other	[ ]"
	(please provide details)"	

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:

Example 2				
	"4.2.1	Vegetative propagation		
		'(a) cuttings		[ ]
	6	(b) in vitro propagation		[]
	6	'(c) other (state method)		[ ]
	"4.2.2	Seed		[ ]
	"4.2.3	Other		[ ]"
	4.2.3	(please provide details)"		[ ]
	<u></u>			
{ GN 32 (C	Chapter 1	0: TQ 4.2) – information on method	of pr	opagation of hybrid varieties }
"In the case	e of hybri	id varieties the production scheme for its of all the parent lines required for its	r the	hybrid should be provided on a separate sheet. This gating the hybrid e.g.
"Single Hyb			огора	gating the hybrid e.g.
		) rent	x	() male parent
"Three-Way	y Hybrid			
	emale lin	) e	Х	() male line
	_			
,				
		)  prid used as female parent		x () male parent
"and should	d identify	in particular:		
"(a) "(b)		le sterile lines nance system of male sterile lines."		

TG/GREVI(proj.1) Grevillea 2013-03-07 - 32 -

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
5. Characteristics of the variety to be characteristic in Test Guidelines; please ma			sponding
Characteristics		Example Varieties	Note

TECH	HNICAL QUESTIONNA	IRE	Page {x} of {y	/}	Reference Num	ber:		
6.	6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties							
Pleas	se use the following ta	ble and box for	comments to p	rovide infori	mation on how yo	our candidate variety differs		
from	the variety (or varietie	s) which, to the	best of your kr	nowledge, is	(or are) most sin	nilar. This information may		
neip	the examination author	ity to conduct its	examination o	t distinctnes	s in a more etticie	nt way.		
D	Denomination(s) of	Characteristic	c(s) in which	Describe th	ne expression of	Describe the expression of		
	ety(ies) similar to your	your candidate	variety differs		teristic(s) for the	the characteristic(s) for		
(	candidate variety	from the similar	ar variety(ies)	simila	r variety(ies)	your candidate variety		
	Example							
	Comments:							
#_								
<sup>#</sup> 7.	Additional information	n which may hel	p in the examin	ation of the	variety			
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?							
		•						
	Yes [ ]		No [ ]					
	(If yes, please provide	e details)						
7.2	Are there any specia	I conditions for a	rowing the vari	ety or condu	icting the examina	ation?		
1.2				cty or corrac	ioung the examine	AUOIT:		
	Yes [ ]		No [ ]					
	(If yes, please provide	e details)						
7.3	Other information							
Λ ren	resentative color image	of the variety of	nould accompa	ny the Tech	nical Questionnai	ro.		
Атер	resentative color image	e of the variety si	iouiu accompa	ny me recm	nicai Questionnai	С.		
8.	Authorization for rele	ase						
	( ) 5				1 1 1 2			
	(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?							
	Yes [ ]	I	No	[]				
		horization been d						
	(b) Has such autl	IUIIZAUUII DEEN (	oblaii ieu (					
	Yes [ ]		No	[ ]				
	If the answer to (b) is	s ves, please atta	ach a conv of th	ne authorizat	ion.			
	If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.							
_	·		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#</sup> Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

#### TG/GREVI(proj.1) Grevillea 2013-03-07 - 34 -

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE		QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference N	nce Number:				
9.	9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination.								
9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.									
has ur	The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:								
	(a)	Microorganisms (e.g. virus,	bacteria, phytoplasma)		Yes [ ]	No [ ]			
	(b)	Chemical treatment (e.g. gr	owth retardant, pesticide)		Yes []	No [ ]			
	(c)	Tissue culture			Yes [ ]	No [ ]			
	(d)	Other factors			Yes []	No [ ]			
	Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".								
{ ASV	<b>V 17</b> (C	Chapter 10: TQ 9.3) – tests fo	or the presence of virus or oth	er pathogens	}				
"9.3	Has the plant material to be examined been tested for the presence of virus or other pathogens?								
	Yes [ ] (please provide details as specified by the Authority)								
	No	[ ]"							
10.	I here	by declare that, to the best of	f my knowledge, the information	on provided in	this form is corr	ect:			
	Applicant's name								
	Signat	ture		Date					

[End of document]