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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS GENEVA

DRAFT

DIANELLA

UPOV Code: DIANE

Dianella Lam. ex Juss.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

Prepared by an expert from Australia

to be considered by the

Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees at its forty-third session, to be held in Cuernavaca, Morelos State, Mexico, from September 20 to 24, 2010

Alternative Names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Dianella Lam. ex				
Juss.				

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Dianella* Lam. ex Juss.

2. Material Required

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of plants capable of flowering and expressing relevant characteristics of the variety in the first growing cycle.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

10 plants

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.

3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.3.2 Observation of color by eye

Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part I. These determinations should be

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made with the plant part placed against a white background. The color chart and version used should be specified in the variety description.

- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 10 plants
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.
- 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

- 4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability
- 4.1 Distinctness
 - 4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations for the purposes of distinctness should be made on 10 plants or parts taken from each of 10 plants, disregarding any off-type plants.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness."

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 Uniformity

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95 % should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 10 plants, 1 off-type is allowed.

4.3 Stability

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.
- 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial
- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Plant: habit (characteristic 1)
 - (b) Plant: height excluding inflorescence (characteristic 2) [Check if appropriate]
 - (c) Leaf: width (characteristic 8) [Check if appropriate]
 - (d) Leaf: glaucosity of inner side (characteristic 9)
 - (e) Leaf: variegation (characteristic 10)
 - (f) Leaf blade: shape (characteristic 16)
 - (g) Leaf: spines on margin (characteristic 19)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".
- 6. <u>Introduction to the Table of Characteristics</u>
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
 - 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

State	Note
small	3
medium	5
large	7

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

State	Note
very small	1
very small to small	2
small	3
small to medium	4
medium	5
medium to large	6
large	7
large to very large	8
very large	9

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

- 6.5 Legend
- (*) Asterisked characteristic see Chapter 6.1.2
- QL Qualitative characteristic see Chapter 6.3
- QN Quantitative characteristic see Chapter 6.3
- PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic see Chapter 6.3
- MG, MS, VG, VS see Chapter 4.1.5
- (a)-(c) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note / Nota
1. (*) (+)	VG	Plant: habit					
PQ	(a)	upright				Little Devil	1
		upright to semi- upright				Dinki Di	2
		semi-upright				TAS100	3
2. (*)	VG/ MG	Plant: height excluding inflorescence					
QN	(a)	very short				Dinki Di	1
		short					3
		medium				Little Devil	5
		tall				REV101	7
		very tall				Goddess	9
3.	VG	Plant: density of shoots					
PQ	(a)	very sparse					1
		sparse				LHC1	3
		medium				Rainbow	5
		dense				Little Devil	7
		very dense				Dinki Di	9
4.	VG/ MG	Stem: internode length					
QN	(a)	very short				TAS300	1
		short				TR20	3
		medium					5
		long					7
		very long					9

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note / Nota
5. (*) (+)	VG	Leaf: attitude of basal third					
PQ	PQ (b)	erect				Little Devil	1
		erect to semi-erect				Rainbow	2
		Semi-erect				TAS300	3
6. (*) (+)	VG	Leaf: arching of upper third					
PQ	(b)	very weak				LHC1	1
		weak				TAS300	3
		medium				TAS100	5
		strong				DT23	7
		very strong					9
7.		Leaf: length	[Proposed]				
		short					3
		medium					5
		long					7
8. (*)	VG/ MG	Leaf: width					
QN	(b)	very narrow					1
		narrow				Little Devil	3
		medium				TAS100	5
		wide				Goddess	7
		very wide					9

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note / Nota
9. (*)	VG	Leaf: glaucosity of upper inner side					
QN	(b)	absent or very weak				Goddess TR20	1
		weak				DT23	3
		medium				Little Devil	5
		strong				DR5000	7
		very strong					9
10. (*)	VG	Leaf: variegation					
QL	(b)	absent					1
		present				Border Silver	9
						Rainbow	
11.		Young leaf: main color of inner side (waxiness removed)	[Proposed new characteristic. Also perhaps use color groups rather than RHS]				
PQ		RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
12. (*)	VG	Leaf: main color of upper inner side (waxiness removed)	[Proposal to perhaps use color groups rather than RHS]				
PQ	(b)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
13. (*)	VG	Leaf: main color of lower outer side (waxiness removed)	[Proposal to perhaps use color groups rather than RHS]				
PQ	(b)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note / Nota
14.	VG	Leaf: secondary color of upper inner side (variegated leaves only)					
PQ	(b)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
15.		Leaf: pattern of secondary color	[Proposed]				
		marginal					1
		midrib					2
		between margin and midrib					3
16. (*) (+)	VG	Leaf blade: shape					
QL		ligulate				Dinki Di	1
		linear				TAS300	2
		ensiform				Border Silver	3
		lorate					4
17. (*) (+)	VG	Leaf: shape of apex					
QL	(b)	acute				Dinki Di	1
		apiculate				Rainbow	2
		acuminate				Goddess	3
18.	VG	Leaf: cross section					
PQ	(b)	concave				Goddess	1
		flat					2
		convex					3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note / Nota
19. (*)	VG	Leaf: spines on margin					
QL	(b)	absent				REV101	1
		present				Rainbow	9
20.	VG	Leaf: prominence of spines on margin					
PQ	(b)	very weak				Border Silver	1
		weak				Little Devil	3
		medium				Rainbow	5
		strong					7
		very strong					9
21.	VG	Leaf: color of margin (in winter)					
QL	(b)	green				Goddess	1
		red				Rainbow	2
22. (*)	VG	Leaf midrib: spines on lower side					
QL	(b)	absent				REV101	1
		present				Goddess	9
23.	VG	Leaf midrib: prominence of spines on lower side					
QN	(b)	very weak				Border Silver	1
		weak				DTN03	3
		medium				Goddess	5
		strong				DT23	7
		very strong					9

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note / Nota
24.	VG	Basal sheath: anthocyanin colouration (in summer)					
PQ	(b)	red purple				Dinki Di	1
		red brown				REV101	2
		brown					3
25.	VG	Basal sheath: intensity of anthocyanin colouration (in summer)					
QN		very weak				Goddess	1
		weak				REV101	3
		medium				LHC1	5
		strong				Little Devil	7
						TAS300	
		very strong					9
26.		Flowering stem: color	[Proposal, RHS or color group ?]				
27.		Inflorescence: attitude	[Proposed]				
28.		Inflorescence: length of flowering part	[Proposed]				
QN		short					3
		medium					5
		long					7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note / Nota
29.		Inflorescence: density	[Proposed]				
QN		sparse					3
		medium					5
		dense					7
30.		Inflorescence: presence of vegetative shoots within the inflorescence	[Proposed]				
QL		absent					1
		present					9
31. (*) (+)	VG	Inflorescence: position in relation to foliage					
QL	(c)	above				Little Devil	1
		same level					2
		below				Border Silver	3
32.		Perianth: diameter	[Proposed]				
		small					3
		medium					5
		large					7
33. (*)	VG	Perianth: color					
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
34. (*)	VG	Anther: color	[Proposal to use colour groups]				
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note / Nota
35. (*) (+)	VG	Immature fruit: color					
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
36. (*) (+)	VG	Mature fruit: color					
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
37.	VG	Seed: color					
QL	(c)	brown					1
		black				Goddess	2

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) The assessment of plant characters should be carried out later in the growing season, towards the end of active vegetative growth.
- (b) All observations on the leaf should be made on mature fully expanded leaves
- (c) All observations on the inflorescence and flower should be made on the main flower spike [check]

8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 1: Plant: growth habit

Diagram to be added

Ad. 5: Leaf: attitude

Diagram to be added

Ad. 6: Leaf: arching

Photo or Diagram to be added

Ad. 8: Leaf: glaucosity of inner side

Photo or Diagram to be added of where to observe

Ad. 13: Leaf blade: shape

Photo or Diagram to be added

Ad. 14: Leaf: shape of apex

Diagram to be added

Ad. 23: Inflorescence: position in relation to foliage

Diagram to be added

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9. <u>Literature</u>

Henderson R.J.F., 1987: Flora of Australia vol 45. Australian Government Publishing Service. Canberra, Australian Capital Territory, AU, pp. 194 to 225.

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE		Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:			
			Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)			
	TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights					
1.	Subject of the Technical Ques	tionnaire				
1.1	Genus					
	1.1.1 Botanical name	ianella Lam. ex Juss.				
	1.1.2 Common name	ianella				
1.2	Species (please indicate)					
2.	Applicant					
	Name					
	Address					
	Telephone No.					
	Fax No.					
	E-mail address					
	Breeder (if different from app	licant)				

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TEO	TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:				
3.	Proposed denomination and b	reeder's reference			
	Proposed denomination (if available)]	
	Breeder's reference]	

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page	Svlof Svl I	Reference Number:

4.1	1.1 Breeding scheme					
	Variety resulting from:					
	4.1.1 Crossing					
		(a) controlled cross (please state parent vari	ietie	s)		
	()	X	()		
		female parent (b) partially known cross (please state known par	ent	male parent [] variety(ies))		
	(female parent	X	() male parent		
		(c) unknown cross		[]		
	4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent variety)		[]		
	4.1.3	Discovery and development (please state where and when	dis	[] covered and how developed)		
	4.1.4	Other (please provide details)				

[#] Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUE	STIONNAIRE	Page $\{x\}$ of $\{y\}$	Reference Number	:		
4.2 Method of propagating the variety						
4.2.1 Vegetativ	4.2.1 Vegetative propagation					
(a)	cuttings		[]			
(b)	division		[]			
(c)	in vitro propag	gation	[]			
(d)	other (state me	ethod)	[]			
4.2.2 Other (ple	ase provide deta	ils)	[]			

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (1)	Plant: habit		
	upright	Little Devil	1[]
	upright to semi-upright	Dinki Di	2[]
	semi-upright	TAS100	3[]
5.2 (2)	Plant: height (excluding inflorescence)		
	very short	Dinki Di	1[]
	very short to short	LHC1	2[]
	short		3[]
	short to medium	TAS100	4[]
	medium	Little Devil	5[]
	medium to tall	DarwinGold	6[]
	tall	REV101	7[]
	tall to very tall		8[]
	very tall	Goddess	9[]
5.3 (8)	Leaf: width		
	very narrow		1[]
	very narrow to narrow		2[]
	narrow	Little Devil	3[]
	narrow to medium	REV101	4[]
	medium	TAS100	5[]
	medium to wide		6[]
	wide	Goddess	7[]
	wide to very wide	DT23	8[]
	very wide		9[]

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.4 (9)	Leaf: glaucosity of inner side		
	absent or very weak	Goddess, TR20	1[]
	very weak to weak		2[]
	weak	DT23	3[]
	weak to medium	Rainbow	4[]
	medium	Little Devil	5[]
	medium to strong	TAS300	6[]
	strong	DR5000	7[]
	strong to very strong		8[]
	very strong		9[]
5.5 (10)	Leaf: variegation		
	absent		1[]
	present	Border Silver, Rainbow	9[]
5.6 (16)	Leaf blade: shape		
	ligulate	Dinki Di	1[]
	linear	TAS300	2[]
	ensiform	Border Silver	3[]
	lorate		4[]
5.7 (19)	Leaf: spines on margin		
	absent	REV101	1[]
	present	Rainbow	9[]

	_	dicated (the number in br please mark the note wh		s).		
Characteristics		Ex	ample Varieties N	ote		
6. Similar varieties	6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties					
candidate variety differ (or are) most similar.	rs from the variety (or var	nents to provide informati rieties) which, to the best p the examination author ray.	of your knowledge,	is		
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) f your candidate var	or		
Example	Plant: habit	erect	erect to semi-erec	ct		
Comments:						

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).						
Characteristics Example Varieties	Note					
[#] 7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety						
7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any accharacteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?					
Yes [] No []						
(If yes, please provide details)						
7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination.	ation?					
Yes [] No []						
(If yes, please provide details)						
7.3 Other information						
A representative color image of the variety should accompany the Technical Questionna	ire.					
8. Authorization for release						
(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation contributed the protection of the environment, human and animal health?						
Yes [] No []						
(b) Has such authorization been obtained?						
Yes [] No []						
If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.						

[#] Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

5. corre	Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in sponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note				
	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note		
9.	Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for ex	xamination.			
•	The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of stors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different.)	retardants or p	esticides),		
such t	The plant material should not have undergone any treatment assion of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent a reatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, for e given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of you all to be examined has been subjected to:	uthorities allow all details of the	or request treatment		
	(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)	Yes [] N	No []		
	(b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)	Yes [] N	No []		
	(c) Tissue culture	Yes [] N	No []		
	(d) Other factors	Yes [] N	No []		
	Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".				
9.3 patho		resence of virus	or other		
	Yes [] (please provide details as specified by the Authority)				
	No []				
10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:					
	Applicant's				
	Signature Date				