# INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS 

# TECHNICAL WORKING PARTY FOR ORNAMENTAL PLANTS AND FOREST TREES 

Forty-Second Session<br>Angers, France, September 14 to 18, 2009

EXERCISE ON COLOR<br>Document prepared by the European Community

## Background

1. At its forty-first session, held in Wageningen, the Netherlands, from June 9 to 13, 2008, the Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees (TWO) discussed document TGP/14/1 Draft 6, Section 2, Subsection 3: Color and document TWO/41/3 Add. 'Addendum to TGP Documents: Conclusions of the workshop on TGP/14 Section 2, Subsection 3: Color'. Document TWO/41/3Add. presented the conclusions of the TGP/14 Workshop, which included the proposal that the use of characteristics for "number of colors" should be avoided as the starting point for describing color distribution and patterns. Instead, it was agreed that the colors should first be described, followed by characteristics explaining the area, distribution, pattern etc. of each color. That approach to describing colors is also called 'the Lisbon approach'.
2. The TWO agreed to start using the proposals as set out in document TWO/41/3 Add. in the preparation of draft Test Guidelines for 2009. In order to develop and test the approach to color characteristics proposed in document TWO/41/3 Add., the TWO agreed to conduct an exercise on color in Alstroemeria, Canna and Phalaenopsis to see if characteristics based on that approach would be more effective than the traditional approach. The TWO agreed that the European Community should coordinate a subgroup to develop proposals for the exercise to be conducted by the TWO, in which the two approaches would be evaluated. At the forty-first session of the TWO, experts from Australia, France, Germany, Japan, Mexico, the

Netherlands, New Zealand, United Kingdom and the Office of the Union agreed to participate in the subgroup. After the TWO session, on request, the Republic of Korea was added to the subgroup. It was agreed that the results of the exercise would be presented at the forty-second session of the TWO. It was agreed that experts from the Netherlands would provide photographs of Phalaenopsis and Alstroemeria varieties, and experts from France would provide photographs of Canna varieties. The selected photographs would then be circulated to the participants of the subgroup of the TWO, who would be invited to describe the color characteristics of the flowers as contained in the relevant Test Guidelines, and according to the approach in document TWO/41/3 Add.
3. Experts from the Netherlands provided photographs of Phalaenopsis and Alstroemeria varieties, of which, respectively, 8 and 12 photographs were selected for the exercise. Experts from France provided photographs of Canna varieties, of which 2 photographs were selected for the exercise.

## Organization of the Exercises

4. The exercises were organized as follows:
5. On March 1, 2009, Circular E_937 was sent to all TWO experts to explain the organization of the exercise. Photographs of the flowers of the selected varieties of Phalaenopsis, Alstroemeria and Canna were placed on the TWO/42 Area of the UPOV Website. There was an explanation as to which part of the flower should be observed for the exercise, as well as the 'Japan's distribution chart (document TWO/41/3 Add. Annex II, page 5). The photographs had reference numbers but the variety names were not provided. Participants were requested to fill in their observations for each of the varieties in a table.

## Exercise on Phalaenopsis

Exercise 1: 'TG' Approach: TWO experts were invited to describe a number of color characteristics of the petals of each of the varieties. The characteristics to be described were characteristics $64,65,66,67,68,69,70,71,72,73,74$ and 75 of the current draft Test Guidelines: document TG/213/2 (proj1).

Exercise 2: 'Lisbon' approach: _TWO experts were invited to describe a number of color characteristics of the petals of each of the varieties. For this exercise, a set of characteristics were designed according to the approach of document TWO/41/3 Add., paragraph 4, covering the color description of the petal similar to the 'TG' approach.

## Exercise on Alstroemeria

Exercise 1: 'TG' Approach: TWO experts were invited to describe a number of color characteristics of the outer tepals of each of the varieties. The characteristics to be described were characteristic 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 of the current Guideline: document TG/29/7.

Exercise 2: 'Lisbon' approach: TWO experts were invited to describe a number of color characteristics of the outer tepals of each of the varieties. For this exercise, a set of characteristics were designed according to the approach of document TWO/41/3 Add., paragraph 4, covering the color description of the petal similar to the 'TG' approach.

## Exercise on Canna

Exercise 1: ‘TG’ Approach: TWO experts were invited to describe a number of color characteristics of the staminodes of each of the varieties. The characteristics to be described were characteristic 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 of the current (draft) Guideline: document TG/CANNA (proj.4).

Exercise 2: 'Lisbon’ approach: TWO experts were invited to describe a number of color characteristics of the staminodes of each of the varieties. For this exercise, a set of characteristics were designed according to the approach of document TWO/41/3 Add., paragraph 4 , covering the color description of the petal similar to the ' TG ' approach.

## Participation in Exercise

## 6. A summary of the participation by TWO experts in the exercises is provided below:

## Exercise on Phalaenopsis

Exercise 1: Participation: Canada (8 varieties), CIOPORA (8 varieties),Germany (8 varieties), Japan ( 8 varieties), United Kingdom ( 8 varieties), European Community (participation with 3 different experts): CPVO-1 (8 varieties), CPVO-2 (8 varieties), CPVO-3 (8 varieties)

Exercise 2: Participation: Canada (8 varieties), CIOPORA (8 varieties),Germany (3 varieties), Japan (8 varieties), United Kingdom (8 varieties), European Community (participation with 3 different experts): CPVO-1 (8 varieties), CPVO-2 (8 varieties), CPVO-3 (8 varieties)

## Exercise on Alstroemeria

Exercise 1: Participation: Australia (12 varieties), Canada (2 varieties),Germany (3 varieties), Japan (12 varieties), United Kingdom (12 varieties), European Community (participation with 2 different experts): CPVO-1 (12 varieties), CPVO-3 (12 varieties)

Exercise 2: Participation: Australia (12 varieties), Canada (2 varieties), Germany (3 varieties), Japan (12 varieties), United Kingdom (12 varieties), European Community (participation with 2 different experts): CPVO-1 (12 varieties), CPVO-3 (12 varieties)

## Exercise on Canna

Exercise 1: Participation: Australia (2 varieties), Canada (2 varieties),Germany (2 varieties), Japan (2 varieties), United Kingdom (2 varieties), European Community (participation with 3 different experts): CPVO-1 (1 variety), CPVO-2 (2 varieties), CPVO-3 (2 varieties)

Exercise 2: Participation: Australia (2 varieties), Canada (2 varieties),Germany (2 varieties), Japan (2 varieties), United Kingdom (2 varieties), European Community (participation with 3 different experts): CPVO-1 (2 varieties), CPVO-2 (2 varieties), CPVO-3 (2 varieties)

## Results of the Exercise

7. The results of the exercises are presented as follows:

| Annex I: | Phalaenopsis: Summary of Exercise 1: ‘TG' Approach |
| :--- | :--- |
| Annex II: | Phalaenopsis: Summary of ‘Lisbon’ approach |
| Annex III: | Alstroemeria: Summary of Exercise 1: ‘TG' Approach |
| Annex IV: | Alstroemeria: Summary of ‘Lisbon' approach |
| Annex V: | Canna: Summary of Exercise 1: ‘TG’ Approach |
| Annex VI: | Canna: Summary of ‘Lisbon' approach |
| Annex VII: | Comments sent by participants |
| Annex VIII: | Phalaenopsis: photographs |
| Annex IX: | Alstroemeria: photographs |
| Annex X: | Canna: photographs |

8. The photographs of the varieties used in the exercise are provided as follows in Annex VIII (Phalaenopsis), Annex IX (Alstroemeria) and in Annex X (Canna).

## Summary of the Comments

9. A summary of the comments received, which can be used as a basis for discussion, is as follows:

- The new approach is in most cases more complex to handle, leading to more characteristics to observe and therefore more time consuming.
- In general there were difficulties with shaded colors, color distributions with unclear or unsharp borders and colors with a small surface area (like stripes or spots).
- Breeders expressed the fear that the Lisbon approach would be too precise and this might lead to misinterpretations and smaller minimum distances between varieties.
- $\quad$ Some elements of the Lisbon approach should be refined, like: comes color 2A before 2D or after? And the Japanese distribution chart should either be refined or areas of the organ should be described separately.
- Addition of a photo to the variety description might help to illustrate the description.
- For some crops the TG approach might be better, for others the Lisbon approach. It should be handled on a case by case basis in a flexible system.
- $\quad$ The added value of the Lisbon approach was doubted by some participants.


## ANNEX I

PHALAENOPSIS: SUMMARY OF EXERCISE 1: ‘TG’ APPROACH

| Phalaenopsis: TG Approach | NOTE | NOTE | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | variety 1 | variety 2 | variety 3 |
| 64. Petal: main color of upper side | 8 x yellow | $2 x$ blue pink, $5 \times$ violet, $1 x$ light blue violet | 1 x purple, 6 x violet |
| 65. Petal: shading | 7x absent and 1x present (small) | 7x present (one doubt) and one absent | 8 x present |
| 66. Petal: color of shade | 1x light red pink and rest N/A | 4x pink; 3 x white; $1 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $6 x$ purple $-2 x$ white |
| 67. Petal: spots | 8 x present | 8x absent | 6 x absent and 2 x present |
| 68. Petal: number of spots | 2x Note 5, $2 x$ Note 6, 4x Note 7 | 8x N/A | 6 x N/A and 2 x few |
| 69. Petal: color of spots | $6 x$ red, $1 \times$ dark pink red, 1x brown red | 8x N/A | $6 \times$ N/A and $2 x$ purple |
| 70. Petal: stripes | 7 x absent and 1x present | $7 \times$ absent and 1x present | 7 x absent and 1x present |
| 71. Petal: number of stripes | 1 x medium; rest N/A | 7x N/A and 1x many | 7x N/A and 1x many |
| 72. Petal: color of stripes | 1x reddish - same as spots | $7 \times$ N/A and $1 \times$ purple | $7 \times$ N/A and $1 \times$ purple |
| 73. Petal: netting | 7 x absent and 1x present | 7 x absent and 1x present | 6 x absent and 2 x present |
| 74. Petal: density of netting | $7 \times$ N/A - $1 \times$ very few | $7 x$ N/A and $1 x$ few to medium | $6 \times$ N/A and $1 x$ many and 1x few to medium |
| 75. Petal: color of netting | 7x N/A - 1x orange like (same as spots) | $7 \times$ N/A and 1x purple | $6 \times$ N/A and $2 x$ purple |

TWO/42/13
Annex I, page 2

| Phalaenopsis part 1: TG Approach | NOTE | NOTE | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | variety 4 | variety 5 | variety 6 |
| 64. Petal: main color of upper side | 1x light yellow, <br> $4 x$ light yellow orange, <br> $2 x$ light yellow brown | 4 x white - 2 x light yellow | $6 x$ white $-1 x$ confused about main color |
| 65. Petal: shading | 4x absent - $3 x$ present | 5 x absent - 1x present | 6x absent |
| 66. Petal: color of shade | $4 x$ N/A $-3 x$ white/light blue pink | 5 x N/A - $1 \times$ white | 6x N/A |
| 67. Petal: spots | 7x present | $6 \times$ present | 7x present |
| 68. Petal: number of spots | in general medium to many | 4x few - 2x many | 3x many - 1x medium $3 x$ few/very few |
| 69. Petal: color of spots | purple/violet | 4 x purplish - 2 x reddish | $1 x$ red, $3 x$ dark purple red, $1 x$ purple, $2 x$ dark violet |
| 70. Petal: stripes | 7x absent | 6x absent | 7x absent |
| 71. Petal: number of stripes | 7x N/A | 6x N/A | 7x N/A |
| 72. Petal: color of stripes | 7x N/A | 6x N/A | 7x N/A |
| 73. Petal: netting | 7x absent | 6x absent | 7x absent |
| 74. Petal: density of netting | 7x N/A | 6x N/A | 7x N/A |
| 75. Petal: color of netting | 7x N/A | 6x N/A | 7x N/A |

TWO/42/13
Annex I, page 3

| Phalaenopsis: TG Approach | NOTE | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | variety 7 | variety 8 |
| 64. Petal: main color of upper side | 4x purplish - 3 x white | 4 x reddish - 3 x yellowish |
| 65. Petal: shading | 4x absent - 3 x present | $3 x$ absent $-4 x$ present |
| 66. Petal: color of shade | 4 x N/A - 3 x purplish | 3x N/A - $1 x$ white $3 x$ reddish |
| 67. Petal: spots | $3 x$ absent - $4 x$ present | 7x present (one has doubts whether netting or spots) |
| 68. Petal: number of spots | $3 x$ N/A - 4x many | 4x many, 1x many to very many, $2 x$ very many |
| 69. Petal: color of spots | $3 x$ N/A - 4x puplish | 7x reddish (one reply indicates that the spots can be the main color |
| 70. Petal: stripes | 7x absent | $3 x$ absent - 4x present |
| 71. Petal: number of stripes | 7x N/A | 3x N/A - $1 x$ few 1x medium - $2 x$ many |
| 72. Petal: color of stripes | 7x N/A | 3x N/a - 1x no score $2 x$ red purple $1 x$ orange like |
| 73. Petal: netting | 4x absent - 3 x present | 4 x absent - 3 x present |
| 74. Petal: density of netting | 4 x N/A - 3 x strong/dense | 4x N/A - $2 x$ few 1x medium - 1x many |
| 75. Petal: color of netting | 4x N/A - $3 x$ whitish | 3x N/A - 1x yellow $3 x$ reddish |

## ANNEX II

PHALAENOPSIS: SUMMARY OF EXERCISE 2: ‘LISBON’ APPROACH

| Phalaenopsis Exercise 2: <br> 'Lisbon’ approach | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | variety 1 |
| 1.1 Petal: color 1 | 8 x yellow |
| 1.2 Petal: color 2 | 8 x reddish colors |
| 1.3 Petal: color 3 | $6 x$ N/A + 1x purple red $+1 x$ orange red |
| 1.4 Petal: color 4 | $7 \times N / A+1 \times$ light red pink |
| 2.1 Petal: area of color 1 | $1 \times$ note $4,5 x$ note $5,1 x$ note $6,1 x$ note 7 |
| 2.2 Petal: area of color 2 | 1 x note $1,1 \times$ note $2,1 x$ note $3,1 x$ note $4,3 x$ note $5,1 x$ note 6 |
| 2.3 Petal: area of color 3 | $6 x N / A+1 x$ very small $+1 x$ small to medium |
| 2.4 Petal: area of color 4 | $7 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}+1 \times$ very small |
| 3.1(a) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $6 x$ scattered, $1 \times$ scattered but not at base, $1 \times$ center + top |
| 3.1(b) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $4 x$ type 1-2:3 + 1x type 1-2:2 + 1x 1-1: $B+2 x ? ?$ |
| 3.2(a) Petal: distribution_color 2 | $1 x$ at top $+7 x$ scattered |
| 3.2(b) Petal: distribution_color 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 x \text { type 1-2:7 + 2x type 1-2:6 + } 2 x \text { type 1-2:5 + 1x type 2-1:10 + } \\ & 1 x \text { ?? } \end{aligned}$ |
| 3.3(a) Petal: distribution_color 3 | $1 x$ scattered + $1 x$ at base $+6 x$ N/A |
| 3.3(b) Petal: distribution_color 3 | $1 x$ type $2-2: 2+1 x$ type $1-2: B+6 x N / A$ |
| 3.4(a) Petal: distribution color 4 | $7 x$ N/A $+1 x$ at top and margin |
| 3.4(b) Petal: distribution_color 4 | $7 \times N / A+1 x$ type 2-2:5 |
| 4.1 Petal: shape of color 1 | $8 x$ continuously dispersed |
| 4.2 Petal: shape of color 2 | $5 x$ spotted $+1 x$ netted $+1 x$ continuously dispersed/spotted + $1 x$ several mixed patterns |
| 4.3 Petal: shape of color 3 | $6 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}+2 \times$ spotted |
| 4.4 Petal: shape of color 4 | 7x N/A + 1x shaded |
| 5.1 Petal: border of color 1 | $7 \times$ clearly defined to slightly diffused $+1 \times ? ?$ |
| 5.2 Petal: border of color 2 | $5 x$ clearly defined to slightly diffused $+2 x$ slightly diffused + 1 x slightly to moderately diffused |
| 5.3 Petal: border of color 3 | $2 x$ clearly defined to slightly diffused $+6 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| 5.4 Petal: border of color 4 | $1 \times$ moderately diffused $+7 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |

TWO/42/13
Annex II, page 2

| Phalaenopsis Exercise 2: 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | variety 2 |
| 1.1 Petal: color 1 | 1 x white $+7 \times$ purplish |
| 1.2 Petal: color 2 | $3 x$ purple $+5 x$ white |
| 1.3 Petal: color 3 | $2 \times$ purple $+6 \times$ N/A |
| 1.4 Petal: color 4 | 1 x white +7 x N/A |
| 2.1 Petal: area of color 1 | $3 x$ small $+5 x$ large |
| 2.2 Petal: area of color 2 | $5 x$ small $+1 x$ medium $+2 x$ large |
| 2.3 Petal: area of color 3 | 2 x very small +6 x N/A |
| 2.4 Petal: area of color 4 | 1 x very small to small $+7 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |
| 3.1(a) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $5 x$ centre $+1 x$ scattered $+1 x$ base and margin $+1 x$ ?? |
| 3.1(b) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $2 x$ type 1-1:2 + 3 x type 1-1:6+2x 1-1:5 $+1 \times$ ?? |
| 3.2(a) Petal: distribution_color 2 | $2 x$ at centre $+3 x$ at margin $+1 x$ scattered $+2 x$ margin and base |
| 3.2(b) Petal: distribution_color 2 | $2 x$ type 1-1:6 + 3x type 1-1:2 + 1x type 1-1:1 and 1-2:8 + $1 \times$ ? ? |
| 3.3(a) Petal: distribution_color 3 | 6x N/A + 2x scattered |
| 3.3(b) Petal: distribution_color 3 | $6 x$ N/A $+1 \times$ type 1-1:6 + $1 \times$ ? ? |
| 3.4(a) Petal: distribution_color 4 | 7 x N/A + 1 x at margin |
| 3.4(b) Petal: distribution_color 4 | $7 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}+1 \times$ type 1-1:6 |
| 4.1 Petal: shape of color 1 | $5 x$ continuously dispersed $+2 x$ shaded $+1 x$ netted |
| 4.2 Petal: shape of color 2 | $6 x$ continuously dispersed $+2 x$ shaded |
| 4.3 Petal: shape of color 3 | 6 x N/A +1 x shaded +1 x netted |
| 4.4 Petal: shape of color 4 | 7x N/A + 1x continuously dispersed |
| 5.1 Petal: border of color 1 | $6 x$ moderately diffused $+2 x$ slightly diffused |
| 5.2 Petal: border of color 2 | $5 x$ moderately diffused $+2 x$ slightly diffused $+1 x$ clearly defined |
| 5.3 Petal: border of color 3 | 6 x N/A $+1 \times$ clearly defined $+1 \times$ moderately/strongly diffused |
| 5.4 Petal: border of color 4 | $7 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}+1 \times$ slightly diffused |

TWO/42/13
Annex II, page 3

| Phalaenopsis Exercise 2: 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | variety 3 |
| 1.1 Petal: color 1 | 8x Violet/purple |
| 1.2 Petal: color 2 | $4 x$ white $+4 x$ purple |
| 1.3 Petal: color 3 | $6 \times$ N/A $+2 x$ light violet |
| 1.4 Petal: color 4 | $7 \times$ N/A $+1 \times$ light violet |
| 2.1 Petal: area of color 1 | $3 x$ very small/small $+5 x$ large |
| 2.2 Petal: area of color 2 | $6 x$ small/very small $+1 x$ medium $+1 x$ large |
| 2.3 Petal: area of color 3 | 6 x N/A +1 x small +1 x medium |
| 2.4 Petal: area of color 4 | $7 x$ N/A $+1 \times$ small |
| 3.1(a) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $4 x$ at centre $+3 x$ scattered $+1 x$ ?? |
| 3.1(b) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $3 x$ type 1-1:6 + 1 x type 1-1:1 and 1-2:6 and 1-1:5 and 1-2:5 |
| 3.2(a) Petal: distribution_color 2 | 5 x margin +2 x centre |
| 3.2(b) Petal: distribution_color 2 | $2 x$ type 1-1:6 + 1x type 1-1:1 and 1-1:2 and 1-2:5 and 1-2:2 and 1-2:1 |
| 3.3(a) Petal: distribution_color 3 | 6 x N/A + $1 \times$ base/margin +1 x centre |
| 3.3(b) Petal: distribution_color 3 | $6 \times$ N/A +1x type 1-1:2 and 1x type 1-1:6 |
| 3.4(a) Petal: distribution_color 4 | 7x N/A + 1x margin |
| 3.4(b) Petal: distribution_color 4 | 7x N/A +1x type 1-1:2 |
| 4.1 Petal: shape of color 1 | $4 x$ shaded $+2 x$ spotted $+2 x$ continuously dispersed |
| 4.2 Petal: shape of color 2 | $5 x$ continuously dispersed $+1 x$ shaded $+1 x$ netted + 1x spotted/netted |
| 4.3 Petal: shape of color 3 | $6 x$ N/A + 1x continuously dispersed $+1 \times$ shaded |
| 4.4 Petal: shape of color 4 | 7x N/A + 1x continuously dispersed |
| 5.1 Petal: border of color 1 | $6 x$ moderately to strongly +2 x slightly diffused |
| 5.2 Petal: border of color 2 | $5 x$ moderately to strongly $+3 x$ slightly diffused |
| 5.3 Petal: border of color 3 | 6 x N/A +2 x strongly diffused |
| 5.4 Petal: border of color 4 | 7 x N/A + 1x strongly diffused |

TWO/42/13
Annex II, page 4

| Phalaenopsis Exercise 2: <br> 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | variety 4 |
| 1.1 Petal: color 1 | 6 x white/yellowish +1 x violet |
| 1.2 Petal: color 2 | $3 x$ white/yellowish $+4 x$ purplish |
| 1.3 Petal: color 3 | $2 x$ N/A $+3 x$ violet $+1 x$ red/brown $+1 x$ white |
| 1.4 Petal: color 4 | $6 x \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}+1 \mathrm{x}$ white |
| 2.1 Petal: area of color 1 | 2 x small/very small +5 x large/very large |
| 2.2 Petal: area of color 2 | 5 x small/very small +2 x large/very large |
| 2.3 Petal: area of color 3 | 2 x N/A +4 x very small/small +1 x medium |
| 2.4 Petal: area of color 4 | $6 x$ N/A $+1 \times$ very small/small |
| 3.1(a) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $4 x$ scattered $+2 x$ at base |
| 3.1(b) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $2 x$ type 1-2:3 $+1 \times 1-2: 8$ and 1-2:4 and 2-1:5 |
| 3.2(a) Petal: distribution_color 2 | $3 x$ at base $+1 x$ margin $+2 x$ scattered |
| 3.2(b) Petal: distribution_color 2 | 2 x type 1-2:8 + 1 x type 1-2:4 and 2-1:5 and 2-1:4 and 1-2:7 |
| 3.3(a) Petal: distribution_color 3 | 4x scattered |
| 3.3(b) Petal: distribution_color 3 | 2 x type 2-1:5 + 1 x type 1-2:8 and $1 \times 1-1: B$ |
| 3.4(a) Petal: distribution_color 4 | 1 x at base |
| 3.4(b) Petal: distribution_color 4 | 1 x not appropriate type found |
| 4.1 Petal: shape of color 1 | 5 x continuously dispersed +1 x central band +1 x spotted |
| 4.2 Petal: shape of color 2 | 4 x continuously dispersed +2 x spotted |
| 4.3 Petal: shape of color 3 | 4x spotted |
| 4.4 Petal: shape of color 4 | 1x spotted |
| 5.1 Petal: border of color 1 | $3 x$ clearly defined $+1 x$ slightly $+1 x$ moderately $+1 x$ strongly diffused |
| 5.2 Petal: border of color 2 | 4 x clearly defined +1 x slightly +1 x moderately diffused |
| 5.3 Petal: border of color 3 | 4 x clearly defined |
| 5.4 Petal: border of color 4 | 1 x moderately diffused |

TWO/42/13
Annex II, page 5

| Phalaenopsis Exercise 2: 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | variety 5 |
| 1.1 Petal: color 1 | $3 x$ white $+1 \times$ red $+2 x$ yellow |
| 1.2 Petal: color 2 | 4 x red purple +1 x light purple +1 x white |
| 1.3 Petal: color 3 | 2 x red purple/purple +1 x white |
| 1.4 Petal: color 4 | N/A |
| 2.1 Petal: area of color 1 | 1 x very small +5 x very large |
| 2.2 Petal: area of color 2 | 3 x note $1,1 \mathrm{x}$ note $2,1 \mathrm{x}$ note $3,1 \mathrm{x}$ note 8 |
| 2.3 Petal: area of color 3 | $3 x$ very small |
| 2.4 Petal: area of color 4 | N/A |
| 3.1(a) Petal: distribution_color 1 | 4 x scattered +1 x margin +1 x ? ? |
| 3.1(b) Petal: distribution_color 1 | 3 x type 1-1:4 + 1x type 1-2:3 + 1x ?? |
| 3.2(a) Petal: distribution_color 2 | 1 x margin +2 x centre +2 x base +1 x ? ? |
| 3.2(b) Petal: distribution_color 2 | 3 x type 1-1:8 + 1 x type 1-1:4 and 1-2:7 |
| 3.3(a) Petal: distribution_color 3 | 2 x scattered +1 x centre |
| 3.3(b) Petal: distribution_color 3 |  |
| 3.4(a) Petal: distribution_color 4 | N/A |
| 3.4(b) Petal: distribution_color 4 | N/A |
| 4.1 Petal: shape of color 1 | 4 x continuously dispersed +1 x spotted |
| 4.2 Petal: shape of color 2 | $3 x$ continuously dispersed +2 x spotted |
| 4.3 Petal: shape of color 3 | 1 x continuously dispersed +1 x spotted +1 x shaded |
| 4.4 Petal: shape of color 4 | N/A |
| 5.1 Petal: border of color 1 | 4 x clearly defined +1 x slightly diffused |
| 5.2 Petal: border of color 2 | 2 x clearly defined +3 x slightly diffused |
| 5.3 Petal: border of color 3 | 2 x clearly defined |
| 5.4 Petal: border of color 4 | N/A |

TWO/42/13
Annex II, page 6

| Phalaenopsis Exercise 2: 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | variety 6 |
| 0,3 | $3 x$ white $+4 x$ red purple/purple |
| 1.2 Petal: color 2 | 4 x white +3 x red purple/purple |
| 1.3 Petal: color 3 | 1 x dark purple red |
| 1.4 Petal: color 4 | N/A |
| 2.1 Petal: area of color 1 | $3 x$ very small $+4 x$ medium |
| 2.2 Petal: area of color 2 | 1 x small +3 x medium +3 x very large |
| 2.3 Petal: area of color 3 | 1 x small |
| 2.4 Petal: area of color 4 | N/A |
| 3.1(a) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $3 x$ scattered $+3 x$ centre |
| 3.1(b) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $2 x$ type 1-1:6 and 1-1:8 + 1x type $B+1 x$ ? ? |
| 3.2(a) Petal: distribution_color 2 | 5 x scattered +1 x margin |
| 3.2(b) Petal: distribution_color 2 | $2 x$ type 1-1:2 and 1-1:4 + 1x type 1-1:6 + 1x?? |
| 3.3(a) Petal: distribution_color 3 | 1 x scattered |
| 3.3(b) Petal: distribution_color 3 | 1x type 1-1:6 |
| 3.4(a) Petal: distribution_color 4 | N/A |
| 3.4(b) Petal: distribution_color 4 | N/A |
| 4.1 Petal: shape of color 1 | $3 x$ continuously dispersed +4 x spotted |
| 4.2 Petal: shape of color 2 | 4 x continuously dispersed +3 x spotted +1 x shaded/spotted |
| 4.3 Petal: shape of color 3 | 1 x shaded |
| 4.4 Petal: shape of color 4 | N/A |
| 5.1 Petal: border of color 1 | 5 x clearly defined +1 x slightly diffused +1 x moderately diffused |
| 5.2 Petal: border of color 2 | 4 x clearly defined +2 x slightly diffused +1 x moderately diffused |
| 5.3 Petal: border of color 3 | 1 x clearly defined |
| 5.4 Petal: border of color 4 | N/A |

TWO/42/13
Annex II, page 7

| Phalaenopsis Exercise 2: 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | variety 7 |
| 1.1 Petal: color 1 | 6 x red purple +1 x white |
| 1.2 Petal: color 2 | 2 x white +2 x light purple +2 x dark purple |
| 1.3 Petal: color 3 | 1 x light purple $+1 \times$ white |
| 1.4 Petal: color 4 | N/A |
| 2.1 Petal: area of color 1 | 1 x small +3 x medium +3 x large |
| 2.2 Petal: area of color 2 | 1 x very small +4 x small +1 x medium +1 x large |
| 2.3 Petal: area of color 3 | 1 x small +1 x medium |
| 2.4 Petal: area of color 4 | N/A |
| 3.1(a) Petal: distribution_color 1 | 4 x scattered $+1 \times$ margin +1 x base/centre |
| 3.1(b) Petal: distribution_color 1 | 1 x type 1-1:3 and 1-1:B and 1-2:5 and 1-2:6 + 2 x ? ? |
| 3.2(a) Petal: distribution_color 2 | 4 x scattered +1 x margin +1 x centre |
| 3.2(b) Petal: distribution_color 2 | $2 x$ type 1-1:B+1x type 1-1:7 and 1-2:2 + 2?? |
| 3.3(a) Petal: distribution_color 3 | 2x scattered |
| 3.3(b) Petal: distribution_color 3 | 2x type 1-1:B |
| 3.4(a) Petal: distribution_color 4 | N/A |
| 3.4(b) Petal: distribution_color 4 | N/A |
| 4.1 Petal: shape of color 1 | 4 x spotted +1 x continuously dispersed +1 x shaded/spotted |
| 4.2 Petal: shape of color 2 | $2 x$ continuously dispersed $+1 x$ spotted $+2 x$ netted + <br> $1 \times$ spotted/netted |
| 4.3 Petal: shape of color 3 | 1 x netted |
| 4.4 Petal: shape of color 4 | N/A |
| 5.1 Petal: border of color 1 | 2 x clearly defined $+3 x$ slightly diffused $+1 x$ moderately diffused |
| 5.2 Petal: border of color 2 | $3 x$ clearly defined $+2 x$ slightly diffused $+1 \times$ moderately diffused |
| 5.3 Petal: border of color 3 | 1 x clearly defined |
| 5.4 Petal: border of color 4 | N/A |

TWO/42/13
Annex II, page 8

| Phalaenopsis Exercise 2: 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | variety 8 |
| 1.1 Petal: color 1 | 6 x yellow +1 x red |
| 1.2 Petal: color 2 | 5 x red +1 x yellowish +1 x white |
| 1.3 Petal: color 3 | 1 x red purple +1 x light purple +1 x white |
| 1.4 Petal: color 4 | $1 \times$ purple |
| 2.1 Petal: area of color 1 | 4 x small +3 x medium |
| 2.2 Petal: area of color 2 | 1 x small +3 x medium +3 x large |
| 2.3 Petal: area of color 3 | 2 x very small |
| 2.4 Petal: area of color 4 | 1 x very small |
| 3.1(a) Petal: distribution_color 1 | 5 c scattered +1 x base/margin $+1 \times$ ? ? |
| 3.1(b) Petal: distribution_color 1 | $2 x$ type 1-2:4 + 1x 2-1:2 + 3x?? |
| 3.2(a) Petal: distribution_color 2 | 5 c scattered +1 x centre/scattered +1 x ?? |
| 3.2(b) Petal: distribution_color 2 | $2 x$ type 1-2:4 + 1x type 1-2:8 and B + $2 x$ ?? |
| 3.3(a) Petal: distribution_color 3 | 2 x base |
| 3.3(b) Petal: distribution_color 3 | $2 x$ type 1-2:8 + 1x type 1-2:B |
| 3.4(a) Petal: distribution_color 4 | 1 x base |
| 3.4(b) Petal: distribution_color 4 | 1x type 1-2:8 |
| 4.1 Petal: shape of color 1 | 2 x continuously dispersed +2 x netted +2 x spotted/netted |
| 4.2 Petal: shape of color 2 | $3 x$ continuously dispersed $+2 x$ shaded/spotted + 1x spotted/striped/shaded |
| 4.3 Petal: shape of color 3 | N/A |
| 4.4 Petal: shape of color 4 | 2 x continuously dispersed +1 x striped/netted |
| 5.1 Petal: border of color 1 | 4 x clearly defined +2 x slightly diffused |
| 5.2 Petal: border of color 2 | $5 x$ clearly defined $+1 x$ slightly diffused |
| 5.3 Petal: border of color 3 | 2x slightly diffused |
| 5.4 Petal: border of color 4 | N/A |

[Annex III follows]

## ANNEX III

## ALSTROEMERIA: SUMMARY OF EXERCISE 1: ‘TG’ APPROACH

| Alstroemeria TG Approach | NOTE | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| characteristic | Variety 1 | Variety 2 |
| 12. Outer tepal: main color of central zone | $7 \times$ purple red | 7x purplish colors |
| 13. Outer tepal: main color of top zone (green tip excluded) | 5 x greenish +2 x pinkish | $5 x$ greenish $+2 x$ pinkish |
| 14. Outer tepal: main color of lateral zone | 4 x light pink +3 x white | 5x light colors + $2 x$ dark violet |
| 15. Outer tepal: main color of basal zone | $5 x$ light pink $+2 x$ white | $5 x$ red purple colors + $1 \times$ light pink |
| 16. Outer tepal: very small or small stripes on marginal part of lateral zone of upper side of blade | 7x absent | 5 x absent +2 x present |
| 17. Outer tepal: large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | 7x absent | 3 x absent +4 x present |
| 18. Outer tepal: number of large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | 7x N/A | $2 x \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}+4 \mathrm{x}$ many + $1 x$ medium |
|  | NOTE | NOTE |
|  | Variety 3 | Variety 4 |
| 12. Outer tepal: main color of central zone | $4 x$ orange $+2 x$ light red/pinkish | 5x orange/brownish |
| 13. Outer tepal: main color of top zone (green tip excluded) | $4 x$ orange $+2 x$ light red/pinkish | $4 x$ white $+1 x$ light pink |
| 14. Outer tepal: main color of lateral zone | $3 x$ orange $+2 x$ yellowish $+1 x$ orange and yellow | 5 x light pinkish |
| 15. Outer tepal: main color of basal zone | $6 x$ light orange | 5 x light pinkish |
| 16. Outer tepal: very small or small stripes on marginal part of lateral zone of upper side of blade | 6x absent | 5 x absent |
| 17. Outer tepal: large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | 4 x absent +2 x present | 5 x absent |
| 18. Outer tepal: number of large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | $4 x$ N/A + $2 x$ very few | 5 x N/A |

TWO/42/13
Annex III, page 2

| Alstroemeria | TG Approach NOTE | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | Variety 5 | Variety 6 |
| 12. Outer tepal: main color of central zone | $2 x$ yellow $+1 x$ orange + $2 x$ yellow and orange | 5 x red purple |
| 13. Outer tepal: main color of top zone (green tip excluded) | 5 x pink/purple colors | 4x light yellow + $1 \times$ light pink |
| 14. Outer tepal: main color of lateral zone | 5 x yellow | $5 x$ light yellow |
| 15. Outer tepal: main color of basal zone | 5 x yellow | 5 x yellow |
| 16. Outer tepal: very small or small stripes on marginal part of lateral zone of upper side of blade | 5 x absent | 5 x absent |
| 17. Outer tepal: large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | 5 x absent | 5 x absent |
| 18. Outer tepal: number of large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | $5 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 5x N/A |
|  | NOTE | NOTE |
|  | Variety 7 | Variety 8 |
| 12. Outer tepal: main color of central zone | $5 \times$ purple/violet | $5 x$ orange red |
| 13. Outer tepal: main color of top zone (green tip excluded) | $4 x$ purple $+1 x$ green grey | $5 x$ orange red |
| 14. Outer tepal: main color of lateral zone | $5 \times$ purple/violet | $5 x$ orange red |
| 15. Outer tepal: main color of basal zone | $5 \times$ purple/violet | $5 x$ orange red |
| 16. Outer tepal: very small or small stripes on marginal part of lateral zone of upper side of blade | 5 x absent | 5 x absent |
| 17. Outer tepal: large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | 2 x absent +3 x present | 5 x absent |
| 18. Outer tepal: number of large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | 2 x N/A + 3x few | 5x N/A |

TWO/42/13
Annex III, page 3

| Alstroemeria TG Approach | NOTE | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | Variety 9 | Variety 10 |
| 12. Outer tepal: main color of central zone | 5 x dark red purple | 5 x red |
| 13. Outer tepal: main color of top zone (green tip excluded) | 5 x dark red purple | 5 x red |
| 14. Outer tepal: main color of lateral zone | $5 x$ dark red purple | 5 x red |
| 15. Outer tepal: main color of basal zone | $5 x$ dark red purple | 5 x red |
| 16. Outer tepal: very small or small stripes on marginal part of lateral zone of upper side of blade | 5 x absent | 5 x absent |
| 17. Outer tepal: large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | 5 x absent | 5 x absent |
| 18. Outer tepal: number of large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | 5 x N/A | 5x N/A |
|  | NOTE | NOTE |
|  | Variety 11 | Variety 12 |
| 12. Outer tepal: main color of central zone | 5 x orange/red | 5 x red |
| 13. Outer tepal: main color of top zone (green tip excluded) | $5 x$ orange/red | 5 x red |
| 14. Outer tepal: main color of lateral zone | $5 x$ orange/red | 5 x red |
| 15. Outer tepal: main color of basal zone | 5x orange/red | 5x red |
| 16. Outer tepal: very small or small stripes on marginal part of lateral zone of upper side of blade | 5 x absent | 5 x present |
| 17. Outer tepal: large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | 5x absent | 4x present + 1x absent |
| 18. Outer tepal: number of large or very large stripes on upper side of blade (marginal zone excluded) | 5x N/A | 4 x few $+1 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |

[Annex IV follows]

## ANNEX IV

## ALSTROEMERIA: SUMMARY OF EXERCISE 2: ‘LISBON’ APPROACH

| Alstroemeria Exercise 2: <br> 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE | variety 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

TWO/42/13
Annex IV, page 2

| Alstroemeria Exercise 2: <br> 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE | variety 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

TWO/42/13
Annex IV, page 3

| Alstroemeria Exercise 2: <br> 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE | NOTE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

TWO/42/13
Annex IV, page 4

| Alstroemeria Exercise 2: <br> 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | variety 7 | variety 8 |
| 1.1 Outer tepal: color 1 | $3 x$ light blue pink $+2 x$ purple | $5 x$ orange red |
| 1.2 Outer tepal: color 2 | $3 x$ light blue pink $+2 x$ purple | $3 x$ pinkish + 1x greenish |
| 1.3 Outer tepal: color 3 | $2 x$ violet $+1 \times$ greenish | $1 \times$ orange red $+1 \times$ red |
| 1.4 Outer tepal: color 4 | N/A | 1x red |
| 2.1 Outer tepal: area of color 1 | $3 x$ very small/small + $2 x$ large/very large | $3 x$ very small $+2 x$ very large |
| 2.2 Outer tepal: area of color 2 | $2 x$ small $+3 x$ large | $1 x$ very small $+1 x$ small + $1 x$ medium $+1 x$ very large |
| 2.3 Outer tepal: area of color 3 | 3 x very small/small | $1 \times$ very small $+1 \times$ small |
| 2.4 Outer tepal: area of color 4 | N/A | $1 \times$ small |
| 3.1(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 1 | $3 x$ centre $+1 x$ margin + $1 x$ scattered | 2x scattered + 1x margin + $1 x$ centre $+1 x$ top |
| 3.1(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 1 | 1x type 1-1:3 and 1-1:4 and 1-1:7 + 1x?? | $2 x$ type 1-1:B + 1x type 1-2:7 and 1-1:8 |
| 3.2(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 2 | 2 x centre +3 x margin | $2 x$ margin $+1 x$ centre $+1 x$ top |
| 3.2(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 2 | 1x type 1-1:3 and 1-1:7 and 1-1:8 + 1x?? | 1x type 1-1:7 and 1-1:4 and 2-1:10 |
| 3.3(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 3 | 2 x top + 1x centre | 1x base $+1 \times$ margin |
| 3.3(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 3 | 1x type 2-1:10 + 1x?? | 1x type 3-2:2 |
| 3.4(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 4 | N/A | 1x centre |
| 3.4(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 4 | N/A | no score |
| 4.1 Outer tepal: shape of color 1 | $3 x$ continuously dispersed + $1 x$ striped $+1 x$ shade/stripe | $1 x$ continuously dispersed $+4 x$ shaded |
| 4.2 Outer tepal: shape of color 2 | $2 x$ continuously dispersed + $2 x$ shade $+1 x$ shade/stripe | $1 x$ continuously dispersed $+2 x$ shaded $+1 x$ spotted |
| 4.3 Outer tepal: shape of color 3 | $1 x$ continuously dispersed + $2 x$ shade | 2 x shaded |
| 4.4 Outer tepal: shape of color 4 | N/A | 1x shaded |
| 5.1 Outer tepal: border of color 1 | $1 x$ clearly defined $+2 x$ moderately diffused $+2 x$ strongly diffused | $2 x$ moderately diffused + $2 x$ strongly diffused $+1 x$ ?? |
| 5.2 Outer tepal: border of color 2 | $2 x$ moderately diffused + $2 x$ strongly diffused $+1 x$ ?? | $1 x$ clearly defined $+1 x$ moderately diffused $+2 x$ strongly diffused |
| 5.3 Outer tepal: border of color 3 | 1x moderately diffused + $2 x$ strongly diffused | 2 x strongly diffused |
| 5.4 Outer tepal: border of color 4 |  | 1x strongly diffused |

TWO/42/13
Annex IV, page 5

| Alstroemeria Exercise 2: <br> 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | variety 9 | variety 10 |
| 1.1 Outer tepal: color 1 | $5 \times$ red purple | 5 x red |
| 1.2 Outer tepal: color 2 | 4 x red purple | 1x red |
| 1.3 Outer tepal: color 3 | 1x red purple |  |
| 1.4 Outer tepal: color 4 | N/A |  |
| 2.1 Outer tepal: area of color 1 | $3 x$ very small $+2 x$ very large | $1 x$ large $+4 x$ very large |
| 2.2 Outer tepal: area of color 2 | $2 x$ very small $+2 x$ very large | 1x small |
| 2.3 Outer tepal: area of color 3 | 1x large | N/A |
| 2.4 Outer tepal: area of color 4 | N/A | N/A |
| 3.1(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 x \text { scattered }+1 x \text { scattered except } \\ & \text { top }+2 x \text { top } \end{aligned}$ | 4 x scattered + 1x centre |
| 3.1(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 1 | 1x type 1-2:3 and 2-1:10 and 2-1:9 and 1-1:3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2x type 1-1:B + 1x type 1-2:6 + } \\ & 1 x \text { ?? } \end{aligned}$ |
| 3.2(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 2 | $1 x$ scattered $+1 x$ top $+1 x$ base + $1 x$ centre | 1x margin |
| 3.2(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 2 | $1 x$ type 1-2:7 and 1-2:8 and 2-1:4 and 1-1:7 | 1x type 1-2:2 |
| 3.3(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 3 | 1x centre | N/A |
| 3.3(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 3 | no score | N/A |
| 3.4(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 4 | N/A | N/A |
| 3.4(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 4 | N/A | N/A |
| 4.1 Outer tepal: shape of color 1 | $3 x$ continuously dispersed + $1 x$ shaded | $3 x$ continuously dispersed + $2 x$ shaded |
| 4.2 Outer tepal: shape of color 2 | $2 x$ continuously dispersed + 1x shaded/striped | 1x shaded |
| 4.3 Outer tepal: shape of color 3 | 1x continuously dispersed | N/A |
| 4.4 Outer tepal: shape of color 4 | N/A | N/A |
| 5.1 Outer tepal: border of color 1 | $3 x$ moderately diffused + $1 x$ strongly diffused | $2 x$ moderately diffused + $1 x$ clearly defined $+1 x$ ?? |
| 5.2 Outer tepal: border of color 2 | $2 x$ clearly defined $+1 x$ moderately diffused $+1 x$ strongly diffused | 1x moderately diffused |
| 5.3 Outer tepal: border of color 3 | 1x?? | N/A |
| 5.4 Outer tepal: border of color 4 | N/A | N/A |

TWO/42/13
Annex IV, page 6

| Alstroemeria Exercise 2: <br> 'Lisbon' approach | NOTE | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| characteristic | variety 11 | variety 12 |
| 1.1 Outer tepal: color 1 | $5 x$ orange | 5x red |
| 1.2 Outer tepal: color 2 | $3 x$ orange $+2 x$ red | $4 \times$ brownish |
| 1.3 Outer tepal: color 3 | 1 x orange +1 l orange red | 1x brown |
| 1.4 Outer tepal: color 4 | N/A | N/A |
| 2.1 Outer tepal: area of color 1 | 1 x small +4 x large | 5 x large/very large |
| 2.2 Outer tepal: area of color 2 | $3 x$ very small $+2 x$ small | $4 x$ very small |
| 2.3 Outer tepal: area of color 3 | 1 x very small +1 l large | 1 x very small |
| 2.4 Outer tepal: area of color 4 | N/A | N/A |
| 3.1(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 1 | $1 \times$ centre $+3 x$ margin $+1 x$ top | 5 x scattered |
| 3.1(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 1 | $3 x$ type 1-1:3 + 1x 1-1:7 | $2 x$ type 1-1:B + 2x ?? |
| 3.2(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 2 | $3 x$ centre $+1 \times$ margin $+1 x$ top | $2 x$ base $+1 x$ margin + <br> $1 x$ centre/base |
| 3.2(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 2 | $3 x$ type 1-1:3 + 1x 3-2:2 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 x \text { type 1-2:7+ } 1 x \text { type 3-2 + } \\ & 1 x ? ? \end{aligned}$ |
| 3.3(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 3 | 1 x centre $+1 \times$ top | 1 x centre |
| 3.3(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 3 | 1x type 1-2:7 | 1x type 1-2:7 |
| 3.4(a) Outer tepal: distribution color 4 | N/A | N/A |
| 3.4(b) Outer tepal: distribution color 4 | N/A | N/A |
| 4.1 Outer tepal: shape of color 1 | $2 x$ continuously dispersed $+3 x$ shaded | $5 \times$ continuously dispersed |
| 4.2 Outer tepal: shape of color 2 | $1 x$ continuously dispersed $+3 x$ shaded $+1 x$ striped/shaded | $3 x$ striped $+1 \times$ shaded/striped |
| 4.3 Outer tepal: shape of color 3 | $1 x$ continuously dispersed $+1 x$ shaded | 1x striped |
| 4.4 Outer tepal: shape of color 4 | N/A | N/A |
| 5.1 Outer tepal: border of color 1 | 1x slightly diffused $+1 x$ moderately diffused $+3 x$ strongly diffused | $3 x$ clearly defined $+1 x$ diffused |
| 5.2 Outer tepal: border of color 2 | $1 x$ slightly diffused $+1 x$ moderately diffused $+3 x$ strongly diffused | $3 x$ clearly defined $+1 x$ diffused |
| 5.3 Outer tepal: border of color 3 | 2x strongly diffused | 1x clearly defined |
| 5.4 Outer tepal: border of color 4 | N/A | N/A |

[Annex V follows]

ANNEX V

## CANNA: SUMMARY OF EXERCISE 1: ‘TG’ APPROACH

| Canna TG Approach | NOTE | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Characteristic | Variety 1 | Variety 2 |
| 18. Staminode: number of colors | 9x two colors | 7 x two colors and 1 x more than 2 |
| 19. Staminode: ground color | 6 x red colors +3 x yellow colors | In general yellow or orange like |
| 20. Staminode: flush | 8 x absent and 1 x present | 4 x absent and 3 x present |
| 21. Staminode: color of flush | 8 x N/A and 1 x score 4 | $4 \times \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ and 3 x score 3 (yellow orange) with remark that color orange is missing in the table |
| 22. Staminode: stripes | 9x absent | 3 x present and 4x absent |
| 23. Staminode: color of stripes | 9x N/A | 2 x red; 1xyellow orange and 4x N/A |
| 24. Staminode: blotch | 8 x absent and 1x present | 5 x absent; 1 x present; 1 x present? |
| 25. Staminode: color of blotch | 8 x N/A and $1 \times$ score 4 (red) | 5x N/A:; $2 x$ yellow orange (with remark that orange is missing) |
| 26. Staminode: marginal zone | 9x present | 6x present and 2 x absent |
| 27. Staminode: color of marginal zone | yellow or yellowish white | yellow (when scored present) |

[Annex VI follows]

## ANNEX VI

CANNA: SUMMARY OF EXERCISE 2: ‘LISBON’ APPROACH

| Canna Exercise 2: <br> 'Lisbon' approach | Note | Note |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Characteristic |  | Variety 2 |
| 1.1 Staminode: color 1 | $9 x$ yellow | yellow and orange |
| 1.2 Staminode: color 2 | $9 x$ red | orange and brownish |
| 1.3 Staminode: color 3 | $9 x$ N/A | 7x N/A + 1x red + 1x orange |
| 1.4 Staminode: color 4 | $9 x$ N/A | 9x N/A |
| 2.1 Staminode: area of color 1 | 7x score 1 + 2x score 2 | yellow color judged as about 20\% |
| and orange color about 80\% |  |  |

[Annex VII follows]

## ANNEX VII

## COMMENTS SENT BY PARTICIPANTS

## Comments sent by Australia

Generally, from the exercise it seems aspects of the Lisbon approach are somewhat onerous without necessarily adding value or certainty to the assessment of DUS. In many cases there is the potential to create uniformity issues as it attempts to be too precise when in reality color markings are rarely exactly the same in all samples. There is difficulty in applying one approach to all situations. A system of describing colors needs to provide flexibility. Each test guideline should determine an approach suited to the species concerned taking into consideration such factors as importance of number of colors, their area and distribution as well as other factors such as the uniformity of the phenotypic variation within these characteristics. For many species such precision will not be necessary to clearly distinguish varieties, in others it will not even be possible as the striping/blotches/spots etc will be more random in their distribution/size etc.

Overall more consideration is needed of how a systematic system of describing colors and patterns etc could be used. The Japanese Chart reference could be quite useful in some circumstances. There are already some TG's that use a similar approach, albeit in a much condensed form (e.g. leaf markings in the Subterranean Clover TG). Again it should be a case-by-case approach.

Note: The RHS color chart references given in the spreadsheets should be taken as indicative for the purpose of this exercise.

## Comments sent by Canada

In our office we decided to try to complete the exercise as a group.
Often, even within one office there can be different interpretations of characteristics and states of expression, so we thought we would try to do these descriptions together and that way we could compare (as a group) the traditional vs the "Lisbon" approach for color descriptions.

This exercise was extremely time consuming and took us several days even to get this far! There was a lot of discussion and I can tell you that with 6 examiners around the table, even some with many years experience, we did not completely reach a consensus on several of these descriptions.

Overall our impression was that although the Lisbon method seems good in principle, it was very confusing and inadequate for capturing some important characteristics. The Japanese color distribution scheme worked well in some cases but in others it was overly complicated and not very helpful.

We also had a lot of trouble with describing the "shape" of colors, for example in the phalaenopsis. For some varieties there wasn't a state of expression which suited some of the color patterns. Also, the decision of what is color 1, color 2 and so on is complicated when the basis of the decision is the RHS color number. Is 80A higher or lower than 80D? This was not made clear in the instructions. On most color cards the "A" colors are a deeper intensity than the "C" and "D". And we still had situations where some people thought that a lighter shade of the same hue was a different color, whereas some thought it was best described as
shading. Describing the borders between colors is rather vague also - sometimes it is clear but for some varieties it is very difficult.

Our impression was that although the new system seemed to make sense in theory, it is a different matter to put it into practice and we should be careful not to be introducing more opportunities for a lack of harmonization between examining offices - or, as we found, examiners within the same office.

In relation to Alstroemeria: My main comment is that, for this crop at least, the TG approach is much easier to complete. This is a relatively new guideline that our colleagues worked very hard on to try to ensure that it has good characteristics that would lead to more harmonized descriptions. And I think they succeeded. Defining various zones on the tepals makes a lot of sense for Alstroemeria and makes the job of assigning colors much simpler. As I noted in the description - the Lisbon approach fails to address the size and numbers of stripes that can occur in various locations on the tepals. And the Japanese distribution patterns, while very mathematical and impressive, are confusing to users and do not fit all possibilities.

## Comments sent by Germany

## General remark

With photos it is very difficult to assess the RHS-Color and to see whether the color is shaded or netted.

## Phalaenopsis

## TG Approach

For variety 1, 6, 7 and 8 it was difficult to decide which the main color is. This problem could be solved with using the term "ground color" and describing the patterns on this color. A good explanation which color to describe is necessary in the TG.
Lisbon Approach
In general much more difficult than the TG Approach. It would be easier if at first color 1 would be described totally and then color 2 and so on. It is difficult to assess how big the areas of the different colors are. It is very difficult to decide how the borders of the colors look like. The distribution of the colors is sometimes more complex than the Japanese Chart. Too many questions to describe the colors and their distribution. Very time consuming.

## Alstroemeria

## TG Approach

Easy to describe the colors in the different parts of the organ. Not clear what is meant by (marginal zone excluded) in char. 17.

Lisbon Approach
Much more difficult than the TG Approach. Stripes cannot be described as stripes with the Japanese Chart. Takes a long time to answer all questions. If the colors are described in too
much detail it is difficult to find exactly the same colors every year. It would be difficult to compare the variety description with other variety descriptions because the order of the colors follows the RHS Chart numbering and not the order of main color, secondary color and so on.

For both approaches: the problem remains to decide at which intensity a color is shaded or netted.

## Additional general comment:

It was a very time consuming work with all these questions in the Lisbon Approach. Nevertheless I think it was a good exercise and for me it immediately became clear that the new approach is not practical and has many disadvantages.

## Comments sent by Japan

We had made Variety description sheets on three kinds of ornamentals. It was very interested works for me and our colleagues.

But we had some difficulties to fill data in the each column of excel sheet on LISBON APPROACH, our comment on this work is as follows.

1. Sometime we had difficulty to recognize each color from Color 1 to Color 4, which are allocated according to the number of color charts, from observation of photographs, because color order of RHS Color Chart has no relation to the number of color. Especially in case of Alstroemeria, it has complicated situations of color distribution on outer tepal.
2. In case of '2.1-2.4: area of color' , 9 states are too fine to evaluate correctly, we hope to be coarse in states, for example ( $1: l e s s$ than $25 \%, 2: 25-50 \%, 3: 50 \%, 4: 50-75 \%$, $5:$ more than 75\%).
3. On the Japanese chart ref. Type 1-2 was arranged color distribution and color area paid attention to basal part of organ, on the other hand, It is necessary to make other Type paid attention to top part of organ.

## Comments sent by CIOPORA

We, as Phalaenopsis breeder, have been asked by CIOPORA International to perform this exercise. We have discussed the color exercise with our staff, which is involved in the breeding of this crop and have completed the color descriptions.

The 'new' TWO system will give more possibilities to describe combinations of color patterns, so that the flower can be described better. On the other hand will give the higher number of characteristic more room for inaccuracies, since this will give more room for different interpretations by the users.

How these inaccuracies will have influence on the judgement of instable chimaeras for uniformity remains unclear to our opinion. The new system of descriptions will be in general more complex, but will it give better results?

We are glad that we as breeder were able to contribute and are grateful for the initiative!

Summary of rest of comments in relation to this exercise: CIOPORA: in general they are worried that this system might lead to smaller minimum distances between varieties.

## Comments sent by European Community (CPVO)

Comments CPVO-1 (expert 1)
I have the following general comments:

- it will be difficult to analyze the RHS numbers as given by the participants. The same picture observed from the screen and printouts from 2 different screens shows slightly different colors. I have only given indication on color groups
- it is not possible to assess reliably quantitative characteristics (e.g. Phalaenopsis number of spots, Alstroemeria number of large or very large spots) without an overview of the reference collection

In my opinion, the following points need attention in the Lisbon approach:

- order of colors
- The RHS number is of paramount importance in order to set up the order of colors. In case of light colors (low brightness), it is difficult to define the RHS number and choosing one or the other can influence the ranking of that color if another color has a RHS number in the middle of the 2 reference numbers considered
- The RHS number is not very appropriate where a color does not have a big surface area (e.g. spots or background to many spots)
- In case of shaded colors, the new approach does not bring a solution to the observation. It might sometimes be difficult to observe the middle range, but the color with the largest uniform surface area instead
- In order to define separate colors, the fact that they belong to two different groups should be a better definition than the fact that they belong to two color hues.
- Less colors might be described because the number is limited to 4 . In an approach where colors are described by zone of the organ, other colors can be described with possibilities for comments linked to each zone described
- Surface area
- It is difficult to assess percentage of surface areas which are directly linked to notes in the new approach. Image analysis would help.
- Surface areas are also difficult to assess in case the area is not continuous (spots, veins ...) and when it is affected by shadings
- Distribution of colors
- The distribution cannot adequately be described with the 5 states of expression proposed. Combinations often apply. The Japanese chart gives and improvement as to the preciseness of the description, but not all situations are available. This chart could be developed in this respect but might end up in quite a complex solution if complete.
- in the Japanese chart, Types A and B are always the same, whatever the type. Type A means that the color is absent. Is it possible to choose such a type?
- Shape of colors
- Here again, more combinations of the stages of expression would be necessary.
- In the new system, continuously dispersed might not be across the organ but part of it. A color might follow a distribution in a certain part of the organ and another one in another part
- In the shape of color, it is not very clear whether only one color should be considered as continuously dispersed, with the example of ground color, or if this possibility is open for several colors.
- Border of colors
- if a color has border with various other colors, this border might be clearly defined with some colors and diffused with other colors. The border might also be clearly defined at some places of the organ and strongly diffused at other places. It is therefore not always possible to have a clear sate of expression

Finally, I think that there are two main issues:

- the description of the colors themselves, that can be rendered difficult with small surface area or non uniformity (shading, fading ...). The specific solutions proposed in the old approach seems to be most appropriate in addressing characteristics adapted to the situation: e.g. color group instead of RHS number in case of small surface area, adapted characteristics like 'intensity of green color’.
- The color distribution, that the new approach seems to better describe. In this respect, a picture annexed to the description is in my opinion by far the best solution. It might also be less work intensive than the observation of a (long) list of characteristics in this respect.


## Comments CPVO-2

Please treat the colors as only indications for color groups (with the photos impossible to judge on the exact RHS numbers even if I was trying to attribute some numbers).

The 2nd difficulty for me was the lack of example varieties and lack of knowledge of the overall variation.

I found the Lisbon approach easier.

## EXERCISE: PHALAENOPSIS

## Plant parts to be described



A, B: petals

## Varieties to be described



Variety 1

Variety 4


Variety 7



Variety 2


Variety 5

Variety 8



Variety 3


Variety 6

## EXERCISE: ALSTROEMERIA

Plant parts to be described


A, B: outer tepals

Varieties to be described


Variety 1


Variety 3


Variety 2


Variety 4

TWO/42/13
Annex IX, page 2


Variety 5


Variety 7


Variety 9


Variety 11


Variety 6


Variety 8


Variety 10


Variety 12

Plant parts and varieties to be described
A, B, C: staminodes


Variety 1


Variety 2
[End of Annex X and of document]

