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**INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS**  
GENEVA

**DRAFT****TREE PAEONY**

UPOV Code: PAEON

*Paeonia suffruticosa* Andrews Sect. *Moutan***GUIDELINES****FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS****FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY***prepared by experts from China**to be considered by the**Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees**at its forty-first session, to be held in Wageningen, Netherlands, from June 9 to 13*

Alternative Names:\*

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>French</i>	<i>German</i>	<i>Spanish</i>
<i>Paeonia suffruticosa</i> Andrews Sect. <i>Moutan</i> , <i>Paenia moutan</i> Sims	Tree paeony, Moutan paeony	Pivoine en arbre	Strauchpäonie	

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

**ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS**

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

\* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website ([www.upov.int](http://www.upov.int)), for the latest information.]

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## 1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Paeonia suffruticosa* Andrews Sect. *Moutan*.

## 2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of at least three-year-old grafted plants.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

10 grafted plants.

In the case of grafted plants, the rootstock to be used is specified by the competent authority.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

## 3. Method of Examination

### 3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

The minimum duration of tests should normally be three independent growing cycles.

### 3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 “Examining Distinctness”.

### 3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.3.3 Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part I. These determinations should be made with the plant part placed against a white background.

### 3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 5 grafted plants.

3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

### 3.5 *Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined*

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations should be made on 5 plants or parts taken from each of 5 plants.

### 3.6 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

## 4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

### 4.1 *Distinctness*

#### 4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

#### 4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

#### 4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

## 4.2 *Uniformity*

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 5 plants, no off-type is allowed.

## 4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous material supplied.

## 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Plant: height (characteristic 2)
- (b) Flower: flower form (characteristic 22)
- (c) Flower: diameter (characteristic 23)
- (d) Flower: main color: double color (characteristic 25)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.

## 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

### 6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

#### 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

#### 6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by \*) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

### 6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

### 6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

### 6.4 *Example Varieties*

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

### 6.5 *Legend*

(\*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

QL: Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

QN: Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

PQ: Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

(a)-(e) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

(+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>1.</b>	<b>Plant: growth habit</b>					
(*)						
(+)						
<b>PQ</b>	(a) upright				Kao, Shichifukujin	1
	semi-upright				Wu Long Peng Sheng	2
	spreading				Zhao Fen	3
<b>2.</b>	<b>Plant: height</b>					
(*)						
<b>QN</b>	(a) short				Shan Hu Tai	3
	medium				Kao, LuoYang Hong	5
	tall				Hanakisoi	7
<b>3.</b>	<b>Bud: shape</b>					
(+)						
<b>PQ</b>	(b) ovoid				Cai Xia, Cong zhong xiao,	1
	prolate				LuoYang Hong	2
	narrow prolate				Qing Long Wo MO Chi, Rou Fu Rong	3
	prolate					4
<b>4.</b>	<b>Bud: color</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(b) yellow brown				Yang Huang	1
	green				Cui Ye Zi, Zhi Hong,	2
	red				Hu Hong, Zhu Sha Lei	3
	purple				Kao	4

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>5.</b>	<b>Branch: one-year-old branch length:</b>					
	short (<15cm)				Shan Hu Tai, Ying Luo Bao Zhu	1
<b>QN</b>	(c) medium (16-45cm)				Luo Yang Hong Zhao Fen	2
	long (>45cm)				Tian Xiang Zhan Lu, Zi Die Ying Feng	3
<b>6.</b>	<b>Branch: number of hidden buds in perennial branches</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(c) absent					1
	few					2
	many				High Noon, Kao	3
<b>7.</b>	<b>Branch: color: 5-10cm new shoot</b>					
(+)						
<b>PQ</b>	(c) yellow green				Zhao Fen	1
	green				Bai Hua Du, Shin-jitsugetu	2
	pink				Lu He Hong	3
	purple red				Si He Lian	4
	brown red				Shou An Hong	5
<b>8.</b>	<b>Branch: color: color interrelation of young stalks, young stem and young leaves</b>					
(+)						
<b>QL</b>	(c) absent				Kao	1
	present				Luo Yang Hong, Shin-jitsugetu	9



	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>9.</b>	<b>Branch: number of flowering ones on a biennial branches</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(c) one				Shou An Hong	1
	two				Hanakisoi, Zhu Sha Lei	2
	more than 2				Taiyo	3
<b>10.</b>	<b>Branch: number of spouting basal shoots (emerging above soil)</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(c) few (1-3)				Shou An Hong	3
	medium (4-10)				Hu Hong	5
	many (>10)				Luo Yang Hong	7
<b>11.</b>	<b>Compound leaf: times of pinnates</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(d) simple pinnate				Zhong Sheng Hei	1
	bipinnate				Luo Yang hong	2
	polypinnate				Xiong Mao	3
<b>12.</b> (*) (+)	<b>Compound leaf: type</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(d) small circular leaf				Zhu Hong Jue Lun	1
	small long leaf				Shan Hu Tai, Yin Luo Bao Zhu	2
	middle-sized circular leaf				Cang Zhi Hong Kun Shan Ye Guang	3
	middle-sized long leaf				Luo Yang Hong , Zi Mei You Chun	4
	large circular leaf				Qing Long Wo Mo Chi Shou An Hong	5
	large long leaf				Bing Ling Zhao Hong Shi, Gong Yang Zhuang	6

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>13.</b>	<b>Compound leaf: attachment</b>					
(+)						
<b>QN</b>	(d) right angle attachment (approximately 90°)				Dou Lv, Zi Hong Zheng Yan	1
	diagonal attachment (30°-50°)				Cang Zhi Hong, Shou An Hong	2
	diagonally upward attachment (< 30°)				Kinkaku	3
<b>14.</b>	<b>Compound leaf: shape of lateral leaflet</b>					
(+)						
<b>PQ</b>	(d) broad ovate				Kun Shan Ye Guang	1
	ovate				Dou Lv	2
	long ovate				Fen Zhong Guan	3
	narrow ovate				Yachiyotsubaki	4
	lanceolate				Liu ye Bai, Zui Xi Shi	5
<b>15.</b>	<b>Compound leaf: lobe of lateral leaflet</b>					
(*)						
(+)						
<b>PQ</b>	(d) absent or very few				Zui Xi Shi	1
	weak				Zhao Fen	3
	medium				Luo Yang Hong	5
	strong				High Noon	7
<b>16.</b>	<b>Compound leaf: color of upper side (in early period of flowering)</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(d) yellow green				Zhao Fen	1
	green				Dou Lv	2
	grey green				Mo Kui	3
	dark green				Guan Shi Mo Yu, Zhuang Yuan Hong	4

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>17.</b>	<b>Compound leaf: anthocyanin coloration on upper side (in early period of flowering)</b>					
<b>QL</b>	(d) absent				Zhaoi Fen	1
	present				Hu Hong	9
<b>18.</b>	<b>Compound leaf: hair on lower side (in early period of flowering)</b>					
<b>QL</b>	(d) absent				Yin Fen Jin Lin	1
	present				Dou Lv	2
<b>19.</b>	<b>Flower: flower bud: shape</b>					
(+)						
<b>PQ</b>	(e) obloid				Shou An Hong	1
	globose				Shan Hu TAI	2
	ovoid				Zhu Sha Lei	3
	long ovoid				Yu Mian Tao Hua	4
<b>20.</b>	<b>Flower: flower bud: lateral flower buds</b>					
<b>QL</b>	(e) absent				Luo Yang Hong	1
	present				Zi Mei You Chun High Huang	9
<b>21.</b>	<b>Flower: flower form: more than one form</b>					
<b>QL</b>	(e) absent				Shou An Hong	1
	present				Zhao Fen	9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>22.</b> (*) (+)	<b>Flower: flower form:</b>					
<b>QL</b>	(e) single flower section					
	hundred petals subsection					
	single form				Shu Sheng Peng Mo	1
	lotus form				Yu Ban Bai	2
	chrysanthemum form				Cong Zhong Xiao, Ru Hua Si Yu	3
	rose form				Luo Yang Hong	4
	crown subsection					
	golden stamen					5
	anemone				Yin Si Guan Ding	6
	golden circle				Fen Mian Tao Hua	7
	crown				Shou An Hong	8
	globular				Fen Yu Qiu	9
	proliferate section:					
	hundred proliferate				Jun Yan Hong	10
	crown proliferate				Xian Tao	11
<b>23.</b> (*)	<b>Flower: diameter</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(e) small (<14cm)				Pan Zhong Qu Guo	3
	medium (14-18cm)				Luo Yang Hong	5
	large (>18cm)				Bai He Liang Chi, Xian Tao	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>24.</b>	<b><u>Only varieties with crown and proliferate form:</u></b> <b>Flower: height</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(e) short (<8cm)				Dou Lv	3
	medium (8-10cm)				Shou An Hong	5
	tall (>10cm)				Zi Rong Qiu	7
<b>25.</b> (*)	<b>Flower: main color:</b> <b>double color</b>					
<b>QL</b>	(e) absent				Luo Yang Hong	1
	present				Hua Er Qian, Shima-nishiki	9
<b>26.</b> (*)	<b><u>Only varieties with double color:</u></b> <b>Flower: color</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) color 1: RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
	color 2: RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
<b>27.</b> (*)	<b>Flower: main color</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)					
<b>28.</b> (*)	<b>Flower: blotch at the base of petals</b>					
<b>QL</b>	(e) absent				Zhao Fen	1
	present				Luo Yang Hong	9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>29.</b> (*)	<b><u>Only varieties without blotches at the base of petals:</u></b> <b>Flower: suffusion at base</b>					
<b>QL</b>	(e) absent				Renkaku	1
	present				ZhaoFen	9
<b>30.</b>	<b><u>Only varieties with suffusion at the base of petals:</u></b> Flower					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) red or pink				Teni, Zhao Fen	1
	purple red				Hong Xia, Jiu Zui Yang Fei	2
	dark purple				Yan Long Zi Zhu Pan	3
<b>31.</b> (+)	<b><u>Only varieties with blotches at the base of petals:</u></b> Flower: shape of blotches					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) 'V'-shaped				Wu Xing Yu	1
	triangle				Wu Long Peng Sheng	2
	elliptic				Xue Hai Ying Zhen	3
	trullate				Huo lian Jin Dan	4
	linear				Ru Hua Si Yu	5
<b>32.</b>	<b><u>Only varieties with blotches at the base of petals:</u></b> Flower: color of blotches					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) white				Zheng Chun	1
	red				Hign Noon	3
	purple red				Xue Hai Dan Xin	4
	red brown				Xue Hai Yin Zhen	5
	dark purple or black				Zi Die Ying Feng	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>33.</b>	<b>Flower: incision of petal top</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) weak				Cong Zhong Xiao	3
	medium				Hu Hong	5
	strong				Mo Chi Ying Yue, Zhao Zi	7
<b>34.</b>	<b><u>Only varieties with crown and proliferate form:</u> Flower: shape of outer petals</b>					
<b>(+)</b>						
<b>PQ</b>	(e) circular					1
	obovate					2
	broad obovate					3
<b>35.</b>	<b><u>Only varieties with crown and proliferate form:</u> Flower: whorls of outer petals</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(e) 1-2				Jin Yu	
	>2				Kun Shan Ye Guang	
<b>36.</b>	<b>Flower: stamen: (* ) amount of petaloid stamens</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(e) absent				Renkaku	1
	(<20%) few				Yu Ban Bai	2
	(<20-95%) part				Luo Yang Hong	3
	(>95%) whole				Kun ShanYe Guang	4

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>37.</b>	<b>Flower: stamen: main color of filaments</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) white				Renkaku	1
	pale yellow				Xue Lian	2
	pink				Zhao Fen	3
	purple				Luo Yang Hong	4
					Yan Long Zi Zhu Pan	5
<b>38.</b>	<b>Flower: stamen: anthers bearing on petaloid filaments</b>					
(+)						
<b>PQ</b>	(e) absent or very weak				Shou An Hong	1
	strong				Jin Xin Xue Lang	3
<b>39.</b>	<b>Flower: stamen: shape of petaloid stamen</b>					
(+)						
<b>QL</b>	(e) oblong/oblanceolate				Yin Si Guan Ding	
	not oblong/ oblanceolate				Shou An Hong	
<b>40.</b>	<b>Flower: stamen: color of petaloid stamen</b>					
<b>QL</b>	(e) same as original/outer petals				Shou An Hong	1
	different from original/outer petals				Tao Yang Jin	2
<b>41.</b>	<b>Flower: pistil: amount</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(e) <=3				Shou An Hong	1
	4-8				Zi Die Ying Feng	2
	>8				Luo Yang Hong	3



	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>42.</b>	<b>Flower: pistil: color of stigma</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) pale yellow				Renkaku, Yu Ban Bai,	1
	pink				Zhao Fen	2
	purple red				Luo Yang Hong	3
	purple black or black				Yan Long Zi Zhu Pan	4
<b>43.</b> (*)	<b><u>Only varieties with petaloid pistil:</u> Flower: pistil: petaloidying</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) only stigma				Huang Jin Cui	1
	partly petaloid				Juan Ye Hong	2
	completely petaloid				Zi Hong Zheng Yan	3
	deterioration				Jin Yu	4
<b>44.</b> (*)	<b><u>Only varieties with petaloid pistil:</u> Flower: pistil: color of petaloid pistil</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) white				Zhi Hong Zheng Yan	1
	green				Kun Shan Ye Guang	2
	green and white				Yan Zhi Dian Cui	3
	green and red				Wu Long Peng Sheng	4
	similar to original petal				Shou An Hong	5
<b>45.</b> (+)	<b>Flower: pistil: state of carpel-enclosing disc</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(e) weak/less than 20%, only enclosing at base				Qing Long Wo Mo Chi, Zhi Hong	3
	medium/partly				Hu Hong, Yan Long Zi Zhu Pan, Zi Die Ying Feng	5
	strong/totally or more than 80%				Xue Hai Dan Xin	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>46.</b>	<b>Flower: pistil: density of hair on carpels</b>					
<b>QL</b>	(e) absent				High Noon	1
	sparse				Xue Hai Ying zhen	2
	dense				Luo Yang Hong	3
<b>47.</b>	<b>Flower: pistil: texture of disc</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) leathery /vaginate				Luo Yang Hong	
	medium					
	succulent				High Noon	
<b>48. (*)</b>	<b>Flower: pistil: color of disc</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) light white				Renkaku, Xue Lian	1
	pink				Zhao Fen	2
	purple red				Xue Hai Dan Xin	3
	dark purple				Yan Long Zi Zhu Pan	4
<b>49.</b>	<b>Flower: angence</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(e) weak				Zhao Xia Ying Ri	3
	medium				Luo Yang Hong	5
	strong				Guan Qun Fang	7
<b>50.</b>	<b>Flowering: more then 2 times of natural flowering within one year</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) absent				Luo Yang Hong	1
	present				High Noon	9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
<b>51.</b>	<b>Flowering: time of</b>					
<b>(*)</b>	<b>beginning of</b>					
	<b>flowering in spring</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(e) early				Huo Lian Jin Dan	
	medium				Luo Yang Hong	
	late				High Noon	
<b>52.</b>	<b>Flowering: attitude</b>					
<b>(*)</b>						
<b>(+)</b>						
<b>PQ</b>	(e) upward				Kao	1
	outward				Rou Fu Rong	2
	downward				Dou Lv	3
<b>53.</b>	<b>Flowering: position</b>					
<b>PQ</b>	(e) within canopy				Cang Zhi Hong	3
	as same level				Cong Zhong xiao	5
	above canopy				Kao	7
<b>54.</b>	<b>Flowering: flowering</b>					
<b>(*)</b>	<b>branches/branches</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(e) few (<1/3)				Wu Long Wo Mo chi	3
	medium (1/3-2/3)				Hanakisoi	5
	many (>2/3)				Kao	7
<b>55.</b>	<b>Seeds:</b>					
<b>QN</b>	(e) none or very few				Shou An Hong	3
	medium				Taiyo	5
	many				Zhu Sha Lei	7

## 8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

### 8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

- (a) Plant: The observation of growth habit is better to be made during deciduous period, the height of it should be made during flowering period.
- (b) Bud: Observations on the buds should be made on the first lateral bud on one-year old branch during the period after the leaves fallen and before first frost.
- (c) Branch: Observations on the branch should exclude basal shoots, excluding character 8.
- (d) Compound leaf: Observations on the compound should be made on the third and fourth fully developed leafs from the end in current year's branch in flowering period.
- (e) Flower: The observation on the flower should be made on the top flower on the main branch. The shape of flower bud should be made on the period when it will show its color, other observations should be made in the period of full bloom.

### 8.2 *Explanations for individual characteristics*

#### Ad.1: Plant: growth habit



1  
upright



2  
semi-spreading



3  
spreading

#### Ad. 3: Bud: shape



1  
ovoid



2  
prolate



3  
narrow prolate



4  
prolate

Ad.7: Branch: color: 5-10cm new shoot



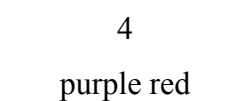
1  
yellow green



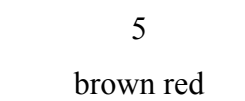
2  
green



3  
pink



4  
purple red



5  
brown red

Ad. 8: Branch: color: color interrelation of young stalks, young stem and young leaves

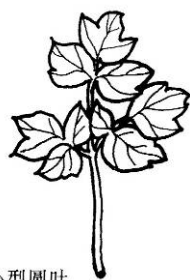


1  
absent



9  
present

Ad.12: Compound leaf: type



5. 小型圆叶

The total length is about 20-30cm and the width is less than 20cm, the leaflet is small, its shape is the same as other circular leaf.

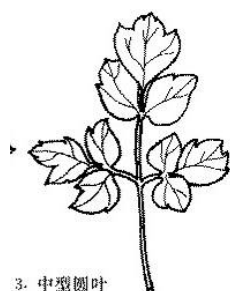
1  
small circular leaf



小型长叶

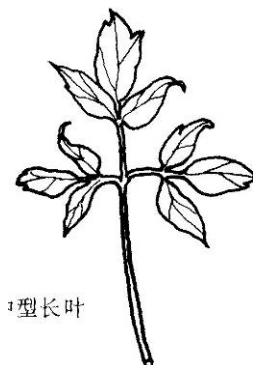
The size and shape are similar to that of the small circular leaf. Its leaflet is also the same as other long leaf.

2  
small long leaf



3. 中型圆叶

The size is intermediate, the total length between 30 and 40cm and width of approximately 20-25cm. The leaflet is also an intermediate size, its other shapes are similar to those of large circular leaf.



4型长叶

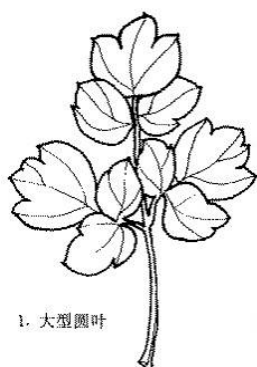
The size of it is the same of middle-sized circular leaf, while the shape of its leaflets is similar to that of the large long leaf, but with more and sharper incisions.

3

middle-sized circular leaf

4

middle-sized long leaf



1. 大型圆叶

The size is the same as that of a large long leaf the leaflets are wide, roundish and fleshy and ovate or wider, the lateral leaflet is flat with fewer incision on its edge.



2. 大型长叶

Total length greater than 40cm and width greater than 25cm, the leaflets are long val, there are fewer but more tapering incision at the lateral edge.

3.

5

large circular leaf

6

large long leaf

### Ad.13: Compound leaf: attachment



1. 平伸

1  
right angle attachment  
(approximately 90°)



2. 斜伸  
(30°~50°)

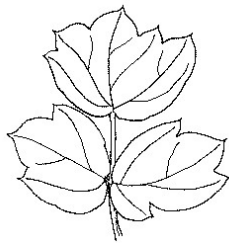
2  
diagonal attachment (30°-50°)



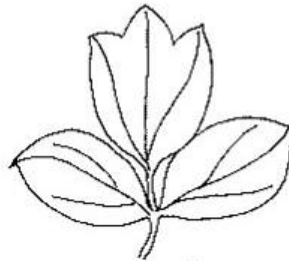
3. 斜上伸  
(小于 30°)

3  
diagonally upward  
attachment (< 30°)

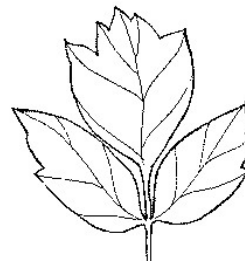
Ad.14: Compound leaf: shape of lateral leaflet



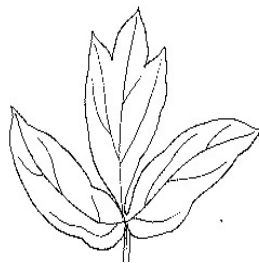
1  
broad ovate



2  
ovate



3  
long ovate

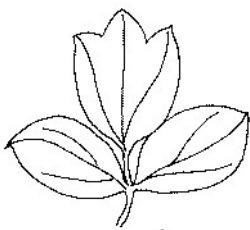


4  
narrow ovate

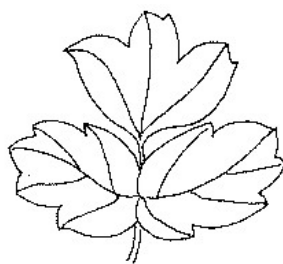


5  
lanceolate

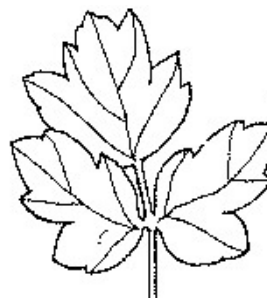
Ad. 15: Compound leaf: lobe of lateral leaflet



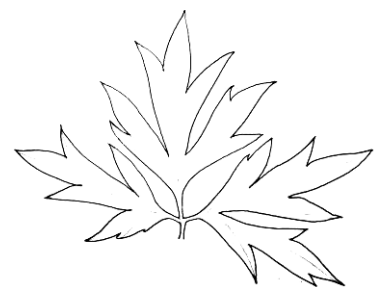
1  
absent or very few



3  
weak



5  
medium



7  
strong

Ad.19: Flower: flower bud: shape



1  
obloid



2  
globose



3  
ovoid



4  
long ovoid

Ad. 22: Flower: flower form

[to be updated]



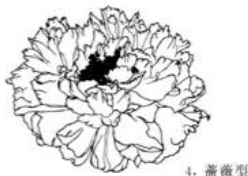
1  
single form



2  
lotus form



3  
chrysanthemum form



4  
rose form



6  
anemone



7  
golden circle

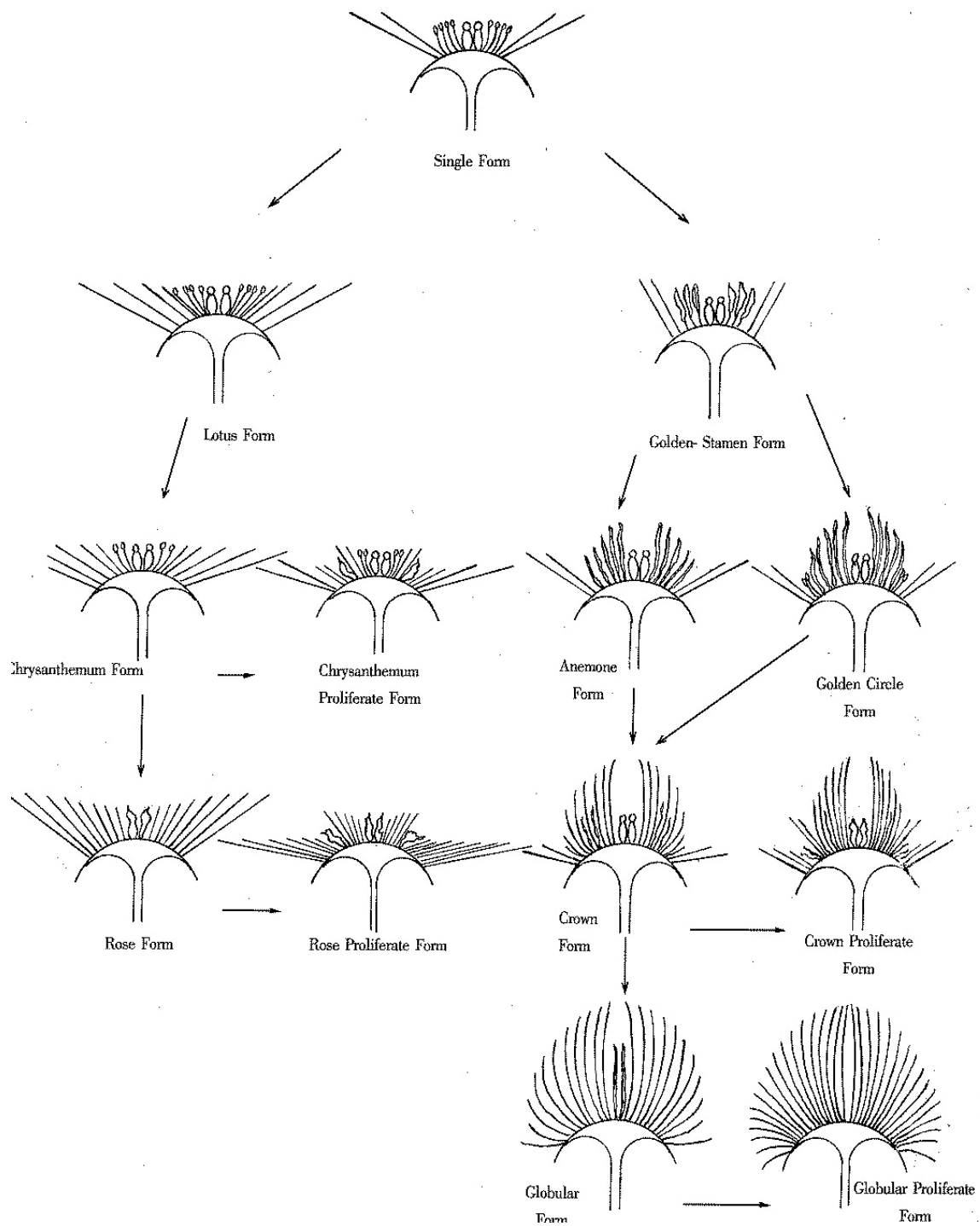


8  
crown



9  
globular







1  
single form



6  
anemone form



2  
lotus form



8  
crown form



3  
chrysanthemum form



8  
crown form



4  
rose form



9  
globular form



10  
hundred proliferate form



11  
crown proliferate form

Ad.31: Flower: Only varieties with blotches at the base of petals: shape of blotches



1  
V  
2  
triangle  
3  
elliptic  
4  
trullate  
5  
linear

Ad. 34: Only varieties with crown and proliferate form: Flower: shape of outer petals

[to be provided]

Ad. 38: Flower: stamen: anthers bearing on petaloid filaments



1  
absent or very weak



3  
strong

Ad. 39: Flower: stamen: shape of petaloid stamen



1  
oblong/oblanceolate



9  
not oblong/ oblanceolate

Ad. 45: Flower: pistil: state of carpel-enclosing disc

Ad. 48: Flower: pistil color of disc



3

weak, less than 20%, only enclosing at base



5

medium/partly



7

strong/totally or more than 80%



Ad.52: Flowering: attitude



1  
upright



2  
outward



3  
downward

9. Bibliography

[to be provided]

10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
		Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights		
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire		
1.1 Botanical name	<i>Paeonia suffruticosa</i> Andrews Sect. <i>Moutan</i>	
1.2 Common name	Tree paeony	
2. Applicant		
Name		
Address		
Telephone No.		
Fax No.		
E-mail address		
Breeder (if different from applicant)		
3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference		
Proposed denomination (if available)		
Breeder's reference		

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety

4.1 Breeding scheme

Variety resulting from:

4.1.1 Crossing

(a) controlled cross [   ]  
(please state parent varieties)

(b) partially known cross [   ]  
(please state known parent variety(ies))

(c) unknown cross [   ]

4.1.2 Mutation [   ]  
(please state parent variety)

4.1.3 Discovery and development [   ]  
(please state where and when discovered and how developed)

4.1.4 Other [   ]  
(please provide details)

4.2 Method of propagating the variety

4.2.1 Vegetative propagation

(a) grafted [   ]

(b) division [   ]

(c) other (state method) [   ]

4.2.2 Seed [   ]

4.2.3 Other [   ]  
(please provide details)

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# Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.



TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
<b>5.1 Plant: growth habit (1)</b>		
upright	Kao, Shichifukujin,	1[ ]
semi-upright	Wu Long Peng Sheng	2[ ]
spreading	Zhao Fen	3[ ]
<b>5.2 Compound leaf: type (12)</b>		
small circular leaf	Zhu Hong Jue Lun	1[ ]
small long leaf	Shan Hu Tai, Yin Luo Bao Zhu	2[ ]
middle-sized circular leaf	Cang Zhi Hong Kun Shan Ye Guang	3[ ]
middle-sized long leaf	Luo Yang Hong , Zi Mei You Chun	4[ ]
large circular leaf	Qing Long Wo Mo Chi Shou An Hong	5[ ]
large long leaf	Bing Ling Zhao Hong Shi, Gong Yang Zhuang	6[ ]
<b>5.3 Compound leaf: lobe of lateral leaflet (15)</b>		
absent or very few	Zui Xi Shi	1[ ]
weak	Zhao Fen	3[ ]
medium	Luo Yang Hong	5[ ]
strong	High Noon	7[ ]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<b>5.4 Flower: flower form:</b> <b>(22)</b>		
single form	Shu Sheng Peng Mo	1[ ]
lotus form	Yu Ban Bai	2[ ]
chrysanthemum form	Cong Zhong Xiao, Ru Hua Si Yu	3[ ]
rose form	Luo Yang Hong	4[ ]
golden stamen form		5[ ]
anemone form	Yin Si Guan Ding	6[ ]
golden circle form	Fen Mian Tao Hua	7[ ]
crown form	Shou An Hong	8[ ]
golbular form	Fen Yu Qiu	9[ ]
hundred proliferate form	Jun Yan Hong	10[ ]
crown proliferate form	Xian Tao	11[ ]
<b>5.5 Flower: diameter</b> <b>(23)</b>		
small (<14cm)	Pan Zhong Qu Guo	3[ ]
medium (14-18cm)	Luo Yang Hong	5[ ]
large (>18cm)	Bai He Liang Chi, Xian Tao	7[ ]
<b>5.6 Flower: main color:double color</b> <b>(25)</b>		
absent	Luo Yang Hong	1[ ]
present	Hua Er Qian, Shima-nishiki	9[ ]
<b>5.7 Flower: color: <u>only varieties with double color</u></b> <b>(26)</b>		
color 1: RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
color 2: RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
<b>5.8 Flower: main color</b> <b>(27)</b>		
RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE		Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<b>5.9</b>	<b>Flower: blotch at the base of petals</b>		
<b>(28)</b>			
	absent	Zhao Fen	1[ ]
	present	Luo Yang Hong	9[ ]
<b>5.10</b>	<b>Flower:Only varieties without blotches at the base of petals:</b>		
<b>(29)</b>	<b><u>suffusion at base</u></b>		
	absent	Renkaku	1[ ]
	present	ZhaoFen	9[ ]
<b>5.11</b>	<b>Flower:stamen: amount of petaloid stamens</b>		
<b>(36)</b>			
	absent	Renkaku	1[ ]
	(<20%) few	Yu Ban Bai	2[ ]
	(<20-95%) part	Luo Yang Hong	3[ ]
	(>95%) whole	Kun ShanYe Guang	4[ ]
<b>5.12</b>	<b>Flower: pistil: <u>only varieties with petaloid pistil</u>: petaloidying</b>		
<b>(43)</b>			
	only stigma	Huang Jin Cui	1[ ]
	partly petaloid	Juan Ye Hong	2[ ]
	completely petaloid	Zi Hong Zheng Yan	3[ ]
	deterioration	Jin Yu	4[ ]
<b>5.13</b>	<b>Flower: pistil: <u>only varieties with petaloid pistil</u>: color of petaloid pistil</b>		
<b>(44)</b>			
	white	Zhi Hong Zheng Yan	1[ ]
	green	Kun Shan Ye Guang	2[ ]
	green and white	Yan Zhi Dian Cui	3[ ]
	green and red	Wu Long Peng Sheng	4[ ]
	similar to original petal	Shou An Hong	5[ ]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<b>5.14 Flower: pistil:color of disc</b>		
<b>(48)</b>		
light white	Renkaku, Xue Lian	1[ ]
pink	Zhao Fen	2[ ]
purple red	Xue Hai Dan Xin	3[ ]
dark purple	Yan Long Zi Zhu Pan	4[ ]
<b>5.15 Flowering: time of beginning of flowering in spring</b>		
<b>(51)</b>		
early	Huo Lian Jin Dan	3[ ]
medium	Luo Yang Hong	5[ ]
late	High Noon	7[ ]
<b>5.16 Flowering: attitude</b>		
<b>(52)</b>		
upward	Kao	1[ ]
outward	Rou Fu Rong	2[ ]
downward	Dou Lv	3[ ]
<b>5.17 Flowering: flowering branches/branches</b>		
<b>(54)</b>		
few (<1/3)	Wu Long Wo Mo chi	3[ ]
midium (1/3-2/3)	Hanakisoi	5[ ]
many (>2/3)	Kao	7[ ]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

*Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.*

Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the <b>similar</b> variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for <b>your</b> candidate variety
<i>Example</i>	<i>Flower color</i>	<i>red</i>	<i>orange red</i>

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Comments:

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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<p>#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety</p> <p>7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?</p> <p>Yes     <input type="checkbox"/>                                      No     <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?</p> <p>Yes     <input type="checkbox"/>                                      No     <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.3 Other information</p> <p>7.3.1 Main use</p> <p>(a) garden plant                      <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(b) pot plant                            <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(c) cut-flower                          <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(d) other                                <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(please provide details)</p> <p>7.3.2 A representative color photograph of the variety should accompany the Technical Questionnaire.</p>		
<p>8. Authorization for release</p> <p>(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?</p> <p>Yes     <input type="checkbox"/>                                      No     <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(b) Has such authorization been obtained?</p> <p>Yes     <input type="checkbox"/>                                      No     <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.</p>		

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# Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination.

9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.

9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:

(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)	Yes [ ]	No [ ]
(b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)	Yes [ ]	No [ ]
(c) Tissue culture	Yes [ ]	No [ ]
(d) Other factors	Yes [ ]	No [ ]

Please provide details for where you have indicated “yes”.

.....

10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:

Applicant's name			
Signature			