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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS
 GENEVA

DRAFT

OLEANDER

UPOV Code: NERIU_OLE

Nerium oleander L.

*

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from France

to be considered by the

*Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees
 at its fortieth session, to be held in Kunming, China, from July 2 to 6, 2007*

Alternative Names:^{*}

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>French</i>	<i>German</i>	<i>Spanish</i>
<i>Nerium oleander L.</i> ,	Oleander, Rose Bay,	Laurier rose, Oleandre	Oleander	Adelfa, Balandre,
<i>Nerium indicum</i> Mill.	Rose-Laurel			Laurel Rosa, Pascua

The purpose of these guidelines (“Test Guidelines”) is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all vegetatively propagated varieties of *Nerium oleander* L. (*Apocynaceae*).

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of two-years-old plants.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

6 plants, unpinched, not grafted and untreated.

[IL = Warning : as plant material of Oleander is poisonous it should be handled with care(?)]

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, especially with dwarfing compound, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

The minimum duration of tests should normally be:

A test should normally be conducted for two growing periods but an additional establishment year before recording may be needed. If distinctness and/or homogeneity cannot be sufficiently established in two growing period, the test should be extended for third growing period.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.3.2 Unless otherwise indicated, all observations on the flower should be made the day of opening at the first flush of flower.

3.3.3 Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part I. These determinations should be made with the plant part placed against a white background.

3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 6 plants.

3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 *Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined*

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations should be made on 6 plants or parts taken from each of 6 plants.

3.6 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is

sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.2 *Uniformity*

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 6 plants, one off-type is allowed.

4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Plant : growth type (char. 1)
- (b) Plant : growth habit (char. 2)
- (c) Flower : color group (char. 21)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 *Example Varieties*

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 *Legend*

(*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

QL: Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

QN: Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

PQ: Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

(+) See explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteresticas

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
2006 TWO to be deleted, France 2007 wants to keep it IL : the problem is the word normal. Char. 3. Height is sufficient (to be discussed in TWO 07)						
1.	Plant: growth type	Plante: Type de croissance				
QL	dwarf	nain			Petite Red, Petite Pienk	1
	normal	normal			Alassio, Altini	2
2. Plant: growth habit Plante: port to be discussed in TWO 07						
(+)						
PQ	upright	érigé			Belle Hélène	1
	semi- upright	demi dressé			Fiesta Pink	2
	spreading	étalé			Altini	3
3.	Plant: height	Plante: hauteur				
QN	very short	très courte			Petite Red	1
	short	courte			Nana Rosso	3
	medium	moyenne			Papa Gambetta	5
	tall	haute			Belle Hélène	7
	very tall	très haute			Professeur Granel / La Fontaine	9
4.	Shoot: color of distal part (current year's shoot)	Rameau: couleur de la partie supérieure (rameau de l'année)				
PQ	light green	vert clair			Belle Hélène	1
	medium green	vert moyen			Altini	2
	dark green	vert foncé			Papa Gambetta	3
	reddish brown	brun rougeâtre			Virginie	4
	brown	brun			Fiesta Rodi	5

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
5.	Shoot : rigidity	Rameau : rigidité	to be deleted		
QL	weak	faible		Mrs Roeding	3
	medium	moyenne		Splendens Giganteum	5
	strong	forte		Belle Helène	7
6. (*)	Leaf blade: length	Feuille: longueur du limbe			
QN	short	courte		Petite Pink	3
	medium	moyenne		Hardy Red	5
	long	longue		Alassio	7
7. (*)	Leaf blade: width	Feuille: largeur du limbe			
QN	narrow	étroite		Papa Gambetta	3
	medium	moyenne		Emile Sahut	5
	broad	large		Emilie	7
IL : first variegation, then main colour and both chars after Leaf blade : width					
8.	Leaf blade: main color of upper side	Feuille: couleur principale de la partie supérieure			
PQ	light green	vert clair		Petite white	1
	medium green	vert moyen		Alassio	2
	dark green	vert foncé		Papa Gambetta	3
	bluish-green	vert bleuté		JR 95-1	4
9. (*)	Leaf blade : variegation	Feuille : panachure			
QL	absent	absente		Marie Gambetta	1
	present	présente		Splendens Foleïs Variegata	9

				Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
English	français	deutsch	español		
10. (*)	Leaf blade: profile in cross section	Feuille: section transversale			
QL	flat	plate		Nana Rosso, Pink Beauty	1
	folded	pliée		Petite Red	2
11. (+)	Leaf blade : incurving of margins	Limbe : enroulement des bords			
QL	absent	absent		Nana Rosso	1
	present	présent		Pink Beauty	9
12. (+)	Leaf blade : glossiness of upper side to be observed in the shade	Feuille : brillance de la face supérieure (à observer à l'ombre)			
QL	absent	absente		Petite Red	1
	present	présente		Papa Gambetta	9
13.	Leaf blade : pubescence of upper side	Feuille : pubescence de la face supérieure			
QL	absent	absente		Petite Red, Papa Gambetta	1
	present	présente		JR 95-1	9
14. (*) (+)	Inflorescence : shape of upper part	Inflorescence : forme de la partie supérieure			
QL	flat	plate		Petite White	1
	domed	arrondie		Petite Red	2
	conical [TWO 06/elliptical to be	Elliptique discussed in TWO 07		Petite Pink	3

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
15.	Inflorescence : position in relation to foliage	Inflorescence : position par rapport au feuillage			
QL	outer or above	à l'extérieur/au-dessus		East End Pink	3
	same level	au même niveau		Petite Red	2
	inner or beneath	à l'intérieur/dessous		Alassio	1
to be discussed in TWO 07 France proposes above 3/ beneath 7					
16.	Floriferousness :	Floribondité :			
QN	weak	faible		Neridem	3
	medium	moyenne		Soleil Levant	5
	strong	forte		Altini	7
17.	Flower bud : shape (*) (+)	Bouton floral : forme (juste avant l'ouverture)			
QL	ellipsoid	ellipsoïde		Mont Rose	1
	ovoid	ovoïde		Hawaï	2
	rhomboid	rhomboïde		JR 95-1	3
	globose	globuleux		Splendens Giganteum	4

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
18.	Flower bud : main color (just before opening)	Bouton floral : couleur principale (juste avant l'ouverture)			
QL	white or nearly white	blanc ou presque blanc		Petite white	1
	yellow	jaune		Sœur Agnès	2
	light pink	rose clair		Alsace	3
	medium pink	rose moyen		Nana Rosso	4
	dark pink	rose foncé		Louis Pouget	5
	magenta (basic color)	magenta (couleur primaire)		Hardy Pink	6
	red	rouge		Italia	7
	light violet	violet clair		Barcelona	8
Just before opening to be placed in chapter 8.1					
19.	Flower bud : swelling just before opening	Bouton floral : gonflement juste avant l'ouverture	IL : all buds swell. Something as an outgrowing ??		
QL	absent	absent		Alsace	1
	present	présent		Angiolo Pucci	9

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
20 (*).	Flower : color to be discussed in TWO 07	Fleur : groupe de couleur			
QL	whitish	blanchâtre		Petite white, Alsace, Mont Blanc	1
	yellow	jaune		Isle of Capri, Luteum Plenum	2
	light orange	orange clair		Angiolo Pucci	3
	light orange pink	orange clair rose		Tito Poggi, Hawaï, Mrs Roeding	4
	light pink	rose clair		Magaly, East End Pink	5
	medium pink and dark pink	rose moyen et rose foncé		Alassio, Emilie, Roseum plenum	6
	light violet	violet clair		Barcelona	7
	magenta	magenta		JR 95-1, Commandant Barthélémy	8
	red	rouge		Altini, Petite Red, Tamouré	9
21. (*)	Flower : whorls of petals	Fleur : nombre de rang de pétales			
QL	one	un		Emilie	1
	two	deux		Professeur Granel	2
	three	trois		Mrs Roeding	3
22. (*)	Flower : maximum diameter	Fleur : diamètre total			
QN	small	petit		Petite Red	3
	medium	moyen		Mrs Roeding	5
	large	grand		Roseum Plenum	7

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
23. <small>(*) (+)</small>	Flower : shape (view from above)	Fleur : forme (vue de dessus)			
QL	round	ronde		Mrs Roeding	1
	pinwheel-shaped	turbinée		Emilie	2
	irregular	irrégulière		Splendens Foleïs Variegata	3
	star-shaped	étoilée		Isle of Capri	4
24. <small>(*) (+)</small>	Petal (IL : Corolla lobe) : attitude of the upper part (fully opened flower, excluding the tube)	Pétale : profil de la partie supérieure (fleur complètement ouverte, hors tube)			
QL	erect	dressé		Petite Pink	1
	semi erect	demi dressé		Isle of Capri	2
	spreading	évasé		Hawaï	3
25.	Flower : fragrance	Fleur : parfum			
QL	absent or very weak	absent ou très faible		Jordan Valley	1
	weak	faible		Arizona	3
	medium	moyen		Alassio	5
	strong	fort		Louis Pouget	7
26.	Petal (IL : Corolla lobe) : size	Pétale : taille			
QN	small	petite		Petite white	3
	medium	moyenne		Mont Blanc	5
	large	grande		Claudia	7

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
27. (*) (+)	Petal : predominant shape	Pétale : forme prédominante			
QL	type 1	type 1		Belle Hélène, Italia	1
	type 2	type 2		Neguev	2
	type 3	type 3		Red Beauty, Splendens Foleïs Variegata	3
	type 4	type 4		Luteum Plenum	4
28. (*) (+)	Petal : margin of blade (IL : incisions of margin)	Pétale : bord du limbe	could it be "entire and sinuate" or others combinations ? FR 07 independent states		
PQ	entire	entier		Hardy Red	1
	dentate	denté		Sœur Agnès	2
	sinuate	sinué		Commandant Barthélémy	3
	lobed	lobé		Madame Allen	4
29. (*)	Petal : color of upper side	Pétale : couleur de la face interne			
PQ	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)	code RHS des couleurs (indiquer le numéro de référence)			
30. (*)	Petal : striping	Pétale : stries	See photo in TWO 07		
QL	absent	absentes		Ville de la Londe	1
	present	présentes		Commandant Barthélémy	9

				Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
English	français	deutsch	español		
31 (+)	Petal : pattern of streaks	Pétale : répartition des stries	To be discussed in TWO 07, see drawing/photo during TWO 07		
PQ	isolated	isolées		Emilie	1
	regularly distributed	distribuées régulièrement		Harriet Newding	2
	random	aléatoires		Commandant Barthélémy	3
	variegations	panachures		JR 95-1	4
32.	Petal : margin zone on the left of upper side	Pétale : liseré sur le côté gauche de la face supérieure	See photo during TWO 07		
PQ	absent	absent		Professeur Granel	1
	present	présent		Virginie	9
33. (*)	Petal : color of the lower side base	Pétale : couleur de la base de la face inférieure			
QL	white	blanc		Splendens Giganteum	1
	pinkish white	blanc rosé		Tamouré	2
	whitish yellow	jaune blanchâtre		Emilie	3
	light yellow	jaune clair		Petite Pink	4
	yellow	jaune		Marie Gambetta	5
	greenish yellow	jaune verdâtre		Alsace	6
	orange-yellow	jaune orangé		Isle of Capri	7
	orange	orangé		Luteum Plenum	8
	pink	rose		Petite Red	9
	purplish pink	rose violacé		Petite White	10
	red	rouge		Neridem	11

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
34. (*)	To be explained via photo during TWO 07				
	Corolla tube : petaloïds inside of throat	Tube de la corolle : pétaloïdes à l'intérieur de la gorge			
PQ	absent	absents		Grandiflorum	1
	present	présents		Roseum Plenum	9
35. (*)	Corolla tube : petaloïds at level of the first inner corolla	Tube de la corolle : pétaloïdes au niveau de la première corolle interne	to be precised with photo during TWO 07		
PQ	absent	absents		Mont Blanc	1
	present	présents		Splendens Giganteum	9
36.	Corolla tube : length	Tube de la corolle : longueur			
QN	very short	très courte		Roseum Plenum	1
	short	courte		Tamouré	3
	medium	moyenne		Emilie	5
	long	longue		Hardy Red	7
37.	Corolla tube : maximum diameter	Tube de la corolle : diamètre			
PQ	small	petit		Mrs Roeding	3
	medium	moyen		Rosita	5
	large	grand		Alassio	7
	to check the position to be observed (photo) during TWO 07				

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
38. (*)	Corolla tube : color of external side	Tube de la corolle : couleur face externe			
PQ	whitish	blanchâtre		Splendens Foleïs Variegata	1
	greenish	verdâtre		Madame Burton	2
	pinkish white	blanc rosé		Petite Red	3
	light yellow	jaune clair		Sœur Agnès	4
	yellow	jaune		Marie Gambetta	5
	pinkish yellow	jaune rosé		Alsace	6
	orange yellow	jaune orangé		Angiolo Pucci	7
	orange	orange		Luteum Plenum	8
	pink	rose		Petite White	9
	purplish pink	rose violacé		Virginie	10
	light violet	violet clair		Barcelona	11
	red	rouge		Pirate des Caraïbes	12
39. (*)	Corolline appendages : length	Appendices corollins: longueur			
QN	very short	très courte		Neguev, Tavira	1
	short	courte		Maurin des Maures	3
	medium	moyenne		Emilie	5
	long	longue		Rosa Bartolini	7
	very long	très longue		Jannoch	9
40. (*)	Corolline appendages : crown shape	Appendices corollins: forme de la couronne			
PQ	erect	dressé		Ville de Carpentras	1
	semi erect	demi dressé		Sœur Agnès	2
	spreading	étalé		East End Pink	3

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
41. (*)	Corolline appendages : denticulation of lobes	Appendices corollins: découpage des lobes			
PQ	absent or very weak	absente ou très faible		Neguev	1
	weak	faible		Maurin des Maures	3
	medium	moyenne		Emilie	5
	strong	forte		Rosa Bartolini	7
42. (*)	Corolla tube : inner colour (opened throat)	Tube de la corolle : couleur de l'intérieur (gorge ouverte)			
PQ	white	blanche		Petite Pink	1
	whitish yellow	jaune blanchâtre		Grandiflorum	2
	yellow	jaune		Marie Gambetta	3
	orange	orange		Luteum Plenum	4
	light pink	rose clair		Virginie	5
	medium pink	rose moyen		Belle Hélène	6
	magenta	magenta		Hardy Red	7
	red	rouge		Fiesta Rodi	8
43.	Corolla tube : inner color of base (opened throat)	Tube de la corolle : couleur du fond à l'intérieur (gorge ouverte)			
PQ	white	blanc		Petite White	1
	whitish yellow	jaune blanchâtre		Claudia	2
	yellow	jaune		Angiolo Pucci	3
	orange yellow	jaune orangé		Luteum Plenum	4
	orange	orange		Mont Blanc	5

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
44. (*)	photo: to be checked with TGP14 on color. Tube de la corolle : répartition de la couleur à l'intérieur				
PQ	eaven	unie		Mont Blanc	1
	striped	striée		Louis Pouget	2
	one striped	unirayée		Hardy Red	3
	multistriped	multirayée		Angiolo Pucci	4
	striped and striate	rayée et striée		Madame Allen	5
45. (+)	Stamens : extrusion of plumose appendix of anther	Etamines : extrusion des appendices plumeux des anthères			
QN	absent or very weak	nulle ou très faible		Professeur Granel	1
	weak	faible		Mont Blanc	3
	medium	moyenne		Altini	5
	strong	forte		Hardy Red	7
46.	Calyx : color	Calice : couleur			
PQ	green	vert		Mont Blanc	1
	green and red	vert et rouge		Alsace	2
	red	rouge		Fiesta Pienk	3
	purple	violet		Haïfa	4
	reddish brow	brun rougeâtre		Roseum Plenum	5
	dark brown	brun foncé		Commandant Barthélémy	6
47.	Sepals : length	Sépales : longueur			
QN	short	court		Luteum Plenum	3
	medium	moyen		Altini	5
	long	long		Petite White	7

				Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
English	français	deutsch	español		
48. <small>(*) (+)</small>	Sepals : position in relation to corolla tube	Sépales : position par rapport au tube de la corolle			
QN	adpressed	appliquée		Rosa Bartolini	1
	moderately separated	modérément écartée		Grandiflorum	2
	strongly separated	fortement écarté		JR 95-1	3
49.	Flower : color of pedicels	Fleur : couleur des pédicelles			
PQ	green	vert		Neguev	1
	green and red	vert et rouge		Belle Hélène	2
	green and purple	vert et violet		Barcelona	3
	red	rouge		Altini	4
	brown	brun		Maréchal Grazziani	5
50.	Time of beginning of flowering	Epoque du début de la floraison			
QN	early	précoce		Italia	3
	medium	moyenne		Marie Gambetta	5
	late	tardive		Hawaï	7
51.	Fruit : length	Fruit : longueur			
QN	short	courte		Rosita, Marie Mauron	3
	medium	moyenne		Sœur Agnès, Italia	5
	long	longue		Pink Beauty, Roseum Plenum	7
52.	Fruit : diameter	Fruit : diamètre			
QN	small	petit		Roseum Plenum	3
	medium	moyen		Pink Beauty	5
	large	grand		Marie Mauron	7

				Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Note/ Nota
53.	Fruit : longitudinal axis	Fruit : forme prédominante			
(+)					
PQ	straight	droite		Maurin des Maures	1
	curved	courbée		Italia	2
	sinusoidal	sinusoïdale		Emilie	3
54.	Fruit : color	Fruit : couleur			
PQ	light green	vert clair		Alsace	1
	green and red	vert et rouge		Docteur Raggioneri	2
	red	rouge		Nana Rosso	3

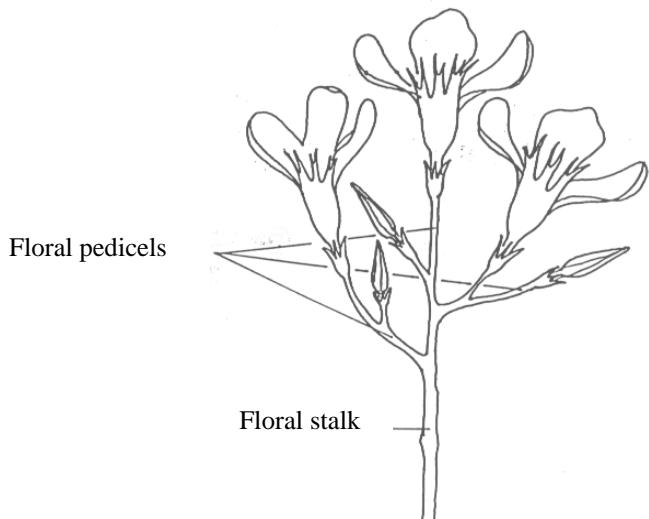
8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

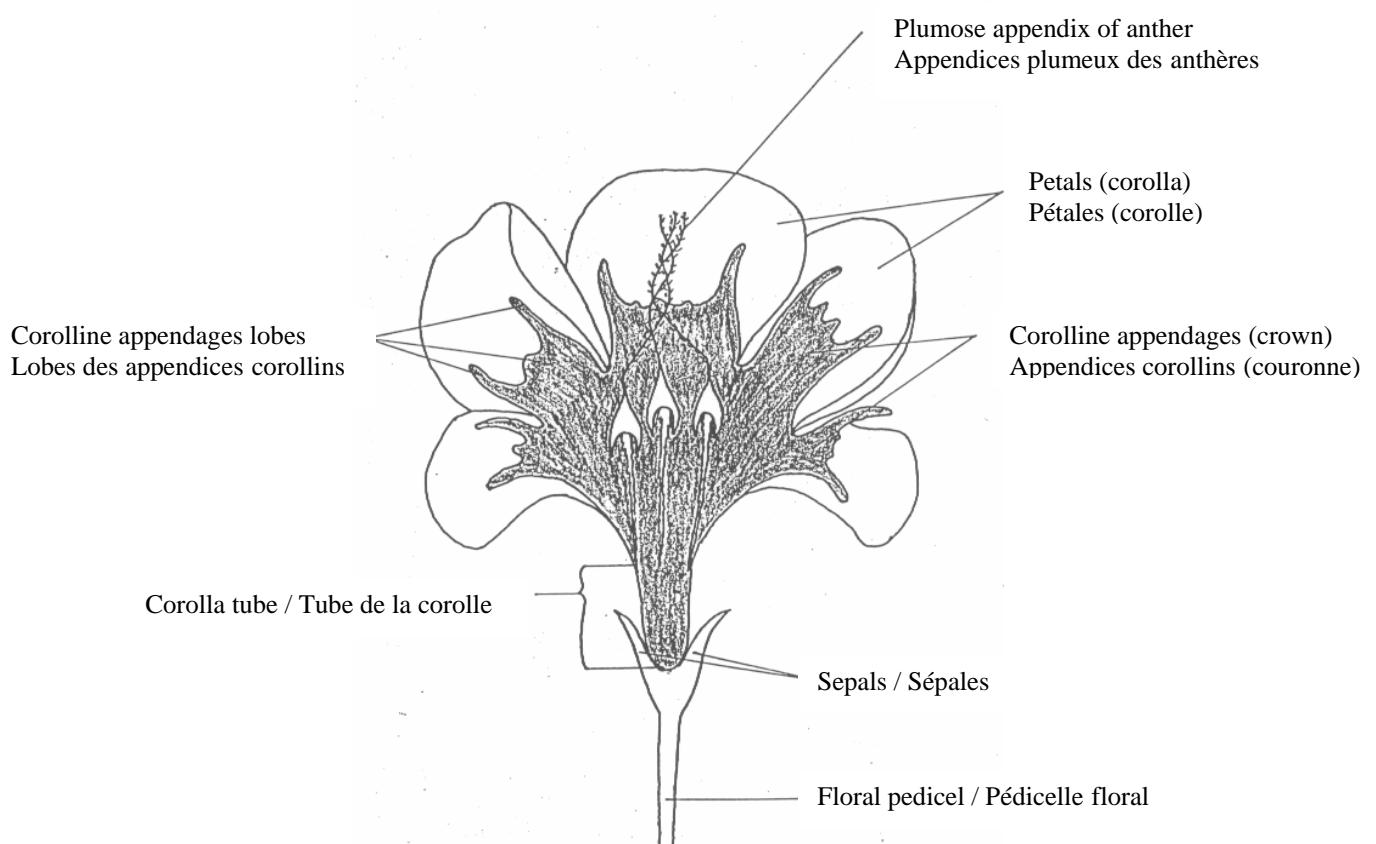
8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below :

- (a) observations on the flower which should be made on the day of opening at first flush of flower

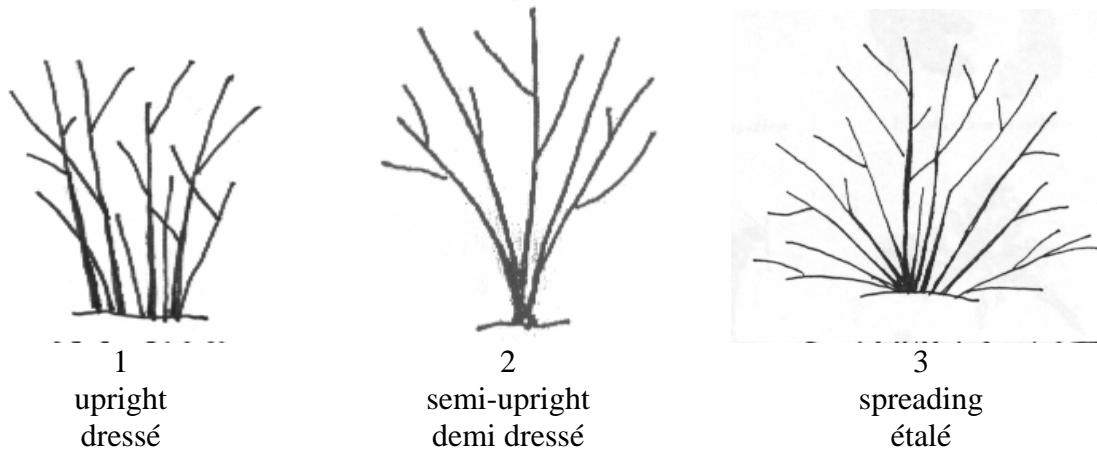
General terminology/Terminologie générale





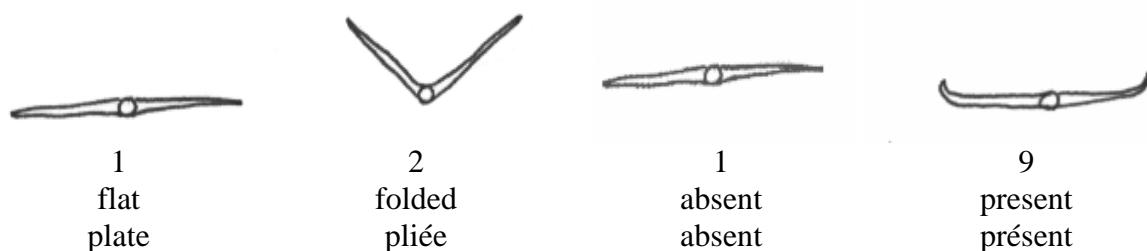
8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad/Add. 2 : Plant : growth habit/Plante : port



Ad/Add.10 : Leaf blade : profile in cross section/Feuille : section transversale

Ad/Add 11 : Leaf blade : incurving of margins/Limbe : enroulement des bords



Ad/Add. 14 : Inflorescence : shape of upper part/Inflorescence : forme de la partie supérieure

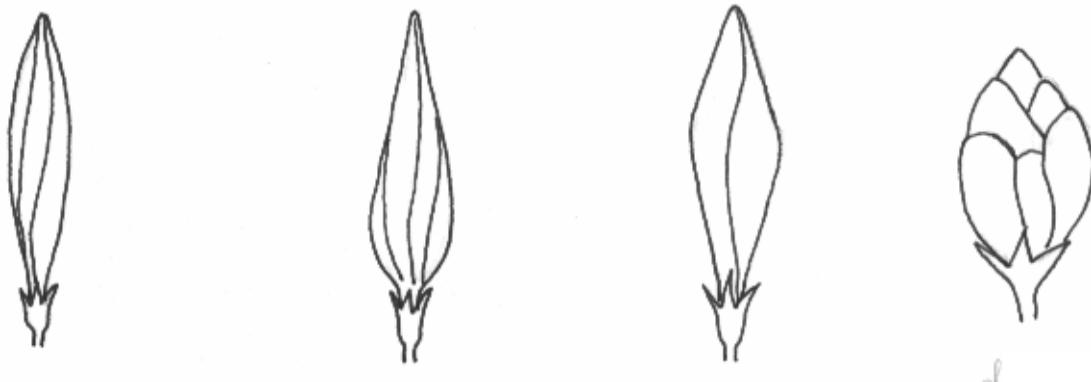


1
flat
plate

2
domed
arrondie

3
conical or elliptic
conique ou elliptique

Ad/Add. 17 : Flower bud : shape (just before opening)/Bouton floral : forme (juste avant l'ouverture)



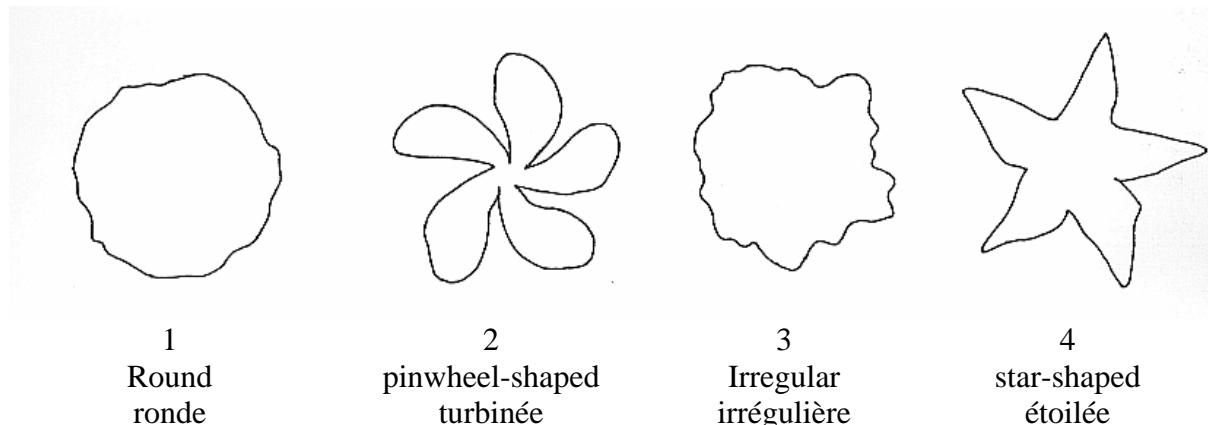
1
ellipsoid
ellipsoïde

2
ovoid
ovoïde

3
rhomboid
rhomboïde

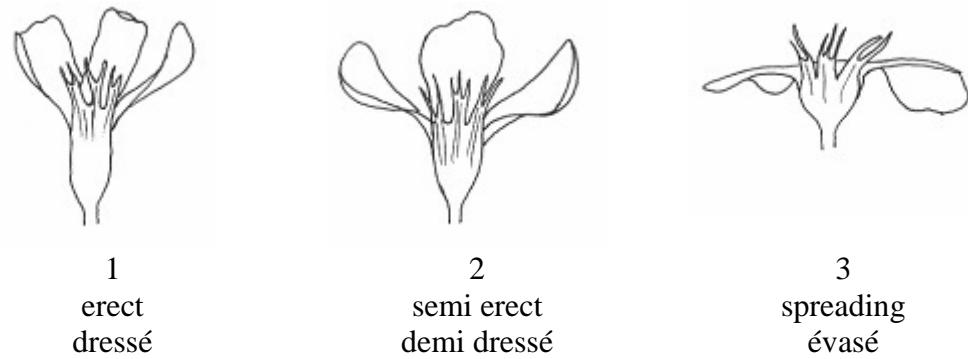
4
globose
golbuleux

Ad/Add. 23 : Flower shape (view from above)/Fleur : forme (vue de dessus)

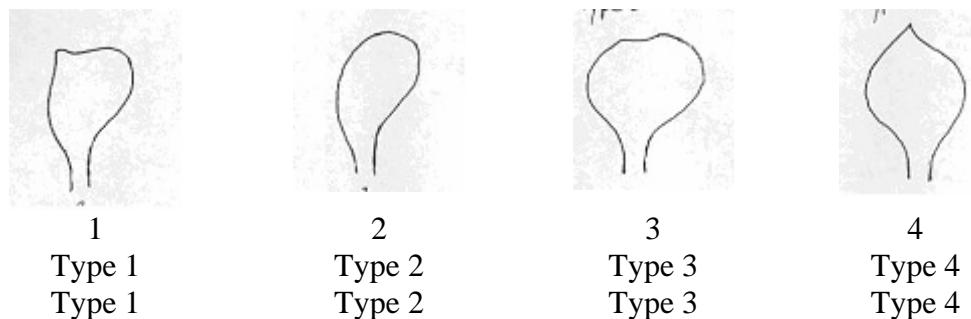


Ad/Add.24 : Flower : profile of terminal part of corolla (fully opened flower)

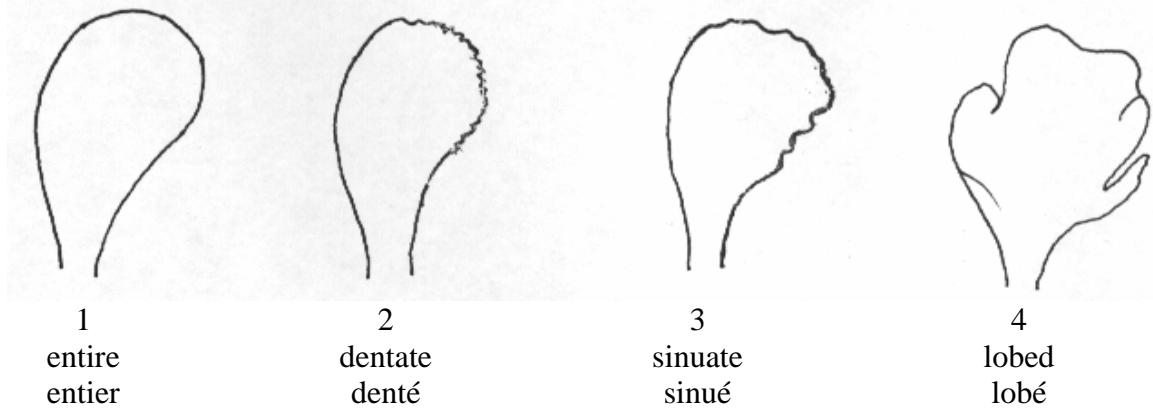
Petal: attitude of the upper part (fully opened flower excluding the tube)/
Pétale: profil de la partie supérieure (fleur complètement ouverte, hors tube)
Fleur : profil de la partie terminale de la corolle (fleur complètement ouverte)



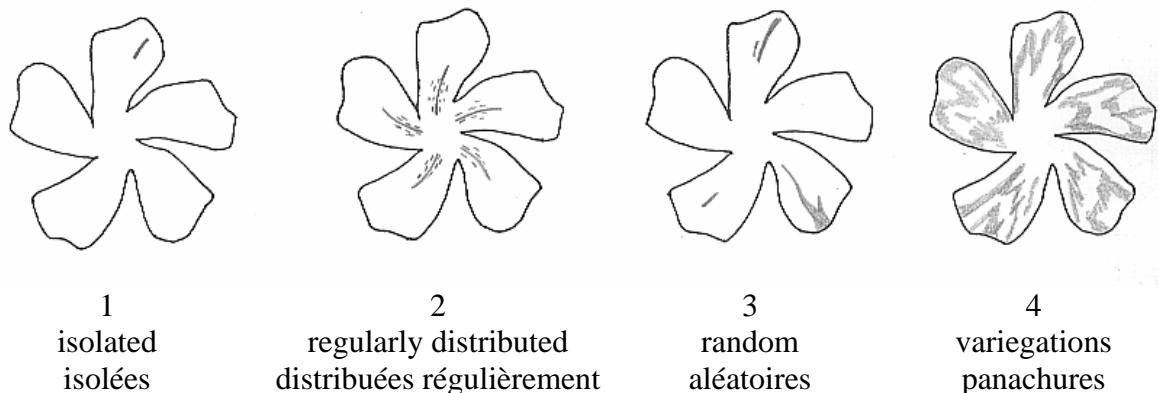
Ad/Add. 27 : Petal : predominant shape/Pétale : forme prédominante



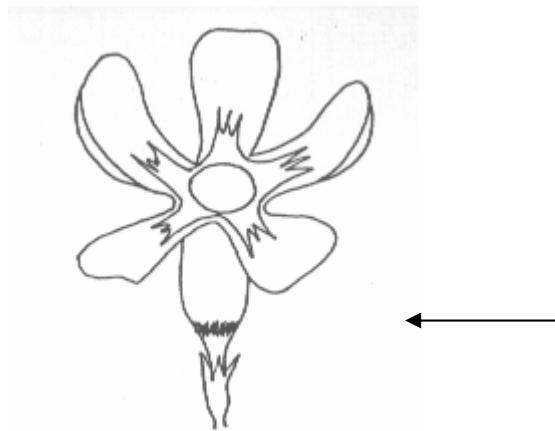
Ad/Add. 28 : Petal : margin of blade/Pétale : bord du limbe



Ad/Add. 31 or simplify by distribution or check pls caractères Petal : pattern of streaks/Pétale : répartition des stries



Ad/Add. 33 : Petal : colour of the lower side base/Pétale : couleur de la base de la face inférieure



Ad/Add. 37 : Corolla tube : diamètre/Tube de la corolle : diamètre



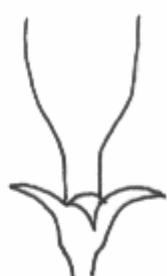
Ad/Add. 48 : Sepals : position in relation to corolla tube/Sépales : position par rapport au tube de la corolle



1
adpressed
appliqué



2
moderately separated
modérément écarté



3
strongly separated
fortement écarté

Ad/Add. 53 : Fruit : longitudinal axis/Fruit : forme prédominante



1
straight
droite



2
curved
courbée



3
sinusoidal
sinusoïdale

9. Literature

Eggenberger, Richard & Mary Helen., 1996, 'The Handbook on Oleanders', Tropical Plant Specialist, Cleveland, Georgia, US.

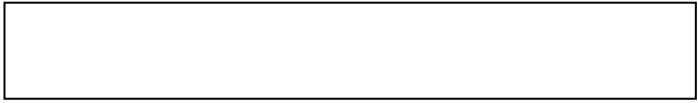
1991: 'Oleanders, Guide to culture and selected varieties on Galveston Island', International Oleander Society, Galveston, Texas, US.

Pagen F.J.J., 1987: 'Oleanders, *Nerium L.* and the oleander cultivars', Agricultural University Wageningen Papers, 87-2, NL.

Pépinière Filippi., 1997: 'Guide de Reconnaissance des Lauriers-roses', Mèze, Hérault, FR.

10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
		Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights		
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire		
1.1 Botanical name	<i>Nerium oleander L.</i>	
1.2 Common name	Oleander	
2. Applicant		
Name		
Address		
Telephone No.		
Fax No.		
E-mail address		
Breeder (if different from applicant)		
3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference		
Proposed denomination (if available)		
Breeder's reference		

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
#4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety		
4.1 Breeding scheme		
Variety resulting from:		
4.1.1 Crossing		
(a) controlled cross (please state parent varieties)	[]	
(b) partially known cross (please state known parent variety(ies))	[]	
(c) unknown cross	[]	
4.1.2 Mutation [] (please state parent variety)		
4.1.3 Discovery and development [] (please state where and when discovered and how developed)		
4.1.4 Other [] (please provide details)		
		

Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<p>4.2 Method of propagating the variety</p> <p>4.2.1 Vegetative propagation</p> <p>(a) rootstock [] (please indicate rootstock used)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div> <p>(b) <i>in vitro</i> propagation [] (c) other (state method) []</p> <p>4.2.2 Other [] (please provide details)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; width: 100%;"></div>		

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).		
Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 Plant: growth type (1)		
dwarf	Petite Red, Petite Pink	1[]
normal	Alassio, Altini	2[]
5.2 Plant: growth habit (2)		
upright	Belle Hélène	1[]
semi upright	Fiesta Pink	2[]
spreading	Altini	3[]
5.3 Flower : color group (20)		
whitish	Petite white, Alsace, Mont blanc	1[]
yellow	Isle of Capri, Luteum Plenum	2[]
light orange	Angiolo Pucci	3[]
light orange pink	Tito Poggi, Hawaïi, Mrs Roeding	4[]
light pink	Magaly, East End Pink	5[]
medium pin and dark pink	Alassio, Emilie, Roseum Plenum	6[]
light violet	Barcelona	7[]
magenta	JR 95-1, Cmmandant Barthélémy	8[]
red	Altini, Petite Red, Tamouré	9[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.4 Flower : whorls of petals		
(21) one	Emilie	1[]
two	Professeur Granel	2[]
three	Mrs Roeding	3[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties			
<p><i>Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.</i></p>			
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety
<i>Example</i>	<i>Flower color</i>	<i>orange</i>	<i>orange red</i>
Comments:			

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<p>#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety</p> <p>7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.3 Other information</p> <p>7.3.1 Resistance to pests and diseases</p> <p>7.3.2 Conditions for examining the variety</p> <p>(a) in the open []</p> <p>(b) in pots []</p> <p>7.3.3 A representative color photograph of the variety should accompany the Technical Questionnaire.</p>		
<p>8. Authorization for release</p> <p>(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(b) Has such authorization been obtained?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.</p>		

[#] Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<p>9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination.</p> <p>9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.</p> <p>9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:</p> <p>(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) Yes [] No [] (b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide) Yes [] No [] (c) Tissue culture Yes [] No [] (d) Other factors Yes [] No []</p> <p>Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".</p> <p>.....</p> <p>9.3 Has the plant material to be examined been tested for the presence of virus or other pathogens?</p> <p>Yes [] (please provide details as specified by the Authority)</p> <p>No []</p> <p>10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:</p> <p>Applicant's name <input type="text"/></p> <p>Signature <input type="text"/> Date <input type="text"/></p>		

[End of document]