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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

GENEVA

DRAFT

ZONAL PELARGONIUM, IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUM

UPOV Code: PELAR_ZON, PELAR_PEL (PELAR PZO, PELAR ZPE, PELAR ZTO)

Pelargonium Zonale Group, Pelargonium peltatum (L.) Hér and hybrids between those species and other species of Pelargonium L'Hér. ex Ait.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by an expert from Germany to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees at its fortieth session, to be held in Kunming, China, from July 2 to 6, 2007

Alternative Names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Pelargonium Zonale Group, Pelargonium ×hortorum L. H. Bailey, Pelargonium-Zonale-Hybridae	Zonal Pelargonium, Horseshoed pelargonium	Géranium, Pelargonium zonale	Zonal-Pelargonie	
Pelargonium peltatum (L.) Hér, Pelargonium-Peltatum- Hybridae	Ivy-leaved Pelargonium, Hanging geranium, Ivy geranium, Ivy-leaf pelargonium,	Géranium-lierre	Efeupelargonie, Efeu-blättrige, Halbpeltaten	

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

^{*} These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. <u>Subject of these Test Guidelines</u>

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Pelargonium* Zonale Group (syn. Pelargonium xhortorum L.H. Bailey) and Pelargonium peltatum (L.) Hér. as well as to hybrids between these species and other species of Pelargonium L'Hér. ex Aiton of the family Geraniaceae.

2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of well rooted cuttings or seeds.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

vegetatively propagated varieties: 15 well rooted cuttings, not pinched seed-propagated varieties: sufficient seed to produce 30 plants

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease, especially any bacteria or virus infection.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.

3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 The optimum stage of development for the assessment of the characteristics is at the time of full flowering.

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3.3.3 Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part I. These determinations should be made with the plant part placed against a white background.

3.4 Test Design

- 3.4.1 Vegetatively propagated varieties: each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 15 plants.
- 3.4.2 Seed-propagated varieties: each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 30 plants.
- 3.4.3 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

- 3.5.1 Vegetatively propagated varieties: unless otherwise indicated, all observations on single plants should be made on 10 plants or parts taken from each of 10 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test.
- 3.5.2 Seed propagated varieties: unless otherwise indicated, all observations on single plants should be made on 20 plants or parts taken from each of 20 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test.

3.6 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.2 Uniformity

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 15 plants, 1 off-type is allowed.
- 4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity of seed-propagated varieties which are self-pollinated, a population standard of 2% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 30 plants, 2 off-types are allowed.
- 4.2.4 For the assessment of uniformity of seed-propagated varieties which are cross-pollinated or hybrids, the recommendations in the General Introduction for cross-pollinated or hybrid varieties should be followed, as appropriate.

4.3 Stability

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new seed or plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

- 5.3 Besides the botanical species the following characteristics have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Leaf blade: variegation (characteristic 13)
 - (b) Flower: type (characteristic 29)
 - (c) Lower petal: color of middle of upper side (characteristic 48) with the following groups:

Gr. 1: white

Gr. 2: orange pink

Gr. 3: orange

Gr. 4: red

Gr. 5: purple

Gr. 6: blue pink

- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.
- 6. <u>Introduction to the Table of Characteristics</u>
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
 - 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

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- 6.5 Legend
- (*) Asterisked characteristic see Chapter 6.1.2
- QL Qualitative characteristic see Chapter 6.3
- QN Quantitative characteristic see Chapter 6.3
- PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic see Chapter 6.3
- (a)-(c) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1.
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2.

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.		Plant: height of foliage		Pflanze: Höhe der Laubzone			
QN	(a)	short		niedrig			3
		medium		mittel			5
		tall		hoch			7
2.		Only trailing varieties: Plant: shoot length		Nur hängende Sorten: Pflanze: Trieblänge			
QN		short		kurz			3
		medium		mittel			5
		long		lang			7
3.		Plant: width		Pflanze: Breite			
QN	(a)	narrow		schmal			3
		medium		mittel			5
		broad		breit			7
4.		Stem: color		Trieb: Farbe			
PQ	(b)	whitish		weißlich			1
		green		grün			2
		reddish		rötlich			3
5.		Stem: thickness		Trieb: Dicke			
QN	(a)	thin		dünn			3
	(b)	medium		mittel			5
		thick		dick			7

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
6. (*) (+)		Leaf blade: length		Blattspreite: Länge			
QN	(b)	short		kurz			3
		medium		mittel			5
		long		lang			7
7. (*) (+)		Leaf blade: width		Blattspreite: Breite			
QN	(b)	narrow		schmal			3
		medium		mittel			5
		broad		breit			7
8. (+)		Leaf blade: degree of lobing		Blattspreite: Aus- prägung der Lappung			
QN	(b)	weak		gering			3
		medium		mittel			5
		strong		stark			7
9.		Only trailing varieties: Leaf blade: apex of lobes		Nur hängende Sorten: Blattspreite Spitze der Lappen	:		
QL	(b)	acute		spitz			1
		rounded		abgerundet			2
10.		Leaf blade: depth of incisions of margin	f	Blattspreite: Tiefe der Randeinschnitte	e		
QN	(b)	absent or very shallow		fehlend oder sehr flach			1
		shallow		flach			3
		medium		mittel			5
		deep		tief			7

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
11.		Leaf blade: undulation of margin		Blattspreite: Randwellung			
QN	QN (b)	weak		gering			3
		medium		mittel			5
		strong		stark			7
12.		Leaf blade: base		Blattspreite: Basis	1		
(+)							
QN	(b)	wide open		weit offen			1
		open		offen			3
		closed		geschlossen			5
		partly overlapping		gering überlappend			7
		strongly overlapping		stark überlappend			9
13. (*)		Leaf blade: variegation		Blattspreite: Panaschierung			
QL	(b)	absent		fehlend			1
		present		vorhanden			9
14. (*) (+)		Leaf blade: main color		Blattspreite: Hauptfarbe			
		yellow		gelb			1
PQ	(b)	light green		hellgrün			2
		medium green		mittelgrün			3
		dark green		dunkelgrün			4
		dark red		dunkelrot			5

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
15.		Leaf blade: secondary color		Blattspreite: Sekundärfarbe			
PQ	(b)	white		weiß			1
		yellow		gelb			5
		light green		hellgrün			2
		medium green		mittelgrün			3
		dark green		dunkelgrün			4
16.		Leaf blade: glossiness		Blattspreite: Gla	nz		
QN	(b)	absent or very weak		fehlend oder sehr gering			1
		weak		gering			3
		medium		mittel			5
17. (*)		Leaf blade: conspicuousness of zone		Blattspreite: Ausprägung der Zon			
QN	(b)	absent or very weak		fehlend oder sehr gering			1
		weak		gering			3
		medium		mittel			5
		strong		stark			7
		very strong		sehr stark			9
18. (+)		Leaf blade: position of zone	ı	Blattspreite: Position der Zone	e		
PQ	(b)	at base		an der Basis			1
- v	(~)	in the middle		in der Mitte			2
		towards margin		zum Rand hin			3

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
19. (+)		Leaf blade: width o	of	Blattspreite: Breite der Zone			
QN	(b)	very narrow		sehr schmal			1
		medium		mittel			2
		broad		breit			3
20.		Inflorescence: lengt of peduncle	h	Blütenstand: Länge des Stiels			
QN	(c)	short		kurz			3
		medium		mittel			5
		long		lang			7
21.		Inflorescence: anthocyanin coloration on upper third of peduncle		Blütenstand: Anthocyanfärbung im oberen Drittel des Stiels			
QN	(c)	absent or very weak		fehlend oder sehr gering			1
		weak		gering			3
		medium		mittel			5
		strong		stark			7
22. (*)		Inflorescence: diameter		Blütenstand: Durchmesser			
QN	(c)	small		klein			3
		medium		mittel			5
		large		groß			7
23.		Inflorescence: number of open flowers		Blütenstand: Anzah offener Blüten	ı		
QN	(c)	few		gering			3
		medium		mittel			5
		many		hoch			7

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
24. (*)		Inflorescence: diameter of largest flower		Blütenstand: Dur messer der größte Blüte			
QN	(c)	small		klein			3
		medium		mittel			5
		large		groß			7
25.		Inflorescence: length of longest pedicel	1	Blütenstand: Län des längsten Blütenstiels	nge		
QN	(c)	short		kurz			3
		medium		mittel			5
		long		lang			7
26.		Pedicel: anthocyanir coloration on upper third	1	Blütenstiel: Anthocyanfärbur im oberen Drittel			
QN		absent or very weak		fehlend oder sehr gering			1
		weak		gering			3
		medium		mittel			5
		strong		stark			7
27.		Pedicel: swelling		Blütenstiel:			
(+)				Verdickungen			
QL	(c)	predominantly absent		überwiegend fehle	end		1
		predominantly present		überwiegend vorhanden			2
28.		Flower bud: shape		Blütenknospe: Fo	orm		
(+)							
PQ	(c)	elliptic		elliptisch			1
		round		rund			2
		asymmetric		asymmetrisch			3

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
29. (*) (+)		Flower: type		Blüte: Typ			
QL		single		einfach			1
		double		gefüllt			2
30. (*)		Only double flowering varieties: Flower: number of petals		Nur gefüllt blühend Sorten: Blüte: Anzahl Blütenblätter	<u>le</u>		
QN	(c)	few		gering			3
		medium		mittel			5
		many		groß			7
31. (+)		Only single flowering varieties: Flower: arrangement of upper petals to lower petals		Nur einfach blühende Sorten: Blüte: Anordung der oberen zu den unteren Blütenblättern			
QN	(c)	free		frei stehend			1
		touching		sich berührend			3
		slightly overlapping		gering überlappend			5
		strongly overlapping		stark überlappend			7
32. (+)		Flower: cross section in lateral view		Blüte: Querschnitt in der Seitensansich	nt		
QN	(c)	concave		konkav			3
		flat		gerade			5
		convex		konvex			7
33.		Sepal: color		Kelchblatt: Farbe			
(+)							
PQ	(c)	green		grün			1
		reddish		rötlich			2
		red		rot			3

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
34. (*) (+)		Upper petal: width		Oberes Blütenblatt: Breite			
QN	(c)	narrow		schmal			3
		medium		mittel			5
		broad		breit			7
35. (+)		Upper petal: shape		Oberes Blütenblatt: Form			
PQ	(c)	triangular		dreieckig			1
		spatulate		löffelförmig			2
		round		rund			3
		rhombic		rhombisch			4
36. (+)		Upper petal: margin of apical part	1	Oberes Blütenblatt: oberer Rand			
PQ	(c)	entire		ganzrandig			1
		divided		gespalten			2
		fringed		gefranst			3
37. (*) (+)		<u>Upper</u> petal: color o margin of <u>upper sid</u>		Oberes Blütenblatt: Farbe des Randes der Oberseite			
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		RHS-Farbkarte (Nummer angeben)			
38. (*) (+)		Upper petal: color o middle of upper side		Oberes Blütenblatt: Farbe der Mitte der Oberseite			
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		RHS-Farbkarte (Nummer angeben)			
39. (*) (+)		Upper petal: color o lower side	f	Oberes Blütenblatt: Farbe der <u>Unterseit</u>			
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		RHS-Farbkarte (Nummer angeben)			

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
40.		<u>Upper</u> petal: conspicuousness of marking		Oberes Blütenblatt: Ausprägung der Zeichnung			
QN	(c)	absent or very weak		fehlend oder sehr gering			1
		weak		gering			3
		medium		mittel			5
		strong		stark			7
41. (*) (+)		<u>Upper</u> petal: type of marking		Oberes Blütenblatt: Art der Zeichnung			
PQ	(c)	stripes		gestreift			1
		stripes and dots		gestreift und Punkte			2
		stripes and spot/spots		gestreift und Fleck/Flecken			3
42. (+)		Upper petal: size of spot		Oberes Blütenblatt: Größe des Flecks			
QN	(c)	small		klein			3
		medium		mittel			5
		large		groß			7
43.		Upper petal: color o	f	Oberes Blütenblatt:			
(+)		spot		Farbe des Flecks			
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		RHS-Farbkarte (Nummer angeben)			
44.		<u>Upper</u> petal: zone at base	t	Oberes Blütenblatt: Zone an der Basis			
(+)		1		6.11			4
QL	(c)	absent		fehlend			1
		present		vorhanden			9

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
45.		Upper petal: size of zone at base		Oberes Blütenblatt: Größe der Zone an			
(+)		zone at base		der Basis			
QN	(c)	small		klein			3
		medium		mittel			5
		large		groß			7
46. (*)		<u>Upper</u> petal: color of zone at base	!	Oberes Blütenblatt: Farbe der Zone an der Basis			
PQ	(c)	white		weiß			1
		orange red		orangerot			2
47. (*) (+)		<u>Lower</u> petal: color of margin of <u>upper</u> <u>side</u>		<u>Unteres</u> Blütenblatt: Farbe des Randes der <u>Oberseite</u>			
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		RHS-Farbkarte (Nummer angeben)			
48. (*) (+)		Lower petal: color of middle of upper side		<u>Unteres</u> Blütenblatt: Farbe der Mitte der <u>Oberseite</u>			
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		RHS-Farbkarte (Nummer angeben)			
49. (*) (+)		<u>Lower</u> petal: color of <u>lower side</u>		<u>Unteres</u> Blütenblatt: Farbe der <u>Unterseite</u>			
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		RHS-Farbkarte (Nummer angeben)			
50. (+)		Lower petal: conspicuousness of marking		<u>Unteres</u> Blütenblatt: Ausprägung der Zeichnung			
QN	(c)	absent or very weak		fehlend oder sehr gering			1
		weak		gering			3
		medium		mittel			5
		strong		stark			7

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		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
51. (+)		Lower petal: type of marking		<u>Unteres</u> Blütenblatt: Art der Zeichnung	:		
PQ	(c)	stripes		gestreift			1
		stripes and dots		gestreift und Punkte			2
		stripes and spot/spots		gestreift und Fleck			3
52. (+)		Lower petal: size of spot		<u>Unteres</u> Blütenblatt: Größe des Flecks	:		
QN	(c)	small		klein			3
		medium		mittel			5
		large		groß			7
53. (*)		Only double flowering varieties: Inner petal: color of middle of upper side		Nur gefüllt blühende Sorten: Inneres Blütenblatt: Farbe der Mitte der Oberseite	<u>e</u>		
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		RHS-Farbkarte (Nummer angeben)			

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

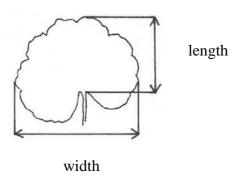
8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

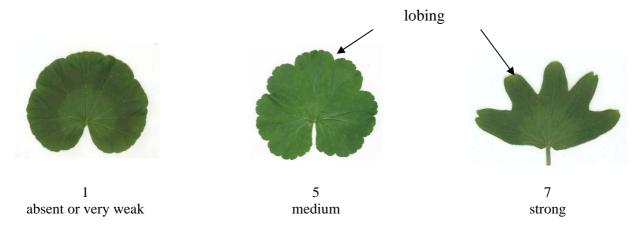
- (a) Trailing varieties excluded.
- (b) Observations on the stem and the leaf should be made at the base of the second inflorescence of the strongest stem. All observations on the leaf should be made on the upper side.
- (c) Observations on the inflorescence, the flower bud and the flower should be made on the second inflorescence of the strongest stem at full flowering of the plant.

8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

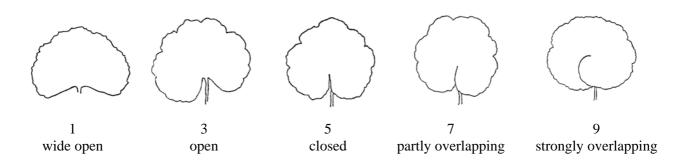
Ad. 6: Leaf blade: length Ad. 7: Leaf blade: width



Ad. 8: Leaf blade: degree of lobing



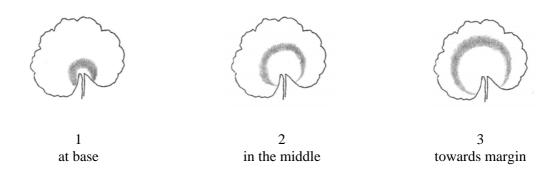
Ad. 12: Leaf blade: base



Ad. 14: Leaf blade: main color

<u>Main color:</u> color of the largest area of the leaf blade. If the area of the colors is nearly half and half, the darker color is the main color.

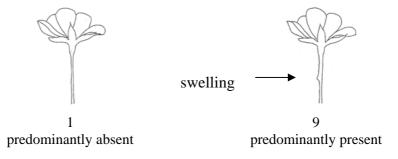
Ad. 18: Leaf blade: position of zone



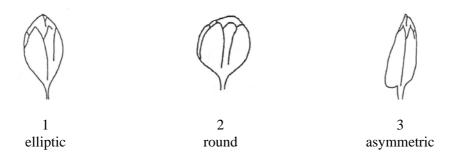
Ad. 19: Leaf blade: width of zone

The width of the zone should be observed in relation to the size of the leaf.

Ad. 27: Pedicel: swelling



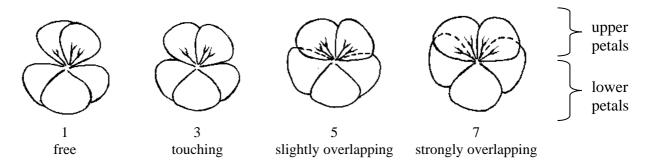
Ad. 28: Flower bud: shape



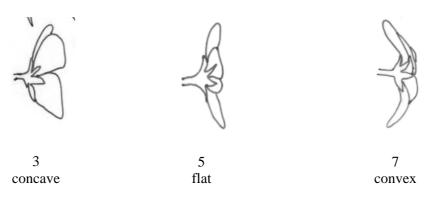
Ad. 29: Flower: type

A single flower has 5 petals only. A double flower has more than 5 petals.

Ad. 31: Flower: arrangement of upper petals in relation to lower petals



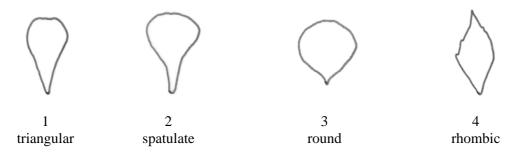
Ad.: 32: Flower: cross section in lateral view



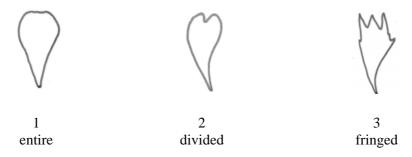
Ad. 32: Sepal: color

Observations on the sepal should be made on the largest sepal of a fully open flower.

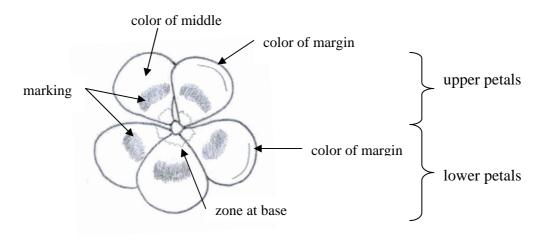
Ad. 35: Upper petal: shape



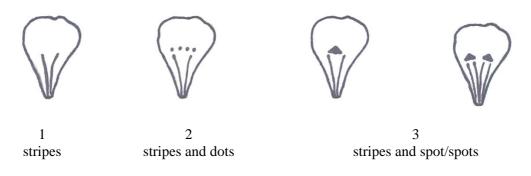
Ad. 36: Upper petal: margin of apical part



Ad. 37: Upper petal: color of margin of upper side Ad. 38: Upper petal: color of middle of upper side



Ad 41: Upper petal: type of marking Ad 52: Lower petal: type of marking



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Ad. 42: Upper petal: size of spot Ad. 52: Lower petal: size of spot



3 small



5 medium



7 large

Ad 43: Upper petal: color of spot

Only for varieties with spot with at least size "medium" (5)

9. <u>Literature</u>

Maatsch et al, 1977: Pelargonien, Verlag Paul Parey, Berlin, Hamburg

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE				Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:			
					Application date: (not to be filled in by the application)	olica	ant)	
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights								
1.	Subject of the Technical Questionnaire							
	1.1.1	Botanical name		largonium Zonale Gro n. Pelargonium xhorto		[]	
	1.1.2	Common name	Zoi	nal Pelargonium				
	1.2.1	Botanical name	Pel	argonium peltatum (L	.) Hér.	[]	
	1.2.2	Common name	Ivy	-leaved Pelargonium				
	Hybric 1.3	l: please indicate na Botanical name	me(s	s) of species used in th	e crossing	[]	
2.	Applic	eant						
	Name							
	Addres	ss						
	Teleph	one No.						
	Fax No.							
	E-mail	address						
	Breede	er (if different from a	ppli	cant)		Ì		

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TEC	CHNICAL QUESTIONNAIF	RE Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
3.	Proposed denomination an	d breeder's reference		
	Proposed denomination (if available)			
	Breeder's reference			

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page $\{x\}$ of $\{y\}$	Reference Number:

[#] 4.	Info	formation on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety							
	4.1	Breeding scheme							
		Varie	ty resulting from:						
		4.1.1	Crossing						
			(a) controlled cross (please state parent varieties)	[]					
			(b) partially known cross	[]					
			(please state known parent variety(ies))(c) unknown cross	[]					
		4.1.2	Mutation	[]					
			(please state parent variety)						
		4.1.3	Discovery and development (please state where and when discovered and how deve	[] loped)					
		4.1.4	Other (please provide details)	[]					
	4.2	Meth	nod of propagating the variety						
		4.2.1	Seed-propagated varieties						
			(a) Self-pollination	[]					
			(b) Cross pollination(i) population	[]					
			(ii) synthetic variety	[]					
			(c) Hybrid(d) Other	[]					
			(please provide details)	l J					
		4.2.2 Vegetative propagation							
			(a) cuttings	[]					
			(b) in vitro propagation(c) other (state method)	[]					
		4.2.3		[]					
			(please provide details)						

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page $\{x\}$ of $\{y\}$	Reference Number:	

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (13)	Leaf blade: variegation		
	absent		1[]
	present		9[]
5.2 (15)	Leaf blade: main color		
	yellow		1[]
	light green		2[]
	medium green		3[]
	dark green		4[]
	dark red		5[]
5.3 (17)	Leaf blade: conspicuousness of zone on upper side		
	absent or very weak		1[]
	weak		3[]
	medium		5[]
	strong		7[]
	very strong		9[]
5.4 (21)	Inflorescence: anthocyanin coloration on upper third of peduncle		
	absent or very weak		1[]
	weak		3[]
	medium		5[]
	strong		7[]
5.5 (29)	Flower: type		
	single		1[]
	double		2[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number:

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.6 (40)	Upper petal: conspicuousness of marking		
	absent or very weak		1[]
	weak		3[]
	medium		5[]
	strong		7[]
5.7 (41)	Upper petal: type of marking		
	stripes		1[]
	stripes and dots		2[]
	stripes and spot/spots		3[]
5.8i (48)	Lower petal: color of middle of <u>upper side</u>		
	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		
5.8ii (48)	Lower petal: color of middle of <u>upper side</u>		
	white		1[]
	orange pink		2[]
	orange		3[]
	red		4[]
	purple		5[]
	blue pink		6[]
	other (indicate color)		

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TECF	INICAL QUESTION	JNNAIRE Page {x}	of {y} Reference N	umber:					
6.	6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties								
candi (or a	Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct ist examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.								
	omination(s) of	Characteristic(s) in	Describe the expression	Describe the					
	ety(ies) similar to	which your candidate	of the characteristic(s)	expression of the					
your	candidate variety	variety differs from	for the similar	characteristic(s) for					
	(E 1)	the similar variety(ies)	variety(ies)	your candidate variety					
	(Example)	Flower: type	single	double					
[#] 7.	Additional inform	ation which may help in	the examination of the v	ariety					
7.1		e information provided ich may help to distingu	in sections 5 and 6, ar ish the variety?	e there any additional					
	Yes [] No	o []						
	(If yes, please pro	vide details)							
7.2	Are there any spec	cial conditions for growi	ng the variety or conduct	ing the examination?					
	Yes []	No [1						
	(If yes, please pro	vide details):							
7.3	Other information								
A representative color photograph of the variety should accompany the Technical Questionnaire.									

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TECI	HNIC.	AL QUES	HONNA	AIRE	Page	$\{x\}$ of	{ y }		Reference	e Number:		
8.	Authorization for release											
	(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?											
		Yes	[]			No	[]				
	(b)	Has such	authoriz	zation be	een obt	ained?						
		Yes	[]			No	[]				
	If the	e answer to	(b) is y	es, pleas	se attac	ch a cop	y of	the	authorizat	ion.		
9.	Infor	rmation on	plant m	aterial to	be ex	amined	l or s	subn	nitted for e	xamination.		
•	ctors, ts of t	such as po	ests and	disease,	, chem	ical tre	atme	ent (e.g. growtl	a variety mand a retardants ferent growt	or pesti	cides),
such must	ession treatm be giv	of the char nent. If the	racteristi e plant n s respect	ics of th naterial t, please	e varie has un indica	ty, unle dergon ite belo	ess tl e su	ne co	ompetent a reatment, f	t which wo outhorities al oul details of our knowled	low or r	equest atment
	(a)	Microorg	anisms (e.g. viru	ıs, bacı	teria, p	hyto	plas	ma)	Yes []	No	[]
	(b)	Chemical	treatme	ent (e.g.	growth	retard	ant,	pest	icide)	Yes []	No	[]
	(c)	Tissue cu	lture							Yes []	No	[]
	(d)	Other fac	tors							Yes []	No	[]
	Pleas	se provide	details o	of where	you ha	ave ind	icate	d "y	es".			
10. is con		eby declar	e that, to	the bes	t of my	know!	ledge	e, th	e informat	ion provided	in this	form
	Appl	icant's nan	ne									
	Signature Date											