

TG/110/4(proj.3)
ORIGINAL: English
DATE: 2024-04-20

INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

GUAVA

UPOV Code(s): PSIDI_GUA;
PSIDI_CAT_CAT

Psidium guajava L.; Psidium cattleyanum Sabine var. littorale (Raddi) Fosberg

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from China to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Fruit Crops at its fifty-fifth session, to be held virtually from 2024-06-03 to 2024-06-06

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Psidium guajava L.	Guava	Goyavier	Guave	
Psidium cattleyanum Sabine var. littorale (Raddi) Fosberg, Psidium littorale Raddi, Psidium littorale var. littorale Raddi	Chinese strawberry guava, Strawberry guava, Yellow Cattley guava, Yellow strawberry guava			

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

Other associated UPOV documents: TG/110/3

Date/Datum: 1987-10-07

^{*} These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

- 1.1 These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Psidium guajava* L. and *Psidium cattleyanum* Sabine var. *littorale* (Raddi) Fosberg and the hybrid varieties (*Psidium guajava* L. × *Psidium littorale* Raddi).
- 1.2 In the case of industrial varieties, in particular, it may be necessary to use additional characteristics or additional states of expression to those included in the Table of Characteristics in order to examine Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability.

2. Material Required

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of cutting seedlings, air-layering trees or grafted trees.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

8 plants.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

- 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles
- 3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.
- 3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles may be observed from a single planting, examined in two separate growing cycles.
- 3.1.3 In particular, it is essential that the plants produce a satisfactory crop of fruit in each of the two growing cycles.
- 3.1.4 The growing cycle is considered to be the duration of a single growing season, beginning with bud burst (flowering and/or vegetative), flowering and fruit harvest and concluding when the following dormant period ends with the swelling of new season buds.
- 3.1.5 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.

3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 The optimum stage of development for the assessment of each characteristic is indicated by a number in the Table of Characteristics. The stages of development denoted by each number are described in Chapter 8.

3.4 Test Design

Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 5 plants.

3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 5 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 5 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

In the case of observations of parts taken from single plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 2.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 Uniformity

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of vegetatively propagated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.
- 4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 5 plants, no off-types are allowed.
- 4.3 Stability
- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.
- 4.3.3 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, the stability of a hybrid variety may, in addition to an examination of the hybrid variety itself, also be assessed by examination of the uniformity and stability of its parent lines.
- 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial
- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 Categories of Characteristics

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.
- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

		English frança		françai	s	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1	2	3	4	5 6		7	•		
		Name of characteristics in English		Nom o caract frança	tère en	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
		states of expression		types	d'expression	Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

1 Characteristic number

2 (*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

3 Type of expression

QL Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
QN Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)
MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

6 (a)-(e) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Not applicable

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	QN	VG		(a)				•
-	Tree:	growth habit		•				
	uprigh	ıt						1
	spread	ding						2
	droop	ing						3
	weepi	ng						4
2. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				<u> </u>
	Young	g shoot: color						
	yellow	green						1
	green						Oakford, Puerto Rico	2
	reddis	h green					Pink Indian	3
	red							4
	dark r	ed						5
3.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Young antho colora	g leaf: cyanin ation						
	absen	t or very weak					Oakford, Puerto Rico	1
	weak						WK 11-26	3
	mediu	ım						5
	strong	J					Pink Indian	7
4.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				_
	Young pubes side	g leaf: scence on lower						
	absen	t or very sparse						1
	sparse	Э					Beaumont	3
	mediu	ım					Puerto Rico	5
	dense							7
	very d	lense						9
5.	QN	MS/VG		(c)				
	Shoo	t: thickness						
	thin		1					3
	mediu	ım						5
	thick							7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
6.	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(c)				
	Leaf b	olade: length						
	short						Puerto Rico	3
	mediu	m						5
	long						DA 6, Dert	7
7.	QN	MS/VG		(c)			,	
·	Leaf b	lade: width		•				
	narrov	v					Buys	3
	mediu	m						5
	broad						Dert	7
8. (*)		MS/VG		(c)				
		lade: ratio		1 ,				
		n/width						
	low						Curflau	3
	mediu	m						5
	high						Buys	7
9. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(c)				
	Leaf b	lade: shape						
	ovate							1
	trullate	······································						2
	rounde	ed						3
	oblong]					Buys, Welken	4
	obova	te						5
	obtrull	ate						6
10	QN	VG	(+)	(c)				
		olade: curvature ss section						
	weak							3
	mediu	m						5
	strong						Oakford I	7
11	QL	VG	(+)	(c)				
	Leaf h	lade: twisting		:				
	absen						Beaumont	1
	preser	nt					Oakford I	9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
12	QL	VG	(+)	(c)				
	Leaf b	olade: curvature drib						
	absen	t					Curflau	1
	preser	nt					Welken	9
13	QN	VG		(c)				•
	Leaf b	plade: degree of ture of midrib						
	weak		•				Welken	3
	mediu	ım	•					5
	strong	,						7
14	QL	VG		(c)				
	Leaf b	olade: variegation						
	absen	t					Beaumont, Puerto Rico	1
	preser						,	9
15	PQ	VG	(+)	(c)				
	Leaf b	plade: color		:				
	light g	reen					Puerto Rico	1
	mediu	ım green					Oakford I	2
	dark g	reen						3
	reddis	h green						4
	red			:				5
16	PQ	VG	(+)	(c)				
		plade: color of b on lower side						
	white							1
	yellow	1						2
	green							3
	red	_						4
17	QN	MS/VG		(c)				
	Leaf b	plade: spacing of adary veins						
	close						DA 6	3
	mediu	ım						5
	wide						Oakford I	7

	English	n	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
18	PQ VG		(c)				
	Leaf blade: tex	cture of					
	smooth					WK 11-26	1
	slightly wrinkled	1					3
	wrinkled					Welken	5
19	QN VG	(+)	(c)				
	Leaf blade: un of margin		i i				
	absent or very						1
	weak					Buys	3
	medium					Oakford II	5
	strong						7
20	PQ VG	(+)	(c)			L	
	Leaf blade: sh	ape of	i				
	obtuse						1
	rounded					Pink Indian	2
	cordate						3
	asymmetric						4
21	PQ VG	(+)	(c)		1		1
:	Leaf blade: sh	ape of	·				
	attenuate						1
	apiculate					Pink Indian, Puerto Rico	2
	acute						3
	obtuse						4
	rounded					Dert	5
	cordate						6
22	QN MS		(d)				
	Inflorescence: predominant n of flowers	number	:				
	one						1
	one to three						2
	three						3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
23	QN	MS/VG	(d)				
	Flowe	er: size					
	small						3
	mediu	ım					5
	large						7
24	QN	MS/VG	(d)				
		er: number of developed petals					
	few						1
	mediu	ım					2
	many						3
25	QL	VG	(d)				
	Flowe	er: staminoid					
	absen	t					1
	preser	nt					9
26	QN	MS/VG	(d)		'		•
	Flowe stami	er: number of noid petals					
	few						1
	mediu	ım					2
	many						3
27 (*)	QN	MS/VG	(e)				
	Fruit:	length					
	short						3
	mediu	ım					5
	long						7
28 (*)	QN	MS/VG	(e)				·
·	Fruit:	width					
	narrov	ν					3
	mediu	ım					5
	broad						7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
29 (*)	QN	MS/VG		(e)			·	
	Fruit:	ratio h/width						
	small						Dert	3
	mediu						Fan Retief	5
	long						Beaumont	7
30 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(e)				l
		shape at stalk		-				
	broad	ly rounded						1
	round	ed						2
	trunca							3
	pointe							4
	necke	ed						5
31 (*)	PQ	VG		(e)				
	Fruit:	color of skin						
	white	green						1
	light y	ellow					Beaumont	2
	dark y	/ellow						3
	orang	е						4
	orang	e green						5
	mediu	ım green						6
	dark g	green						7
	pink r	ed						8
	dark r	ed						9
32 (*)	PQ	VG		(e)				
	Fruit:	texture of						
	smoo	th					Fan Retief	1
	rough							2
	bump	y						3
33	QL	VG					•	
·	Fruit: flesh inner	color of outer in relation to flesh						
	same	color						1
	other	color						2

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
34	QL	VG		(e)				
	Fruit:	longitudinal						
	absent							1
	presen	ıt						9
35	QN	VG		(e)				•
	Fruit: Iongiti	prominence of udinal ridges						
	weak							3
	mediur	m						5
	strong							7
36	QL	VG		(e)				
	Fruit:	longitudinal es						
	absent	İ						1
	presen	nt						9
37	QN	MS/VG		(e)				
	Fruit:	size of sepal						
	small							3
	mediur	m						5
	large	:		·				7
38 (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(e)		T		T
	calyx (diameter of cavity in relation t of fruit						
	small							3
	mediur							5
	large							7
39	QL	VG	(+)	(e)				•
	Fruit:	ridged collar d calyx cavity						
	incons	picuous						1
	conspi							2
40	QN	MS/VG		(e)				
		iength of stalk		i				
	short							3
	mediur	m						5
	long							7

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
41 (*)	PQ VG		(e)				
	Fruit: color of flesh						
	white						1
	light yellow						2
	light pink						3
	medium pink					Beaumont, Ka Hua Kula	4
	dark pink					DA 6	5
	orange pink					Fan Retief	6
	orange					Puerto Rico	7
	dark red						8
42 (*)	QL VG	(+)	(e)				•
3	Fruit: evenness of color of flesh		•				
	even						1
	mottled						2
43 (*)	QL VG		(e)				
	Fruit: grittiness of outer flesh		•				
	absent					Malherbe	1
	present						9
44 (*)	QL VG	(+)	(e)				
	Fruit: discoloration flesh after cutting	of					
	absent						1
	present						9
45 (*)	QN MS/VG	(+)	(e)				
	Fruit: thickness of outer flesh in relation to core diameter	on					
	very thin					Madeira	1
	thin						3
	medium						5
	thick						7
	very thick					Hong Kong Pink	9
46 (*)	QL VG		(e)			•	1
	Fruit: puffiness						
	absent						1
	present					Beaumont	9

		English	fra	nçais	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
47 (*)	QN	VG	(e)					
	Fruit: puffin	degree of less						
	weak							3
	mediu	m						5
	strong	l						7
48 (*)	QN	MG	(e)					
	Fruit:	juiciness						
	low						Madeira	1
	mediu	m					Fan Retief	2
	high						Oakford	3
49 (*)	QN	MG	(+) (e)					•
	Fruit:	sweetness						
	low							3
	mediu	m						5
	high							7
50	QL	VG	(e)					
1			(-)					
	Fruit:	muskiness						
	absen	t					Fan Retief	1
	prese							9
51 (*)	QN	MS/VG	(e)					
	Fruit:	number of seeds						
	very fe	∋w					Indonesian Seedless	1
	few							3
	mediu	m						5
	many							7
	very n	nany					Madeira	9
52	QN	VG	(e)					
	Seed:	size	·					
	small							1
	mediu	m						2
	large							3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
53	QN	MG					
	Time of harvest maturity						
	early						3
	medium					Beaumont, Ka Hua Kula	5
	late						7

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

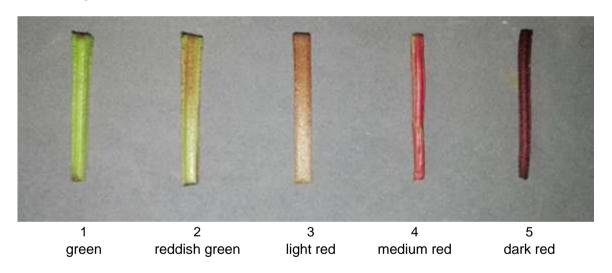
8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

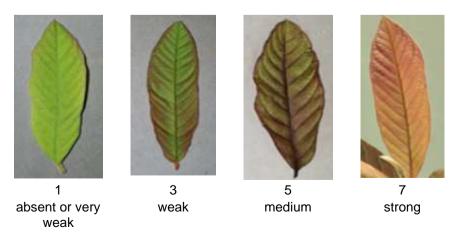
- (a) Observations on the whole plant should be made during the dormant season before pruning.
- (b) Observations on the young leaf and young shoot should be made during a period of active growth (flush), on leaves at the outside of the upper canopy completely exposed to sunlight.
- (c) Observations on shoot and leaf should be made in the middle third of the current season's shoot, after the period of active growth at the outside of the upper canopy completely exposed to sunlight.
- (d) Observations on the inflorescence and flower should be made on fully developed flowers at the outside of the upper canopy.
- (e) Observations on the fruit should be made on fruits from the outside of upper canopy at the time of maturity for consumption.

8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

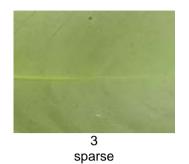
Ad. 2: Young shoot: color



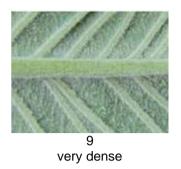
Ad. 3: Young leaf: anthocyanin coloration



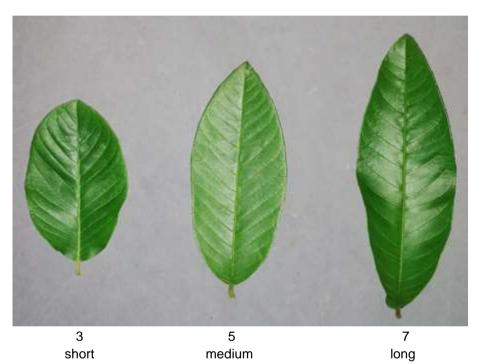
Ad. 4: Young leaf: pubescence on lower side



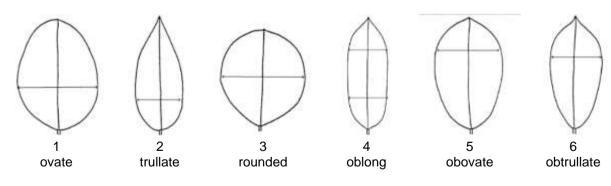




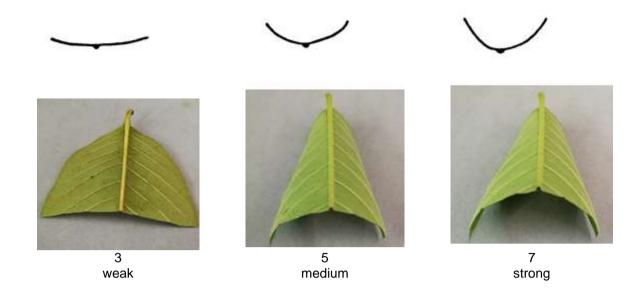
Ad. 6: Leaf blade: length



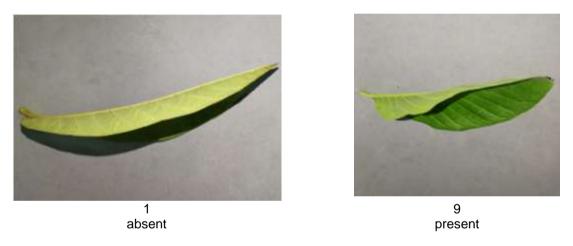
Ad. 9: Leaf blade: shape



Ad. 10: Leaf blade: curvature in cross section



Ad. 11: Leaf blade: twisting



Ad. 12: Leaf blade: curvature of midrib



Ad. 15: Leaf blade: color







2 medium green



3 dark green



reddish green



5 red

Ad. 16: Leaf blade: color of midrib on lower side







2 yellow



green



red

Ad. 19: Leaf blade: undulation of margin

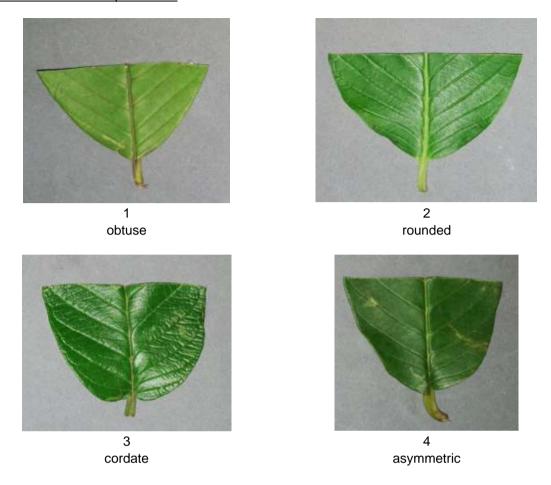


3 weak

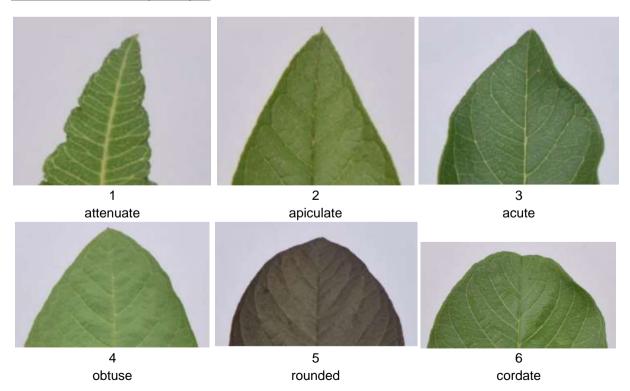


medium

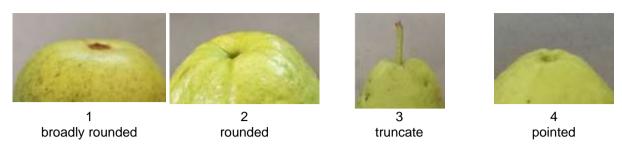
Ad. 20: Leaf blade: shape of base



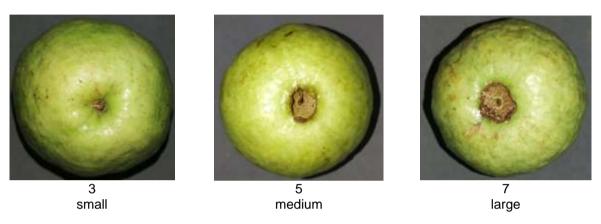
Ad. 21: Leaf blade: shape of apex



Ad. 30: Fruit: shape at stalk end



Ad. 38: Fruit: diameter of calyx cavity in relation to that of fruit



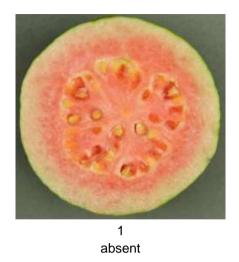
Ad. 39: Fruit: ridged collar around calyx cavity



Ad. 42: Fruit: evenness of color of flesh

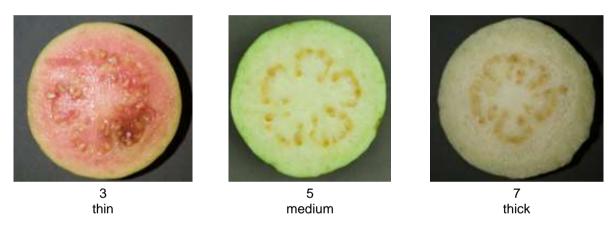


Ad. 44: Fruit: discoloration of flesh after cutting





Ad. 45: Fruit: thickness of outer flesh in relation to core diameter



Ad. 49: Fruit: sweetness

Sweetness of fruit should be expressed as the amount of the total sugar.

The total sugar should be expressed as the amount of the total soluble solids (TSS) deducting the total titratable acids (TTA).

The TSS should be measured by means of a hand refractometer and expressed in Brixo.

9. <u>Literature</u>

Wu, J.X., Wang, J.B., Zhang,X.C., etc., 2009: Genetic Relationship of Some Guava (*Psidium guajava* L.) Germplasm by ISSR Markers. Chinese Journal of Tropical Crops.Hainan, CN, 961-964 pp.

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE				Page {x} of {y}		Reference Number:			
						Application date: (not to be filled in by the applican	ıt)		
		to be completed in c		CHNICAL QUESTION ection with an applica		IRE for plant breeders' rights			
lines ar	e to be s		e exa	mination of the hybri	d va	or plant breeders' rights, and where the pariety, this Technical Questionnaire stort the hybrid variety.			
1.	Subjec	Subject of the Technical Questionnaire							
	1.1.1	Botanical name	Ps	idium guajava L.			[]		
	1.1.2	Common name	Gu	ıava					
	1.2.1	Botanical name	Ps	idium cattleyanum Sa	abin	e var. <i>littorale</i> (Raddi) Fosberg	[]		
	1.2.2	Common name		ninese strawberry gua ava, Yellow strawber		Strawberry guava, Yellow Cattley luava			
2.	Applica	ant							
	Name								
	Addres	S							
	Teleph	one No.							
	Fax No).							
	E-mail	address							
	Breeder (if different from applicant)								
3.	Propos	ed denomination and bre	eeder	's reference					
	Propos (if avail	ed denomination able)							
	Breeder's reference								

TECHN	IICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
#4.	Informa	tion on the breeding scheme	and propagation of the val	riety
	4.1	Breeding scheme		
	Variety	resulting from:		
	4.1.1	Crossing		
	(a)	controlled cross		[]
	(b)	partially known cross		[]
	(c)	unknown cross		[]
	4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent variety)	[]
	4.1.3	Discovery and developmen (please state where and wh	t en discovered and how de	[] veloped)
	4.1.4	Other (Please provide details)		[]

TECHNICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number	·:
4.2	Method of propagating the	variety		
4.2.1	Vegetative propagation			
(a) (b) (c) (d)	Tuber Cuttings In vitro propagation Other (state method)			[] [] [] []
4.2.2	Other (Please provide details)			[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (30)	Fruit: shape at stalk end		
	broadly rounded		1[]
	rounded		2[]
	truncate		3[]
	pointed		4 []
	necked		5[]
5.2 (31)	Fruit: color of skin		
	white green		1[]
	light yellow	Beaumont	2[]
	dark yellow		3[]
	orange		4 []
	orange green		5[]
	medium green		6[]
	dark green		7[]
	pink red		8[]
	dark red		9[]
5.3 (32)	Fruit: texture of surface		
	smooth	Fan Retief	1[]
	rough		2[]
	bumpy		3[]
5.4 (41)	Fruit: color of flesh		
	white		1[]
	light yellow		2[]
	light pink		3[]
	medium pink	Beaumont, Ka Hua Kula	4[]
	dark pink	DA 6	5[]
	orange pink	Fan Retief	6[]
	orange	Puerto Rico	7[]
	dark red		8[]

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TECHNICAL QUESTION	NAIRE	Page {x} of {	[y}	Reference Nu	ımber:	
	-					
6. Similar varieties and o	differences from t	hese varieties				
Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.						
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic your candidate from the simila	variety differs	the characte	e expression of ristic(s) for the variety(ies)	Describe the expres the characteristic(s) the candidate varies	for you ı
Example						
Comments:						

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TECHN	<u>IICAL Q</u>	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:		
# 7 .	Addition	nal information which may he	eln in the examination of th	ne variety		
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which m help to distinguish the variety?					
	Yes	[]	No	[]		
	(If yes,	please provide details)				
7.2	Are the	ere any special conditions for	r growing the variety or cor	nducting the examination?		
	Yes	[]	No	[]		
	(If yes,	please provide details)				
7.3	Other i	nformation				
Technic	cal Ques		vill provide a visual illustrat	stinguishing feature(s), should accompany the ion of the candidate variety which		
 The key points to consider when taking a photograph of the candidate variety are: Indication of the date and geographic location Correct labeling (breeder's reference) Good quality printed photograph (minimum 10 cm x 15 cm) and/or sufficient resolution electronic format version (minimum 960 x 1280 pixels)" 						
"Develo	opment o	of Test Guidelines", Guidance	e Note 35 (http://www.upov	onnaire is available in document TGP/7 v.int/tgp/en/). veloping authorities' own test guidelines.]		

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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE			Page {x} of {y}	Referenc	eference Number:			
	م داده . ۸	ningtion for release						
8.	Autho	uthorization for release						
	(a)	Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of environment, human and animal health?						
		Yes []	No []					
	(b)	Has such authorization be	en obtained?					
		Yes []	No []					
	If the	answer to (b) is yes, please	attach a copy of the autho	orization.				
9. In	formati	on on plant material to be ex	xamined or submitted for ex	xamination				
and	disease	oression of a characteristic on e, chemical treatment (e.g. of n from different growth phas	growth retardants or pestic					
char has	acterist underg	ant material should not he cics of the variety, unless the cone such treatment, full det your knowledge, if the plant	e competent authorities all ails of the treatment must	ow or request s be given. In this	uch treatment. respect, pleas	If the plant mater	rial	
	(a)	Microorganisms (e.g.	virus, bacteria, phytoplasm	na)	Yes []	No []		
	(b)	Chemical treatment (e	e.g. growth retardant, pesti	cide)	Yes []	No []		
	(c)	Tissue culture			Yes []	No []		
	(d)	Other factors			Yes []	No []		
	Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".							
9.3	Has the	e plant material to be examin	ned been tested for the pre	sence of virus o	r other pathoge	ns?		
	Yes	[]						
	(pleas	se provide details as specifi	ed by the Authority)					
	No	[]						
10.	I he	ereby declare that, to the be	st of my knowledge, the inf	ormation provid	ed in this form i	s correct:		
	Apr	olicant's name]	
	Sic	gnature						
	OI	g. 141410		Date	1		I	

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