

TG/43/8(proj.3)
ORIGINAL: English
DATE: 2023-05-17

INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

RASPBERRY; BLACK RASPBERRY

UPOV Code(s): RUBUS_IDA; RUBUS_OCC

Rubus idaeus L.; Rubus occidentalis L.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from Germany to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Fruit Crops at its fifty-fourth session, to be held in Nîmes, France, from 2023-07-03 to 2023-07-07

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Rubus idaeus L.	Raspberry	Framboisier	Himbeere	Frambueso, Sangüeso
Rubus occidentalis L., Rubus occidentalis L. var. occidentalis	Black Raspberry, Blackcap, Thimbleberry	Frambosier noir, Frambosier de Virginie	Schwarze Himbeere	Frambueso negro

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

Other associated UPOV documents: TG/37 (Blackberry)

^{*} These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

TΑ	BLE O	F CONTENTS	PAGE
1.	SUBJE	CT OF THESE TEST GUIDELINES	<u>4</u>
2.	MATER	RIAL REQUIRED	<u>4</u>
3.	METH	DD OF EXAMINATION	<u>4</u>
	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	Number of Growing Cycles Testing Place Conditions for Conducting the Examination Test Design Additional Tests	4 4 5 6 6
4.	ASSES	SSMENT OF DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY	. <u>6</u>
	4.1 4.2 4.3	Distinctness	6 7 7
5.	GROU	PING OF VARIETIES AND ORGANIZATION OF THE GROWING TRIAL	<u>8</u>
6.	INTRO	DUCTION TO THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS	. <u>8</u>
	6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Categories of Characteristics States of Expression and Corresponding Notes Types of Expression Example Varieties Legend	8 .8 9 9 10
7.	TABLE CARA	OF CHARACTERISTICS/TABLEAU DES CARACTÈRES/MERKMALSTABELLE/TABLA DE CTERES	<u>11</u>
8.	EXPLA	NATIONS ON THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS	<u>28</u>
	8.1 8.2	Explanations covering several characteristics.	
9.	LITER	ATURE	<u>32</u>
10	TECH	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	33

1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Rubus idaeus* L. and *Rubus occidentalis* L. and their hybrids.

2. Material Required

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of plants with a satisfactory number of adventitious buds on the roots.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

12 plants.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

- 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles
- 3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.
- 3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles may be observed from a single planting, examined in two separate growing cycles.
- 3.1.3 In particular, it is essential that the plants produce a satisfactory crop of fruit in each of the two growing cycles.
- 3.1.4 The growing cycle is considered to be the duration of a single growing season, beginning with bud burst (flowering and/or vegetative), flowering and fruit harvest and concluding when the following dormant period ends with the swelling of new season buds.

(The wording does not fit; ASW3(a) needs being reworded:)

The growing cycle is considered to be the duration of a single growing season, beginning with the dormancy period, followed by bud burst (flowering and/or vegetative), flowering and fruit harvest and concluding when the following dormant period starts.

- 3.1.5 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.
- 3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 Because daylight varies, color determinations made against a color chart should be made either in a suitable cabinet providing artificial daylight or in the middle of the day in a room without direct sunlight. The spectral distribution of the illuminant for artificial daylight should conform with the CIE Standard of Preferred Daylight D 6500 and should fall within the tolerances set out in the British Standard 950, Part

4

I. These determinations should be made with the plant part placed against a white background. The color chart and version used should be specified in the variety description.

3.4 Test Design

- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 10 plants.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 5 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 5 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

In the case of observations of parts taken from single plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 2.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

- 4.2 Uniformity
- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of vegetatively propagated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.
- 4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 10 plants. 1 off-type is allowed.
- 4.3 Stability
- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.
- 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial
- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Very young shoot: anthocyanin coloration of apex during rapid growth (characteristic
 - Spines: presence (characteristic 10) (b)
 - Current year's cane: flowers (characteristic 24) (c)
 - (d) Fruit: color (characteristic 32)
 - Time of beginning of flowering on current season's cane (characteristic 39) (e)
 - Time of beginning of fruit ripening on current season's cane (characteristic 41)

- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".
- 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
- 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.
- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

	English français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1 2	3 4	5 6	7			
	Name of characteristics in English	Nom du caractère en français	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
	states of expression types d'expression		Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

1 Characteristic number

2 (*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

3 Type of expression

QL Qualitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3
QN Quantitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3
PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3

4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)
MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

6 (a)-(f) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Not applicable

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				•
	Plant:	growth habit		•				
	uprigh	nt					Maravilla, Ontario	1
	semi-ı	upright					Regina, Schönemann	2
	archin	ıg					Meeker, Pearl	3
2. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Dorm	ant cane: color						
	brown	ish grey					NR 7, Schönemann	1
	greyis	h brown					Meeker, Willamette	2
	brown	I					Glen Ample, Tulameen	3
	purplis	sh brown					Radiance	4
	brown	ish purple					Black Jewel, Sanibelle	5
3. (*)	QN	VG					•	
	antho	young shoot: cyanin ation of apex g rapid growth						
		t or very weak						1
		veak to weak					Fallgold, Poranna Rosa	2
	weak						Brilliance, Sapphire	3
	weak	to medium					Fruatfri, Sugana	4
	mediu	ım					Regina, Tulameen	5
	mediu	ım to strong					Malling Freya, Maravilla	6
	strong	J					Polka, Sanibelle	7
	strong	to very strong					Royalty	8
	very s	trong					Glen Moy, Malling Delight	9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
4. (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)				·	
		: number of nt season's s						
	very f	ew						1
	very f	ew to few						2
	few						Tulameen	3
		medium					Pokusa, Qualicum	4
	mediu	ım					Advarberimar, Fruatfri	5
	mediu	ım to many					Grandeur, Regina	6
	many						Pearl, Poranna Rosa	7
	many	to very many					Cascade Dawn, ma 2920	8
	very n	nany						9
5. (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)	(b)				
-	Cane	: length						
	very s	short						1
	very s	short to short					NR 7	2
	short							3
	short	to medium					Advabertwee, Loganlike	4
	mediu						Advarberimar	5
		ım to long					Drisraspone, Radiance	6
	long						Schönemann, Tulameen	7
	long to	o very long					Meeker, Royalty	8
	very lo	ong					Malling Leo	9
6.	QN	MG/VG		(b)				
	Cane	: length of node						
	very s	short						1
	short						Autumn Treasure, Poranna Rosa	2
	mediu	ım					Glen Ample, Holyoke	3
	long					-	Polka	4
	very lo	ong						5

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
7.	QN MG/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Cane: length of vegetative bud						
	short					Autumn Bliss, Drisraspsix	1
	medium					Driscoll Madonna, Grandeur	2
	long					Schönemann	3
8.	QN VG		(b)			·	
	Cane: anthocyanin coloration						
	absent or very weak					Poranna Rosa, Valentina	1
	weak					Cardinal, Vajolet	2
	medium					Holyoke, Rafzaqu	3
	strong					Drisraspfour, Malling Juno	4
	very strong						5
9.	QN VG		(b)				
	Cane: bloom						
	absent or very weak					Adelita, Lupita	1
	very weak to weak					Bountiful, Diamond Jubilee	2
	weak					Fruatfri, Regina	3
	weak to medium					Meeker, Qualicum	4
	medium					ma 2920, Rafzmach	5
	medium to strong					Lagorai Plus, NR 7	6
	strong					Advabereen, Sanibelle	7
	strong to very strong					Brilliance, Pokusa	8
	very strong					Ontario, Royalty	9
10. (*)	QL VG		(c)		,		
	Spines: presence						
	absent					Glen Ample, NR 7	1
	present					Malling Promise, Regina	9
11.	QN MG/VG		(c)		<u> </u>		
i i	Spines: length		i .				
	very short					Resa	1
	short					Carmelina, Grandeur	2
	medium					Fruatfri, Regina	3
	long					BP 1, Drisrasptwo	4
	very long					Black Jewel, Lowden	5
	I			1	1	I .	

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
12.	PQ	VG		(c)				
	Spine	es: color						
	green						Golden Bliss, Poranna Rosa	1
	brown	nish green					Brilliance, Holyoke	2
	green	ish brown					Advabereen, Radiance	3
	brown	1					Glen Magna, Rusilva	4
	purplis	sh brown					Cardinal, Fruatfri	5
	brown	nish purple					Maravilla, Octavia	6
	purple)					Polka, Sugana	7
13.	QN	VG	(+)	(c)				
	Spine	es: size of base						
	very s	:mall						1
		mall to small					Gleam	2
	small						Driscoll Pacifica,	3
							Rafzmach	
	small	to medium					Octavia, Radiance	4
	mediu	ım					Cardinal, Regina	5
	mediu	ım to large					Fruatfri, Vajolet	6
	large						BP 1, Dolomia Plus	7
	large	to very large					Josephine	8
	very la	arge					Black Jewel, Lowden	9
14. (*)	QN	VG		(c)		1		
	Spine	es: density						
	absen	nt or very sparse					Ontario	1
		parse to sparse					Festival, Korbfüller	2
	sparse						Valentina	3
		e to medium					Maravilla, Tulameen	4
	mediu						Lupita, Octavia	5
	mediu	ım to dense					ma 2920, Schönemann	6
	dense	······································					Fruatfri, Regina	7
	dense	to very dense					Golden Bliss	8
	very d						Lloyd George	9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
15. (*)	PQ	VG		(d)		,		ļ
·	Leaf: side	color of upper		•				
	green	ish yellow					JDEBOER005	1
	light g	Jreen					Skeena, Watson	2
	mediu	ım green					Autumn Bliss, Isabel	3
	dark g	green					Dolomia Plus	4
16. (*)	PQ	VG		(d)				l
·	Leaf: numb	predominant per of leaflets		•				
	three						Autumn Treasure, Lupita	1
	equal	ly three and five					Fruatfri, Lagorai Plus	2
	five						Ontario, Sanibelle	3
17.	QN	VG	(+)	(d)				"
	Leaf: leafle	arrangement of						
	free						Lupita, Regina	1
	touchi	ing					Jade, ma 2920	2
	overla	apping					Fruatfri	3
18.	QN	MG/VG		(d)		1		1
	Termi lengtl	inal leaflet: h						
	very s	short						1
	very s	short to short						2
	short						NR 7	3
	short	to medium					JDEBOER005	4
	mediu	ım					Glen Carron	5
		ım to long					Advabereen, ma 2920	6
	long						Amaranta, Versailles	7
	long t	o very long					Dolomia Plus, Polka	8
	long t	o vory long					Bolomia i lao, i oma	

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
19.	QN	MG/VG		(d)		1		
•	Termi	inal leaflet: width		-				
	very n	narrow						1
		narrow to narrow	 					2
	narro		<u> </u>				Summit	3
	narro	w to medium					Caroline	4
	mediu	ım					Advabertwee, Drisraspone	5
	mediu	ım to broad					Brilliance, Joan J	6
	broad		<u> </u>				Fruatfri, Sugana	7
	broad	to very broad					Regina	8
	very b	proad					Malling Sirius, Tea	9
20.	QN	VG		(d)		•		-
•		inal leaflet: e in cross on						
	conca						NR 7, Pearl	1
	straig						ma 2920, Versailles	2
	conve	ex					Grandeur, Heritage	3
21 (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(d)				•
	Termi foldin	inal leaflet:						
	very v	veak					Heritage	1
	weak		+				Gleam	2
	mediu	ım	†				Advarberimar, Pearl	3
	strong	J					Sugana, Vajolet	4
	very s	strong					Korbfüller	5

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
22. (*)	QN	MG/VG				<u>'</u>	
	Previo lengtl latera	ous year's cane: h of fruiting Il	·				
	very s	hort					1
	very s	hort to short				Vene	2
	short					Glen Moy	3
	short	to medium				Driscoll Pacifica	4
	mediu	ım				Radiance, Sugana	5
	mediu	ım to long				Regina, Versailles	6
	long					Glen Ample	7
	long to	o very long				Malling Leo	8
	very lo	ong					9
23.	QN	VG					
	Previo attitud latera	ous year's cane: de of fruiting Il					
	erect					Advarberimar, NR 7	1
	semi-	erect				Bountiful, Sapphire	2
	horizo	ontal to drooping				Malling Freya	3
24. (*)	QL	VG			•		
	Curre	ent year's cane: rs					
	absen	nt				Glen Ample	1
	prese	nt				Autumn Bliss	9
25. (*)	QN	VG	(e)				
	Pedur antho	ncle: intensity of ocyanin ation	,				
	absen	nt or very weak				Golden Bliss	1
	very v	veak to weak				Autumn Bliss, Joan J	2
	weak					Fruatfri, Lupita	3
	weak	to medium				NR 7	4
	mediu	ım				Grandeur, Radiance	5
	mediu	ım to strong				Malling Juno, Qualicum	6
	strong	3				Advabereen, Brilliance	7
	strong	g to very strong				ABB 122, Glen Doll	8
	very s	strong				Rafzmach	9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
26.	QN	MG/VG		(e)			•	•
	Pedice	el: number of s						
		t or very few					Glen Moy, Malling Juno	1
		ew to few					JDEBOER005, Wakefield	2
	few						Bountiful, Lagorai Plus	3
	few to	medium					Diamond Jubilee, Drisraspone	4
	mediu	m					Fruatfri, Octavia	5
	mediu	m to many					Maravilla, Sugana	6
	many						Holyoke, Poranna Rosa	7
	many	to very many					Autumn Bliss, Satine	8
	very m	nany					Golden Bliss	9
27.	QN	MG/VG	(+)	(e)				
	Flowe	r: diameter						
	very si	mall						1
	very si	mall to small					Trent	2
	small						Bella, Ontario	3
	small t	to medium					Brilliance, Radiance	4
	mediu						ma 2920, Pearl	5
		m to large					Joan J	6
	large						Evita, Lagorai Plus	7
	large t	o very large					Amaranta	8
	very la	arge						9
28. (*)	QN	MG/VG		(e), (f)		•	·	
	Fruit:	length						
	very sl	hort						1
	very sl	hort to short						2
	short						Golden Queen	3
	short t	o medium					Golden Bliss	4
	mediu	m					Octavia, Sugana	5
	mediu	m to long					Brilliance, Rafzaqu	6
	long						Driscoll Pacifica, Radiance	7
	long to	very long					Lagorai Plus, Maravilla	8
	very lo	ng					Evita	9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
29. (*)	QN	MG/VG		(e), (f)				
	Fruit:	width						
	very n	arrow						1
	narrov	N						2
	mediu	ım					ma 2920, Rafzmach	3
	broad						Lagorai Plus, Pearl	4
	very b	road					Evita	5
30. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(e), (f)			_	
-	Fruit: view	shape in lateral		•				
	circula	ar					Black Jewel	1
	broad	conical					Autumn Bliss, Glen Ample	2
	conical						Autumn Treasure, Maravilla	3
	trapezoidal						Titan	4
31.	QN	VG		(e), (f)				
	Fruit: size of single drupe							
	very s	mall						1
	small						Jochems Roem	2
	mediu	ım					Carmelina, Qualicum	3
	large						Maravilla, Octavia	4
	very la	arge					Pokusa	5
32. (*)	PQ	VG		(e), (f)				
	Fruit:	color						
	yellow	 I					Golden Bliss, Sungold	1
	orang						Valentina	2
	light re						Qualicum, Vision	3
	mediu						Diamond Jubilee, Pearl	4
	dark r	ed					Bella, BP 1	5
		dark red					Glen Coe, Royalty	6
	purple	•					Cleff Coe, Royalty	

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
33.	QN	VG		(e), (f)				
·	Fruit: glossiness			·				
	very w	/eak						1
	weak						Glen Magna, Poranna Rosa	2
	mediu						Pearl, Sapphire	3
	strong						Advabertwee, Sanibelle	4
	very s	trong						5
34. (*)	QN	MG/VG		(e), (f)		<u> </u>		-
	Fruit:	firmness						
	very s	oft						1
	soft						Fallred, Golden Queen	2
	mediu	m					Brilliance, Meeker	3
	firm						Advabereen, Maravilla	4
	very fi	rm						5
35.	PQ	VG	(+)	(e), (f)				
	(Propin) Fro	osal not to take uit: color of torus tal end						
	greeni	sh					NR 7	1
	whitish	 1						2
	yellow	ish white					Drisraspthirteen	3
		e reddish					Drisraspsix	4
36. (*)		MG/VG					'	
		i egetative bud		<u> </u>				
	very e	arly						1
		rly to early					Pacific Gema	2
	early						Grandeur	3
		o medium					Advabertwee, Brilliance	4
	mediu						Advarberimar, Lagorai Plus	5
	mediu	m to late					Glen Ample, Vajolet	6
	late						Glen Magna	7
	late to	very late					Drisraspfour	8
	very la						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
37. (*)	QN	MG/VG						
	Time emerg	of cane gence						
	very e	arly						1
	very e	arly to early					Drisraspthirteen, Majestic	2
	early						Sungold	3
	early t	o medium					ma 2920, Maravilla	4
	mediu	m					Lagorai Plus, Sugana	5
	mediu	m to late					Amaranta, Tulameen Plus	6
	late						Glen Fyne	7
	late to	very late					Glen Ample	8
	very la	ate					Malling Juno, Valentina	9
38. (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)					
	Time flower	of beginning of ring on previous cane						
	very e	arly						1
	very e	arly to early					Malling Freya	2
	early						Advabereen, Malling Juno	3
	early t	o medium					Brilliance, Fruatfri, Glen Fyne	4
	mediu	m					Sapphire	5
	mediu	m to late					Drisraspone, Grandeur	6
	late						Octavia, Tulameen Plus	7
	late to	very late					Annamaria	8
	very la	ate						9
39. (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)					
	flowe	of beginning of ring on current n's cane						
	very e	arly	+					1
	very e	arly to early	+				Polana	2
	early		+				Adelita, Polka	3
	early t	o medium					Brilliance, ma 2920	4
	mediu	m	†				Rafzaqu, Regina	5
	mediu	m to late					Maravilla, Sugana	6
	late						Advabertwee, Vajolet	7
	late to	very late					Drisraspone, Lagorai Plus	8
	very la	ate	†				Driscoll Madonna, Pearl	9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
40. (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)				•	1
·	fruit r	of beginning of ripening on ous year's cane						
	very e	early						1
	very e	early to early					ABB 122, Malling Freya	2
	early						Advabereen, Lupita	3
	_	to medium					Adelita, Advarberimar	4
	mediu						Advabertwee, Radiance	5
		um to late					Mayfair, Satine	6
	late						Grandeur, Octavia	7
	late to	very late					Lowden	8
	very l	ate					Augusta	9
41. (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)				•	
	fruit r	of beginning of ripening on nt season's cane						
	very e	early						1
	very e	early to early					Autumn Bliss	2
	early						Isabel, Sugana	3
	early	to medium					Advarberimar, Grandeur	4
	mediu	ım					Drisrasptwo, NY One	5
	mediu	um to late	***************************************				Brilliance	6
	late						Advabertwee	7
	late to	very late					ABB 122	8
	very l	- 1 -	1					9

- 8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics
- 8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

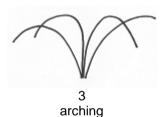
- (a) Observations should be made when the cane is fully developed.
- (b) Observations should be made on current season's canes.
- (c) Observations should be made in the middle third of the cane, when the cane is fully developed.
- (d) Observations should be made on fully developed leaves from the middle third of the cane.
- (e) Observations should be made on canes which flower and fruit first in the vegetation period, either on previous year's canes in summer or on current year's canes in autumn.
- (f) Observations should be made on fruit picked during the second and third harvest.
- 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 1: Plant: growth habit

Observations should be made on fully developed current season's shoots, before flowering.







upright semi-upright

Ad. 2: Dormant cane: color

If the canes peel the unpeeled area should be observed.

Ad. 4: Plant: number of current season's canes

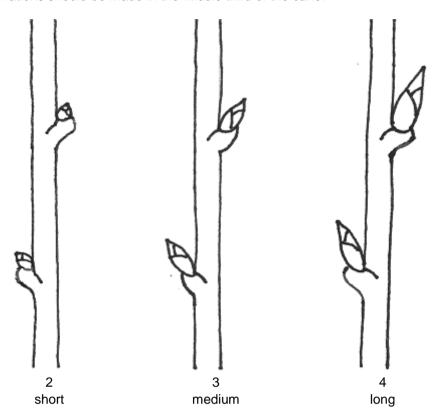
Should be assessed when the canes are about 15 cm long.

Ad. 5: Cane: length

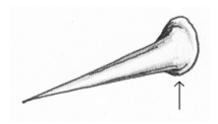
Observations should be made at the end of the vegetation period.

Ad. 7: Cane: length of vegetative bud

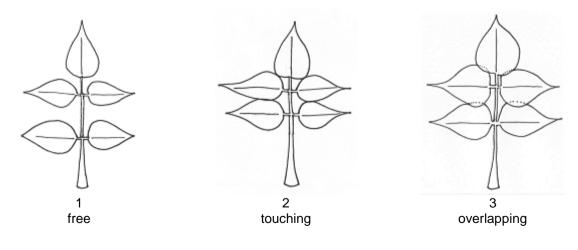
Observations should be made in the middle third of the cane.



Ad. 13: Spines: size of base

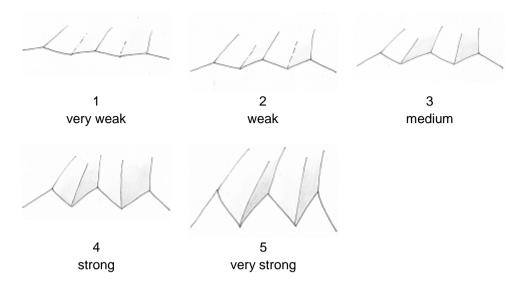


Ad. 17: Leaf: arrangement of leaflets



Ad. 21: Terminal leaflet: folding

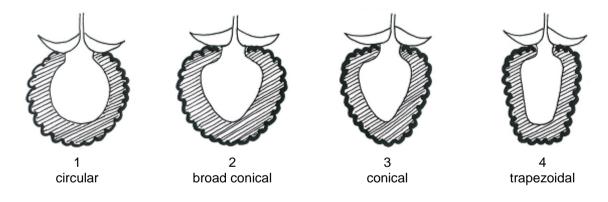
Should be assessed as the folding along / between the lateral veins.



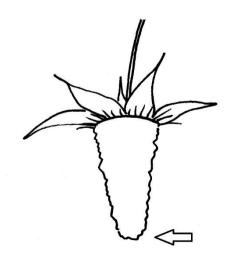
Ad. 27: Flower: diameter

The observation should be made with petals pressed into horizontal position.

Ad. 30: Fruit: shape in lateral view



Ad. 35: (Proposal not to take in) Fruit: color of torus at distal end



Ad. 38: Time of beginning of flowering on previous year's cane

The time of beginning of flowering is reached when 10% of the flowers have opened.

Ad. 39: Time of beginning of flowering on current season's cane

See Ad. 48

Ad. 40: Time of beginning of fruit ripening on previous year's cane

The time of beginning of fruit ripening is reached when the fruit is most easily removed from the torus.

Ad. 41: Time of beginning of fruit ripening on current season's cane

See Ad. 30

9. <u>Literature</u>

Bundessortenamt, 2006: Beschreibende Sortenliste Himbeere, Brombeere, Deutscher Landwirtschaftsverlag GmbH, Hannover, Germany.

Edin, M.; Gaillard, P.; Massardier, P., 1999: Le framboisier. Mongraphie Ctifl.

Leemans, J.A.; Nannenga, E.T., 1957: A Morphological Classification of Raspberry varieties. Instituut voor de veredeling van tuinbouwgewassen, Wageningen, The Netherlands.

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECH	NICAL C	QUESTIONNAIRE		Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
					Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant	·)
		to be completed in a		CHNICAL QUESTION ection with an applicat	NAIRE ion for plant breeders' rights	
1.	Subjec	t of the Technical Questi			•	
	1.1.1	Botanical name	Rı	ubus idaeus L.		[]
	1.1.2	Common name	Ra	aspberry		
	1.2.1	Botanical name	Rı	ubus occidentalis L.		[]
	1.2.2	Common name	ВІ	ack Raspberry, Black	cap, Thimbleberry	
	1.3.1	Botanical name	Rı	ubus idaeus L. x Rubu	us x neglectus Peck	[]
	1.3.2	Common name				
	1.4.1	Botanical name	Ru	ubus idaeus L. x Rubu	ıs occidentalis L.	[]
	1.4.2	Common name				
	1.5.1	Botanical name	Ru	ubus idaeus L. x Rubu	ıs parviflorus L.	[]
	1.5.2	Common name				
	1.6.1	Botanical name	Ну	brids with other speci	es of <i>Rubus</i> L.	[]
	1.6.2	Common name				

TECH	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
2.	Applicant			
	Name			
	Address			
	Telephone No.			
	Fax No.			
	E-mail address			
	Breeder (if different from applicant)			
3.	Proposed denomination and bree	eder's reference		
	Proposed denomination (if available)			
	Breeder's reference			

TECHN	NICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}		Reference Numb	er:
#4.	Informa	tion on the breeding scheme	and propagation of the	he var	iety	
	4.1	Breeding scheme				
	Variety	resulting from:				
	4.1.1	Crossing				
	(a)	controlled cross				[]
		(please state parent variety)			
		()	х	()
		female parent			male parent	
	(b)	partially known cross				[]
		(please state known parent	variety(ies))			
		()	х	()
		female parent			male parent	
	(c)	unknown cross				[]
	4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent variety)			[]
	4.1.3	Discovery and developmen (please state where and wh	t en discovered and ho	ow de	veloped)	[]
	4.1.4	Other (Please provide details)				[]

TECHNICAL C	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number	:
4.2	Method of propagating the	variety		
4.2.1	Vegetative propagation			
(a) (b) (c)	In vitro propagation Rhizomes Other (state method)			[] [] []
4.2.2	Other (Please provide details)			[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (2)	Dormant cane: color		
	brownish grey	NR 7, Schönemann	1[]
	greyish brown	Meeker, Willamette	2[]
	brown	Glen Ample, Tulameen	3[]
	purplish brown	Radiance	4[]
	brownish purple	Black Jewel, Sanibelle	5[]
5.2 (4)	Plant: number of current season's canes		
	very few		1[]
	very few to few		2[]
	few	Tulameen	3[]
	few to medium	Pokusa, Qualicum	4[]
	medium	Advarberimar, Fruatfri	5[]
	medium to many	Grandeur, Regina	6[]
	many	Pearl, Poranna Rosa	7[]
	many to very many	Cascade Dawn, ma 2920	8[]
	very many		9[]
5.3 (10)	Spines: presence		
	absent	Glen Ample, NR 7	1[]
	present	Malling Promise, Regina	9[]
5.4 (24)	Current year's cane: flowers		
	absent	Glen Ample	1[]
	present	Autumn Bliss	9[]
5.5 (30)	Fruit: shape in lateral view		
	circular	Black Jewel	1[]
	broad conical	Autumn Bliss, Glen Ample	2[]
	conical	Autumn Treasure, Maravilla	3[]
	trapezoidal	Titan	4[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.6 (32)	Fruit: color		
	yellow	Golden Bliss, Sungold	1[]
	orange	Valentina	2[]
	light red	Qualicum, Vision	3[]
	medium red	Diamond Jubilee, Pearl	4[]
	dark red	Bella, BP 1	5[]
	purple	Glen Coe, Royalty	6[]
	blackish	Black Jewel	7[]
5.7 (40)	Time of beginning of fruit ripening on previous year's cane		
	very early		1[]
	very early to early	ABB 122, Malling Freya	2[]
	early	Advabereen, Lupita	3[]
	early to medium	Adelita, Advarberimar	4[]
	medium	Advabertwee, Radiance	5[]
	medium to late	Mayfair, Satine	6[]
	late	Grandeur, Octavia	7[]
	late to very late	Lowden	8[]
	very late	Augusta	9[]

TECHNICAL QUESTION	NAIRE	Page {x} of {	[y}	Reference Nu	ımber:	
6. Similar varieties and o	differences from the	nese varieties				
Please use the following tab the variety (or varieties) wh examination authority to cor	ich, to the best of	your knowled	dge, is (or are) most similar.	This information	
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic your candidate from the similar	variety differs	the characte	expression of ristic(s) for the variety(ies)	the characteri	expression of stic(s) for your te variety
Example	Fruit: firr	nness	ver	y soft	fi	irm
Comments:						

TECH	VICAL C	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Refe	rence Number:
#7.	Additio	nal information which may	help in the examina	tion of the varie	
7.1	In addit	·	•		any additional characteristics which may
	Yes	[]	No	[]	
	(If yes,	please provide details)			
7.2	Are the	ere any special conditions f	or growing the varie	ety or conducting	g the examination?
	Yes	[]	No	[]	
	(If yes,	please provide details)			
7.3	Other	information			
Techni supple The ke • • • • • • version Furthe "Devel [The li	ical Quest ements they points Indicat Correct Good In (minimular guidan lopment coink providing type	stionnaire. The photograph e information provided in the to consider when taking a tion of the date and geograph tabeling (breeder's refere quality printed photograph um 960 x 1280 pixels)" ce on providing photograph of Test Guidelines", Guidanded may be deleted by mer	will provide a visual provide a visual provide a visual photograph of the complex phic location (minimum 10 cm x) as with the Technical ce Note 35 (http://wmbers of the Union visual provided in the Union visual provided	al illustration of the onnaire. candidate variety 15 cm) and/or so al Questionnaire vww.upov.int/tgp	ufficient resolution electronic format
mai	inly on pr	evious year's canes in sum	nmer: []		
		vious year's canes in summ ent season's canes in autur			
mai	inly on cu	urrent season's canes in au	tumn []		
Virus s	status				
		is free from all known viru om which viruses)	ses as follows:	[1
		naterial is virus tested: gainst which viruses)]	1
Th	ne virus s	atatus is unknown		[1

TECH	INICA	L QUEST	TIONNAIRE	Page {x} of	f {y}	Reference	e Number:	
					.,	•		
8.	Autho	rization fo	r release					
	(a)		variety require prior nent, human and anin		or release un	der legislati	ion concerning t	he protection of the
		Yes	[]	No	[]			
	(b)	Has such	authorization been	obtained?				
		Yes	[]	No	[]			
	If the	answer to	(b) is yes, please atta	ach a copy of t	he authorizati	on.		
9. Inf	ormatio	on on plant	t material to be exam	ined or submit	ted for exami	nation		
9.1 pests roots	and o	disease, c	on of a characteristic hemical treatment (e en from different grov	e.g. growth re	tardants or p			
chara has u	cteristi Indergo	cs of the vone such t	ial should not have variety, unless the coreatment, full details edge, if the plant man	ompetent author of the treatme	orities allow o ent must be gi	r request soven. In this	uch treatment. I respect, please	f the plant material
	(a)	Micro	oorganisms (e.g. viru	s, bacteria, ph	ytoplasma)		Yes []	No []
	(b)	Cher	mical treatment (e.g.	growth retarda	ant, pesticide)		Yes []	No []
	(c)	Tiss	ue culture				Yes []	No []
	(d)	Othe	er factors				Yes []	No []
	Plea	ase provid	e details for where yo	ou have indicat	ted "yes".			
10.	l ho	rehy decla	are that, to the best o	f my knowleda	e the informa	ution provide	ad in this form is	correct:
10.		•	·	iniy kilowleag	e, the illionna	mon provide		- Correct.
	Арр	llicant's na	ime					
	Sig	nature				Date		

[End of document]