



TG/256/2(proj.1)

ORIGINAL: English

DATE: 2023-05-20

INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

GRANADILLA, PASSION FRUIT

UPOV Code(s): PASSI_EDU

Passiflora edulis Sims

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

*prepared by experts from Australia
to be considered by the
Technical Working Party for Fruit Crops
at its fifty-fourth session, to be held in Nîmes, France,
from 2023-07-03 to 2023-07-07*

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative names:*

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>French</i>	<i>German</i>	<i>Spanish</i>
<i>Passiflora edulis</i> Sims	Granadilla, Passion fruit	Barbadine, Fruit de la passion	Passionsfrucht, Purpurgranadilla	Granadilla, Maracuyá

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Passiflora edulis* Sims of the *Passifloraceae* family.

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of rooted cuttings or young plants.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

5 rooted cuttings or 5 young plants.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles may be observed from a single planting, examined in two separate growing cycles.

3.1.3 The growing cycle is considered to be the period ranging from the beginning of active vegetative growth or flowering, continuing through active vegetative growth or flowering and fruit development and concluding with the harvesting of fruit.

3.1.4 In particular, it is essential that the plants produce a satisfactory crop of fruit in each of the two growing cycles.

3.1.5 To ensure satisfactory crop of good quality fruits, twenty freshly opened flower should be hand pollinated and marked. Fruit developed from these flowers should be used for assessing fruit characteristics.

3.1.6 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 5 plants.

3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 5 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 5 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

In the case of observations of parts taken from single plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 2.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

“Visual” observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert’s judgment. For the purposes of this document, “visual” observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, “G” provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 *Uniformity*

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of vegetatively propagated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.

4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 5 plants, no off-types are allowed.

4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed or plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Petiole: position of nectaries (characteristic 18)
- (b) Flower: anthocyanin spots on style (characteristic 38)
- (c) Flower: self-incompatibility (characteristic 40)
- (d) Fruit: length (characteristic 41)
- (e) Fruit: color of pulp (characteristic 51)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 “Examining Distinctness”.

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 “Development of Test Guidelines”.

6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 *Example Varieties*

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
		Name of characteristics in English	Nom du caractère en français	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
		states of expression	types d'expression	Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

1 Characteristic number

2 (*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

3 Type of expression

QL

Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

QN

Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

PQ

Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)

MG, MS, VG, VS

– see Chapter 4.1.5

5 (+)

See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

6 (a)-(g)

See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Not applicable

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	QN VG					
	Plant: vigor					
	very weak				Lacey	1
	weak				Misty Gem	2
	medium				Tango	3
	high				Flamenco	4
	very high				Toms Special	5
2.	PQ VG	(+)				
	Plant: color of vine					
	light green				Nellie Kelly Black, Summer Queen	1
	medium green				Misty Gem	2
	dark green				Charité, Ester	3
	green purple					4
	purple				Panama Gold	5
3.	QN VG					
	Stem: surface					
	smooth				Flamenco, Misty Gem	1
	medium					2
	rough				Sweetheart, Tango	3
4.	QL VG					
	Tendrils: anthocyanin coloration					
	absent				Nellie Kelly Black	1
	present				Panama Gold	2
5.	QN VG					
	Plant: number of mature leaves with three lobes					
	absent or very few				OPA6	1
	few					2
	medium				OPA4	3
	many				Misty Gem	4
	very many				Flamenco, Toms Special	5

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
6.	QN	VG				
	Stipules: intensity of anthocyanin coloration					
	absent or very weak				Flamenco	1
	weak				OPA5, OPA6	2
	strong				Panama Gold	3
7.	QN	VG	(a)			
	Leaf blade: blistering					
	absent or very weak				Panama Gold	1
	medium				Panama Red	2
	strong				Nellie Kelly Black	3
8.	QN	MS/VG	(a), (d)			
	Leaf blade: length					
	very short					1
	very short to short					2
	short				Lacey	3
	short to medium				Sweetheart	4
	medium				Flamenco, Misty Gem	5
	medium to long				Panama Red	6
	long				OPA3, OPA4	7
	long to very long				OPA12	8
	very long				OPA6	9
9.	QN	MS/VG	(a), (d)			
	Leaf blade: width					
	very narrow					1
	very narrow to narrow					2
	narrow				E23	3
	narrow to medium				Lacey	4
	medium				Misty Gem, Toms Special	5
	medium to broad				Flamenco	6
	broad				OPA13, Tango	7
	broad to very broad				OPA3	8
	very broad					9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
10.	QN	MS/VG	(a), (e)			
	Leaf blade: maximum width of the middle lobe (only for varieties where three lobed leaves are present)					
	very narrow					1
	very narrow to narrow					2
	narrow				Lacey, Sweetheart	3
	narrow to medium				E23, Toms Special	4
	medium				Misty Gem	5
	medium to broad				OPA5, OPA7	6
	broad				OPA11, OPA4	7
	broad to very broad				McGuffies Red, OPA3	8
	very broad				OPA12	9
11.	QN	VG	(a)			
	Leaf blade: intensity of green color of the upper side					
	very light					1
	light				Lacey	2
	medium				McGuffies Red, Pandora	3
	dark				Sweetheart, Tango	4
	very dark				OPA6	5
12.	QN	VG	(a)			
	Leaf blade: glossiness of upper side					
	absent or very weak					1
	weak				E23	2
	medium				Flamenco, Tango	3
	strong				OPA6, Sweetheart	4
	very strong					5
13.	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)		
	Leaf blade: shape of base					
	acute					1
	obtuse					2
	truncate					3
	weekly cordate				OPA4	4
	strongly cordate				Flamenco, Misty Gem	5

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
14.	QN	MS/VG	(a), (e)			
	Leaf blade: depth of sinus					
	absent or very shallow				OPA6	1
	shallow					2
	medium				Panama Red	3
	deep				Panama Gold	4
	very deep					5
15.	QN	VG	(a)			
	Leaf blade: intensity of anthocyanin coloration of the veins on the upper side					
	absent or weak				Lacey, Sweetheart	1
	medium				McGuffies Red, Pandora	2
	strong				Panama Gold	3
16.	QN	MS/VG	(a)			
	Petiole: length					
	very short					1
	very short to short					2
	short				Tango, Toms Special	3
	short to medium				Misty Gem, OPA13	4
	medium				Flamenco, OPA3	5
	medium to long				McGuffies Red, OPA4	6
	long				OPA11, OPA7	7
	long to very long				OPA12	8
	very long					9
17.	QN	VG	(a)			
	Petiole: intensity of anthocyanin coloration					
	absent or weak				Misty Gem, Toms Special	1
	medium				Lacey, McGuffies Red	2
	strong				Panama Gold	3

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
18. (*)	QL	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Petiole: position of nectaries							
	adjacent to the base of the leaf blade						Flamenco, Lacey	1
	away from the base of the leaf blade						E23, OPA3	2
19.	QN	MS/VG		(b)				
	Flower: length of pedicel							
	very short							1
	short						Lacey	3
	medium						Misty Gem	5
	long						Flamenco, Toms Special	7
	very long						OPA11, Sweetheart	9
20.	QN	MS/VG		(b)				
	Flower: length of bract							
	very short							1
	short						Lacey, Misty Gem	2
	medium						OPA3, Toms Special	3
	long						McGuffies Red, OPA6	4
	very long						OPA12, Sweetheart	5
21.	QN	MS/VG		(b)				
	Flower: width of bract							
	very narrow							1
	narrow						Flamenco, OPA13	2
	medium						McGuffies Red, Pandora	3
	broad						OPA7, Tango	4
	very broad						OPA6	5
22.	QL	VG		(b)				
	Flower: nectaries on bract							
	present							1
	absent							2

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
23.	PQ	VG	(b)				
	Flower: color of nectaries on bract (only for varieties with nectaries on bract)						
	green					Lacey	1
	purple						2
24.	QN	MS/VG	(b)				
	Flower: length of sepal						
	very short						1
	short					Lacey	2
	medium					Misty Gem, Sweetheart	3
	long					OPA11	4
	very long						5
25.	QN	MS/VG	(b)				
	Flower: width of sepal						
	very narrow						1
	narrow					OPA5	2
	medium					Lacey, Misty Gem	3
	broad					OPA11	4
	very broad						5
26.	QN	MS/VG	(b)				
	Flower: length of petal						
	very short						1
	short					OPA5	2
	medium					Flamenco, Sweetheart	3
	long					McGuffies Red, Panama Red	4
	very long						5
27.	QN	MS/VG	(b)				
	Flower: width of petal						
	very narrow						1
	narrow					Lacey, OPA3	2
	medium					Flamenco, Sweetheart	3
	broad					Toms Special	4
	very broad						5

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
28.	QN	MS/VG	(b), (g)			
	Flower: length of androgynophore					
	very short					1
	short				Lacey, Misty Gem	2
	medium				OPA12, Toms Special	3
	long				Flamenco, OPA3	4
	very long					5
29. (*)	QN	VG	(b), (f)			
	Flower: intensity of color on the internal filaments in the throat					
	absent or light				Flamenco	1
	medium				OPA3, Toms Special	2
	dark				OPA12	3
30.	QN	MS/VG	(b), (f)			
	Flower: diameter of the corona (including the filaments)					
	very small					1
	small				Lacey	2
	medium				Misty Gem, Sweetheart	3
	large				OPA12	4
	very large					5
31.	QN	MS/VG	(b), (f)			
	Flower: width of the purple ring on the corona filaments					
	absent or very narrow					1
	narrow				OPA7	2
	medium				OPA5, Sweetheart	3
	broad				OPA12	4
	very broad					5
32. (*)	QN	VG	(b), (f)			
	Flower: intensity of color of purple rings on corona filaments					
	light				OPA7	1
	medium				Lacey, Misty Gem	2
	dark				OPA12	3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
33.	QN	MS/VG	(b)			
	Anther: length					
	short					1
	medium				Flamenco, Misty Gem	2
	long				OPA11, OPA12	3
34.	QN	MS/VG	(b)			
	Anther: width					
	narrow					1
	medium				Sweetheart, Toms Special	2
	broad				OPA13, OPA4	3
35.	QN	MS/VG	(b), (g)			
	Ovary: length					
	short				E23	1
	medium				Flamenco, Sweetheart	2
	long				OPA11, Toms Special	3
36.	QN	MS/VG	(b), (g)			
	Ovary: width					
	narrow				E23	1
	medium				Flamenco, Sweetheart	2
	wide				OPA11, Toms Special	3
37.	QN	VG	(b)			
	Anther: number of anthocyanin spots on filament					
	absent or very few					1
	few				Flamenco, Toms Special	2
	medium				OPA11, Sweetheart	3
	many				Lacey, OPA3	4
	very many					5

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
38.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Flower: anthocyanin spots on style							
	absent or very few						OPA11	1
	few						Lacey	2
	medium						OPA5, OPA7	3
	many						OPA3	4
	very many							5
39.	QN	VG		(b)				
	Flower: number anthocyanin spots on the androgynophore							
	absent or few						Lacey, OPA13, OPA3	1
	medium						OPA4, Sweetheart	2
	many						Flamenco, Toms Special	3
40.	QL	VG						
	Flower: self-incompatibility							
	absent						Flamenco, Toms Special	1
	present						Panama Red	2
41.	QN	MS/VG		(c)				
	Fruit: length							
	very short							1
	very short to short							2
	short						E23, Lacey	3
	short to medium							4
	medium						Flamenco, OPA13	5
	medium to long							6
	long						McGuffies Red, OPA11	7
	long to very long							8
	very long						Golden Giant	9

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
42.	QN	MS/VG	(c)				
	Fruit: width						
		very narrow					1
		very narrow to narrow					2
		narrow			E23, Lacey		3
		narrow to medium					4
		medium			Flamenco, Pandora		5
		medium to broad					6
		broad			OPA12		7
		broad to very broad					8
		very broad			Golden Giant		9
43.	QN	MS/VG					
	Fruit: length in relation to width						
		very small					1
		small					2
		medium			Lacey, OPA3		3
		long			McGuffies Red		4
		very long					5
44.	PQ	VG	(+)	(c)			
	Fruit: shape in longitudinal view						
		obloid			BRS GA1		1
		globose			Lacey, Misty Gem, OPA3		2
		broad ellipsoid			McGuffies Red, OPA6		3
		narrow ellipsoid					4
		ovoid			Pandora		5
		obtuse ovoid			Panama Red		6
		obovoid					7
45.	QN	VG	(c)				
	Fruit: number of lenticels						
		absent or very low					1
		low			McGuffies Red		2
		medium			OPA6		3
		many			Pandora		4
		very many			Misty Gem, Panama Red		5

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
46.	QN	VG	(c)			
	Fruit: predominant size of lenticels					
	absent or very small					1
	small				Flamenco	2
	medium				Misty Gem	3
	large				Pandora	4
	very large				McGuffies Red, OPA12	5
47. (*)	PQ	VG	(c)			
	Fruit: color of skin					
	green					1
	yellow green					2
	yellow				Brazilian Gold	3
	golden yellow				Panama Gold	4
	reddish orange					5
	red				McGuffies Red	6
	reddish purple				Sweetheart, Toms Special	7
	purple				Misty Gem, Tango	8
	black purple				Nellie Kelly Black	9
48.	QN	MS/VG	(c)			
	Fruit: thickness of skin					
	thin				OPA6	3
	medium				E23, Flamenco, Misty Gem	5
	thick				OPA3, Pandora	7
	very thick				OPA12	9
49.	QN	MS/VS	(c)			
	Fruit: fresh weight					
	very low				E23	1
	low				Lacey, Misty Gem	3
	medium				Flamenco, OPA3, OPA5	5
	high				McGuffies Red, OPA12	7
	very high				Golden Giant	9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
50.	QN	MS/VS	(c)			
	Fruit: weight of pulp (including the seeds)					
	very low				E23	1
	very low to low					2
	low				Misty Gem	3
	low to medium					4
	medium				Flamenco, McGuffies Red, Pandora	5
	medium to high					6
	high				OPA6, OPA7	7
	high to very high					8
	very high					9
51. (*)	PQ	VG/VS	(c)			
	Fruit: color of pulp					
	whitish					1
	greenish yellow					2
	yellow				McGuffies Red, Misty Gem	3
	yellow orange				E23, Flamenco	4
	orange				OPA3	5
52.	QN	VG	(c)			
	Fruit: size					
	very small					1
	very small to small					2
	small				E23	3
	small to medium					4
	medium				Misty Gem, OPA13	5
	medium to large					6
	large				McGuffies Red, OPA12	7
	large to very large					8
	very large				Golden Giant	9

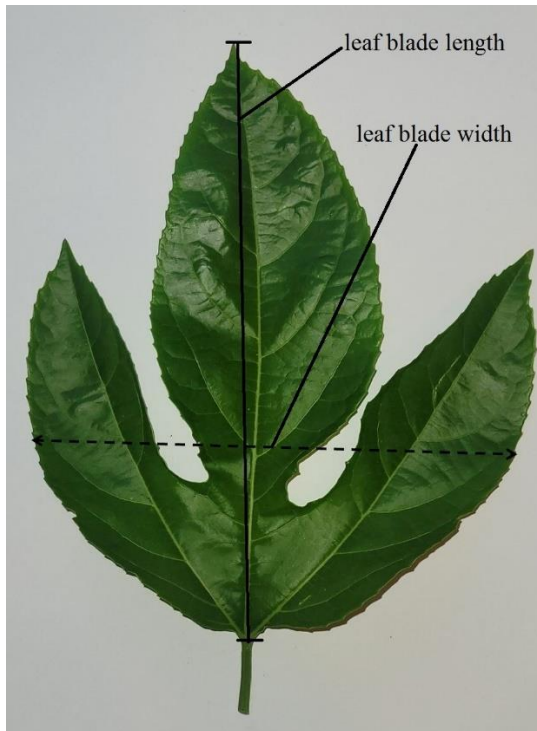
8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

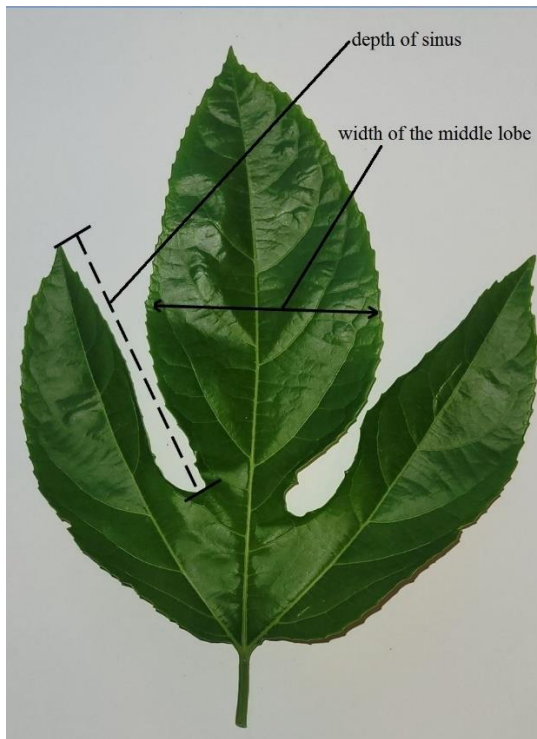
Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Leaf blade and petiole: Observations on the leaf blade and the petiole should be made on fully developed leaves from the middle third of vigorous current season shoots.
- (b) Flower: Observations on the flower should be made on fully opened flowers.
- (c) Fruit developed from hand pollinated flowers should be used for assessing fruit characteristics. Observations should be made on 10 typical fruits at the time when $\geq 75\%$ of the fruit skin has changed color.

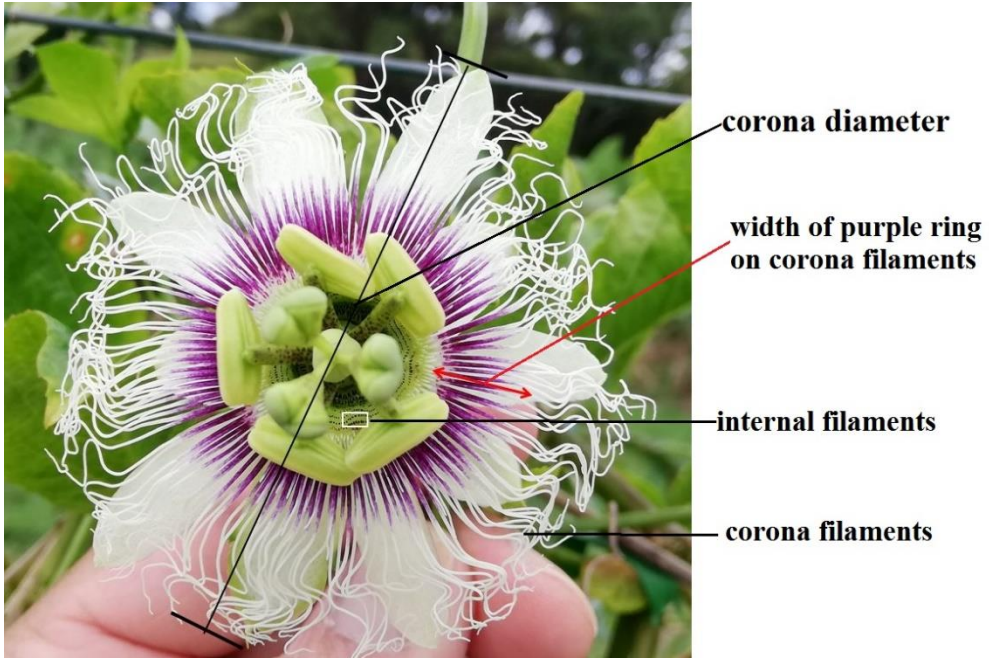
(d)



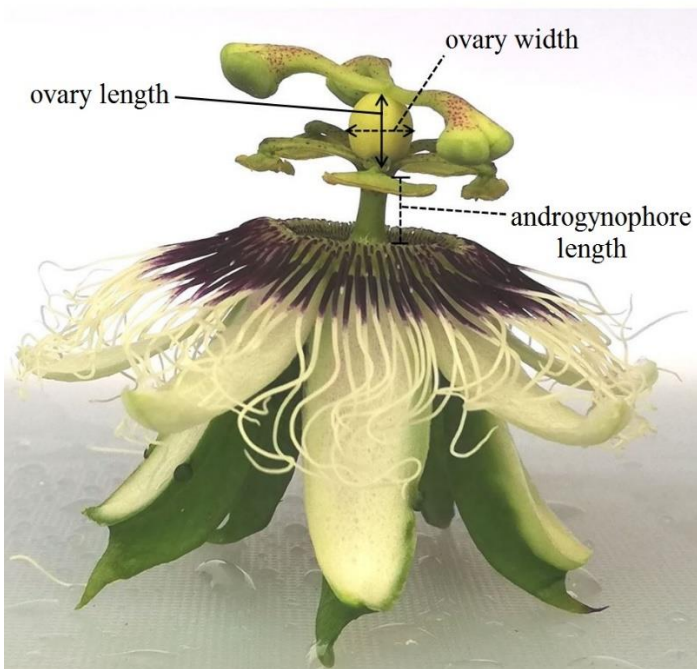
(e)



(f)



(g)

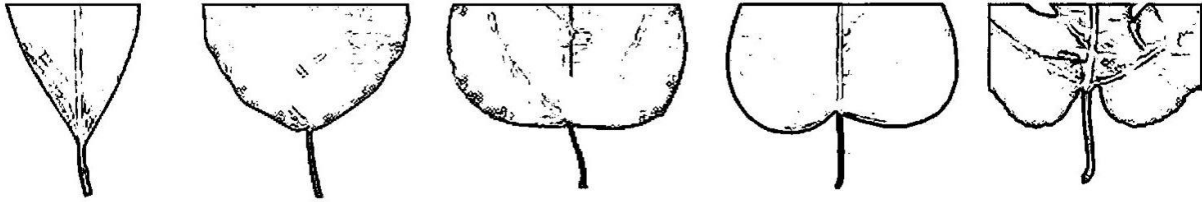


8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 2: Plant: color of vine

Observations should be made on vigorous current season's shoots.

Ad. 13: Leaf blade: shape of base



Acute

Obtuse

Truncate

Weekly Cordate

Strongly Cordate

Ad. 18: Petiole: position of nectaries



1

adjacent to base of the leaf blade



2

away from base of the leaf blade

Ad. 38: Flower: anthocyanin spots on style



1

absent



2

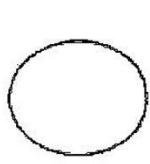
medium



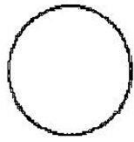
3

many

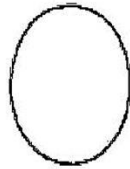
Ad. 44: Fruit: shape in longitudinal view



obloid



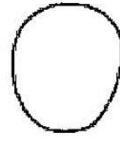
globose



broad
ellipsoid



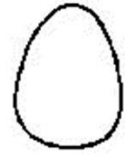
narrow
ellipsoid



obtuse
ovoid



ovoid



obovoid

9. Literature

Jesus, O.N., Oliveira, E.J., Faleiro, F.G., Soares, T.L.S., and Girardi, E.A. (2017). Illustrated Morpho-agronomic Descriptors for *Passiflora* spp. (Embrapa), Brasília, Brazil

10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
		Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights		
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire		
1.1	Botanical name	<input type="text" value="Passiflora edulis Sims"/>
1.2	Common name	<input type="text" value="Granadilla, Passion fruit"/>
2. Applicant		
	Name	<input type="text"/>
	Address	<input type="text"/>
	Telephone No.	<input type="text"/>
	Fax No.	<input type="text"/>
	E-mail address	<input type="text"/>
	Breeder (if different from applicant)	<input type="text"/>
3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference		
	Proposed denomination (if available)	<input type="text"/>
	Breeder's reference	<input type="text"/>

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety

4.1 Breeding scheme

Variety resulting from:

4.1.1 Crossing

(a) controlled cross

(please state parent variety)

(.....) x (.....)

female parent male parent

(b) partially known cross

(please state known parent variety(ies))

(.....) x (.....)

female parent male parent

(c) unknown cross

4.1.2 Mutation

(please state parent variety)

4.1.3 Discovery and development

(please state where and when discovered and how developed)

4.1.4 Other

(Please provide details)

Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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4.2	Method of propagating the variety	
4.2.1	Vegetative propagation	
(a)	Cuttings	[]
(b)	<i>In vitro</i> propagation	[]
(c)	Budding or grafting	[]
(d)	Other (state method)	[]
	<input type="text"/>	
4.2.2	Other (Please provide details)	[]
	<input type="text"/>	

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 Leaf blade: blistering (7)		
absent or very weak	Panama Gold	1 []
medium	Panama Red	2 []
strong	Nellie Kelly Black	3 []
5.2 Petiole: position of nectaries (18)		
adjacent to the base of the leaf blade	Flamenco, Lacey	1 []
away from the base of the leaf blade	E23, OPA3	2 []
5.3 Flower: intensity of color on the internal filaments in the throat (29)		
absent or light	Flamenco	1 []
medium	OPA3, Toms Special	2 []
dark	OPA12	3 []
5.4 Flower: intensity of color of purple rings on corona filaments (32)		
light	OPA7	1 []
medium	Lacey, Misty Gem	2 []
dark	OPA12	3 []
5.5 Flower: self-incompatibility (40)		
absent	Flamenco, Toms Special	1 []
present	Panama Red	2 []
5.6 Fruit: length (41)		
very short		1 []
very short to short		2 []
short	E23, Lacey	3 []
short to medium		4 []
medium	Flamenco, OPA13	5 []
medium to long		6 []
long	McGuffies Red, OPA11	7 []
long to very long		8 []
very long	Golden Giant	9 []

Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.7 Fruit: color of skin (47)		
green		1 []
yellow green		2 []
yellow	Brazilian Gold	3 []
golden yellow	Panama Gold	4 []
reddish orange		5 []
red	McGuffies Red	6 []
reddish purple	Sweetheart, Toms Special	7 []
purple	Misty Gem, Tango	8 []
black purple	Nellie Kelly Black	9 []
5.8 Fruit: color of pulp (51)		
whitish		1 []
greenish yellow		2 []
yellow	McGuffies Red, Misty Gem	3 []
yellow orange	E23, Flamenco	4 []
orange	OPA3	5 []

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.

Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety
<i>Example</i>			
<p>Comments:</p>			

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety

7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?

Yes No

(If yes, please provide details)

7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?

Yes No

(If yes, please provide details)

7.3 Other information

A representative color photograph of the variety displaying its main distinguishing feature(s), should accompany the Technical Questionnaire. The photograph will provide a visual illustration of the candidate variety which supplements the information provided in the Technical Questionnaire.

The key points to consider when taking a photograph of the candidate variety are:

- Indication of the date and geographic location
- Correct labeling (breeder's reference)
- Good quality printed photograph (minimum 10 cm x 15 cm) and/or sufficient resolution electronic format version (minimum 960 x 1280 pixels)

Further guidance on providing photographs with the Technical Questionnaire is available in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines", Guidance Note 35 (<http://www.upov.int/tgp/en/>).

[The link provided may be deleted by members of the Union when developing authorities' own test guidelines.]

Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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8. Authorization for release

(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?

Yes [] No []

(b) Has such authorization been obtained?

Yes [] No []

If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.

9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination

9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.

9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:

- | | | | |
|-----|---|---------|--------|
| (a) | Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (b) | Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (c) | Tissue culture | Yes [] | No [] |
| (d) | Other factors | Yes [] | No [] |

Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".

.....

9.3 Has the plant material to be examined been tested for the presence of virus or other pathogens?

Yes []

(please provide details as specified by the Authority)

No []

10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:

Applicant's name

Signature

Date

[End of document]