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# INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

**DRAFT** 

## **MULBERRY**

UPOV Code(s): MORUS

Morus L.

#### **GUIDELINES**

#### FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

## FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from Japan to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Fruit Crops at its fifty-third session, to be held virtually, from 2022-07-11 to 2022-07-15

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

## Alternative names:\*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Morus L.	Mulberry	Mûrier	Maulbeerbaum	Moro

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

## **ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS**

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

<sup>\*</sup> These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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#### 1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Morus L.

## 2. Material Required

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of plants on their own roots or on a rootstock specified by the competent authority.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

5 plants for varieties resulting from crossing 10 plants for varieties resulting from mutation

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

## 3. Method of Examination

- 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles
- 3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.
- 3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles may be observed from a single planting, examined in two separate growing cycles.
- 3.1.3 In particular, it is essential that the plants produce a satisfactory crop of fruit in each of the two growing cycles. In the case of male varieties, it is essential that the plants produce a satisfactory number of flowers in each of the two growing cycles.
- 3.1.4 The growing cycle is considered to be the duration of a single growing season, beginning with bud burst (flowering and/or vegetative), flowering and fruit harvest and concluding when the following dormant period ends with the swelling of new season buds.
- 3.1.5 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.
- 3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 The optimum stage of development for the assessment of each characteristic is indicated by a number in the Table of Characteristics. The stages of development denoted by each number are described in Chapter 8.

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#### 3.4 Test Design

- 3.4.1 In the case of varieties resulting from crossing, each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 5 plants.
- 3.4.2 In the case of varieties resulting from mutation, each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 10 plants.

#### 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

#### 4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

#### 4.1 Distinctness

#### 4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

#### 4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

#### 4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

#### 4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 3 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 3 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

## 4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

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Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

- 4.2 Uniformity
- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of vegetatively propagated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.
- 4.2.3 The assessment of uniformity for cross-pollinated should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.
- 4.3 Stability
- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.
- 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial
- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

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- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
  - (a) Leaf: phyllotaxis (characteristic 12)
  - (b) Inflorescence: sex expression (characteristic 31)
  - (c) Infructescence: color (characteristic 38)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".
- 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
- 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by \*) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.
- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

# 6.5 Legend

		English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
		Name of characteristics in English		Nom o caract frança	tère en	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
		states expres		types	d'expression	Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

1 Characteristic number

2 (\*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

3 Type of expression

QL Qualitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3
QN Quantitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3
PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic — see Chapter 6.3

4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)
MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

6 (a)-(d) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Not applicable

# 7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	QN	VG						
	Tree:	vigor						
	weak						Sekizaiso	1
	mediu	ım					Ichinose	2
	strong	9					Kenmochi, Oyutaka, Senshin	3
2. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)			1	1	
	Tree:	growth habit						
	uprigh	nt					Mitsuminami, Piramidale, Tokiyutaka	1
	semi-	upright					Ichinose, Kenmochi	2
	sprea	ding					Ayanobori, Hayatesakari, Platanoide, Yukishinogi	3
	droop	ing					Sekizaiso	4
	weepi	ing					Pendula, Shidareguwa	5
3.	QN	VG		(a)				T
	Curre	ent year's shoot: oer						
	few						Shin-Ichinose	1
	few to	medium						2
	mediu	ım					Ichinose, Kenmochi	3
		um to many						4
	many						Kairyo-Nezumigaeshi Yukishinogi	5
4.	QN	VG		(a)				
·	Curre numb	ent year's shoot: per of lateral ts						
	abser	nt or few					Ichinose, Kenmochi, Tokiyutaka	1
	mediu						Kairyo-Nezumigaeshi	2
	many						Jumonji, Keikanso	3

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
5.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(a)		1	1	
·	Curre	nt year's shoot: h						
	short						Negoyatakasuke	1
		to medium						2
	mediu	ım					Ichinose, Kenmochi	3
	mediu	ım to long						4
	long						Shin-Ichinose	5
6.	QN	VG		(a)		1	1	
·	Curre	nt year' shoot: ness						
		nt or weak					Ichinose	1
	mediu							2
	strong	]					Unryu	3
7.	PQ	VG		(a)				
·	Curre	nt year's :: color		•				
	light g	rey					Ichinose	1
	greyis	h brown					Mizusawaguwa	2
	greeni	ish brown					Shin-Ichinose	3
	yellow	vish brown					Fukushimaoha	4
		sh brown					Ichibei	5
		ım brown					Rohachi	6
	dark b	rown					Kenmochi	7
B. (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a)				
•	Curre length	nt year's shoot: n of internode		•				
	short					<u> </u>	Sinuense, Tokiyutaka	1
	mediu	ım				<u> </u>	Ichinose, Kenmochi	2
	long						Ichibei	3
9. (*)	QN	VG		(a)				
•	Bud:	size		:				
	small						Shin-Ichinose	1
	mediu	ım					Ichinose, Kenmochi	2
	large						Yukishinogi	3

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
10 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(a)				,
	Bud:	shape						
	broad	I triangular					Atsubamidori, Filippine, Shin-Ichinose	1
	mediu	um triangular					Cattaneo fem., Florio, Ichinose, Kenmochi, Morettiana	2
	narro	w triangular					Wasemidori	3
	ovate						Negoyatakasuke	4
11 (*)	PQ	VG		(a)				
	Bud:	color						
	greyis	sh brown					Atsubamidori	1
	yellov	vish brown					Kokuso 27	2
	reddis	sh brown					Ichibei	3
	mediu	um brown					Ichinose	4
	dark b	orown					Kenmochi	5
	light g	grey					Shin-Ichinose, Shiromeroso	6
12 (*)	QL	VG	(+)					
	Leaf:	phyllotaxis						
	one h	alf					Chijimiguwa, Filippine, Negoyatakasuke	1
	one th	nird						2
	two fit	fth					Cattaneo fem., Florio, Ichinose, Kenmochi	3
	three	eighth					Morettiana, Wasemidori	4
	five th	nirteenth						5
13 (*)	QN	VG	(+)					
	Leaf:	attitude						
	upwa	rds					Jikunashi	1
	outwa	ards					Ichinose, Kenmochi	2
	down	wards					Asayuki, Shin-Ichinose	3

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
14 (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(b)				•
	Leaf	blade: length						
	very s	short						1
		short to short	••••••					2
	short						Kibajumonji, Romana rabelaire	3
		to medium						4
	medi						Ichinose, Restelli	5
	medi	um to long						6
	long						Indiana, Platanoide, Popberry	7
		o very long	1					8
	very l							9
15 (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Leaf	blade: width						
	verv r	narrow					Nervosa	1
		narrow to narrow						2
	narro		·				Indiana, Kibajumonji	3
	narro	w to medium	-					4
	medi		·				Ichinose	5
	medi	um to broad	1					6
	broad	 	1				Popberry	7
	broad	to very broad	1					8
	very b	proad					Platanoide	9
16	QN	MG/MS/VG		(b)				
•		blade: ratio h/width		•				
	low		1					1
	medi	ım	1				Ichinose, Kenmochi	2
	high		·					3
17 (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(b)			•	
	Leaf	blade: thickness						
	thin						Kokuso 27, Shiwasuguwa, Yukishinogi	1
	mediu		·				Ichinose, Kenmochi	2
	thick						Atsubamidori, Ayanobori, Shin-Kenmochi	3

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
18	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)			•	•
	Leaf	blade: tip						
	abser	nt					Romana rabelaire, Rougetto	1
	cauda	ate					Ascolana, Florio, Fukayuki, Takinokawa	2
	acum	inate					Indiana, Kenmochi, Limoncina	3
19	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Leaf lapex	blade: shape of						
	acute						Ichinose	1
	obtus	e					Jikunashi	2
	obcor	date					Niken	3
20	PQ	VG		(b)				
	Leaf	blade: shape						
	triang	ular					Florio	1
	corda	te						2
	ovate							3
	circul	ar						4
	penta	gonal						5
21 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Leaf l	blade: shape of						
	cunea	ate					Nervosa, Popberry	1
	trunca	ate					Goshoerami, Jumonji, Kokuso 70, Negoyatakasuke	2
	retuse	)					Kenmochi, Restelli, Rosa di Lombardia	3
	corda	te					Arancina, Ichinose, Romana rabelaire	4

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
22 (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Leaf b	plade: depth of						
	absen	t or very shallow					Arancina, Florio, Rohachi, Takinokawa	1
	Shallo	pw					Akagi, Shimanouchi, Shin-Ichinose	2
	mediu	ım					Ichinose	3
	deep						Indiana, Kenmochi	4
	very d	leep					Platanoide	5
23	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)		-		
•	Leaf b	olade: margin		·				
	repan	d					Ichinose	1
	crena	te					Kairyo-Roso, Kanmasari, Limoncina, Rougetto, Shin-Ichinose	2
	denta	te					Ascolana, Fukushimaoha, Restelli	3
	serrul	ate					Kenmochi, Oshimaso, Planifolia	4
	biserra	ate					Florio	5
	serrat	e					Akameroso, Hicks Fancy	6
	aristat	te					Nervosa	7
24	QN	VG		(b)				
·	Leaf b	olade: texture						
	smoot	th					Florio, Indiana, Kairyo-Roso, Muki	1
	mediu	ım					Kokuso 27	2
	rough						Ichibei, Korin	3
25	QN	VG		(b)			-	
·	Leaf b	olade: blistering rface						
	absen	nt or weak					Arancina, Illinois Everbearing	1
	mediu	ım					Cattaneo fem., Florio	2
	strong	 J	·				Platanoide	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
26 (*)	PQ	VG	(b)				
	Leaf b	plade: color of side					
	yellow	,					1
	yellow	rish green				Goshoerami, Kibajumonji, Planifolia	2
	light g	reen				Hicks Fancy, Kairyo-Roso, Romana rabelaire	3
	mediu	m green				Ichinose, Illinois Everbearing	4
	dark g	ireen				Florio, Indiana, Kenmochi, Shin-Kenmochi, Yukiasahi	5
27	QN	VG	(b)		•	•	
·	Leaf b	plade: glossiness per side	·				
	absen	t or very weak				Keguwa	1
	weak					Ichibei	2
	mediu	m				Ichinose, Kenmochi	3
	strong	ı				Shin-Kenmochi	4
28	QN	VG	(b)			•	
	Leaf b	olade: shape in oss section					
	conca	ve					1
	flat						2
	conve	x					3
29	QN	MG/MS/VG	(b)				I
	Petiol	e: length					
	absen	t or very short				Jikunashi	1
	very s	hort to short					2
	short					Queensland Black, Rougetto, Sanchutakasuke	3
	short t	to medium					4
	mediu	m				Arancina, Ascolana, Ichinose, Kenmochi	5
	mediu	m to long					6
	long					Indiana, Kokka, Shiromekeiso	7
	long to	very long					8
	very lo	ong				Nervosa	9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
30	PQ	VG						•
	Flowe	er bud: color						
	light b	prown					Indiana	1
	mediu	ım brown					Florio	2
	dark b	orown					Cattaneo male	3
	reddis	sh brown					Kokuso 21, Kokuso 27, Muki	4
31 (*)	QL	VG		(c)				•
		escence: sex						
	stami	nate					Akameroso, Cattaneo male, Shimanouchi	1
	herma	aphrodite					Akagi, Filippine, Oshimaso	2
	pistilla	ate					Cattaneo fem., Ichinose, Kenmochi	3
32 (*)	QN	VG		(c)				•
	with s stami Inflor	iding varieties sex expression: inate: escence: number stillate clusters						
	few						Ichibei	1
	mediu	ım					Ichinose	2
	many						Kenmochi	3
33 (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(d)				_
	Infru	ctescence: shape						
	globo	se					Piramidale	1
	ellipso	oid					Ascolana, Florio, Lalaberry	2
	cylind	Iric					Cattaneo fem., Ichinose, Kenmochi, Kokka, Platanoide	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
34	QN	MG/MS/VG	(d)		•		
	Infruc	ctescence: length					
	short					Piramidale	1
	short	to medium				Akagi, Lhou	2
	mediu	ım				Ichinose, Kenmochi, Morettiana	3
	mediu	ım to long				Kokka, Muki	4
	long					Lalaberry, Planifolia, Popberry, Restelli	5
35	QN	MG/MS/VG	(d)				
	Infruc	ctescence: width					
	narrov	W				Planifolia, Platanoide	1
	mediu	ım				Filippine, Florio, Ichinose, Kenmochi	2
	broad					Ascolana, Lalaberry, Piramidale, Popberry	3
36	QN	MG/MS/VG	(d)	(e)		<u>.</u>	
		ctescence: ratio h/width					
	low						1
	mediu	ım				Ichinose, Kenmochi	2
	high						3
37 (*)	QN	MG/MS	(d)				
	Infruc	ctescence: weight					
	low						1
	mediu	ım				Ichinose, Kenmochi	2
	high					Lalaberry	3
38 (*)	PQ	VG	(d)		•	•	
	Infruc	ctescence: color					
	white					Ege Beyaz, Giazzola, Morettiana	1
	yellow	vish white				Ascolana	2
	pink					Kokka, Muki, Piramidale	3
	reddis	sh purple				Kozaemon, Restelli	4
	light p	ourple				Tagowase	5
	dark p	ourple				Florio, Lhou	6
	black	purple				Cattaneo fem., Ichinose, Indiana, Kenmochi, Lalaberry	7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
39 (*)	QN	MG/MS/VG		(d)				
	Infrud	ctescence: length duncle						
	short						Ascolana, Giazzola, Lalaberry	1
		to medium					Kokka	2
	mediu						Cattaneo fem., Ichinose, Kenmochi	3
		ım to long					Filippine	4
	long						Kozaemon, Platanoide	5
40 (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)					
	Time	of bud burst						
	early						Ichibei, Wasemidori	1
		to medium					Tornbot, Waddinadii	2
							Ichinose, Kenmochi	3
		ım to late						4
	late						Akagi, Shinjiro	5
41	QN	MG/VG	(+)				,	
<u> </u>	Time	of flowering						
		or nowering						
	early							1
	early	to medium						2
	mediu	ım 					Ichinose, Kenmochi, Lalaberry	3
	mediu	ım to late						4
	late	:		:				5
42 (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)					1
	Time	of fruit ripening						
	early							1
	early	to medium						2
	mediu	ım					Ichinose, Kenmochi, Lalaberry	3
	mediu	ım to late						4
	late							5

## 8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

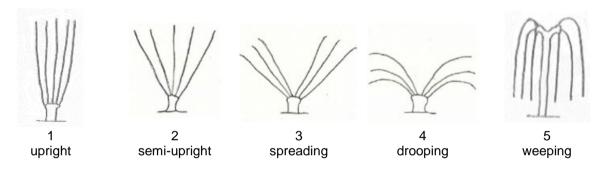
## 8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Observations on the shoot and the bud should be made during winter dormancy.
- (b) Observations on the leaf should be made on the largest leaf on the upper third of the shoot in harvest time.
- (c) Observations on the inflorescence should be made at the time of full flowering.
- (d) Observations on the infructescence should be made at the time of full maturity.

## 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

## Ad. 2: Tree: growth habit

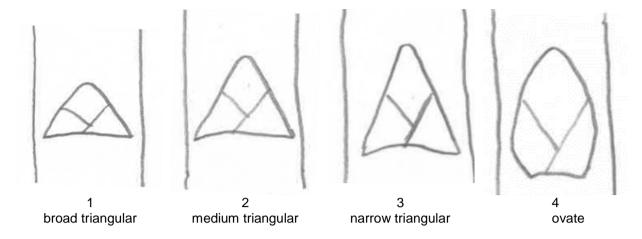


## Ad. 8: Current year's shoot: length of internode



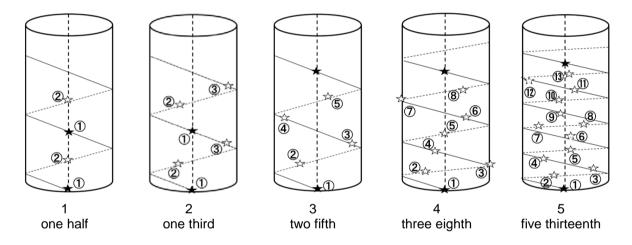
Observation should be made on the middle part between the middle third and the upper third of the branch.

## Ad. 10: Bud: shape

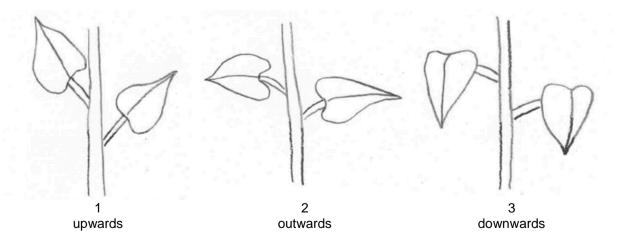


# Ad. 12: Leaf: phyllotaxis

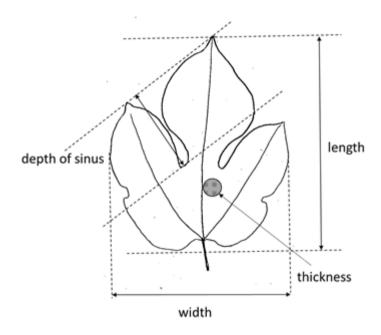
Observation should be made on the upper third of the branch. It is expressed by the number of rotations/number of leaves until two different leaves are located on the same vertical line.



Ad. 13: Leaf: attitude



Ad. 14: Leaf blade: length



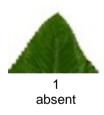
Ad. 15: Leaf blade: width

See Ad. 14

Ad. 17: Leaf blade: thickness

See Ad. 14

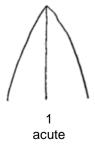
Ad. 18: Leaf blade: tip

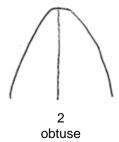


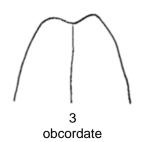




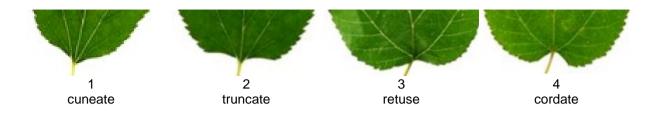
Ad. 19: Leaf blade: shape of apex







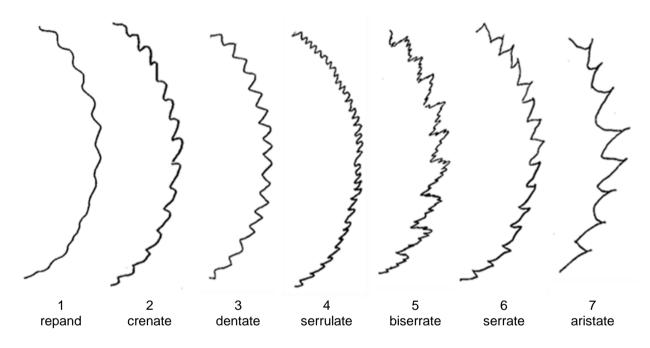
# Ad. 21: Leaf blade: shape of base



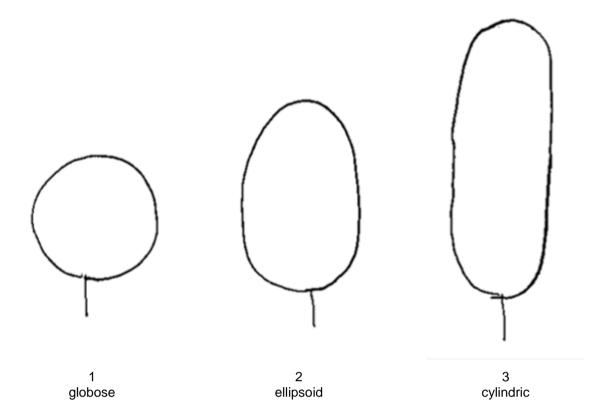
Ad. 22: Leaf blade: depth of sinus

See Ad. 14

Ad. 23: Leaf blade: margin



# Ad. 33: Infructescence: shape



# Ad. 40: Time of bud burst

The time of bud burst is when 10% of the buds show green points.

# Ad. 41: Time of flowering

The time of flowering is when 50% of the flowers are fully open.

# Ad. 42: Time of fruit ripening

Time of fruit ripening is when  $50\,\%$  of the infructescences have reached suitable condition of consumption.

## 9. Literature

Cappellozza, L., Corradazzi, A. T., Tornadore, N. (1995) Studies on the phenotypic variability of seven cvs of Morus alba L. and three of Morus multicaulis P. (Moraceae). Part I. Sericologia, 35 (2):257 270.

Koyama, A., Yamanouchi, H. and Machii, H. (2001) Screening of mulberry genotypes suitable for fruit production and development of high-yielding strains with large fruits JARQ 35 (1): p59-p66

Machii, H., Koyama, A., and Yamanouchi, H. (2002) Mulberry Breeding, Cultivation and Utilization in Japan. In: Sánchez, M.D. (ed.) 2002. Mulberry for Animal Production . Animal Production and Health Paper 147. pp. 63-71. (FAO, Rome).

Yamanouchi, H., Koyama, A., Takyu, T., and Yoshioka, T. (2008) Flow cytometric analysis of various organs and cytochimeras of mulberry (Morus spp.) Journal of insect biotechnology and sericology 77(2), p95-p108

# 10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE				Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
					Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
				CHNICAL QUESTIONNA ection with an application	NRE of for plant breeders' rights
1.	Subject	of the Technical Question	na	ire	
	1.1	Botanical name	Мо	orus L.	
	1.2	Common name	М	ulberry	
2.	Applica	nt			
	Name				
	Address	s			
	Telepho	one No.			
	Fax No				
	E-mail a	address			
	Breede applica	r (if different from nt)			
3.	Propose	ed denomination and bree	der	's reference	
	Propose (if availa	ed denomination able)			
	Breede	r's reference			

TECH	<u>VICAL Q</u>	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}		Reference Number:	
#4.	Informa	tion on the breeding scheme	e and propagation of t	he var	riety	
	4.1	Breeding scheme				
	Variety	resulting from:				
	4.1.1	Crossing				
	(a)	controlled cross			]	[]
		(please state parent variety	/)			
		(	)	x	(	)
		female parent			male parent	
	(b)	partially known cross			[	[ ]
		(please state known paren	t variety(ies))			
		(	)	x	(	)
		female parent			male parent	
	(c)	unknown cross			[	[]
	4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent variety	<b>(</b> )		]	[ ]
	4.1.3	Discovery and developmer (please state where and where are the control of the control	nt nen discovered and h	ow de	veloped)	[ ]
	4.1.4	Other (Please provide details)			]	[]
		L				

TECHNICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number	:
4.2 4.2.1	Method of propagating the Vegetative propagation	variety		
(a) (b)	Budding or grafting Other (state method)			[]
4.2.2	Other (Please provide details)			[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (2)	Tree: growth habit		
	upright	Mitsuminami, Piramidale, Tokiyutaka	1[]
	semi-upright	Ichinose, Kenmochi	2[]
	spreading	Ayanobori, Hayatesakari, Platanoide, Yukishinogi	3[]
	drooping	Sekizaiso	4[]
	weeping	Pendula, Shidareguwa	5[]
5.2 (10)	Bud: shape		
	broad triangular	Atsubamidori, Filippine, Shin-Ichinose	1[]
	medium triangular	Cattaneo fem., Florio, Ichinose, Kenmochi, Morettiana	2[]
	narrow triangular	Wasemidori	3[]
	ovate	Negoyatakasuke	4[]
5.3 (12)	Leaf: phyllotaxis		
	one half	Chijimiguwa, Filippine, Negoyatakasuke	1[]
	one third		2[]
	two fifth	Cattaneo fem., Florio, Ichinose, Kenmochi	3[]
	three eighth	Morettiana, Wasemidori	4[]
	five thirteenth		5[]
5.4 (18)	Leaf blade: tip		
	absent	Romana rabelaire, Rougetto	1[]
	caudate	Ascolana, Florio, Fukayuki, Takinokawa	2[]
	acuminate	Indiana, Kenmochi, Limoncina	3[]
5.5 (26)	Leaf blade: color of upper side		
	yellow		1[]
	yellowish green	Goshoerami, Kibajumonji, Planifolia	2[]
	light green	Hicks Fancy, Kairyo-Roso, Romana rabelaire	3[]
	medium green	Ichinose, Illinois Everbearing	4[]
	dark green	Florio, Indiana, Kenmochi, Shin-Kenmochi, Yukiasahi	5[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.6 (31)	Inflorescence: sex expression		
	staminate	Akameroso, Cattaneo male, Shimanouchi	1[]
	hermaphrodite	Akagi, Filippine, Oshimaso	2[]
	pistillate	Cattaneo fem., Ichinose, Kenmochi	3[]
5.7 (33)	Infructescence: shape		
	globose	Piramidale	1[]
	ellipsoid	Ascolana, Florio, Lalaberry	2[]
	cylindric	Cattaneo fem., Ichinose, Kenmochi, Kokka Platanoide	' 3[]
5.8 (37)	Infructescence: weight		
	low		1[]
	medium	Ichinose, Kenmochi	2[]
	high	Lalaberry	3[]
5.9 (38)	Infructescence: color		
	white	Ege Beyaz, Giazzola, Morettiana	1[]
	yellowish white	Ascolana	2[]
	pink	Kokka, Muki, Piramidale	3[]
	reddish purple	Kozaemon, Restelli	4[]
	light purple	Tagowase	5[]
	dark purple	Florio, Lhou	6[]
	black purple	Cattaneo fem., Ichinose, Indiana, Kenmochi, Lalaberry	7[]
5.10 (40)	Time of bud burst		
	early	Ichibei, Wasemidori	1[]
	early to medium		2[]
	medium	Ichinose, Kenmochi	3[]
	medium to late		4[]
	late	Akagi, Shinjiro	5[]

TECHNICAL QUESTION	NAIRE	Page {x} of {	[y}	Reference Nu	ımber:			
6. Similar varieties and o	6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties							
	ich, to the best o	f your knowled	dge, is (or are	) most similar. ˈ	r candidate variety differs from This information may help th			
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic your candidate from the simila	variety differs	the characte	e expression of ristic(s) for the variety(ies)	Describe the expression o the characteristic(s) for <b>you</b> candidate variety			
Example	Tree:	vigor	W	reak	strong			
Comments:								

TECH	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:							
# <b>7</b> .	Additional information which may	y help in the examination	of the variety							
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?									
	Yes []	No	[]							
	(If yes, please provide details)									
7.2	Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?									
	Yes []	No	[ ]							
	(If yes, please provide details)									
7.3	Other information Main use									
	(a) Fruit [] (b) Ornamental [] (c) Other []									

TECH	INICA	L QUEST	ΓΙΟΝΝΑΙRE	Page {x} c	of {y}	Reference	e Number:		
8.	Autho	orization fo	r release						
	(a)	Does the environm	e variety require prior a nent, human and anim	authorization al health?	for release un	der legislati	on concerning th	he protec	tion of the
		Yes	[]	No	[]				
	(b)	Has such	h authorization been o	btained?					
		Yes	[]	No	[]				
	If the	answer to	(b) is yes, please atta	ch a copy of	the authorizat	ion.			
9. Inf	ormatio	on on plan	t material to be exami	ned or submi	itted for exami	nation			
9.1 pests roots	and o	disease, c	ion of a characteristic chemical treatment (e en from different grow	g.g. growth re	etardants or p	f a variety m pesticides),	nay be affected effects of tissu	by factors e culture	s, such as , different
chara has u	acteristi undergo	ics of the one such t	ial should not have variety, unless the coltreatment, full details dedge, if the plant mate	mpetent auth of the treatme	norities allow o ent must be gi	or request su iven. In this	uch treatment. It respect, please	f the plan	nt material
	(a)	Micr	oorganisms (e.g. virus	s, bacteria, pl	hytoplasma)		Yes [ ]	No [	]
	(b)	Che	mical treatment (e.g. o	growth retard	ant, pesticide)	1	Yes [ ]	No [	]
	(c)	Tiss	ue culture				Yes [ ]	No [	]
	(d)	Othe	er factors				Yes [ ]	No [	]
	Plea	ase provid	le details for where yo	u have indica	ated "yes".				
40									
10.	ı ne	reby decia	are that, to the best of	my knowiedo	je, the informa	ation provide	ed in this form is	correct:	
	App	olicant's na	ame						
	Sig	gnature				Date			

[End of document]