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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

BLUEBERRY

UPOV Code(s): VACCI_ANG; VACCI_COR; VACCI_FOR; VACCI_MYD; VACCI_MYR; VACCI_SIM; VACCI_VIR

> Vaccinium simulatum Small; Vaccinium myrtilloides Michx.; Vaccinium myrtillus L.; Vaccinium formosum Andrews; Vaccinium virgatum Aiton; Vaccinium corymbosum L.; Vaccinium angustifolium Aiton

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from Australia to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Fruit Crops at its forty-seventh session, to be held in Angers, France, from 2016-11-14 to 2016-11-18

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Alternative names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Vaccinium angustifolium Aiton, Vaccinium brittonii Porter ex Bickn.	Lowbush Blueberry, Upland lowbush blueberry			
Vaccinium corymbosum L., Vaccinium- Corymbosum-Hybridae	Blueberry, High Bush Blueberry	Myrtille, Myrtille en Corymbe	Amerikanische Heidelbeere, Kulturheidelbeere	Arándano americano
Vaccinium formosum Andrews, Vaccinium australe Small	Swamp Highbush Blueberry			
<i>Vaccinium myrtilloides</i> Michx.	Canada blueberry; Sourtop blueberry; Velvetleaf blueberry		Kanadische Heidelbeere	
Vaccinium myrtillus L.	Bilberry, Blueberry, Whinberry, Whortleberry	Myrtille	Blaubeere, Heidelbeere	Arándano, Mirtillo
Vaccinium simulatum Small				
<i>Vaccinium virgatum</i> Aiton, <i>Vaccinium ashei</i> J. M. Reade	Rabbit-eye blueberry, Southern black blueberry			

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

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1. <u>Subject of these Test Guidelines</u>

- 1.1 These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Vaccinium angustifolium* Aiton, *Vaccinium corymbosum* L., *Vaccinium formosum* Andrews, *Vaccinium myrtilloides* Michx., *Vaccinium myrtillus* L., *Vaccinium simulatum* Smal and *Vaccinium virgatum* Aiton, *Vaccinium darrowii* Camp., *Vaccinium elliottii* Chapm. and hybrids of these species.
- 1.2 In the case of ornamental varieties, in particular, it may be necessary to use additional characteristics or additional states of expression to those included in the Table of Characteristics in order to examine Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability.

2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of plants in pots with at least three well-developed shoots.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

5 plants with at least three well-developed shoots.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. <u>Method of Examination</u>

3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

- 3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.
- 3.1.2 The growing cycle is considered to be the duration of a single growing season, beginning with bud burst (flowering and/or vegetative), flowering and fruit harvest and concluding when the following dormant period ends with the swelling of new season buds.
- 3.1.3 In particular the number of chilling hours required to ensure satisfactory flowering and fruiting of the varieties under test should be taken into consideration. In the case of a single growing cycle, the plants should have fruited in the previous season.

3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 5 Plants.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.
- 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of plants or parts of plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 5 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 5 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

In the case of observations of parts taken from single plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 3.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

- 4.2 Uniformity
- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties, a population standard of 95% and an acceptance probability of at least 1% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 5 plants, no off-types are allowed.

4.3 Stability

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

5. <u>Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial</u>

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Plant: growth habit (characteristic 2)
 - (b) Fruit: color of skin (after removal of bloom) (characteristic 27)
 - (c) Plant: fruiting type (characteristic 31)
 - (d) Time of beginning of flowering on one-year-old shoot (characteristic 33)
 - (e) Only varieties which fruit on one-year-old and current season's shoots: Time of beginning of flowering on current year's shoot (characteristic 34)
 - (f) Time of beginning of fruit ripening on one-year-old shoot (characteristic 35)
 - (g) Only varieties which fruit on one-year-old and current season's shoots: Time of beginning of fruit ripening on current year's shoot (characteristic 36)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
- 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

State	Note
small	3
medium	5
large	7

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

State	Note
very small	1
very small to small	2
small	3
small to medium	4
medium	5
medium to large	6
large	7
large to very large	8
very large	9

- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudoqualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

(H) - example variety with high chilling requirements

(L) - example variety with low chilling requirements

6.5 Legend

E		Englisł	English		s	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
	Name of characteristics in English		Nom o caract frança	du tère en tis	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español			
		states expres	of ssion	types	d'expression	Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

1 Characteristic number

2	(*)	Asterisked characteristic	- see Chapter 6.1.2
3	Type of expression QL QN PQ	Qualitative characteristic Quantitative characteristic Pseudo-qualitative characteristic	 see Chapter 6.3 see Chapter 6.3 see Chapter 6.3
4	Method of observation (and type MG, MS, VG, VS	of plot, if applicable)	- see Chapter 4.1.5
5	(+)	See Explanations on the Table of	f Characteristics in Chapter 8.2
6	(a)-(g)	See Explanations on the Table of	f Characteristics in Chapter 8.1
7	Not applicable		

(H) - example variety with high chilling requirements(L) - example variety with low chilling requirements

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Plant:	vigor						
	weak		faible		schwach	débil	Bluetta, Weymouth	3
	mediu	m	moyenne		mittel	medio	Bluejay, Patriot	5
	strong		forte		stark	fuerte	Bluecrop, Duke(H), Earliblue(H)	7
2. (*)	QN	VG		(a)			I	1
:	Plant:	growth habit		:				
	upright	t	dressé		aufrecht	erecto	Ivanhoe	1
	semi u	pright	demi c	lressé	halbaufrecht	semierecto	Bluetta	2
	spreading		étalé		breitwüchsig	rastrero	Jersey, Scintilla(L)	3
3.	PQ	VG		(a)				
	One-y color	ear-old shoot:						
	green		verte		grün	verde	Puru	1
	greeni	nish red rouge verdâtre		grünlichrot	rojo verdoso	Reka	2	
	greyisł	n red	rouge	grisâtre	gräulichrot	rojo grisáceo	Berkeley	3
	reddisl	n yellow	jaune	rougeâtre	rötlichgelb	amarillo rojizo	Heerma	4
	reddisl	n brown	brun ro	ougeâtre	rötlichbraun	marrón rojizo	Earliblue(H)	5
	dark re	ed	rouge	foncé	dunkelrot	rojo oscuro	Aron	6
4.	QN	VG	(+)	(a)		1		
	One-y length	ear-old shoot: of internode						
	short		court		kurz	corta		3
	mediu	m	moyer	1	mittel	media		5
	long	:	long	:	lang	larga		7
5. (*)	QN	MS/VG		(b)		Γ	ſ	
	Leaf: I	ength						
	short		courte		kurz	corta	Darrow	3
	mediu	m	moyer	ne	mittel	media	Bluecrop, Patriot	5
	long		longue		lang	larga	Berkeley, Collins , Toro	7

	English			français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
6.	QN	MS/VG		(b)				
	Leaf: v	width						
	narrow	1	étroite		schmal	estrecha	Emil, Heerma, Putte	3
	mediu	m	moyenne		mittel	media	Ama, Bluecrop	5
	broad		large		breit	ancha	Berkeley, Collins	7
7.	QN	MG/VG		(b)		1	1	
	Leaf: ratio length/width							
	low						Gretha	3
	mediu	m	moyer	ו	mittel	media	Patriot	5
	high						Heerma	7
8. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				
	Leaf: s	shape						
	lanceolate		lancéo	blée	lanzettlich	lanceolada	Weymouth	1
	ovate		ovale		eiförmig	oval	Puru	2
	elliptic		elliptiq	ue	elliptisch	elíptica	Earliblue(H)	3
	oblong	l	oblong	gue	rechteckig	oblonga	Berkeley, Bluetta, Jersey	4
9.	QL	VG		(b)				
	Leaf: o side	color of upper						
	yellow		jaune		gelb	amarillo	Geerdens	1
	green		verte		grün	verde		2
10. (*)	PQ	VG		(b)				-
	Leaf: (side	Color of upper						
	yellow						Geerdens	1
	light gr	reen					Earliblue(H)	2
	mediu	m green					Berkeley, Toro	3
	dark g	reen					Darrow, Weymouth	4
11. (*)	QL	VG		(b)				
	Leaf: I	margin						
	entire		entier		ganzrandig	entero	Blueray, Jersey	1
	serrate	9	denté		gesägt	serrado	Brigitta, Rancocas	2

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
12.	QN	VG		(c)				
	Flowe antho colora	r bud: cyanin ation						
	weak		faible		gering	débil	Hele	3
	medium		moyenne r		mittel	media	Patriot	5
	strong		forte		stark	fuerte	Bluecrop	7
	very st	trong					Brigitta, Collins	9
13.	QN	MG/VG		(c)				
	Inflore (exclu	escence: length ding peduncle)						
	short		courte)	kurz	corta	Bluetta, Collins	3
	mediu	m	moyei	nne	mittel	media	Duke(H), Earliblue(H)	5
	long		longue		lang	larga	Berkeley, Bluecrop	7
14.	PQ	VG	(+)	(c)				
	Flower: shape of corolla							
	urceola	ate	urcéolée		urnenförmig	urceolada	Maru	1
	campa	anulate	campanulée		glockenförmig	acampanada		2
	cylindr	ical	cylind	rique	zylindrisch	cilíndrica	Reka	3
15.	QN	VG		(c)				
	Flowe tube	r: size of corolla						
	very si	mall						1
	small		petit		klein	pequeño	Blueray	3
	mediu	m	moyeı	n	mittel	medio	Heerma	5
	large		grand		groß	grande	Collins	7
	very la	irge						9
16.	QN	VG		(c)				
	Flowe colora tube c	r: anthocyanin ation of corolla on outer side						
	absent	t or very weak	nulle	ou très faible	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy débil	Camellia (L)	1
	weak		faible		gering	débil	Ama	3
	mediu	m	moyei	nne	mittel	media	Gretha	5
	strong		forte		stark	fuerte	Bluecrop	7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
17.	QN	VG	(+)	(c)		1	1	
	Flowe consp ridges	r: vicuousness of s on corolla tube						
	absent	t or weak					Ventura (L)	1
	mediu	m					Camellia (L)	2
	strong						Corona, FL 02-40 (L)	3
18.	QN	VG		(d)				
	Infruc densit	tescence: ty						
	sparse)	lâche		locker	baja	Rahi	3
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Toro	5
	dense		dense		dicht	alta	Tifblue	7
19.	QN	VG	(+)					
	Unripe fruit: intensity of green color							
	light		claire		hell	clara	Heerma	1
	mediu	n moyenne		mittel	media	Ama	3	
	dark		foncée)	dunkel	oscura	Berkeley	5
20. (*)	QN	VG		(d)				
	Fruit:	size						
	verv si	mall					ZF08-095 (L)	1
	small		petit		klein	pequeño	Ama, Sweetcrisp (L)	3
	mediu	m	moyer		mittel	medio	Concord, Emerald (L)	5
	large		gros		groß	grande	Darrow, FL05-627 (L)	7
21. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(d)			1	1
	Fruit: longit	shape in udinal section		•				
	elliptic		elliptiq	ue	elliptisch	elíptica	Northland	1
	circula	r					Bluecrop, Jersey	2
	oblate		aplati		breitrund	oblata	Earliblue(H)	3

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
22.	QN	VG		(d)				
	Fruit: sepals	attitude of						
	erect		dressé		aufrecht	erecto	Powderblue	1
	erect to	rect to semi-erect dressé à demi-dressé		aufrecht bis halbaufrecht	entre erecto y semierecto	Camellia (L), Sunset Blue	2	
	semi-e	rect	demi-d	ressé	halbaufrecht	semierecto	Tifblue	3
	horizor	ntal					Magnolia, Maru, Springhigh	4
23.	QN	VG		(d)				
	Fruit: sepals	curvature of						
	incurvi	ng	incurvé)	aufgebogen	incurvado	Delite	1
	straigh	t	droit		gerade	recto	Powderblue	2
	reflexe	d	récurvé		zurückgebogen	recurvado	Tifblue	3
24.	QN	VG		(d)				
	Fruit: calyx l	diameter of basin						
	small		petit moyen		klein	pequeño	Blueray	1
	mediur	n			mittel	medio	Bluecrop	3
	large		grand		groß	grande	Darrow	5
25.	QN	VG		(d)				
	Fruit: basin	depth of calyx						
	absent	or very shallow					Clockwork	1
	shallov	v	peu pro	ofonde	flach	poco profunda	Collins	3
	mediur	n	moyen	ne	mittel	media	Blueray	5
	deep		profon	de	tief	profunda	Heidi, Jersey	7
26. (*)	QN	VG		(d)				
	Fruit: bloom	intensity of						
	absent	or very weak					Goldtraube, ZF08-095 (L)	1
	weak		faible		gering	débil	Gretha	3
	mediur	n	moyen	ne	mittel	media	Ama, Bluetta	5
	strong		forte		stark	fuerte	Darrow, Gila	7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
27. (*)	PQ	VG		(d)				
	Fruit: color of skin (after removal of bloom) light blue medium blue							
			bleu cla	air	hellblau	azul claro	Berkeley	1
			m blue bleu moyen		mittelblau	azul medio	Patriot	2
	dark bl	ue	bleu fo	ncé	dunkelblau	azul oscuro	Heerma	3
	blue re	d	bleu ro	uge	blaurot	rojo azulado	Delite	4
	pink							5
	blackis	h blue						6
28.	QN	MG/VG	(+)	(d)				
	Fruit: 1	irmness		:				
	soft		mou		weich	blando		3
	soft to medium						Darrow	4
	mediur	n	intermédiaire		mittel	medio	O'Neal	5
	firm		ferme		fest	firme	Duke(H)	7
	very fir	m	très ferme		sehr fest	muy firme	Rahi	9
29.	QN	VG		(d), (e)				
	Fruit: s	sweetness						
	low		faible		gering	bajo	Bluetta	1
	mediur	n	moyen		mittel	medio	Collins	3
	high		fort		stark	alto	Goldtraube	5
30.	QN	VG		(d), (e)				-
	Fruit: a	acidity						
	low		faible		gering	baja	Gretha	3
	mediur	n	moyen	ne	mittel	media	Darrow	5
	high		forte		stark	alta	Ascorba, Bluecrop	7
31. (*)	QL	VG						
	Plant:	fruiting type						
	on one only	-year-old shoots	seulem rameau	ient sur des ux d'un an	nur an einjährigen Trieben	sólo en ramas de un año	Darrow, Patriot	1
	on one current	-year-old and season shoots					Burlington, Concord	2

	English			français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
32. (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)			•		
	Time o burst	of vegetative bud						
	early medium		précoc	e	früh	temprana	Patriot, Weymouth	3
			moyen	ne	mittel	media	Bluecrop	5
	late		tardive		spät	tardía	Blueray	7
33. (*)	QN	MG/VG		(f)				
	Time of flower old sh	of beginning of ing on one-year- oot						
	very ea	arly	très pr	écoce	sehr früh	muy temprana	Patriot	1
	early		précoc	e	früh	temprana	Weymouth	3
	mediur	edium moyenne		mittel	media	Berkeley	5	
	late	tardive		spät	tardía	Darrow	7	
	very la	te	très tardive		sehr spät	muy tardía	Jersey	9
34. (*)	QN	MG/VG		(f)				
	Only v fruit of and cu shoots beginr on cur shoot	arieties which n one-year-old ırrent season's s: Time of ning of flowering rent year's						
	Only v fruit of and cu shoots beginn on cur shoot early	arieties which n one-year-old ırrent season's s: Time of ning of flowering rrent year's					O'Neal	3
	Only v fruit or and cu shoots beginn on cur shoot early mediur	arieties which n one-year-old urrent season's s: Time of ning of flowering rent year's					O'Neal JU83	3
	Only v fruit oi and cu shoots beginn on cur shoot early mediur late	arieties which n one-year-old urrent season's s: Time of ning of flowering rent year's					O'Neal JU83	3 5 7
35. (*)	Only v fruit ou and cu shoots beginr on cur shoot early mediur late QN	arieties which n one-year-old urrent season's s: Time of ning of flowering rent year's m		(g)			O'Neal JU83	3 5 7
35. (*)	Only v fruit ou and cu shoots beginr on cur shoot early mediur late QN Time c fruit ri year-o	arieties which n one-year-old urrent season's s: Time of ning of flowering rent year's MG/VG of beginning of pening on one- Id shoot		(g)			O'Neal JU83	3 5 7
35. (*)	Only v fruit ou and cu shoots beginr on cur shoot early mediur late QN Time c fruit ri year-o very ea	arieties which n one-year-old urrent season's s: Time of ning of flowering rent year's MG/VG of beginning of pening on one- Id shoot		(g)			O'Neal JU83 Bluetta	3 5 7 1
35. (*)	Only v fruit ou and cu shoots beginr on cur shoot early mediur late QN Time c fruit ri year-o very ea early	arieties which n one-year-old irrent season's s: Time of hing of flowering rrent year's MG/VG MG/VG of beginning of pening on one- ld shoot		(g)			O'Neal JU83 Bluetta Blueta	3 5 7 1 1 3
35. (*)	Only v fruit ou and cu shoots beginn on cur shoot early mediur late QN Time c fruit ri year-o very ea early mediur	arieties which n one-year-old irrent season's s: Time of ning of flowering rrent year's MG/VG MG/VG of beginning of pening on one- Id shoot		(g)			O'Neal JU83 Bluetta Blueta Blueray Heerma	3 5 7 1 3 5
35. (*)	Only v fruit ou and cu shoots beginn on cur shoot early mediur late QN Time of fruit ri year-o very ea early mediur late	arieties which n one-year-old irrent season's s: Time of ning of flowering rent year's MG/VG MG/VG of beginning of pening on one- ld shoot arly		(g)			O'Neal JU83 Bluetta Blueray Heerma Darrow	3 5 7 1 3 5 7

	English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
36. (*)	QN	MG/VG	(g)				
	Only varieties which fruit on one-year-old and current season's shoots: Time of beginning of fruit ripening on current year's shoot						
	early					O'Neal	3
	mediur	n				JU83	5
	late						7
37.	PQ	VG			·	·	·
	Corolla color d	a tube: ground of outer side					
	white					Southmoon (L)	1
	greenis	sh white				Heerma	2
	yellowi	sh white				Collins	3
38.	QN	VG	(b)				
	Leaf:g upper	laucosity on side					
	absent	or weak				Puru, Reka	1
	mediur	n				Dolce Blue, Magnolia	2
	strong					Maru, Takahe	3
39.	PQ	VG	(c)				
	<u>Flower</u> recept	<u>r : color of</u> acle					
	green						1
	pink						2
	red						3
	blue						4
40.	QN	VG			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Fruit: I ratio	height/width					
	low					Magnolia	1
	mediur	n				Island Blue	2
	high						3

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Observations on the plant should be made on unpruned bushes in the dormant season.
- (b) Observations on the leaf should be made on fully developed leaves in early summer.
- (c) Observations on the inflorescence and flower should be made at the time of full flowering.
- (d) Unless otherwise stated, observations on the fruit should be made on physiologically ripe fruits.
- (e) Sweetness and acidity should be observed by tasting in comparison to the example varieties.
- (f) The time of beginning of flowering is when 10% of the flowers are fully open.
- (g) The time of beginning of fruit ripening is when 10% of the fruits are ripe.
- 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 1: Plant: vigor

The plant vigor should be considered as the overall abundance of vegetative growth.

Ad. 4: One-year-old shoot: length of internode

Observed on 4th internode from the tip.

Ad. 8: Leaf: shape



lanceolate







Ad. 14: Flower: shape of corolla



urceolate



campanulate



3 cylindric

Ad. 17: Flower: conspicuousness of ridges on corolla tube

Observed on outer side

Ad. 19: Unripe fruit: intensity of green color

Observe on late green fruit with bloom

Ad. 21: Fruit: shape in longitudinal section



Ad. 28: Fruit: firmness

Firmness should be determined by hand in comparison to the example varieties, or measured using a penetrometer.

Ad. 32: Time of vegetative bud burst

The time of vegetative bud burst is when the first vegetative buds begin to burst.

9. <u>Literature</u>

- Ebert, G., 2005: Anbau von Heidelbeeren und Cranberries. Ulmer Verlag, Stuttgart, DE.
- Liebster, G., 1961: Die Kulturheidelbeere. Parey Verlag, Berlin und Hamburg, DE.
- Rejman, A., 1994: Pomologia. PWRiL, Warszawa, PL.

Rejman, A., Pliszka, K., 1988: Borówka wysoka. PWRiL, Warszawa, PL.

- Sękowski, B., 1993: Pomologia systematyczna. PWN, Warszawa, PL.
- Sorge, P., 1984: Beerenobstsorten. J. Neumann-Neudamm, Melsungen, DE.

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE				Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
					Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
		to be completed in co	TEC	CHNICAL QUESTIONN	AIRE n for plant breeders' rights
1.	Subject	t of the Technical Question	nnai	re	
	1.1.1	Botanical name	Va	ccinium angustifolium A	Aiton []
	1.1.2	Common name	Lo	wbush Blueberry, Uplar	nd lowbush blueberry
	1.2.1	Botanical name	Va	ccinium corymbosum L	. []
	1.2.2	Common name	Blu	ueberry, High Bush Blue	eberry
	1.3.1	Botanical name	Va	ccinium formosum And	rews []
	1.3.2	Common name	Sv	vamp Highbush Blueber	rry
	1.4.1	Botanical name	Va	ccinium myrtilloides Mic	chx. []
	1.4.2	Common name	Ca	anada blueberry; Sourto	p blueberry; Velvetleaf blueberry
	1.5.1	Botanical name	Va	ccinium myrtillus L.	[]
	1.5.2	Common name	Bil	berry, Blueberry, Whink	perry, Whortleberry
	1.6.1	Botanical name	Va	<i>ccinium simulatum</i> Sma	
	1.6.2	Common name			
	1.7.1	Botanical name	Va	ccinium virgatum Aiton	[]
	1.7.2	Common name	Ra	abbit-eye blueberry, Sou	uthern black blueberry

TECH	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:			
2.	Applicant					
	Name					
	Address					
	Telephone No.					
	Fax No.					
	E-mail address					
	Breeder (if different from applicant)					
3.	Proposed denomination and breeder's reference					
	Proposed denomination (if available)					
	Breeder's reference					

TECH	NICAL QU	JESTIC	ONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}		Reference Number:
# A	Informat	ion on t	he breeding scheme	and propagation of th	e var	riety
<i>n</i> -1.	1 1	Broodi	ng scheme			licity
	4.1	Dieeui				
		variety	/ resulting from:			
		4.1.1	crossing			r 1
		(a)	(please state paren	t variatias)		L J
		()	x	()
		female	parent			male parent
		(b)	partially known cros	S		[]
			(please state known	n parent variety(ies))		
		()	x	(
		female	parent)	Λ	male parent
		(c)	unknown cross			[]
		4.1.2	Mutation			[]
		(please	e state parent variety)		
		4.1.3	Discovery and dev	elopment	w da	
		(piease			Jw de	eveloped)
		4.1.4	Other			[]
		(please	e provide details)			



ТЕСН	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:				
5.	 Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds). 						
	Characteristics	E	xample Varieties	Note			
5.1	Plant: growth habit						
(2)							
	upright	Ix	vanhoe	1[]			
	semi upright	В	luetta	2[]			
	spreading	J	ersey, Scintilla(L)	3[]			
5.2	Fruit: color of skin (after removal of blo	oom)					
(27)							
	light blue	В	erkeley	1[]			
	medium blue	Р	atriot	2[]			
	dark blue	Н	leerma	3[]			
	blue red	D	Pelite	4[]			
	pink			5[]			
	blackish blue			6[]			
5.3	Plant: fruiting type						
(31)							
	on one-year-old shoots only	D	arrow, Patriot	1[]			
	on one-year-old and current season shoo	ts B	urlington, Concord	2[]			
5.4	Time of beginning of flowering on one-	year-old shoot					
(33)							
	very early	P	atriot	1[]			
	early	V	Veymouth	3[]			
	medium	В	erkeley	5[]			
	late	D	arrow	7[]			
	very late	J	ersey	9[]			
5.5	Only varieties which fruit on one-year-on shoots: Time of beginning of flowering	old and current season's on current year's shoot					
(34)							
	early	C)'Neal	3[]			
	medium	J	U83	5[]			
	late			7[]			

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.6	Time of beginning of fruit ripening on one-year-old shoot		
(35)			
	very early	Bluetta	1[]
	early	Blueray	3[]
	medium	Heerma	5[]
	late	Darrow	7[]
	very late	Elizabeth	9[]
5.7 (36)	Only varieties which fruit on one-year-old and current season's shoots: Time of beginning of fruit ripening on current year's shoot	5	
	early	O'Neal	3[]
	medium	JU83	5[]
	late		7[]

TECHNICAL QUESTION	NAIRE	Page {x} of	{y}	Reference Nu	ımber:	
6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.						
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	(s) in which variety differs r variety(ies)	Describe the the characte similar v	e expression of ristic(s) for the /ariety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for you candidate variety		
Evenante	le Fruit: siz		small		,.	
Example	Fruit: s	size	SI	nall	medium	
Example	Fruit: s	SIZE	SI	nall	medium	
Example	Fruit: :	SIZE	SI	nali	medium	
Example	Fruit: s	SIZE	SI	naıı	medium	

TECHN	NICAL QUE	ESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:				
#7	Additional	information which may be	In in the examination of th	o vorioty				
#7.	Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety							
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?							
	Yes []	No	[]				
	(If yes, ple	ease provide details)						
7.2	Are there	any special conditions for	growing the variety or cor	ducting the examination?				
	Yes []	No	[]				
	(If yes, ple	ease provide details)						
7.3	Other info	ormation						
A repre Techni supple The ko • • • versior Furthe "Devel [The li	esentative c ical Question ments the ir ey points to Indication Correct la Good qua n (minimum er guidance opment of T ink provided	olor photograph of the vari nnaire. The photograph w nformation provided in the consider when taking a ph of the date and geograph abeling (breeder's reference ality printed photograph (m 960 x 1280 pixels)" on providing photographs est Guidelines", Guidance I may be deleted by memb	ety displaying its main dis ill provide a visual illustrati Technical Questionnaire. iotograph of the candidate ic location e) inimum 10 cm x 15 cm) ar with the Technical Questio Note 35 (http://www.upov ers of the Union when dev	tinguishing feature(s), should accompany the ion of the candidate variety which variety are: nd/or sufficient resolution electronic format onnaire is available in document TGP/7 <i>r</i> .int/tgp/en/). veloping authorities' own test guidelines.]				

TECI	HNICA	L QUES	TIONNAIRE	Page {x}	of {y}	Referenc	e Number:			
8.	Authorization for release									
	(a)	a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?								
		Yes	[]	No	[]					
	(b)	Has suc	ch authorization been	obtained?						
		Yes	[]	No	[]					
	If the	answer to	o (b) is yes, please at	ttach a copy of	the authoriz	ation.				
9. In	formati	on on pla	nt material to be exar	mined or subm	itted for exa	mination				
9.1 pests roots	Th s and stocks,	e express disease, scions tal	sion of a characteristi chemical treatment ken from different gro	ic or several ch (e.g. growth r owth phases of	naracteristics etardants or a tree, etc.	s of a variety r r pesticides),	nay be affected effects of tissu	by factors, such le culture, differ	as ent	
9.2 char has the b	The pl acterist underg best of	ant mate tics of the one such your knov	rial should not hav variety, unless the o treatment, full detail vledge, if the plant ma	e undergone competent auth s of the treatm aterial to be ex	any treatmenorities allow ent must be camined has	ent which we or request s given. In this been subject	ould affect the uch treatment. respect, pleas ed to:	expression of If the plant mate e indicate below	the rial , to	
	(a)	Mic	roorganisms (e.g. vir	rus, bacteria, p	hytoplasma)	1	Yes []	No []		
	(b)	Che	emical treatment (e.g	.g. growth retardant, pesticide)			Yes []	No []		
	(c)	Tis	sue culture				Yes []	No []		
	(d)	Oth	er factors				Yes []	No []		
	Ple	ase provi	de details for where y	you have indic	ated "yes".					
10	1.1			- f	na tha info		ad in this farmer :			
10.	I ne	ereby dec	lare that, to the best (of my knowled	ge, the infor	mation provid	ed in this form i	s correct:		
	Арр	olicant's n	ame							
]			- -	
	Się	gnature				Date				

[End of document]