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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

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JUGLA_REG

Juglans regia L.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from China to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Fruit Crops at its forty-seventh session, to be held in Angers, France, from 2016-11-14 to 2016-11-18

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Juglans regia L.	Walnut, English Walnut	Noyer	Walnuß	Nogal

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

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1. <u>Subject of these Test Guidelines</u>

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Juglans regia L. for fruit use.

2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of dormant shoots sufficient for grafting 5 plants or in the form of grafted plants on a rootstock specified by the testing authority.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

10 dormant shoots for grafting or 5 one-year-old grafted plants.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. <u>Method of Examination</u>

3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

- 3.1.2 The growing cycle is considered to be the duration of a single growing season, beginning with bud burst (flowering and/or vegetative), flowering and fruit harvest and concluding when the following dormant period ends with the swelling of new season buds.
- 3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 5 Plants.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.
- 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of plants or parts of plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 5 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 5 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

In the case of observations of parts taken from single plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 2.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

- 4.2 Uniformity
- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 The assessment of uniformity should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.
- 4.3 Stability
- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.
- 4.3.3 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, the stability of a hybrid variety may, in addition to an examination of the hybrid variety itself, also be assessed by examination of the uniformity and stability of its parent lines.

5. <u>Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial</u>

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Female flower: number per cluster (characteristic 6)
 - (b) Female flower:intensity of yellow color of stigma (characteristic 7)
 - (c) Fruit: setting type (characteristic 8)
 - (d) Nut: shape in lateral view (characteristic 10)
 - (e) Nut: thickness of shell (characteristic 24)
 - (f) Kernel: color of endopleura (characteristic 25)
 - (g) Time of male flowering compared to female flowering (characteristic 30)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
- 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

State	Note
small	3
medium	5
large	7

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

State	Note
very small	1
very small to small	2
small	3
small to medium	4
medium	5
medium to large	6
large	7
large to very large	8
very large	9

- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudoqualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1 2	3 4	5 6	7			
	Name of characteristic in English	Nom du caractère en français	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
	states of expression	types d'expressior	Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

1 Characteristic number

2	(*)	Asterisked characteristic	- see Chapter 6.1.2
3	Type of expression QL QN PQ	Qualitative characteristic Quantitative characteristic Pseudo-qualitative characteristic	 see Chapter 6.3 see Chapter 6.3 see Chapter 6.3
4	Method of observation (and type MG, MS, VG, VS	e of plot, if applicable)	- see Chapter 4.1.5
5	(+)	See Explanations on the Table of	of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2
6	(a)-(f)	See Explanations on the Table of	of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Not applicable

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Tree:	growth habit						
	uprigh	ıt					Corne, Daifeng, Daixiang, Fenghui, Sorrento, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1	1
	semi-ı	upright					Alsószentiváni 117 (EUR), Chuanhe 2, Franquette, Hartley, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Marbot, Shaanhe 1	2
	sprea	ding					Gustine, Jinfeng, Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Luguang, Milotai 10 (EUR), Payne, Shangsong 6, Vina, Xilin 2, Zhonglin 5	3
	QN	VG	(+)	(a), (b)				
	Tree: branching							
	weak		faible		gering	débil	Chico, Huashan 5, Shangluo 3, Vina, Xisiyu 1	3
	mediu	m	moye	n	mittel	media	Chuanhe 2, Franquette, Hartley, Lübo, Marbot, Qinyou 1, Shangsong 6, Xinzaofeng	5
	strong	J	fort		stark	fuerte	Corne, Daixiang, Jinfeng, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Luguang, Luguo 2, Parisienne, Shaanhe 1, Xiangling, Xifu 2, Xilin 2, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	7
3. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)				
_	Bud:	shape						
	circula	ar					Daixiang, Jinlong 1, Luguang, Luguo 2, Milotai 10 (EUR), Xiangling, Xilin 2, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1	1
	semi-o	circular					Fenghui	2
	triang	ular					Chuanhe 2, Liaoning 4, Zhenzhuhetao	3
					•	•		•

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
4. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(c)				
	Latera	al leaflet: shape						
	lanced	olate					Hartley, Payne, Vina	1
	ovate						Corne, Franquette, Marbot, Zhenzhuhetao	2
	narrov	v elliptic					Chase D 9, Daifeng, Daixiang, Liaoning 1, Shangsong 6	3
	mediu	m elliptic						4
	broad	elliptic						5
5. (*)	QL	VG	(+)			1	1	1
	Plant: flowe	second ring						
	absen	t					Jinlong 1, Milotai 10 (EUR)	1
	preser	nt					Liaoning 4	9
6. (*)	QN	MG		(d)				
		le flower: er per cluster						
	1-2						Jinlong 1, Luguang, Xiangling, Xilin 2	1
	3-4						Shaanhe 1	2
	5-10							3
	11-20						Qinyou 1, Tisa (EUR)	4
		than 20					Chuanhetao	5
7. (*)	QN	VG		(d)		1		1
	Fema flower yellov	le r:intensity of v color of stigma						
	light					+	Daifeng, Daixiang, Milotai 10 (EUR)	1
	mediu	m					Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Xiangling, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	2
	dark						Xifu 2	3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
8. (*)	PQ VG	(+)				
	Fruit: setting type					
	solitary				Jinlong 1, Milotai 10 (EUR)	1
	binate				Daifeng, Daixiang, Fenghui, Jinlong 1, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Luguang, Luguo 2, Xiangling, Xilin 2, Zhonglin 5	2
	fascicled				Shaanhe 1	3
	bunchy				Chuanzihetao	4
9.	QN MG/VG	(e)		·		
	Nut: size					
	small				Chico, Grandjean, Zhenzhuhetao	3
	medium				Franquette, Honghetao, Liaoning 4, Shaanhe 1	5
	large				Daifeng, Daixiang, Fenghui, Hartley, Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Lübo, Luguang, Luguo 2, Milotai 10 (EUR), Sunland, Xiangling, Xilin 2, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	7
10. (*)	PQ VG	(+) (e)		•		
	Nut: shape in lateral view					
	elliptic				Corne, Daifeng, Franquette, Sorrento, Xilin 2	1
	broad elliptic				Luguang, Parisienne	2
	oblong				Milotai bőtermő (EUR), Mumahetao, Sunland	3
	circular			• •	Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Liaoning 4, Meylannaise, Milotai 10 (EUR), Xiangling, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	4
	ovate				Gustine, Jinfeng	5
	broad ovate				Marbot, Payne, Serr	6
	triangular				Hartley	7
	trapezium	T		Т	Т	Т

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
11. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(e)				
	Nut: s view (suture	shape in lateral (facing the e)						
	circula	ar					Meylannaise, Milotai 10 (EUR)	1
	oblate						Yuanbao	2
	ovate						Gustine, Jinfeng	3
	broad	ovate					Payne, Serr, Xiangling	4
	broad	elliptic					Franquette	5
	triang	ular					Hartley	6
12. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(e)		·		
	Nut: s sectio	shape in cross		·				
	renifo	rm						1
	oblate						Chico, Franquette, Liaoning 1	2
	elliptic	;					Corne, Hartley, Serr	3
	circula	ar					Marbot, Milotai 10 (EUR), Payne, Xiangling	4
13. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(e)				
	Nut: s latera suture	shape of base in I view (facing the e)						
	cunea	te					Corne, Milotai bőtermő (EUR)	1
	round	ed					Chico, Franquette, Payne, Serr, Xiangling	2
	trunca	te					Parisienne	3
	emarg	jinate					Hartley	4
14. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)	(e)				
	latera	shape of apex in I view (facing the e, excluding tip)						
	obtuse	Э					Vina	1
	round	ed					Zhonglin 1	2
	trunca	te					Milotai bőtermő (EUR), Zhonglin 5	3
								.

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
15. (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(e)				
	Nut: I	length of tip						
	abser	nt or short					Grandjean, Milotai 10 (EUR), Xiangling	1
	mediu	um					Chico, Corne, Hartley, Hexuan	2
	long						Franquette, Marbot, Payne, Serr	3
16. (*)	QN	VG	(+)	(e)				
		extent of pad nd suture						
	on up	per half					Chico, Hartley, Marbot, Parisienne, Xiangling	1
	on up	per 2/3					Franquette, Gustine, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Payne, Pedro	2
	on wh	nole length					Honghuadian 1	3
17. (*)	QN	VG		(e)				
	Nut: pad c	prominence of on suture						
	very v	weak					Luguang	1
	weak						Chuanhe 2, Jinlong 2	2
	mediu	um					Chico, Grandjean	3
	strono	g					Franquette, Hartley, Marbot, Payne, Serr	4
	very s	strong					Xifu 2	5
18.	QN	VG	(+)	(e)				-
	Nut: v sutur	width of pad on e in lateral view						
	narrov	W				+	Chico, Grandjean, Parisienne, Xiangling	1
	mediu	um					Gustine, Hartley	3
	broad	1					Corne, Marbot, Payne, Serr	5

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
19.	QN	VG		(e)		•		
	Nut: o along	depth of groove pad on suture						
	shallo	w					Chico, Grandjean, Parisienne, Xiangling	1
	mediu	ım					Gustine, Hartley	3
	deep						Corne, Marbot, Payne, Serr	5
20.	PQ	VG	(+)	(e)				
		structure of ce of shell						
	slightl	y grooved					Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Luguang	1
	mode	rately grooved					Chico, Fenghui, Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Lübo, Milotai intenzív (EUR), Xiangling, Xinzaofeng	2
	strong	gly grooved					Hartley, Milotai intenzív (EUR), Xilin 2	3
	embo	ssed					Erbazi, Tiszacsécsi 83 (EUR)	4
21.	PQ	VG		(e)				
	Nut: o	color of shell						
	yellow						Xiangling	1
	light b	prown					Milotai 10 (EUR), Zhonglin 1	2
	mediu	ım brown					Honghetao	3
22.	QN	VG	(+)	(e)			-	-
		hickness of ng membranes						
	very t	hin					Daifeng, Daixiang, Fenghui, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Lübo, Luguo 2, Milotai 10 (EUR), Shaanhe 1, Xiangling, Xilin 2, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	1
	thin						Chico, Luguang, Payne, Serr	2
	mediu	ım					Franquette, Honghetao, Marbot, Xinzaofeng	3
	thick						Corne	4

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
23.	PQ	VG	(+)	(e)				
	Nut: i shell	inner pleat wall of						
	paper	у					Daifeng, Daixiang, Fenghui, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Luguang, Luguo 2, Xiangling, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	1
	leathe	ery					Xinzaofeng	2
	bony						Baipihetao	3
24. (*)	QN	MG/VG	(+)	(e)				
	Nut: 1	thickness of shell						
	very t	hin					Daifeng, Fenghui, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Lübo, Luguang, Luguo 2, Pedro, Serr, Xiangling	1
	thin						Chico, Daixiang, Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Payne, Serr, Xilin 2, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	2
	mediu	ım					Chahetao, Franquette, Hartley, Marbot, Milotai 10 (EUR)	3
	thick						Corne, Shitou	4
	very t	hick						5
25. (*)	PQ	VG		(f)				
		el: color of pleura						
	white						Jinmian 2	1
	yellov	vish white				•	Eszterhazy II (EUR), Liaoning 1	2
	yellov	V					Daifeng, Milotai 10 (EUR)	3
	red				•		Honghetao, Hongranghetao	4
	purple	Э					Chuanhe 2	5
	yellov	v brown					Baipihetao	6
	light t	prown					Alsószentiváni 117 (EUR), Shangsong 6	7
	mediu	um brown					Zhonglin 5	8
	dark b	orown						9

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
26.	QN	MG		(f)				
	weigh	el: percentage of nt relative to total nt of nut		:				
	very lo	ow					Corne	1
	low						Marbot	3
	mediu	ım					Franquette, Hartley, Pedro, Sorrento	5
	high						Chase D 9, Daifeng, Daixiang, Fenghui, Jinlong 2, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Lübo, Luguang, Luguo 2, Milotai 10 (EUR), Payne, Vina, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	7
	very h	high					Jinlong 1, Serr, Shaanhe 1, Xiangling, Xilin 2	9
27.	QN	VG	(+)	(f)				
		el: ease of val from shell						
	very e	easy					Milotai 10 (EUR), Payne, Pedro, Serr	1
	easy						Franquette, Hartley, Marbot, Milotai 10 (EUR)	2
	mediu	ım					Jinlong 2, Meylannaise	3
	difficu	llt					Corne	4
28.	QN	MG	(+)					
	Time femal	of beginning of le flowering						
	early						Chase D 9, Lübo, Luguo 2, Sorrento, Xilin 2	3
	mediu	ım					Daifeng, Daixiang, Fenghui, Luguang, Marbot, Milotai 10 (EUR)	5
	late						Bonifác (EUR), Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Milotai kései (EUR)	7

	English			français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
29.	QN	MG	(+)					
	Time male	of beginning of flowering		ż				
	early						Chase D 9, Fenghui, Gustine, Luguang, Luguo 2, Milotai 10 (EUR), Sorrento, Xiangling, Xilin 2, Xinzaofeng	3
	mediu	ım					Lübo, Marbot, Shaanhe 1	5
	late						Franquette, Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Parisienne, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	7
30. (*)	QN	MG		(d)				•
	Time comp flowe	of male flowering ared to female ring						
	before	e (protandry)					Franquette, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Marbot, Payne, Xiangling	1
		aneous ogamy)					Chico, Meylannaise, Xilin 2	2
	after (protogyny)					Lübo, Milotai 10 (EUR)	3
31.	QN	MG						
	Time matur	of harvest rity						
	early						Fenghui, Lübo, Luguang, Luguo 2, Milotai 10 (EUR), Xiangling, Zhonglin 5	3
	mediu	im					Chico, Daifeng, Daixiang, Grandjean, Payne, Serr, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1	5
	late						Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Milotai kései (EUR), Xilin 2	7

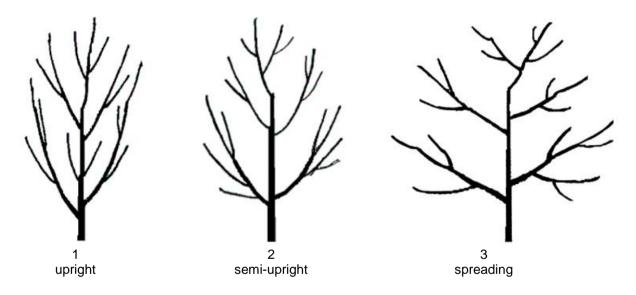
8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Observations on tree should be made in dormant season.
- (b) Observations on branch should be made on vegetative branches from the middle part of the canopy in dormant season.
- (c) Observations on leaflets should be made on latteral leaves from the middle part of the canopy on the sunny side.
- (d) Observations on flowers should be carried out during full-blossom period.
- (e) Observations on nuts should be made on physiological ripe nuts excluding the pericarp immediately after 25% of the pericarp cracked. Take 30 nuts randomly from each tree.
- (f) Observations on the kernel should be made when the water content is less than 8%.
- 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 1: Tree: growth habit



Ad. 2: Tree: branching

Observations should relate to the number of branches with the degree of branching being indicated by the density of lateral branches and shoots, excluding fruiting shoots.

Ad. 3: Bud: shape

Observations on buds should be made on terminal buds of branches

Ad. 4: Lateral leaflet: shape

	←	broadest part	\rightarrow
	below middle	at middle	above middle
width (ratio length/width)			
narrow (high)	1 lanceolate	arrow elliptic	
medium (medium)	2 ovate	4 medium elliptic	5 broad elliptic
broad (low)			

Ad. 5: Plant: second flowering



Ad. 8: Fruit: setting type



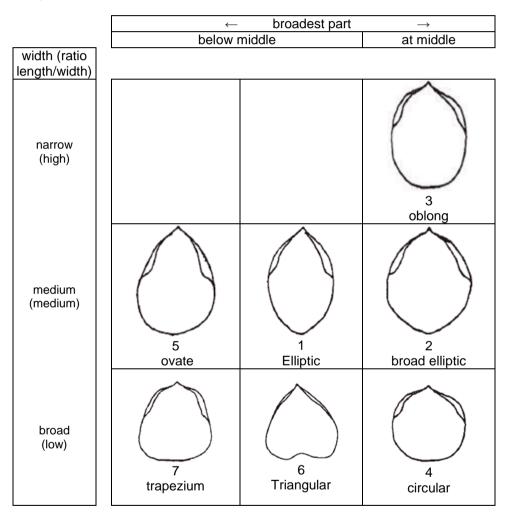
solitary

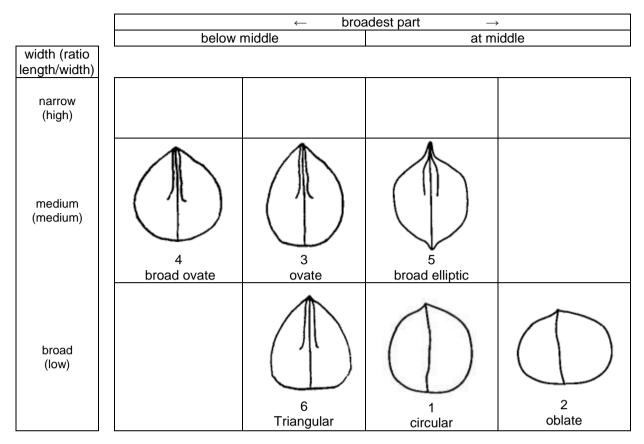
binate

fascicled

. bunchy

Ad. 10: Nut: shape in lateral view



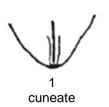


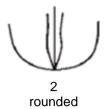
Ad. 11: Nut: shape in lateral view (facing the suture)

Ad. 12: Nut: shape in cross section

	$\leftarrow \text{ broadest part } \rightarrow$
	at middle
width (ratio length/width)	
narrow (high)	
medium (medium)	a liptic
broad (low)	1 reniform 2 oblate 4 circular

Ad. 13: Nut: shape of base in lateral view (facing the suture)











4 emarginate

Ad. 14: Nut: shape of apex in lateral view (facing the suture, excluding tip)



obtuse



rounded



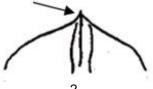
truncate



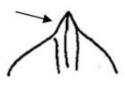
4 emarginate



1 absent or short

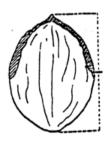


2 medium

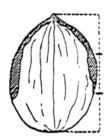


3 long

Ad. 16: Nut: extent of pad around suture



1 on upper half



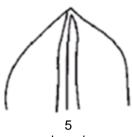
2 on upper 2/3



3 on whole length

3

medium

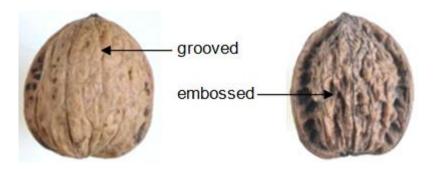


broad

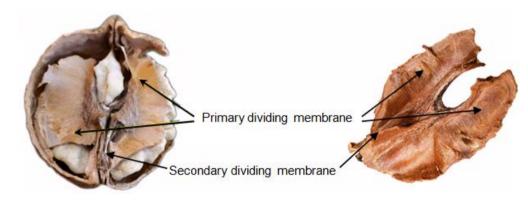
Ad. 20: Nut: structure of surface of shell

1 narrow

Ad. 18: Nut: width of pad on suture in lateral view

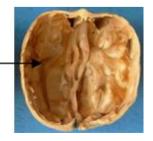


Ad. 22: Nut: thickness of dividing membranes



Ad. 23: Nut: inner pleat wall of shell

inner pleat wall ____



Ad. 24: Nut: thickness of shell

Thickness of the mid part of the shell should be measured and take the average value (accurate to 0.1 mm) as the thickness of shell.

Ad. 27: Kernel: ease of removal from shell

Crack the shell and remove the kernel. Assess the easy of removal according to the situation of the kernel: 1: whole or a half of the kernel, 2: a quarter of the kernel, 3: smashed kernel, 4: unable to take out the kernel normally.

Ad. 28: Time of beginning of female flowering

The time of beginning of female flowering should be observed when 5% of the female flowers are in full bloom (at full development of stigmas).

Ad. 29: Time of beginning of male flowering

The time of beginning of male flowering should be observed when 10% of the catkins are in full bloom (at dehiscence of pollen).

9. <u>Literature</u>

IPGRI, 1994: descriptors for walnut (*Juglans* spp.). International Plant Genetic Resource Institute, Rome, Italy.

Liu Q.Z. and Zhang L.S., 2007: Descriptors and Data Standard for walnut (*Juglans regia* L.). China Agriculture Press. Beijing, China.

Pei D. and Lu X.Z., 2011: Walnut germplasm resources in China. China forestry publishing house. Beijing, China.

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHN		UESTIONNAIRE		Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
					Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicar	nt)
		to be completed in c		CHNICAL QUESTION	IRE for plant breeders' rights	
1.	Subject	of the Technical Questic	onnai	re		
	1.1	Botanical name	Ju	glans regia L.		
	1.2	Common name	Wa	alnut		
2.	Applica	nt				
	Name					
	Addres	S				
	Telepho	one No.				
	Fax No					
	E-mail	address				
	Breede applica	r (if different from nt)				
3.	Propos	ed denomination and bre	eder	's reference		
	Propos (if avail	ed denomination able)				
	Breede	r's reference			 	

٩ŀ		QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}		Reference Number:	
	Informa	ation on the breeding scheme	and propagation of t	he var	ietv	
	4.1	Breeding scheme			,	
		-				
		resulting from:				
	4.1.1	Crossing				
	(a)	controlled cross			[]	
		(please state parent varieties	5)			
	()	х (.)	
	female				parent	
	(b)	partially known cross			[]	
		(please state known parent)	variety(ies))			
	()	x (.)	
	female				parent	
	(c)	unknown cross			[]	
	4.1.2	Mutation			[]	
	(please	e state parent variety)				
	4.1.3	Discovery and developmen	t		[]	
	(please	e state where and when discov	vered and how devel	oped)		
	L					
	4.1.4	Other			[]	
		e provide details)				
		,				

Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL C	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Numbe	r:
4.2	Method of propagating the Vegetative propagation	variety		
(a) (b)	grafting(budding) Other (state method)			[]
]
4.2.2	Other (Please provide details)			[]
]

ГЕСН	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:		
	Characteristics of the variety to be in characteristic in Test Guidelines; pl		prackets refers to the corresponding h best corresponds).		
	Characteristics		Example Varieties	Note	ì
5.1 (1)	Tree: growth habit				
	upright		Corne, Daifeng, Daixiang, Fenghui, Sorrento, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1	1 []
	semi-upright		Alsószentiváni 117 (EUR), Chuanhe 2, Franquette, Hartley, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Marbot, Shaanhe 1	2 []
	spreading		Gustine, Jinfeng, Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Luguang, Milotai 10 (EUR), Payne, Shangsong 6, Vina, Xilin 2, Zhonglin 5	3 []
5.2 (3)	Bud: shape				
	circular		Daixiang, Jinlong 1, Luguang, Luguo 2, Milotai 10 (EUR), Xiangling, Xilin 2, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1	1 []
	semi-circular		Fenghui	2 []
	triangular		Chuanhe 2, Liaoning 4, Zhenzhuhetao	3 []
5.3 (4)	Lateral leaflet: shape				
	lanceolate		Hartley, Payne, Vina	1 []
	ovate		Corne, Franquette, Marbot, Zhenzhuhetao	2 []
	narrow elliptic		Chase D 9, Daifeng, Daixiang, Liaoning 1, Shangsong 6	3 []
	medium elliptic			4 []
	broad elliptic			5 []
5.4 (5)	Plant: second flowering				
	absent		Jinlong 1, Milotai 10 (EUR)	1 []
	present		Liaoning 4	9 []
5.5 (6)	Female flower: number per cluster				
	1-2		Jinlong 1, Luguang, Xiangling, Xilin 2	1 []
	3-4		Shaanhe 1	2[]
	5-10			3[]
	11-20		Qinyou 1, Tisa (EUR)	4 []
	more than 20		Chuanhetao	5 []

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.6 (7)	Female flower:intensity of yellow color of stigma		
	light	Daifeng, Daixiang, Milotai 10 (EUR)	1[]
	medium	Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Xiangling, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	2[]
	dark	Xifu 2	3[]
5.7 (8)	Fruit: setting type		
	solitary	Jinlong 1, Milotai 10 (EUR)	1[]
	binate	Daifeng, Daixiang, Fenghui, Jinlong 1, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Luguang, Luguo 2, Xiangling, Xilin 2, Zhonglin 5	2[]
	fascicled	Shaanhe 1	3[]
	bunchy	Chuanzihetao	4[]
5.8 (10)	Nut: shape in lateral view		
	elliptic	Corne, Daifeng, Franquette, Sorrento, Xilin 2	1[]
	broad elliptic	Luguang, Parisienne	2[]
	oblong	Milotai bőtermő (EUR), Mumahetao, Sunland	3[]
	circular	Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Liaoning 4, Meylannaise, Milotai 10 (EUR), Xiangling, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	4[]
	ovate	Gustine, Jinfeng	5[]
	broad ovate	Marbot, Payne, Serr	6[]
	triangular	Hartley	7[]
	trapezium	Liaoning 1	8[]
5.9 (11)	Nut: shape in lateral view (facing the suture)		
	circular	Meylannaise, Milotai 10 (EUR)	1[]
	oblate	Yuanbao	2[]
	ovate	Gustine, Jinfeng	3[]
	broad ovate	Payne, Serr, Xiangling	4[]
	broad elliptic	Franquette	5[]
	triangular	Hartley	6[]
5.10 (12)	Nut: shape in cross section		
	reniform		1[]
	oblate	Chico, Franquette, Liaoning 1	2[]
	elliptic	Corne, Hartley, Serr	3[]
	circular	Marbot, Milotai 10 (EUR), Payne, Xiangling	4[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.11 (13)	Nut: shape of base in lateral view (facing the suture)		
	cuneate	Corne, Milotai bőtermő (EUR)	1[]
	rounded	Chico, Franquette, Payne, Serr, Xiangling	2[]
	truncate	Parisienne	3[]
	emarginate	Hartley	4[]
5.12 (14)	Nut: shape of apex in lateral view (facing the suture, excluding tip)		
	obtuse	Vina	1[]
	rounded	Zhonglin 1	2[]
	truncate	Milotai bőtermő (EUR), Zhonglin 5	3[]
	emarginate	Xiangling	4[]
5.13 (15)	Nut: length of tip		
	absent or short	Grandjean, Milotai 10 (EUR), Xiangling	1[]
	medium	Chico, Corne, Hartley, Hexuan	2[]
	long	Franquette, Marbot, Payne, Serr	3[]
5.14 (16)	Nut: extent of pad around suture		
	on upper half	Chico, Hartley, Marbot, Parisienne, Xiangling	1[]
	on upper 2/3	Franquette, Gustine, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4 Payne, Pedro	^{4,} 2[]
	on whole length	Honghuadian 1	3[]
5.15 (17)	Nut: prominence of pad on suture		
	very weak	Luguang	1[]
	weak	Chuanhe 2, Jinlong 2	2[]
	medium	Chico, Grandjean	3[]
	strong	Franquette, Hartley, Marbot, Payne, Serr	4[]
	very strong	Xifu 2	5[]
5.16 (24)	Nut: thickness of shell		
	very thin	Daifeng, Fenghui, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Luguang, Luguo 2, Lübo, Pedro, Serr, Xiangling	1[]
	thin	Chico, Daixiang, Jinlong 1, Jinlong 2, Payne, Serr, Xilin 2, Xinzaofeng, Zhonglin 1, Zhonglin 5	2[]
	medium	Chahetao, Franquette, Hartley, Marbot, Milotai 10 (EUR)	3[]
	thick	Corne, Shitou	4[]
	very thick		5[]

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.17 (25)	Kernel: color of endopleura		
	white	Jinmian 2	1[]
	yellowish white	Eszterhazy II (EUR), Liaoning 1	2[]
	yellow	Daifeng, Milotai 10 (EUR)	3[]
	red	Honghetao, Hongranghetao	4[]
	purple	Chuanhe 2	5[]
	yellow brown	Baipihetao	6[]
	light brown	Alsószentiváni 117 (EUR), Shangsong 6	7[]
	medium brown	Zhonglin 5	8[]
	dark brown		9[]
5.18 (30)	Time of male flowering compared to female flowering		
	before (protandry)	Franquette, Liaoning 1, Liaoning 4, Marbot, Payne, Xiangling	1[]
	simultaneous (homogamy)	Chico, Meylannaise, Xilin 2	2[]
	after (protogyny)	Lübo, Milotai 10 (EUR)	3[]

TECHNICAL QUESTION	NAIRE	Page {x} of {	[y}	Reference Nu	umber:		
6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.							
Denomination(s) of Characteristic(s) in which variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety candidate variety			Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)		Describe the expression o the characteristic(s) for you candidate variety		
	Example Nut: thickness of shell						
Example	Nut: thicknes	ss of shell	tł	nick	medium		
Example	Nut: thickne	ss of shell	tł	nick	medium		
Example	Nut: thickne	ss of shell	tł	iick	medium		
Example	Nut: thickne	ss of shell	tł	iick	medium		

TECHN		UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:			
#7.	Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety						
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?						
	Yes	[]	No	[]			
	(If yes, please provide details)						
7.2	Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?						
	Yes	[]	No	[]			
	(If yes, please provide details)						
7.3	Other information						
 A representative color photograph of the variety displaying its main distinguishing feature(s), should accompany the Technical Questionnaire. The photograph will provide a visual illustration of the candidate variety which supplements the information provided in the Technical Questionnaire. The key points to consider when taking a photograph of the candidate variety are: Indication of the date and geographic location Correct labeling (breeder's reference) Good quality printed photograph (minimum 10 cm x 15 cm) and/or sufficient resolution electronic format version (minimum 960 x 1280 pixels)" Further guidance on providing photographs with the Technical Questionnaire is available in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines", Guidance Note 35 (http://www.upov.int/tgp/en/). [The link provided may be deleted by members of the Union when developing authorities' own test guidelines.] 							

TECH	INICA	L QUES	TIONNAIRE	Page {x}	of {y}	Referenc	e Number:		
8.	Autho	Authorization for release							
	(a)	Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?							
		Yes	[]	No	[]				
	(b)) Has such authorization been obtained?							
		Yes	[]	No	[]				
	If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.								
9. Inf	formatic	on on pla	nt material to be exa	mined or subr	nitted for exam	nination			
9.1			sion of a characterist chemical treatment						
			ken from different gr			poolioidoo),			, amorona
0.0.1	The sle		wiel chauld not how			at udaiah uu	uld offerst the		an of the
			erial should not have variety, unless the						
has ı	undergo	one such	treatment, full detai	s of the treatn	nent must be g	given. In this	respect, plea		
the b	est of y	our knov	vledge, if the plant m	aterial to be ex	camined has b	been subject	ed to:		
	(a)	Mic	croorganisms (e.g. vi	rus, bacteria, p	hytoplasma)		Yes []	No []
	(b)	Ch	emical treatment (e.ç	g. growth retard	dant, pesticide	e)	Yes []	No []
	(c)	Tis	sue culture				Yes []	No []
	(d)	Oth	ner factors				Yes []	No []
	Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".								
									·····
10.	10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:								
	Applicant's name								
			L						
	0:-	noture	Γ			Dete			
	Sig	nature	L			Date			

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