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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS
GENEVA

DRAFT

OLIVE

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Olea europea L.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by an expert from South Africa

to be considered by the

Technical Working Party for Fruit Crops

at its fortieth session, to be held in Angers, France, from September 21 to 25, 2009

Alternative Names:*

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>French</i>	<i>German</i>	<i>Spanish</i>
<i>Olea europea</i> L..	Olive (vegetative propagated fruit varieties)			

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Olea europaea* L.

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of **one-year-old trees preferably** on their own roots.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

5 trees.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 “Examining Distinctness”.

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination. In particular, it is essential that the plants produce a satisfactory crop of fruit in each of the two growing cycles.

3.3.2 The recommended method of observing the characteristic is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of characteristics:

- MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants
- MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants
- VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants
- VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 5 plants.

3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 *Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined*

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations should be made on 5 plants or parts taken from each of 5 plants. In the case of parts of plants, the number to be taken from each of the plants should be 5.

3.6 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.2 *Uniformity*

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 5 plants, no off-types are allowed.

4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new seed or plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

(a) To be provided

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the

Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate

6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 *Example Varieties*

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 *Legend*

(*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

QL: Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

QN: Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

PQ: Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

MG, MS, VG, VS: see Chapter 3.3.2

(a)-(f) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

(+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	VG Tree: Plant: vigor	Proposed by ZA				
(+)						
QN	(a) weak				Aloreña	3
	medium				Picual	5
	strong				Lechin de Sevilla	7
2.	VG Tree: Plant growth habit attitude of branches	Proposed by ZA	Proposed by ES			
(+)						
PQ	(a) erect				Alameña de Cabra	3
	spreading				Picual	5
	drooping				Morona, Sikitia	7
3.	VG Tree Plant: density of canopy	Proposed by ZA	Proposed by ES			
(+)						
QN	(a) sparse				Gordal de Granada	3
	medium				Picudo	5
	dense				Lechin de Sevilla	7
4.	VG Fruiting shoot: color	Proposed by ZA	Proposed to be deleted ES			
PQ	(a) yellow green				Nandi	1
	greyish green				Lechin de Sevilla	2
	light grey				Hojiblanco	3
5.	VG/ MS Fruiting shoot: length of internodes		Proposed to be deleted ES			
QN	(a) short				Aloreña	3
	medium				Hojiblanco	5
	long				Morona	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
6.	VG/ MG Fruiting shoot: thickness		New characteristic proposed by ZA		Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(a) thin					3
	medium					5
	thick					7
7. old 6	VG Fruiting shoot: feathers		Proposed by ZA	Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(a) absent or very few				Manzanilla	1
	few				Lechin de Granda	3
	medium					5
	many				Carrasqueñode la Sierra	7
	very many					9
8. (* old 7	VG Leaf blade: size		Proposed by ZA	Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(b) very small				Lechin de Granada	1
	small				Lechin de Sevilla	3
	medium				Picual	5
	large				Gordal Sevillana	7
	very large				Picudo	9
9.	MS Leaf blade: length		New characteristic proposed by ZA	Proposed by ES		
QN	(b) very short					1
	short				Arbequina	3
	medium				Picudo	5
	long				Gordal sevillana	7
	very long					9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
10.	MS	Leaf blade: width	New characteristic proposed by ZA	Proposed by ES		
	(b)	narrow			Callosina	3
		medium			Hojiblanca	5
		broad			Picudo	7
11. (*) old 8	VG	Leaf blade: ratio length/width		Proposed to be deleted ES		
PQ	(b)	short and narrow			Manzanilla	1
		short and broad			Lechin de Granada	3
		long and narrow			Gordal Sevillana	5
		long and broad			Hojiblanca	7
12. old 9	VS	Leaf blade: shape		Proposed by ES		
	(+)					
PQ	(b)	lanceolate			Cornezuelo de Jaen	1 3
		elliptic-lanceolate			Picual	2 5
		elliptic			Manzanilla de Sevilla	3 7
13. old 10	VS	Leaf blade: glossiness	Proposed by ZA	Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(b)	inconspicuous absent			Galego	1
		conspicuous present			Lechin de Granada	2 9
14. (*) old 11	VG	Leaf blade: green color of upper side	Proposed by ZA	Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(b)	light				1
		medium green			Lechin de Sevilla	2
		dark green			Gorda de Sevillana	3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
15. old 12	VG Leaf blade: color of <u>lower side</u>			Proposed to be deleted ES		
PQ (b)	grey-green				Carrasqueño de Alcaudete	1
	green-grey				Lechin de Granada	2
16. old 13	VG Leaf blade: curvature of longitudinal axis	Proposed by ZA		Proposed by ES		
PQ (b)	epinastic-concave				Picual <u>Zarza</u>	1
	flat				Galego	2
	hyponastic-convex				Zarza <u>Picual</u>	3
	<u>helicoid</u>				Yun Celebi	4
17. old 14	VG Leaf blade: twisting			Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN (b)	absent very weak absent				Gordal Sevillana	1
	weak present				Picudo	3-9
	medium					5
	strong					7
18. old 15	VG Plant: abnormal leaves	Proposed to be deleted ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
PQ (b)	absent				Picual	1
	present				Morona, Picudo	9
19. old 16	VG Plant: shape of abnormal leaves	Proposed to be deleted ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
PQ (b)	double				Picudo	1
	falsiform				Morona	9

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
20.	VG	Inflorescence: length	New characteristic proposed by ZA			Example varieties to be provided	
(+)							
QN	(c)	short					3
		medium					5
		long					5
21.	VG	Inflorescence: structure	Proposed to be deleted ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
old 17 (+)							
QN	(c)	short and compact				Aloreña	1
		short and sparse				Picual	2
		long and compact				Morona	3
		long and sparse				Frantoio	4
22.	VG	Inflorescence: branching	Proposed to be deleted ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
old 18							
QN	(c)	weak					3
		medium					5
		strong					7
23.	VG	Inflorescence: width	New characteristic proposed by ZA			Example varieties to be provided	
(+)							
QN	(c)	very narrow					1
		narrow					3
		medium					5
		broad					7
24.	VG	Inflorescence: axillary flowers	Proposed to be deleted ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
old 19							
QN	(c)	absent				Picual	1
		present				Hojiblanca	9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
25. old 20	VG Flower: size of the bud (just before opening)			Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(c) small				Verdial de Vélez M	3
	medium				Lechin de Sevilla	5
	large				Gordal Sevillana	7
26. (+)	VG Flower: attitude of corolla		New characteristic proposed by ZA			
PQ	(c) semi closed				Giarraffa	1
	open				Carolea	2
	reflexed				Frantoio	3
27. old 21	VG Fruit: size			Propose to be deleted ES		
QN	(d) very small					1
	small				Lechin de granada	3
	medium				Carrasqueño de la Sierra	5
	large				Picudo	7
	very large				Gordal Sevillana	9
28.	MS Fruit length		New characteristic proposed by ZA		Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(d) very short					1
	short					3
	medium					5
	long					7
	very long					9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
29.	MS	Fruit: width in position B	New characteristic proposed by ZA		Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(d)	very narrow				1
		narrow				3
		medium				5
		broad				7
		very broad				9
30.	VG	Fruit: ratio length/width	New characteristic proposed by ZA		Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(d)	very low				1
		low				3
		medium				5
		high				7
		very high				9
31.	MG	Fruit: weight	New characteristic proposed by ES			
QN	(d)	low			Lechin de Granada	3
		medium			Carrasqueño de la Sierra	5
		high			Picudo	7
		very high			Gordal Sevillana	9
32.	VG	Immature fruit: green color	New characteristic proposed by ZA		Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(e)	light				1
		medium				2
		dark				3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
33.	VG	Immature fruit: size of lenticels	New characteristic proposed by ZA		Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(e)	small				3
		medium				5
		large				7
34.	VG	Immature fruit: number of lenticels	New characteristic proposed by ZA		Example varieties to be provided	
QN		few				3
	(e)	medium				5
		many				7
35. (*) old 22	VG	Fruit: shape in position A	Proposed by ZA			
PQ	(d)	ovate				1
		oblong elongated			Cornezuelo de Jaen	2
		elliptic			Lechin de Sevilla	3
		circular globose			Manzanilla de Sevilla	4
		obovate				5
36. old 23	VG	Fruit: color at full maturity		Proposed by ES		
PQ	(d)	dark violet			Verdial de Huevar	1
		black			Picual	2
37. old 24	VG	Fruit: conspicuousness of marbling	Proposed to be deleted ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES	
QN	(d)	weak			Cornezuelo	3
		medium			Hojiblanca	5
		strong			Santa Catharina	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
38. old 25	VG	Fruit: symmetry in position A				
PQ	(d)	symmetrical			Manzanilla	1
		weakly asymmetric			Hojiblanca	2
		strongly asymmetric			Picudo	3
39. old 26	VG	Fruit: symmetry in position B		Proposed to be deleted ES		
PQ	(d)	symmetrical			Picual	1
		weakly asymmetric			Gordal Sevillana	2
40. old 27	VG	Fruit: position of maximum diameter				
PQ	(d)	towards base			Gordal Sevillana	1
		central			Morona	2
		towards apex			Verdial de Huevar	3
41. old 28	VG	Fruit: shape of apex in position A		Proposed by ZA		
PQ	(d)	acute pointed			Cornezuelo de Jaén	1
		obtuse				2
		rounded			Manzanilla de Sevillana	3
42. old 29	VG	Fruit: shape of apex in position B		Proposed by ZA		
PQ	(d)	acute pointed			Picudo	1
		obtuse				2
		rounded			Hojiblanca	3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
43. (* (+) old 30	VG Fruit: maueron nipple	Proposed by ZA	Proposed by ES			
QL	(d) absent or very weakly expressed				Hojiblanca	1
	present tenuous weakly expressed				Limoncillo, Pajarero	9 2
	obvious strongly expressed				Limoncillo	3
44. old 31	VG Fruit; position of pistil scar			Proposed to be deleted by ES. ZA		
PQ	(d) central				Hojiblanca	1
	not central				Carrasqueño de Alcaudete	2
45. old 32	VG Fruit: shape of base in <u>position A</u>			Proposed by ES		
PQ	(d) rounded				Cañivano Negro, Gordal Sevillana	1
	truncate				Manzanilla de Sevilla	2
46. (* (+) old 33	VG Fruit: shape of base in <u>position B</u>	Proposed by ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
PQ	(d) rounded				Carrasqueño de Alcaudete	1
	truncate				Manzanilla	2
	cordate depressed				Cañivano Negro	3
47. (* (+) old 34	VG Fruit: width of stalk cavity			Proposed to be deleted ES ZA		
QN	(d) narrow				Verdial de Huevar	3
	medium					5
	broad				Cañivano Negro	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
48. old 35	VG Fruit: shape of stalk cavity			Proposed to be deleted ES ZA		
PQ	(d) circular				Hojiblanca	1
	elliptic				Loaime	2
49. old 36	VG Fruit: depth of stalk cavity			Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(d) shallow				<u>Lechin de Granada</u>	3
	medium				<u>Lechin de Sevilla</u>	5
	deep				Cañivano Negro	7
50. (* old 37	VG Fruit: shape in basal view of cross section	Proposed by ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
PQ	(d) circular				Lechin de Sevilla	1
	elliptic				Verdial de Huevar	2
51.	VG Fruit: bloom	New characteristic proposed by ZA			Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(d) weak					3
	medium					5
	strong					7
52.	VG Fruit flesh: degree of coloring at maturity	New characteristic proposed by ZA			Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(d) absent very weak					1
	weak					3
	medium					5
	strong					7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
53. old 38 (+)	VG Stone: shape in position A	Proposed by ZA				
PQ	(f) ovate					1
	elliptic				Carrasqueño de la Sierra	2
	circular elongated				Bical	3
	obovate				Manzanilla	4
54. old 39 (+)	VG Stone: shape in position B	Proposed by ZA	Proposed by ES			
PQ	(f) ovate	spherical				1
	oblong elongated	ovoid		Manzanilla de Sevilla	Cornezuelo	2
	elliptic	elliptic		Pical	Hojiblanco	3
	circular	elongated		Cornezuelo de Jaen		4
	obovate				Aloreña	5
55. old 40 (+)	VG Stone: symmetry in position A	Proposed by ES				
PQ	(f) symmetrical				Negrillo	1
	slightly asymmetric				Lechin de Sevilla	2
	strongly asymmetric				Picudo	3
56. old 41 (+)	VG Stone: symmetry in position B	Proposed by ES				
PQ	(e) symmetrical				Hojiblanca	1
	weakly asymmetric				Lechin de Sevilla	2
	strongly asymmetric				Pajarero	3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
57. (* (+) old 42	VG Stone: shape in basal view cross section			Proposed to be deleted ES		
PQ	(e) circular				Royal	1
	elliptic				Gordal Sevillana	2
58. (* (+) old 43	VG Stone: position of maximum diameter cross section	Proposed by ZA		Proposed by ES		
PQ	(e) towards base				Argudell	1
	central				Picual	2
	towards apex				Chorro, Changlot Real	3
59. (* old 44	VG Stone: grooving			Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(e) absent or very weak				Lechin de Granada	1
	weak				Verdial de Huever	3
	medium				Picual	5
	strong					7
	very strong					9
60. old 45 ⊕	VG Stone: distribution of grooves			Proposed to be deleted ES, ZA		
PQ	(e)					
	including apex				Lucio	1
	excluding apex				Gordal Sevillana	2
61. (* old 46	VG Stone: number of grooves on basal end					
PQ	(e) less than 7				Bical	1
	between 7 and 10				Picual	2
	more than 10				Manzanilla Prieta	3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
62. (*) old 47	VG Stone: distribution of grooves on basal end		Proposed by ES			
PQ	(e) regular				Hojiblanca	1
	irregular grouped around the suture				Tomatillo	2
63. (+) old 48	VG Stone: shape of apex distal end in position A	Proposed by ZA	Proposed by ES			
PQ	(e) acute pointed				Picudo	1
	obtuse					2
	rounded				Chorrúo	3
64. (*) (+) old 49	VG Stone: shape of apex distal end in position B	Proposed by ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
PQ	(e) acute pointed				<u>Picual</u>	1
	obtuse					2
	rounded				Imperial	3
65. old 50 (+)	VG Stone: mucron			Proposed to be deleted ES		
QL	(e) absent				Lucio	1
	present				Chorruo	9
66. old 51 (+)	VG Stone: shape of base in position A	Proposed by ZA	Proposed by ES			
PQ	(e) acute pointed				Royal, Cornezuelo de Jaen	1
	rounded				Morona	2
	truncate				Tomatillo	3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
67. old 52 (+)	VG Stone: shape of base in <u>position B</u>	Proposed by ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
PQ	(e) acute pointed rounded truncate				Royal Morona Loaime	1 2 3
68. old 53	VG Stone: prominence of conspicuousness of suture	Proposed by ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(e) weak medium strong				Lechin de Granada Lechin de Sevilla Gordal Sevillana	3 5 7
69. old 54	VG Stone: curvature of suture	Proposed to be deleted by ZA		Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(e) absent present				Ocal Cornezuelo	<u>1</u> 9
70.	VG Stone: texture of surface	New characteristic proposed by ZA	Proposed by ES		Example varieties to be provided	
PQ	(e) smooth rugose scabrous				Lechin de Sevilla Manzanilla de Cacereña Bodoquera	1 2 3
71. old 55	VG Stone: size			Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(e) small medium large				Lechin de Granada Aloreña Gordal Sevillana	3 5 7
72.	MS Stone length	New characteristic proposed by ZA			Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(e) short medium long					3 5 7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
73.	MS	Stone: width in position B	New characteristic proposed by ZA		Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(e)	narrow				3
		medium				5
		broad				7
74.	VG	Stone: ratio length/width	New characteristic proposed by ZA		Example varieties to be provided	
QN	(e)	low				3
		medium				5
		high				7
75.	MG	Stone weight	New characteristic proposed by ES			
QN	(e)	low			Arbequina	1
		medium			Imperial	3
		high			Picudo	5
		very high			Gordal Sevillana	7
76. old 56	VG	Time of flowering		Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(c)	early			Gordal Sevillana	
		medium			Picual	
		late			Lechin de Granada	
77. old 57	VG	Time of ripening	Proposed by ZA	Proposed to be deleted ES		
QN	(d)	very early				1
		early			Picual	3
		medium			Gordal Sevillana	5
		late			Hojiblanca	7
		very late			Don Carlo	9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
78.	VG					
old	Fruit: oil content			Proposed to be		
58				deleted ES		
QN	low				Hojiblanca	3
	medium				Lechin de Sevilla	5
	high				Picual	7

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Plant, Fruiting shoot: All observations on the plant and fruiting shoot should be made on 25 fruiting branches distributed over the trees.
- (b) Leaf blade: All observations on the leaf blade should be made on fully developed leaves from the central part of branches in full growth and should comprise of ~~25~~ 100 leaves, 5 ~~25~~ from each cardinal point.
- (c) Inflorescence: All observations of the inflorescence should be made on 25 ~~50~~ inflorescences (stage of Colbrant and Fabr e) from the central part of fruiting branches equally distributed over the trees.
- (d) Fruit: All observations on the fruit should be made on 25 ~~50~~ fully ripened fruits. Time of ripening is when 80% of the fruit on the tree has colored. For the fruit two positions (A and B) are used. Position A is the position in which the organ shows its largest asymmetry. Position B is reached from position A by turning by 90° along the longitudinal axis in a way to present the most developed part of the organ to the observer.
- (e) Immature fruit: All observations of the immature fruit should be done when 10% of the fruit on the tree has colored
- (f) Stone: All observations on the stone should be made on dry well-cleaned stones of the same sample used for the observations on the fruit. For the stone two positions (A and B) are used. Position A is the position in which the organ shows its largest asymmetry. Position B is reached from position A by turning by 90° along the longitudinal axis in a way to present the most developed part of the organ to the observer.

8.2 *Explanations for individual characteristics*

Ad. 1: ~~Tree~~ Plant: vigor

The tree vigor should be considered as the overall abundance of vegetative growth which includes the development of the canopy in both height and volume.

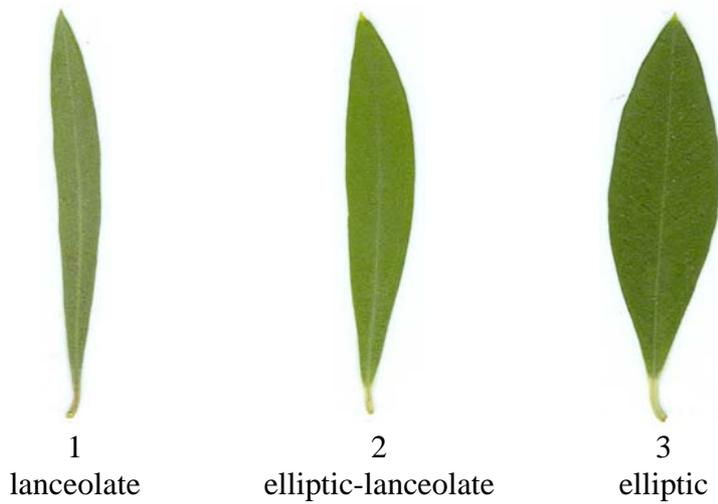
Ad. 2: ~~Tree~~ Plant growth habit ~~attitude of branches~~

The tree growth habit states the natural attitude of the branches and shoots.

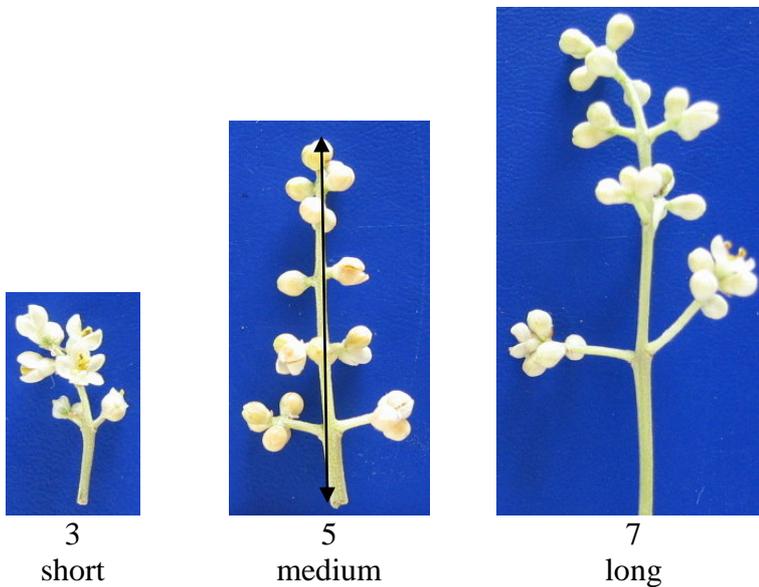
Ad. 3: **Tree** Plant: density of **canopy**

The plant density refers to the overall abundance of canopy vegetation. The following measures should be taken into account, length of internode, number and vigor of the shoots and the size of the leaves.

Ad. 12: Leaf **blade**: shape



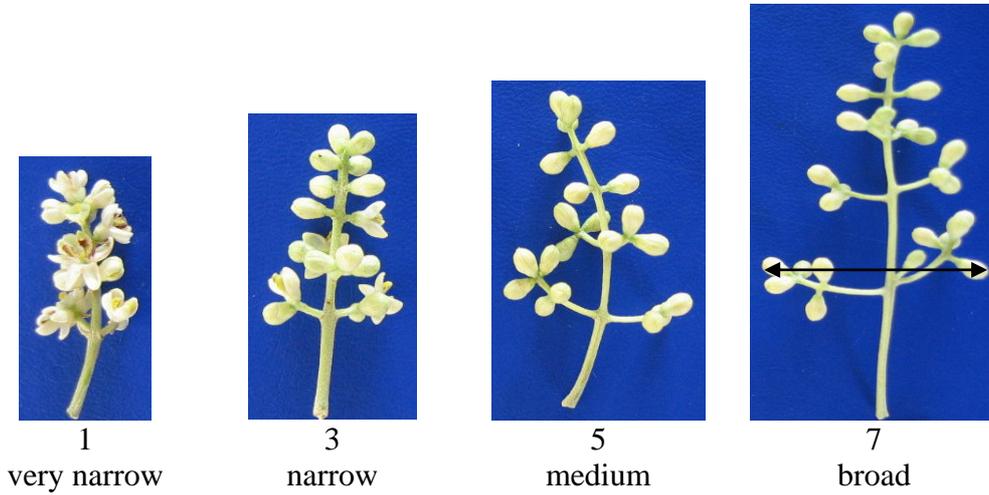
Ad. 20: Inflorescence: length



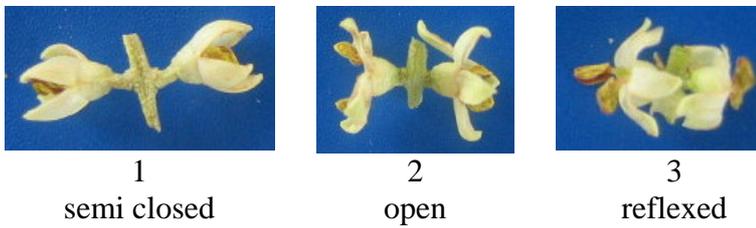
Ad. 21: Inflorescence: structure

TO BE PROVIDED

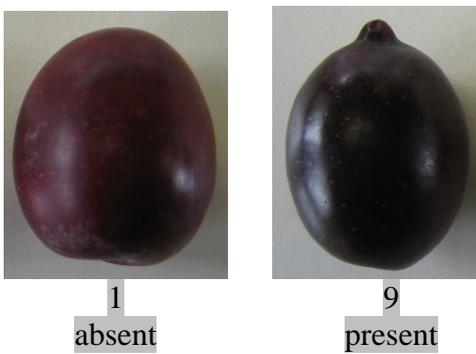
Ad. 23: Inflorescence: width



Ad. 26: Flower: attitude of corolla

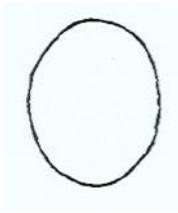


Ad. 43: Fruit: mucron-nipple

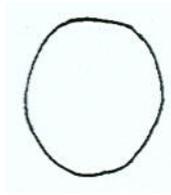


[To be updated]

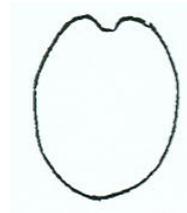
Ad. 46: Fruit: shape of base in position B



1
rounded

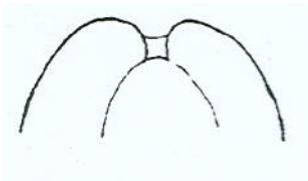


2
truncate

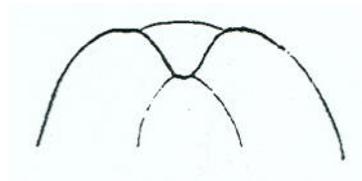


3
cordate depressed

Ad. 47: Fruit: width of stalk cavity



3
narrow



7
broad

Ad. 53: Stone: shape in position A

Ad. 54: Stone: shape in position B



1
ovate



2
elliptic



3
circular



4
obovate

Ad. 55: Stone symmetry in position A

Ad. 56: Stone symmetry in position B



1
symmetrical



2
weakly
asymmetric



3
strongly
asymmetric

Ad. 57: Stone: shape in basal view



1
circular



2
elliptic

Ad. 58: Stone: position of maximum diameter



1
towards base



2
central



3
towards apex

Ad. 63: Stone: shape of apex distal end in position A

Ad. 64: Stone: shape of apex distal end in position B



1
acute



2
obtuse



3
rounded

Ad. 65: Stone: mucron



1
absent



9
present

Ad. 66: Stone: shape of base in position A

Ad. 67: Stone: shape of base in position B



1
acute



2
rounded



3
truncate

9. Literature

To be provided

10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
		Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights		
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire		
1.1 Botanical name	<input type="text" value="Olea europaea L."/>	
1.2 Common name	<input type="text" value="Olive (vegetative propagated fruit varieties)"/>	
2. Applicant		
Name	<input type="text"/>	
Address	<input type="text"/>	
Telephone No.	<input type="text"/>	
Fax No.	<input type="text"/>	
E-mail address	<input type="text"/>	
Breeder (if different from applicant)	<input type="text"/>	
3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference		
Proposed denomination (if available)	<input type="text"/>	
Breeder's reference	<input type="text"/>	

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety

4.1 Breeding scheme

Variety resulting from:

4.1.1 Crossing

- (a) controlled cross []
(please state parent varieties)
- (b) partially known cross []
(please state known parent variety(ies))
- (c) unknown cross []

4.1.2 Mutation []
(please state parent variety)

4.1.3 Discovery and development []
(please state where and when discovered
and how developed)

4.1.4 Other []
(please provide details)

4.2 Method of propagating the variety

4.2.1 Vegetative propagation

- (a) cuttings []
- (b) *in vitro* propagation []
- (c) other (state method) []

4.2.2 Seed []

4.2.3 Other []
(please provide details)

Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 Fruit: shape in position A (35) old(22)		
ovate		1[]
oblong elongated	Cornezuelo de Jean	2[]
elliptic	Lechin de Sevilla	3[]
circular globose	Manzanilla de Sevilla	4[]
obovate		5[]
5.2 Fruit: mueron nipple (43) old (30)		
absent or very weakly expressed	Hojiblanca	1[]
present tenuous weakly expressed	Limoncillo, Pajarero	9 2[]
obvious strongly expressed	Limoncillo	3[]
5.3 Fruit: shape of base in position B (46) old 33		
rounded	Carrasqueño de Alcaudete	1[]
truncate	Manzanilla	2[]
cordate depressed	Cañivano Negro	3[]
5.4 Fruit: width of stalk cavity (47) old 34		
narrow	Verdial de Huevar	3[]
medium		5[]
broad	Cañivano Negro	7[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.

Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety
<i>Example</i>	<i>Fruit: color</i>	<i>orange red</i>	<i>orange</i>

Comments:

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety

7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?

Yes [] No []

(If yes, please provide details)

7.2 What is this variety used for?

Fruit [] Ornamental []

7.3 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?

Yes [] No []

(If yes, please provide details)

7.4 Other information

A representative color photograph of the variety should accompany the Technical Questionnaire.

8. Authorization for release

(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?

Yes [] No []

(b) Has such authorization been obtained?

Yes [] No []

If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.

Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination.

9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.

9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:

- | | | |
|---|---------|--------|
| (a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (c) Tissue culture | Yes [] | No [] |
| (d) Other factors | Yes [] | No [] |

Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".

.....

9.3 Has the plant material to be examined been tested for the presence of virus or other pathogens?

Yes []

(please provide details as specified by the Authority)

No []

10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:

Applicant's name

Signature

Date

[End of document]