



## Transformation of Observations and Measurements into Notes for Distinctness and for Variety Descriptions

### Methods to Adjust for Fundamental Assessment Table in QN Characteristics



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## The Context

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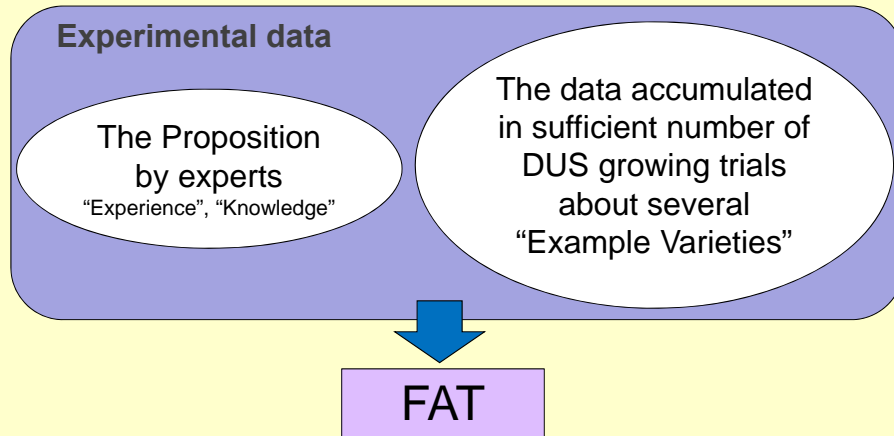
The relative assessment (assessment of note) is generally based on the data of “Example Varieties” in the DUS growing trial at that time.

We know some quantitative characteristics are influenced by the yearly variation.

We seek more effective method to reduce the yearly variation for concerned species which we have examined for many times.



The method with  
**Fundamental Assessment Table (FAT)**



Basically, the FAT is available only for species that had examined in sufficient experience of growing trials about several "Example Varieties".

**FAT**

No.	Characteristics	d.p.	Note	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	Leaf : length	0			40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110
			Range	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
				39	49	59	69	79	89	99	109	~
			Distance		10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
			Median		45	55	65	75	85	95	105	
			Example variety			EV-A		EV-B				
	mm		Remarks									

Note number: 1~9

e.g. Note 5

Range : 70~79 (mm)

Distance : 10 (mm)

Median : 75 (mm)

Example Variety: 'EV-B' ; Note 5



## Type of Methods to Adjust for FAT

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### ·The proportional method

To calculate the proportion of the measured data in the year (PD) to the mean of HD about “Example Varieties”.

The FAT multiplied by the proportion is the assessment table in the year.

### ·The sliding method (for the characteristic with fixed distance)

To calculate the subtraction of the mean of HD from the measured data in the year (PD) about “Example Varieties”.

The FAT added to the subtraction is the assessment table in this time.

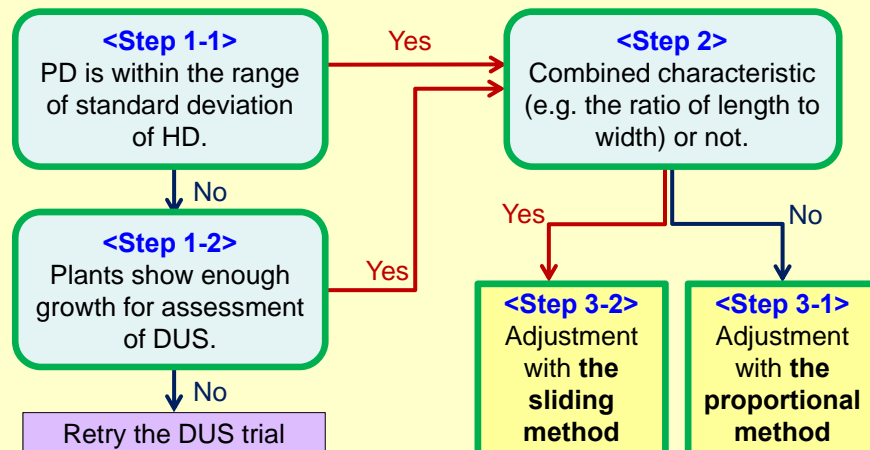
※ PD: Present Data : The data of example varieties (EV) measured in this time

HD: Historical Data: Mean of the data of EV measured in sufficient number of DUS growing trials



## Choosing of Methods to Adjust for FAT

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※ PD: Present Data : The data of example varieties (EV) measured in this time

HD: Historical Data: Mean of the data of EV measured in sufficient number of DUS growing trials



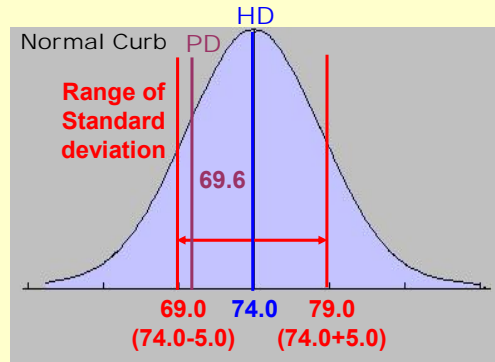
## Step 1 : Is PD in the standard deviation of HD ?

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### Case study 1

e.g. Leaf length: PD is 69.6mm

→ Within the range of standard deviation of HD

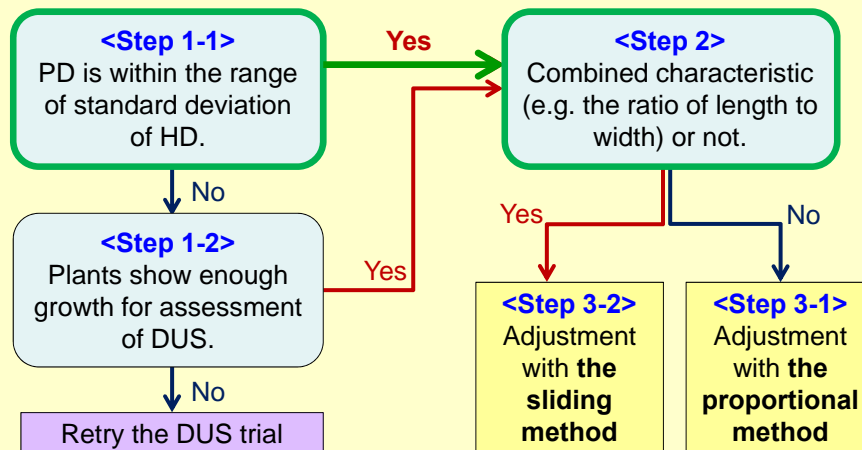


※ PD: Present Data, HD: Historical Data



## Step 1 : Is PD in the standard deviation of HD ?

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※ PD: Present Data : The data of example varieties (EV) measured in this time  
 HD: Historical Data: Mean of the data of EV measured in sufficient number of DUS growing trials



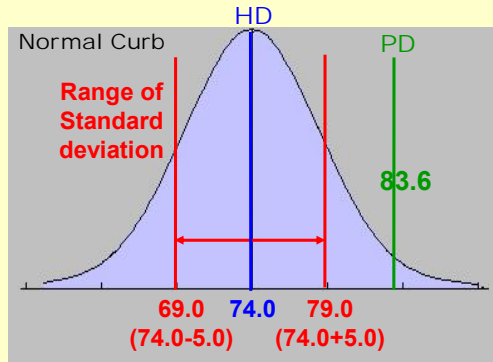
# Step 1 : Is PD in the standard deviation of HD ?

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## Case study 2

e.g. Leaf length: PD is 83.6mm

→ Outside of the range of standard deviation of HD

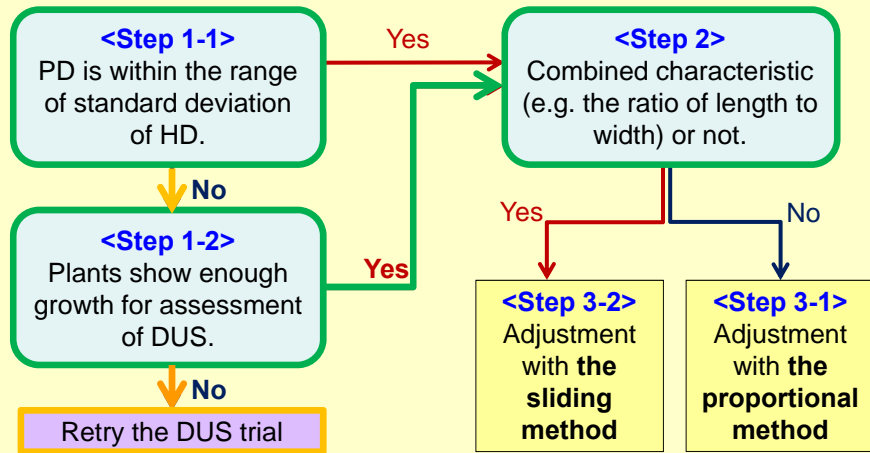


※ PD: Present Data, HD: Historical Data



# Step 1 : Is PD in the standard deviation of HD ?

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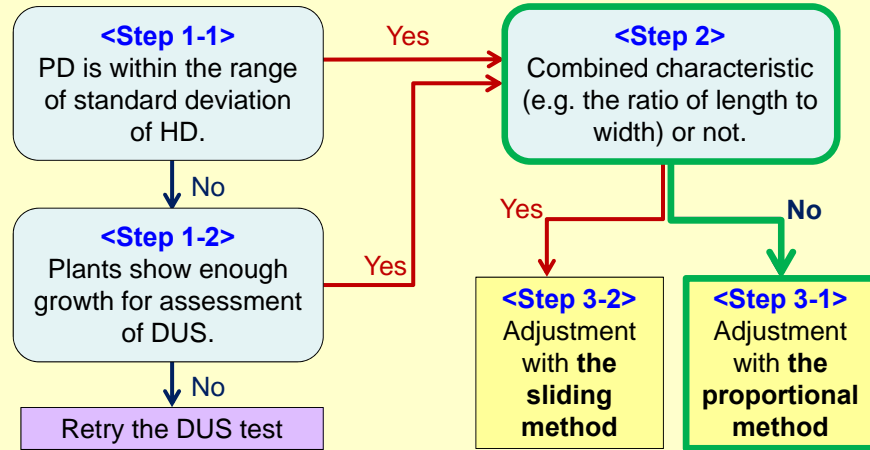


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## Step2: whether characteristic is combined or not?

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※ PD: Present Data : The data of example varieties (EV) measured in this time  
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## Adjustment with the proportional method

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Characteristic: Leaf length  
 e.g. PD : 69.6 (mm) } proportion  
 HD : 74.0 (mm) }  $69.6\text{mm} / 74.0\text{mm} = 0.94$

※ PD: Present Data  
 HD: Historical Data

### FAT

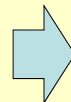
No. Characteristics	d.p.	Note	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10 Leaf : length	0			40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110
		Range	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
		Distance	39	49	59	69	79	89	99	109	
		Median		45	55	65	75	85	95	105	
		Example variety			EV-A		EV-B				
mm		Remarks					69.6				

### Before

Note	5
Range	70
~	~
Distance	79
Median	75
Example variety	EV-B
Remarks	69.6

$$\times 0.94 = 65.8$$

$$\times 0.94 = 74.3$$



### After

Note	5
Range	65.8
~	~
Distance	74.3
Median	70.1
Example variety	EV-B
Remarks	69.6



## Adjustment with the proportional method

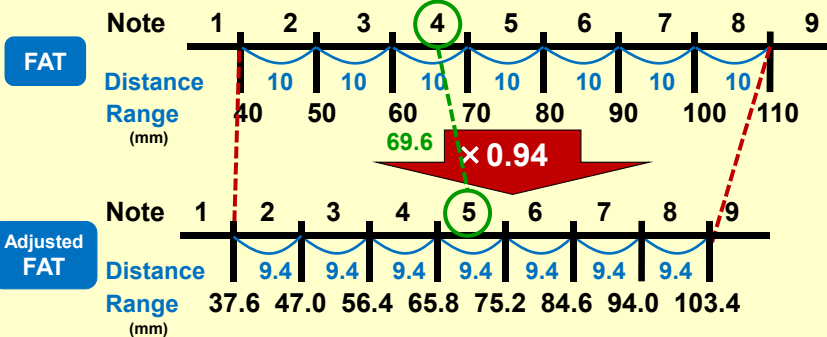
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e.g. Characteristic: Leaf length

PD : 69.6 (mm)

HD : 74.0 (mm)

Proportion:  $69.6\text{mm} / 74.0\text{mm} = 0.94$

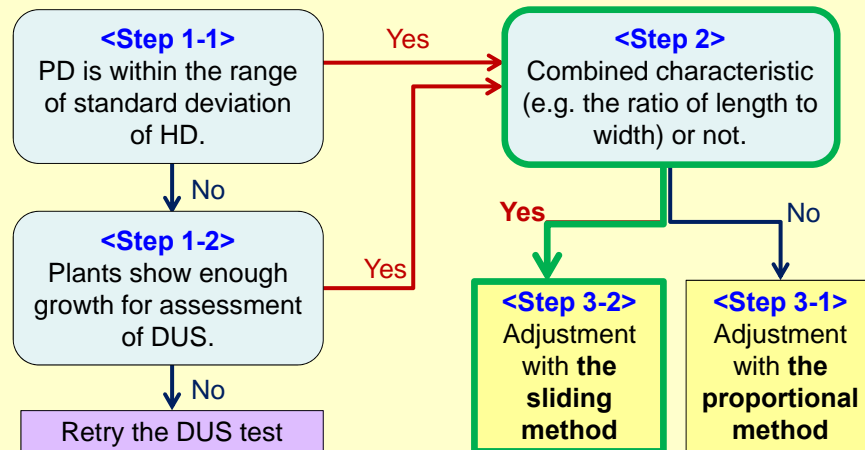


※ PD: Present Data : The data of example varieties (EV) measured in this time  
 HD: Historical Data: Mean of the data of EV measured in sufficient number of DUS growing trials



## Step2: whether characteristic is combined or not?

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※ PD: Present Data : The data of example varieties (EV) measured in this time  
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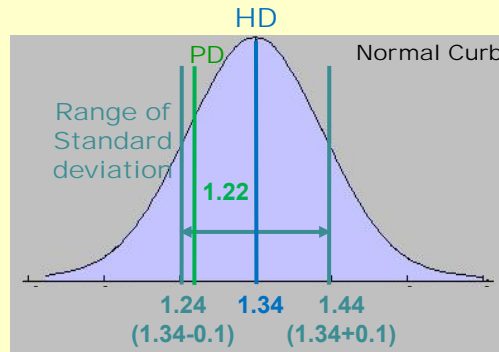
## Step 1 : Is PD in the standard deviation of HD ?

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### Case study 3

e.g. Ratio of leaf length / leaf width: PD is 1.22

→ Within the range of standard deviation of HD



※ PD: Present Data, HD: Historical Data



## Adjustment with the sliding method

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Characteristic: Ratio of leaf length / leaf width

e.g. PD : 1.22

Subtraction

※ PD: Present Data  
HD: Historical Data

HD : 1.34 (Range: 1.24~1.44) }  $1.34 - 1.22 = 0.12$

FAT

No. Characteristics	d.p.	Note	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
12 Leaf : ratio: length/width	2			0.65	0.85	1.05	1.25	1.45	1.65	1.85	2.05
		Range	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
		Distance	0.64	0.84	1.04	1.24	1.44	1.64	1.84	2.04	
		Median		0.75	0.95	1.15	1.35	1.55	1.75	1.95	
		Example variety					EV-B				
ratio		PD					1.22				

Before

Note	5
	1.25
Range	~
	1.44
Distance	0.20
Median	1.35
Example variety	EV-B
PD	1.22

$$-0.12 = 1.13$$

$$-0.12 = 1.32$$

PD ≅ Median

After

Note	5
	1.13
Range	~
	1.32
Distance	0.20
Median	1.23
Example variety	EV-B
PD	1.22





## Adjustment with the sliding method

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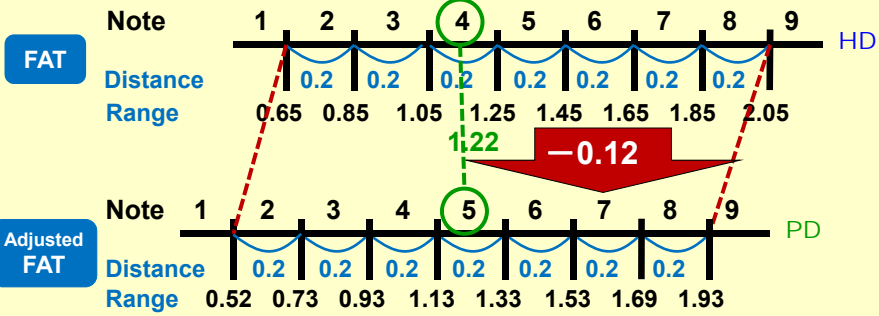
e.g. Characteristic: Ratio of leaf length / leaf width

PD: 1.22

HD: 1.34



Subtraction:  $1.34 - 1.22 = 0.12$



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 HD: Historical Data: Mean of the data of EV measured in sufficient number of DUS growing trials



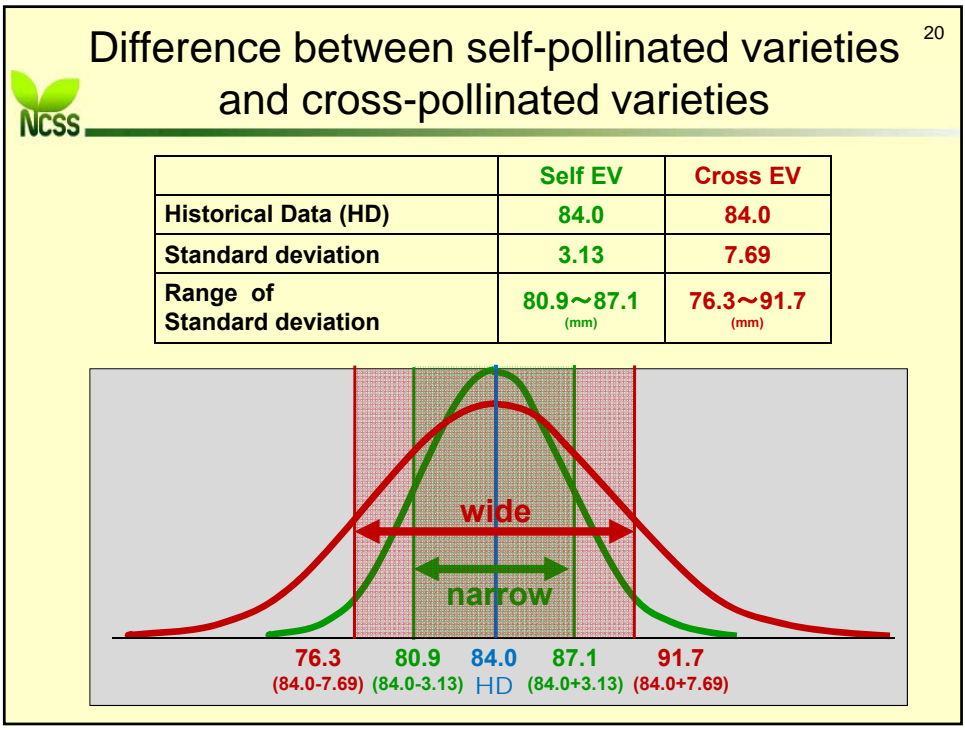
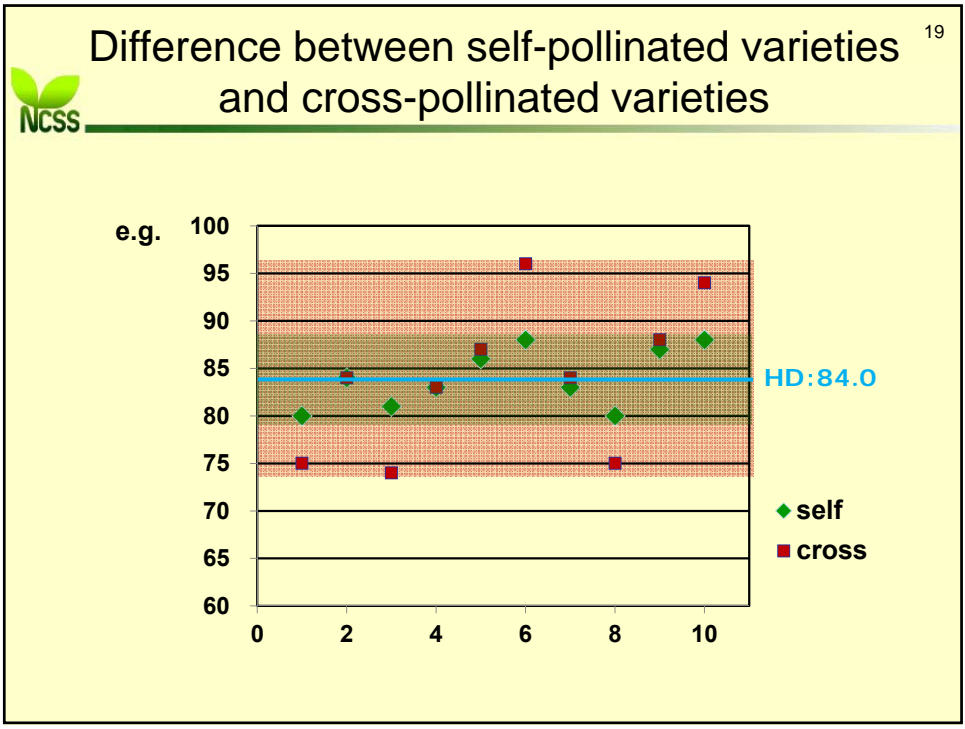
## Methods to Adjust for FAT and Propagation Systems of Plants

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Difference between self-pollinated varieties and cross-pollinated varieties

e.g.

	Self EV	Cross EV
1 <sup>st</sup> year	80	75
2 <sup>nd</sup> year	84	84
3 <sup>rd</sup> year	81	74
4 <sup>th</sup> year	83	83
5 <sup>th</sup> year	86	87
6 <sup>th</sup> year	88	96
7 <sup>th</sup> year	83	84
8 <sup>th</sup> year	80	75
9 <sup>th</sup> year	87	88
10 <sup>th</sup> year	88	94
Historical Data (HD)	same 84.0	= 84.0
Standard Deviation	low 3.13	high < 7.69





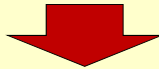
## Coverage of FAT

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The adjustable range changes according to the standard deviation of HD of “Example Varieties”.

Tendency :

- Self-pollinated varieties; narrower adjustable range
- Cross-pollinated varieties; wider adjustable range



The propagation systems of “Example Varieties” are automatically reflected in the adjustable range.

The methods to adjust for FAT can be applied to both self-pollinated varieties and cross-pollinated varieties.

**Thank you very much  
for your attention !**



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