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| International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants |  |

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| Technical Working Party for Agricultural Crops  Forty-Seventh Session  Naivasha, Kenya, May 21 to 25, 2018  Technical Working Party on Automation and Computer Programs  Thirty-Sixth Session  Hanover, Germany, July 2 to 6, 2018  Technical Working Party for Vegetables  Fifty-Second Session  Beijing, China, September 17 to 21, 2018  Technical Working Party for Fruit Crops  Forty-Ninth Session  Santiago de Chile, Chile, November 19 to 23, 2018  Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees  Fifty-First Session  Christchurch, New Zealand, February 18 to 22, 2019 | TWP/2/9  Original: English  Date: May 3, 2018 |

Duration of DUS tests

Document prepared by the Office of the Union

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# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of this document is to report on developments concerning a proposal to amend the guidance in document TGP/7 on duration of DUS testing to clarify that it is possible to terminate a DUS examination as soon as rejection is inevitable, rather than continuing the examination until the end of the normal period.

The TWPs are invited to

(a) consider the proposal to amend guidance in document TGP/7 GN 8 to clarify that “the testing of a variety may be concluded earlier or later at the moment when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test”; and

(b) note that the proposed text for a guidance note (GN8) should be featured as standard or additional wording in Test Guidelines in order to be seen by readers of Test Guidelines.

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ANNEX EXTRACT FROM DOCUMENT TGP/7 “DEVELOPMENT OF TEST GUIDELINES” (ASW 2, ASW 3, GN 8)

The following abbreviations are used in this document:

TC: Technical Committee

TC-EDC: Enlarged Editorial Committee

TWA: Technical Working Party for Agricultural Crops

TWC: Technical Working Party on Automation and Computer Programs

TWF: Technical Working Party for Fruit Crops

TWO: Technical Working Party for Ornamental Plants and Forest Trees

TWV: Technical Working Party for Vegetables

TWPs: Technical Working Parties

# BACKGROUND

Program for development of TGP documents

The Council, at its thirty-fourth extraordinary session, held in Geneva on April 6, 2017, decided to organize a single set of sessions from 2018, in the period of October/November (see document C(Extr.)/34/6 “Report on the decisions”, paragraphs 12 to 14). From 2018, the meetings of the TC would take place on October/November instead of March/April. The TC-EDC would meet twice a year; once in the period of March/April and once in conjunction with the TC sessions later in the year.

Based on the recommendation of the Consultative Committee, the Council decided to adopt the proposals of the TC, at its fifty‑third session, to use contingency measures in the transitional period until the fifty-fourth session of the TC, to be held in October 2018; for TGP documents, the TC-EDC would consolidate comments made by the TWPs at their sessions in 2017 and, in the absence of consensus between the TWPs, to formulate proposals for further consideration by the TWPs at their sessions in 2018.

## Duration of DUS testing

The background to this matter is provided in document TWP/1/11 “Duration of DUS Tests”.

# DEVELOPMENTS IN 2017

## Technical Working Parties

The TWA, TWV, TWO, TWF and TWC, at their sessions in 2017, considered document TWP/1/11 “Duration of DUS tests” and the proposed revision of document TGP/7 as follows (see documents TWA/46/10 “Report”, paragraphs 20 and 23; TWV/51/16, paragraphs 26 to 30; TWO/50/14 “Report”, paragraphs 22 to 28; TWF/48/13 “Report”, paragraphs 26 to 36; and TWC/35/21 “Report”, paragraphs 36 to 39):

ASW 2(a):

“3. Method of Examination

“3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

“The ~~minimum~~ duration of tests should [normally]/[typically] be a single growing cycle.

“However, the testing of a variety may be terminated earlier if a negative conclusion on distinctness, uniformity or stability has already been reached.”

“Alternatively, the testing of a variety may be continued if a conclusion on distinctness, uniformity or stability has not been reached after the [normal]/[typical] duration of tests.

ASW 2(b):

“3. Method of Examination

“3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

“The ~~minimum~~ duration of tests should [normally]/[typically] be two independent growing cycles.

“However, the testing of a variety may be terminated earlier if a negative conclusion on distinctness, uniformity or stability has already been reached.”

“Alternatively, the testing of a variety may be continued if a conclusion on distinctness, uniformity or stability has not been reached after the [normal]/[typical] duration of tests.

The TWPs, at their sessions in 2017, agreed that the term “normally” was preferred and should be used throughout the guidance in ASW 2.

The TWA, TWV and TWO agreed that the current standard wording in Test Guidelines allowed the examination of a candidate variety to be terminated earlier in case the differences observed between varieties were so clear that more than one growing cycle was not necessary.

The TWV and the TWF agreed that the reference to a negative conclusion should be deleted as it remains exceptional cases, and that in most of the cases the testing of a variety may be terminated with a positive conclusion on DUS.

The TWA and TWV agreed that it should be possible to terminate earlier the examination of a candidate variety (e.g. during the establishment period of the trial).

The TWO and TWF agreed that it should also be possible to terminate the examination of a candidate variety before the normal duration for reasons other than having achieved a conclusion on DUS examination, such as when there were problems with the plant material submitted.

The TWC noted the different views expressed by the TWA, TWV, TWO and TWF in relation to the text in Additional Standard Wording (ASW) 2 and Guidance Note (GN) 8 and agreed that it should be possible for the authority to terminate examination when the outcome of the test was determined.

The TWO agreed that the term “growing cycle” was not precise for explaining the duration of DUS examination as it referred primarily to the life cycle of a crop. The TWO agreed to consider the possibility of replacing the term “growing cycle” by “testing cycle” in ASW 2(a) and (b) to clarify that the duration of DUS examination was related to the period of testing of a variety, regardless of the number of life cycles the crop would have completed during DUS examination.

The TWF agreed that in the case of fruit the growing cycle did not necessarily correspond to the life cycle of the crop and acknowledged that there was a difference between the establishment period and the evaluation period.

The TWO welcomed the offer by an expert from the European Union to propose definitions for growing cycle and testing cycle for ornamental plants to be presented at its next session.

The TWA, TWV and TWF agreed to propose that particular situations should be addressed as Guidance Note in document TGP/7 instead of amending the standard wording, clarifying that it is the decision of the Authorities to decide whether or not to terminate the examination earlier.

The TWF agreed to suggest to the TC to keep ASW2 as it is, but to propose to amend the GN 8 as follows (proposed insertion of text indicated by highlighting and underlining):

GN 8 (TG Template: Chapter 3.1.2) – Explanation of the growing cycle

Chapter 3.1 makes reference to the number of growing cycles. In some cases it may be necessary to clarify what is meant by a growing cycle. Additional standard wording has been developed for some situations (see ASW 3).

“The testing of a variety may be concluded earlier or later at the moment when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.”

## Enlarged Editorial Committee

The TC-EDC, at its meeting held in Geneva, on March 26 and 27, 2018, considered document TC‑EDC/Mar18/12 “Duration of DUS tests” (see document TC‑EDC/Mar18/11 “Report”, paragraphs 14 to 16).

The TC-EDC considered the proposal to amend document TGP/7 to clarify that it was the decision of the authorities whether or not to terminate DUS examination before the normal period. The TC-EDC noted that the proposed text for a guidance note (GN8) should be featured as standard or additional wording in Test Guidelines in order to be seen by readers of Test Guidelines.

The TC-EDC noted the possible effect of the number of growing cycles on the quality of variety descriptions and agreed to invite the TWPs, at their sessions in 2018, to consider the following proposal by the TWF (proposed insertion of text indicated by highlighting and underlining):

“GN 8 (TG Template: Chapter 3.1.2) – Explanation of the growing cycle

“Chapter 3.1 makes reference to the number of growing cycles. In some cases it may be necessary to clarify what is meant by a growing cycle. Additional standard wording has been developed for some situations (see ASW 3).

“The testing of a variety may be concluded earlier or later at the moment when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.”

*The TWPs are invited to*

*(a) consider the proposal to amend guidance in document TGP/7 GN 8 to clarify that “the testing of a variety may be concluded earlier or later at the moment when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test”; and*

*(b) note that the proposed text for a guidance note (GN8) should be featured as standard or additional wording in Test Guidelines in order to be seen by readers of Test Guidelines.*

[Annex follows]

EXTRACT FROM DOCUMENT TGP/7 “DEVELOPMENT OF TEST GUIDELINES”

ASW 2 (TG Template: Chapter 3.1) – Number of growing cycles

(a) Single growing cycle

“The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.”

(b) Two independent growing cycles

“The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.”

ASW 3 (TG Template: Chapter 3.1.2) – Explanation of the growing cycle

(a) Fruit species with clearly defined dormant period

“3.1.2 The growing cycle is considered to be the duration of a single growing season, beginning with bud burst (flowering and/or vegetative), flowering and fruit harvest and concluding when the following dormant period ends with the swelling of new season buds.”

(b) Fruit species with no clearly defined dormant period

“3.1.2 The growing cycle is considered to be the period ranging from the beginning of active vegetative growth or flowering, continuing through active vegetative growth or flowering and fruit development and concluding with the harvesting of fruit.”

(c) Evergreen species with indeterminate growth

The growing cycle is considered to be the period ranging from the beginning of development of an individual flower or inflorescence, through fruit development and concluding with the harvesting of fruit from the corresponding individual flower or inflorescence.

(d) Fruit species

In the case of Test Guidelines covering fruit species, the following sentence may be added in Chapter 3.1:

“In particular, it is essential that the [trees] / [plants] produce a satisfactory crop of fruit in each of the two growing cycles.”

(e) Two independent cycles in the form of two separate plantings

Where appropriate, the following sentence may be added in Chapter 3.1:

“The two independent growing cycles should be in the form of two separate plantings.”

(f) Two independent cycles from a single planting

Where appropriate, the following sentence may be added in Chapter 3.1:

“The two independent growing cycles may be observed from a single planting, examined in two separate growing cycles.”

GN 8 (TG Template: Chapter 3.1.2) – Explanation of the growing cycle

“Chapter 3.1 makes reference to the number of growing cycles. In some cases it may be necessary to clarify what is meant by a growing cycle. Additional standard wording has been developed for some situations (see ASW 3).”

[End of Annex and of document]