

Technical Working Party for Agricultural Crops**TWA/46/8 Add.****Forty-Sixth Session
Hanover, Germany, June 19 to 23, 2017****Original:** English
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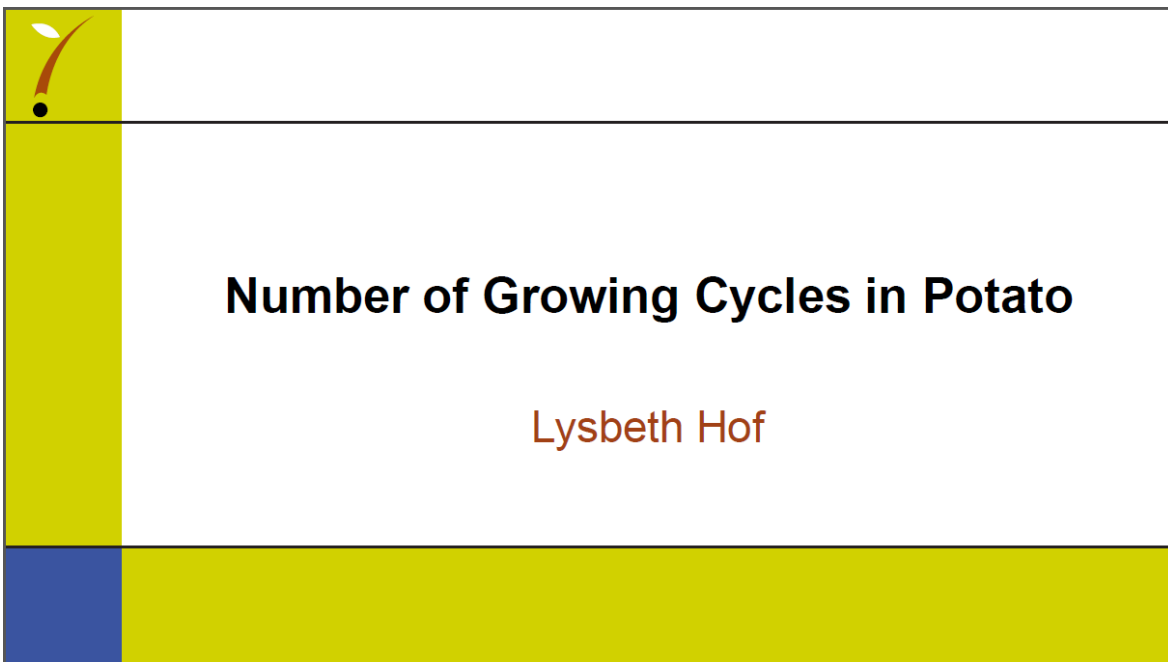
**ADDENDUM TO
IMPACT OF USING DIFFERENT NUMBERS OF GROWING CYCLES ON DUS DECISIONS USING
ACTUAL DATA***Document prepared by the Office of the Union**Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance*


The Annex to this document contains a copy of a presentation on “Number of Growing Cycles in Potato”, prepared by an expert from the Netherlands, to be made at the forty-sixth session of the Technical Working Party for Agricultural Crops (TWA).


[Annex follows]


NUMBER OF GROWING CYCLES IN POTATO

Presentation prepared by an expert from the Netherlands



	<h2 data-bbox="695 222 1036 275">Introduction</h2>
	<ul data-bbox="363 317 1352 541" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="363 317 1352 401">• Question: Is it possible to reduce the number of growing cycles in potato to 1 without loss of quality?<ul data-bbox="375 453 894 541" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="375 453 894 495">– Effect on variety description<li data-bbox="375 495 894 541">– Other practical issues


	<h2 data-bbox="469 968 1263 1020">Effect on Variety Description</h2>
	<ul data-bbox="354 1073 1333 1388" style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="354 1073 1333 1157">• Comparison of description after 1 cycle with description after 2 cycles<li data-bbox="354 1157 1333 1199">• All new applications in period 2013-2016<li data-bbox="354 1199 1333 1241">• All observations by 1 person<li data-bbox="354 1241 1333 1283">• Observations in 2nd year independent of 1st year<li data-bbox="354 1283 1333 1325">• All withdrawn applications deleted<li data-bbox="354 1325 1333 1388">• End total of 117 varieties
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Effect on Variety Description

- Descriptions according to CPVO TP/23/2 (similar to UPOV TG/23/6, minus 5 characteristics)
- 37 char. (33 QN and 4 PQ)
- Nr observations per variety can be smaller than 37:
 - Char 29 and 30 only observed if flowers not white
 - Char 37 only observed if tuber is yellow

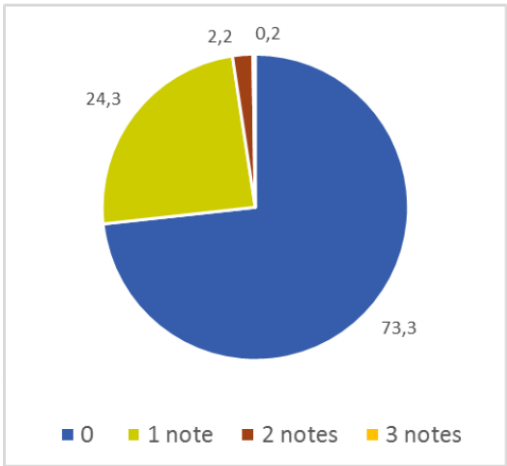
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QN characteristics

Difference between scores after 1st cycle and final scores.
(QN char. only, 3673 obs., 117 var.)

Difference between 1st – final score	number of observations	%
0	2691	73,3
1 note	894	24,3
2 notes	79	2,2
3 notes	9	0,2
	3673	

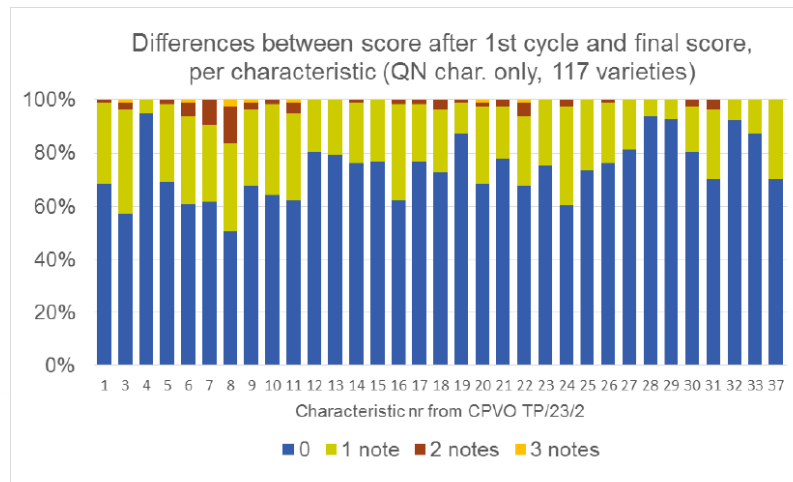


■ 0 ■ 1 note ■ 2 notes ■ 3 notes

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QN characteristics

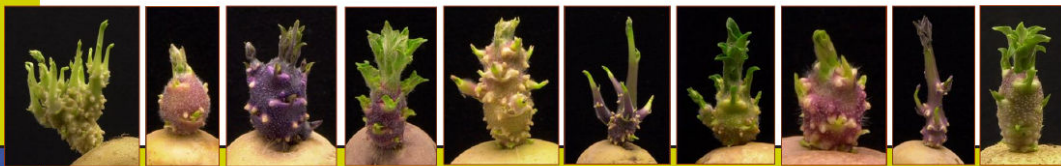


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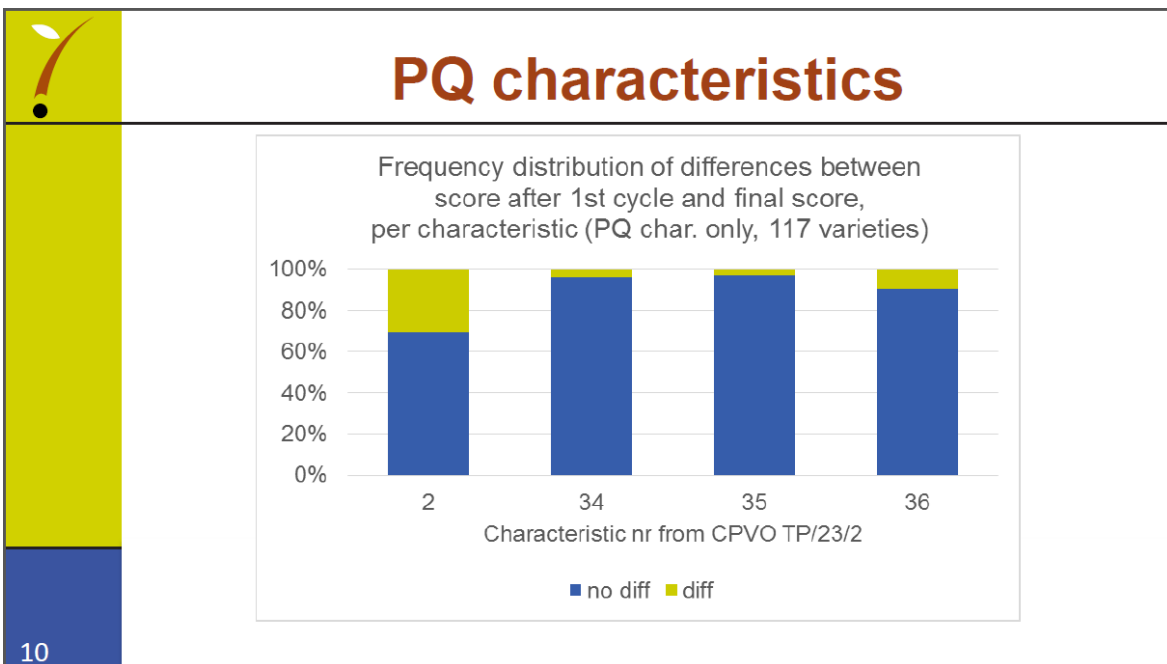
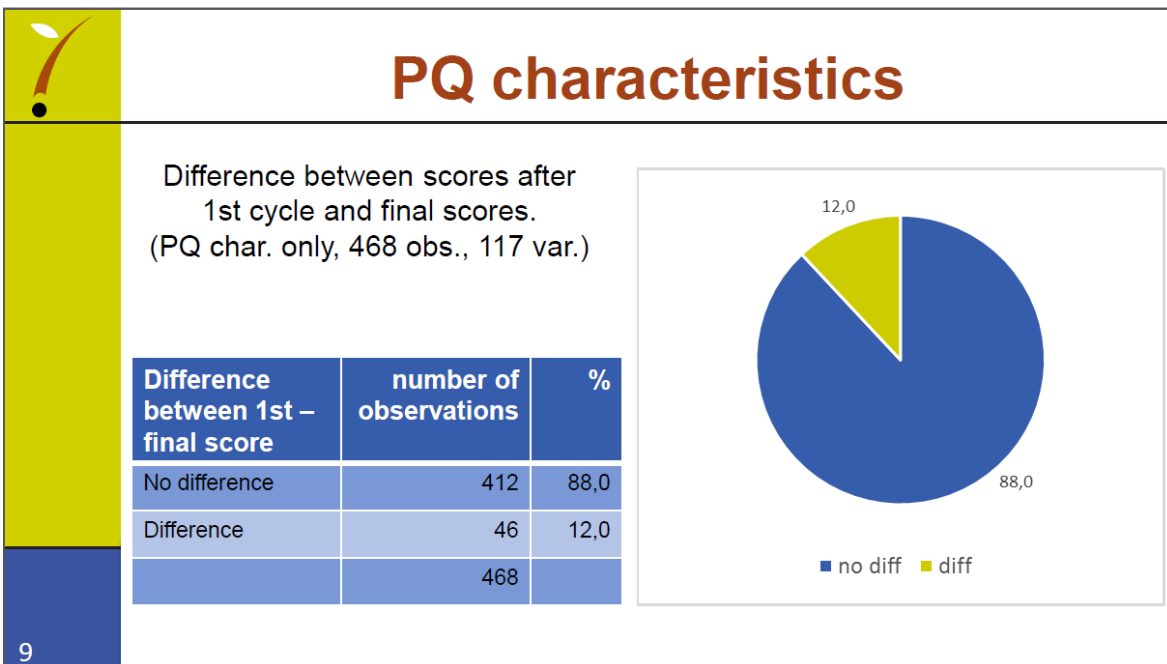


QN characteristics

- Char. 4 (colour of base of lightsprout), 28 (flower colour intensity) and 29 (flower colour) are very stable
- Char 8 (colour of tip of lightsprout) is less stable



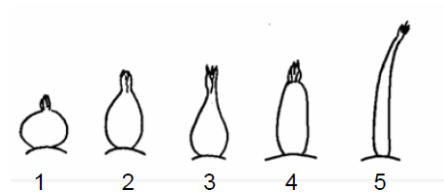
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PQ characteristics

- Char. 34 (Tuber skin colour), and 35 (Tuber base of eye colour) are very stable
- Char 2 (Shape of lightsprout) is less stable



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Effect on Variety Description

- Variety descriptions of potato are slightly adjusted when a second testing year is added
- But how significant/important are those adjustments?

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Variety Descriptions across Europe

In 2005, a ringtest for potato was carried out in Europe:

- 12 varieties
- 12 countries
- Plant material (tubers) of same origin

- Main sources of variation in observations:
 - Location (weather, soil, nutrition etc.)
 - Observer
 - Interactions

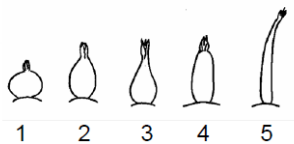
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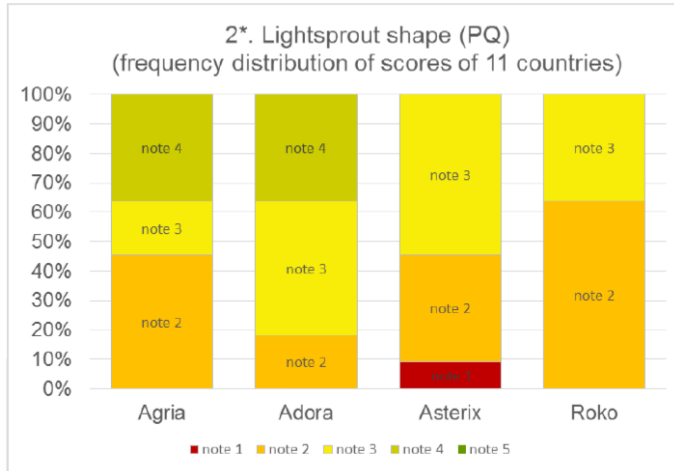
Variety Descriptions across Europe

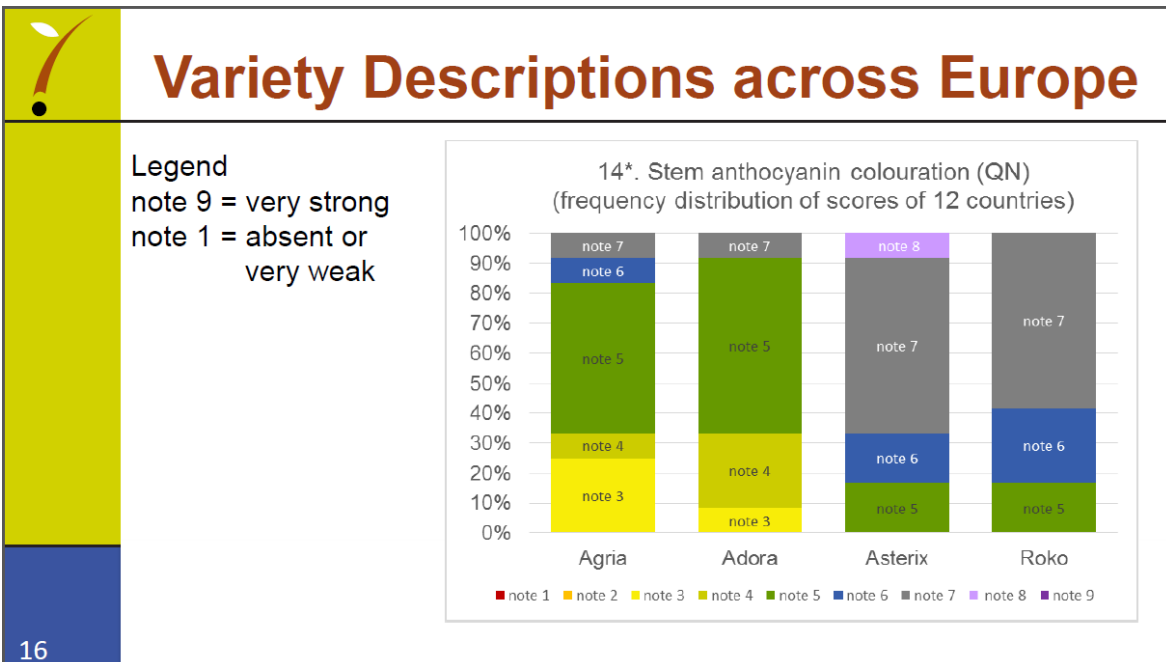
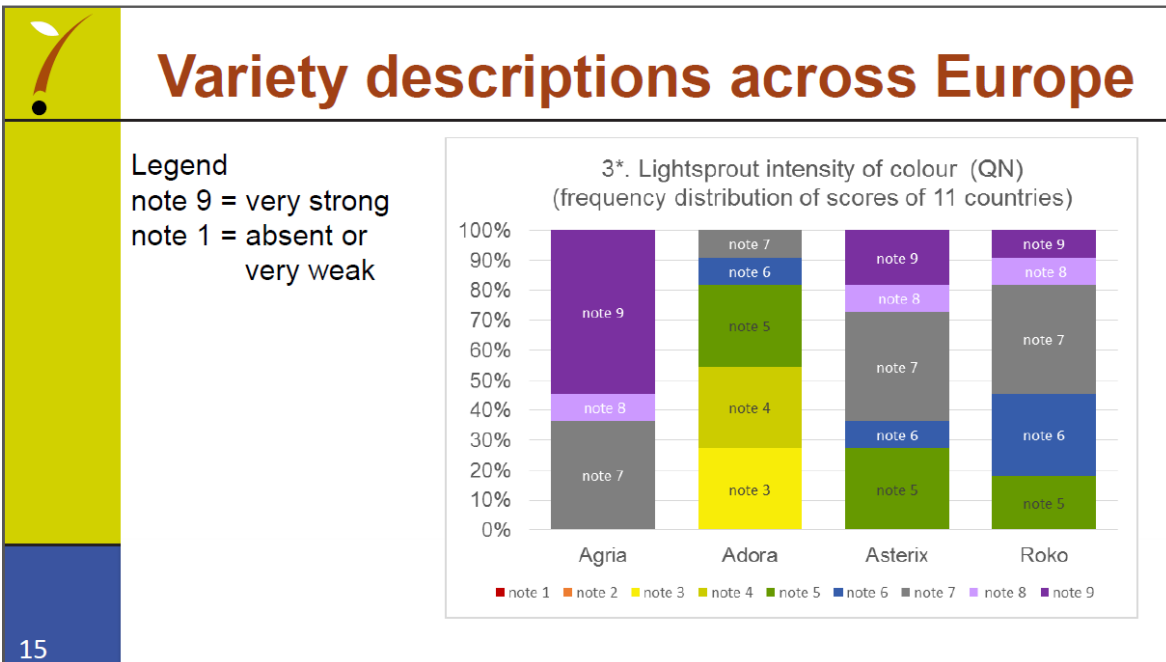
Legend:

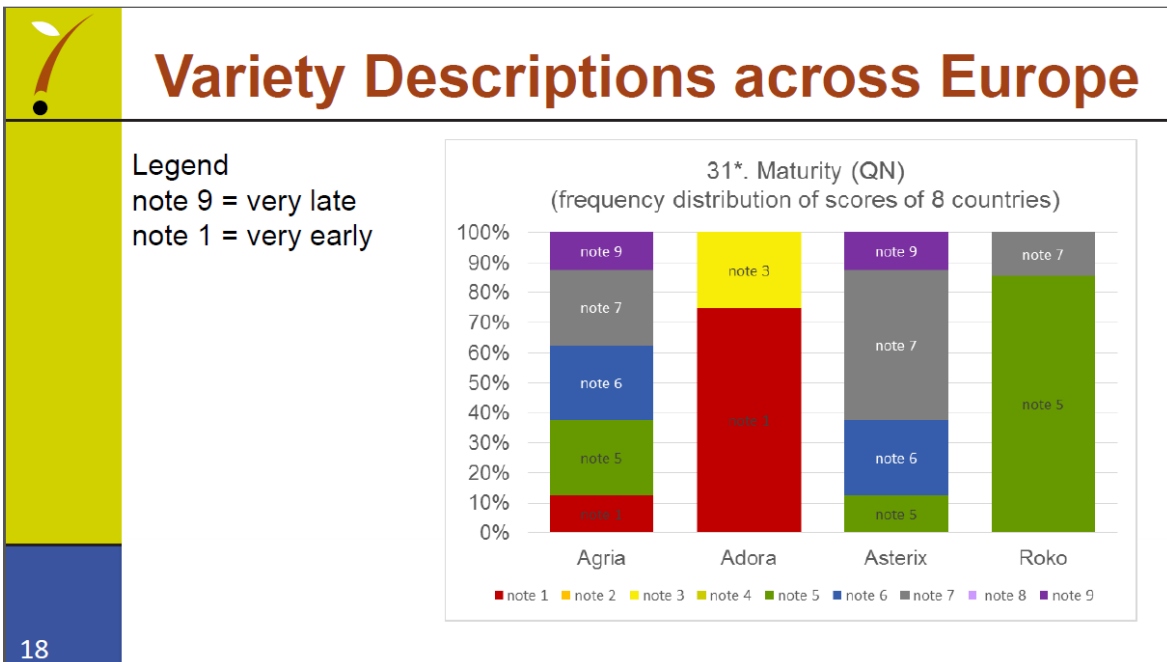
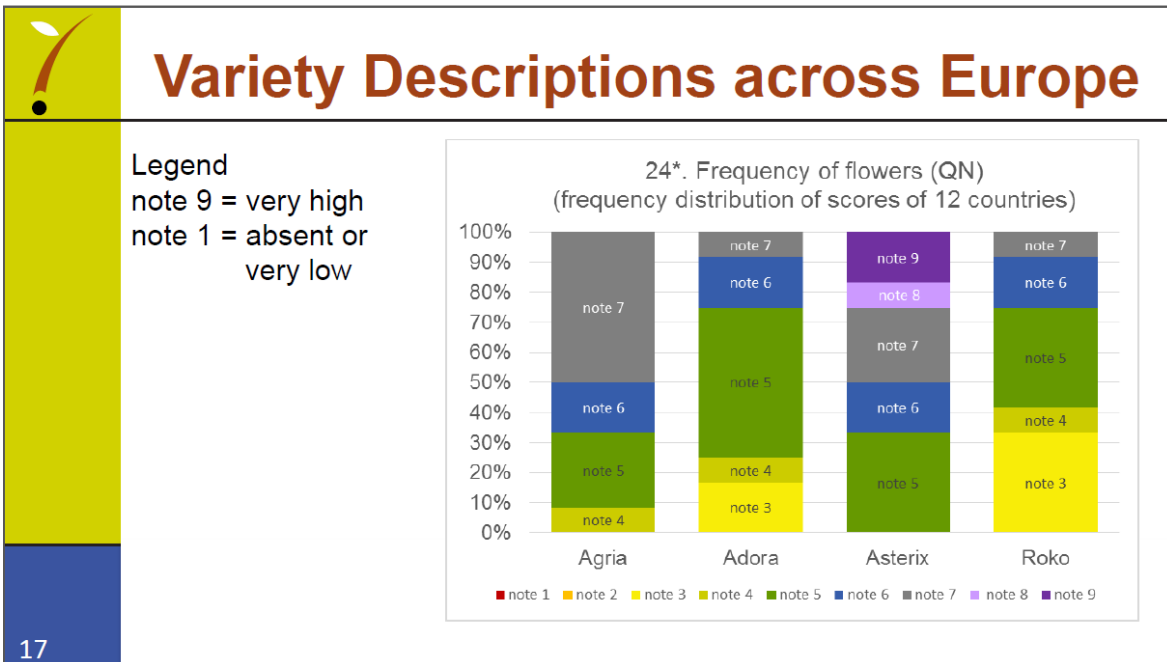
- note 5 = narrow cylindrical
- note 4 = broad cylindrical
- note 3 = conical
- note 2 = ovoid
- note 1 = spherical

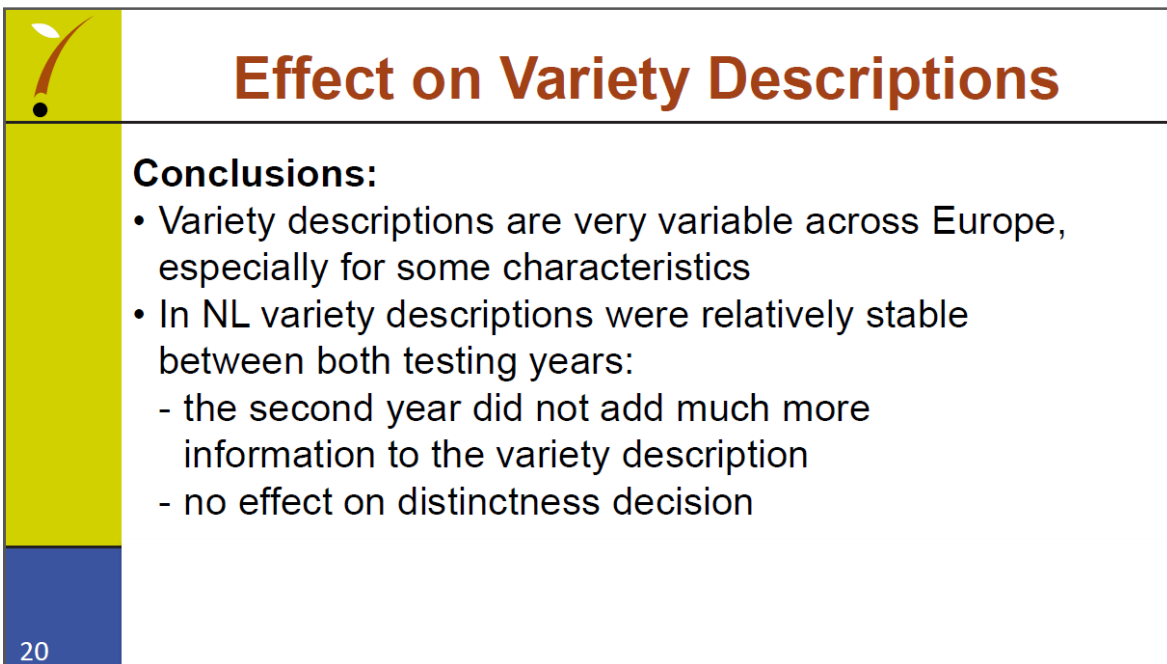
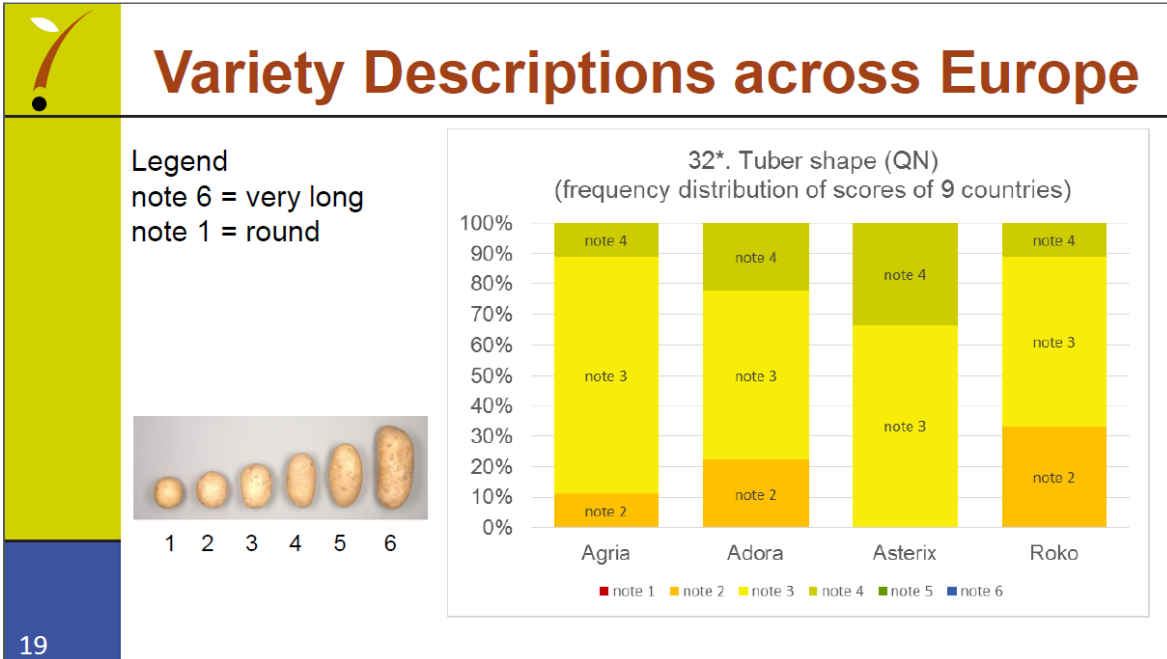


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From 2 cycles to 1?

- Question: Is it possible to reduce the number of growing cycles in potato to 1 without loss of quality?
 - Effect on variety description
 - Other practical issues



Current situation

- All new varieties are tested against morph. database(s) as well as DNA database
- DNA is very useful for selecting genetically close varieties (> 85% Jaccard similarity)
- DNA is very useful as supporting evidence with DUS
- DNA helps finding anomalies fast (wrong sample, mixtures)
- Distinctness and uniformity are rarely a problem in potato



Database morphological char.

- NL database with variety descriptions
- As of 2018: European Common Database with potato descriptions since 2013 of all CPVO entrusted E.O.'s. Only 17 most stable characteristics.

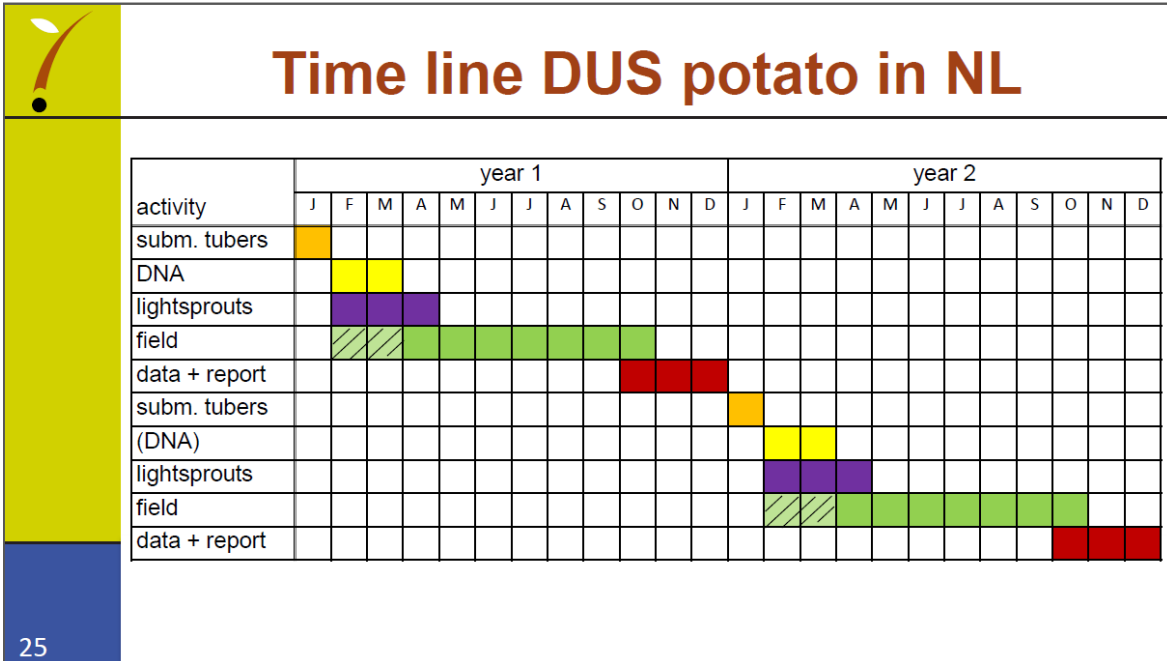
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Database DNA



- In addition: DNA database. In NL part of DUS since 2009.
- Currently \approx 2000 varieties, mainly from Europe
As of 2017 including all available varieties of Common Catalogue
 - 9 SSR markers (\approx 115 alleles in total)
 - Jaccard similarity $<$ 85% = clear genetic difference (based on research evidence)
 - DNA data will be included in European Common Database (morph. char/DNA/lightsprout pictures)

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Practical problems with 1 cycle

- Time schedule: DNA results in March. Field trials already prepared (pre-sprouting of tubers). No changes possible with regard to reference varieties. DNA results currently used for 2nd cycle.
- Some varieties do not (or hardly) flower. Currently extra test in 2nd cycle: cultivation on stone



Practical problems with 1 cycle?

Solutions:

- Shift submission of tubers to Jan 1st (or 15th at the latest)
- Shift DNA test to end of January (results available before planning of trial)
- Put all low frequency flowering varieties in flowering test (based on TQ data) or shift this test to summer/fall

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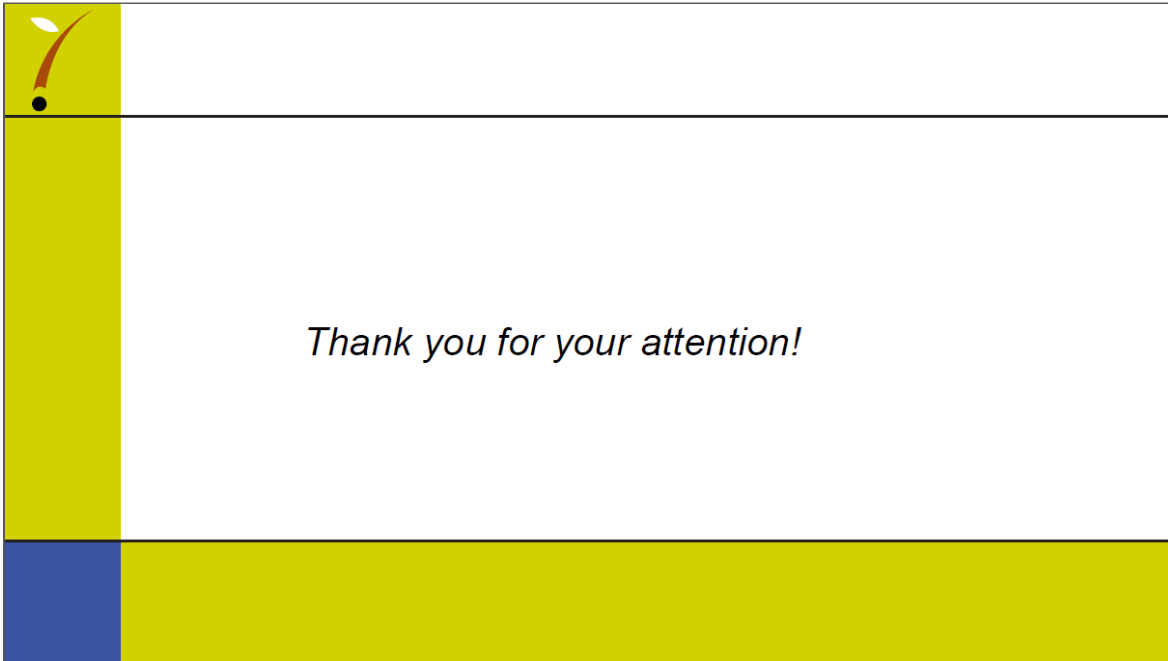


Number of growing cycles in potato?

Conclusion:

- **Q:** can we reduce the number of growing cycles for DUS in potato to 1 without loss of quality?
- **A:** Yes for the majority of varieties, provided that time schedules can be adjusted.
- In case of doubt, add 2nd cycle.
- N.B. VCU will remain 2 yrs!

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[End of Annex and of document]