

TG/224/2(proj.1)
ORIGINAL: English
DATE: 2017-05-05

INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

GINSENG

UPOV Code(s): PANAX GIN

Panax ginseng C.A. Mey.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from the Republic of Korea to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Agricultural Crops at its forty-sixth session, to be held in Hanover, Germany, from 2017-06-19 to 2017-06-23

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative names:*

Ĺ	Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
	Panax ginseng C.A. Mey.	Ginseng	Ginseng	Ginseng	Ginseng

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Panax ginseng C.A. Mey.

2. Material Required

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

200g or 0.4 liters of seed

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should, be stated by the applicant.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

The minimum duration of tests should normally be a single growing cycle.

3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 The optimum stage of development for the assessment of each characteristic is indicated by a number in the second column of the Table of Characteristics. The stages of development denoted by each number are described in Chapter 8.
- 3.3.4 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 60 plants, which should be divided between three replicates.

The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.4 Test Design

- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 60, which should be divided between at least 3 replicates.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of plants or parts of plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 20 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 20 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or nonlinear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 Uniformity

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity of self-pollinated varieties, a population standard of 3% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 60 plants, 4 off-types are allowed.
- 4.3 Stability
- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed or plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

- 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial
- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Stem: intensity of anthocyanin coloration (characteristic 4)
 - (b) Petiole: intensity of anthocyanin coloration (characteristic 8)
 - (c) Berry: time of maturity (characteristic 24)
 - (d) Berry: color (at full maturity) (characteristic 25)
 - (e) Main root: width (characteristic 27)
 - (f) Main root: length (characteristic 28)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 Categories of Characteristics

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

State	Note
small	3
medium	5
large	7

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

<u> </u>	
State	Note
very small	1
very small to small	2
small	3
small to medium	4
medium	5
medium to large	6
large	7
large to very large	8
very large	9

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1 2	3 4		5	6	7			
	Name of characte in Englis	ristics	Nom o caract frança	tère en	Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
	states of expression		types d'expression		Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

1 Characteristic number

2 (*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

3 Type of expression

QL Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
QN Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)

MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

6 (a)-(c) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Growth stage key See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	QN	MS/VG	(+)					•
•	Plant stem	: lenght of main		·				
	short						Yunpoong	3
	mediu	ım					Gumpoong	5
	long						Chunpoong	7
2.	QN	MS/VG				1		
	Plant stem	: diameter of		•				
	thin						Chunpoong	3
	mediu	ım					K-1, Chungsun	5
	thick						Sunpoong, Gopoong	7
3.	QN	VS	(+)			1		
•	have	Stem: rate of plant have more than two stems		,				
	few						Chunpoong	3
	mediu	ım					Kowon	5
	many						Yunpoong	7
4. (*)	QN	VG	(+)					•
	Stem antho	: intensity of ocyanin ation						
	abser	nt or very weak					Gumpoong, Chungsun	1
	weak						Yunpoong, Chunpoong, Kowon, Cheonryang	3
	mediu	ım					Sunpoong, Sunun	5
	strong	9					K-1, Gopoong	7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
5.	PQ	VG						•
	Stem: distribution of anthocyanin coloration on lower and upper part			·				
							Chunpoong	1
		per part only						2
		the whole stem						3
		ver part only					Gopoong	4
6.	QN	MS/VG					·	
		Stem: number of leaflet per stem						
	few							3
	medium						Chunpoong	5
	many						Yunpoong, Suwon	7
7.	QN	MS	(+)				•	
	Petiol	e: length						
	short						Cheonryang	3
	mediu	ım					Gumpoong	5
	long						Kowon	7
8.	QN	VG	(+)				·	
	Petiol antho	le : intensity of cyanin ation						
	absen	t or very weak					Gumpoong, Chungsun	1
	weak		•				Chunpoong	3
	mediu	ım					Cheonryang	5
	strong]					K-1, Gopoong	7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
9.	QN	VG	(+)					•
•		Petiole: attitude in relation to peduncle						
	erect						Chunpoong	1
	semi e	erect					Yunpoong	3
	sprea	ding						5
10.	QN	MS/VG						•
-	Petiol	lule: length						
	short						Yunpoong, Chunpoong, Sunhyang	3
	medium						Gumpoong, Cheonryang	5
	many						Sunpoong	7
11.	QN	VG	(+)	(a)				
	Leaf: stipul	number of es						
	absen	it or very few					Chunpoong	1
	mediu						Suwon	3
	many						Yunpoong	5
12.	QN	VG		(a)				•
·	Leaf: blistering of surface			•				
	weak						K-1	3
	mediu	ım					Gumpoong	5
	strong	 }					Sunun	7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
13.	QN	VG		(a)				"
·	Leaf: green	Leaf: intensity of green color						
	light						Chunpoong	3
	mediu	ım					Yunpoong	5
	dark						Suwon	7
14.	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(b)				
	Leafle	et: length						
	short						Yunpoong	3
	medium						Chunpoong, Kowon	5
	long						Gumpoong	7
15.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)		_		
	Leafle	et: width						
	narrov	N					Chunpoong	3
	mediu	ım					Gopoong	5
	broad						Gumpoong, Sunhyang	7
16.	PQ	VG	(+)	(b)		_		
	Leafle	et: shape						
	narro	w elliptic					Chunpoong	1
	elliptio						Gopoong, Sunhyang	2
	oblon	g					Gumpoong	3
	spatu	late						4

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
17.	QN	VG	(+)	(b)				
		et: shape in						
	concave						Chunpoong	1
	plane						Kowon	2
	conve	X					K-1, Cheonryang	3
18.	QN	VG		(b)			1	
	Leafle margi	et: serration of in		•				
	weak						Chunpoong	3
	mediu	ım					Yunpoong	5
	strong						Sunun	7
19. (*)	QN	MG	(+)					
	Time	of sprout						
	early						Chungsun, Sunpoong, Geumsun	3
	mediu						Yunpoong	5
	late						K-1, Chunpoong, Kowon, Sunun	7
20. (*)	QN	MG	(+)					
	Time of flowering							
	early	early					Sunpoong	3
	mediu	ım					Yunpoong, K-1	5
	late						Chunpoong	7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
21. (*)	QN	VG	(+)					1
	Pedur	ncle: length		:				
	short						Yunpoong	3
	mediu	m					Gumpoong	5
	long						Sunpoong	7
22. (*)	QL	VG	(+)					1
	Inflore	escence: type						
	simple)					Yunpoong	1
	interm	ediate					Gumpoong	2
	compo	ound						3
23. (*)	QN	vs	(+)			1		
	lower	I: attitude of florets(at berry ity stage)						
	semi e	erect					K-1, Gopoong	1
	horizo	ntal					Gumpoong, Chunpoong	2
	semi r	ecurved					Yunpoong	3
24. (*)	QN	MG	(+)					
	Berry	time of maturity						
	early	early					Gumpoong	3
	mediu	m					Yunpoong	5
	late		†				Chunpoong	7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten	Note/ Nota
							Variedades ejemplo	
25. (*)	PQ	VG	(+)					•
	Berry: matur	: color (at full ity)						
	yellow						Gumpoong	1
	pink						Cheonmyeong	2
	orange	е					Chunpoong	3
	red						Yunpoong, K-1, Sunpoong, Kowon	4
26.	PQ	VG	(+)				•	
	Leaf: color at senescence							
	yellow	,					Gumpoong	1
	brown						Chunpoong	2
	red						Yunpoong, K-1, Gopoong	3
27. (*)	QN	MS/VG	(+)	(c)				
	Main	root: width						
	thin							3
	mediu	m					Chunpoong	5
	thick						Yunpoong	7
28. (*)	QN	MS/VG		(c)				
	Main	root: length						
	short						Yunpoong	3
	mediu	m					Gopoong	5
	long		<u> </u>				Gumpoong, Chunpoong	7

		English		français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
29.	PQ	VG		(c)			•	
	Main	root: skin color						
	white						Chunpoong	1
	cream	1					Yunpoong	2
	yellow	1						3
30.	QN	VG	(+)	(c)				
	Main root: rate of rootlet							
	few						Chunpoong	1
	mediu	ım					Sunpoong	2
	many						K-1, Gopoong	3
31.	QL	VG	(+)				•	
	Rhizo	ome: presence of ns						
	abser	absent						1
	prese	nt	†					9

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

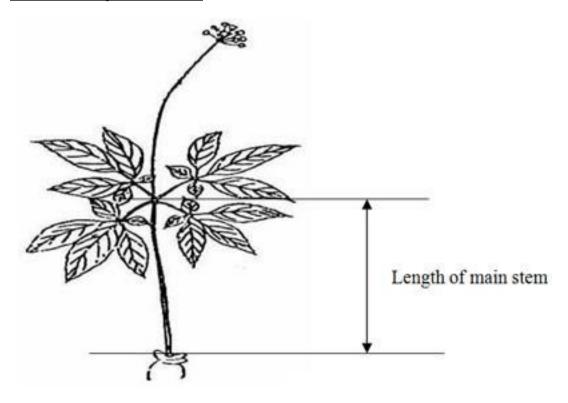
8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Leaf: All observations on the leaf should be made on fully developed leaf
- (b) <u>Leaflet</u>: All observations on the leaflet should be made on the central leaflet
- (c) Main root: All observations on the main root should be made after harvest

8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

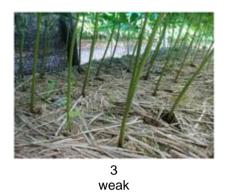
Ad. 1: Plant: lenght of main stem



Ad. 3: Stem: rate of plant have more than two stems



Ad. 4: Stem: intensity of anthocyanin coloration

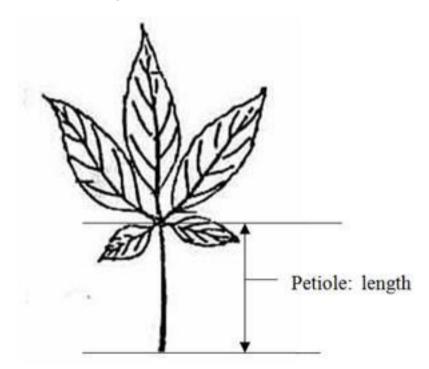




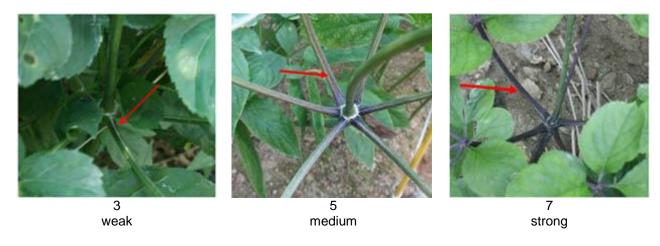


5 7 medium strong

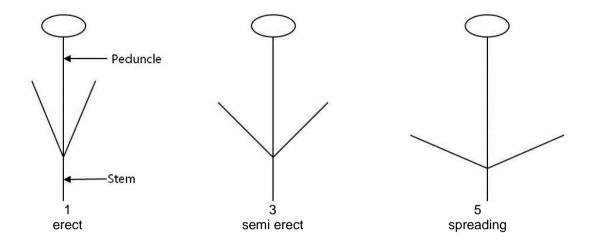
Ad. 7: Petiole: length



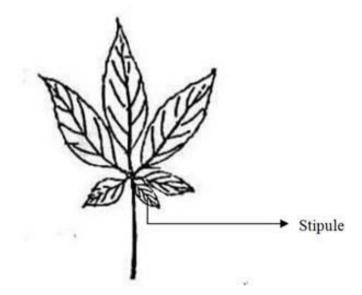
Ad. 8: Petiole: intensity of anthocyanin coloration



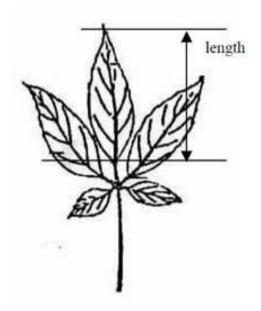
Ad. 9: Petiole: attitude in relation to peduncle



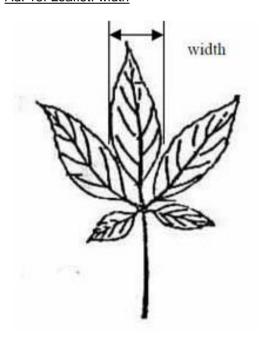
Ad. 11: Leaf: number of stipules



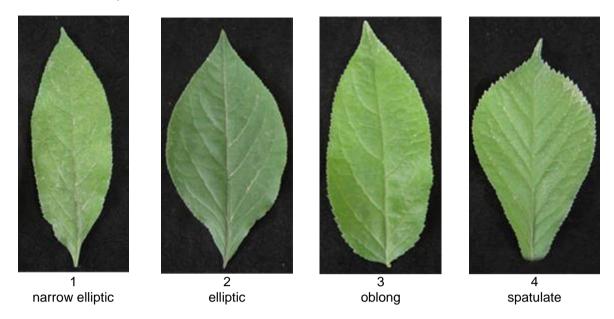
Ad. 14: Leaflet: length



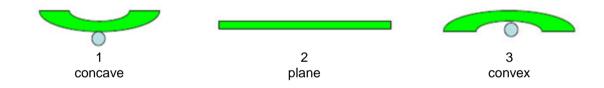
Ad. 15: Leaflet: width



Ad. 16: Leaflet: shape



Ad. 17: Leaflet: shape in cross section



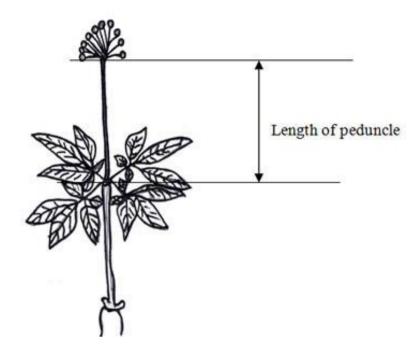
Ad. 19: Time of sprout

Time at which 50% of plants has sprouted up

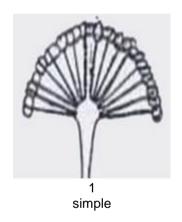
Ad. 20: Time of flowering

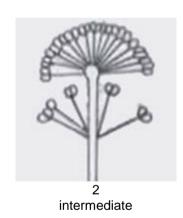
The time at which 50% of the plants flower.

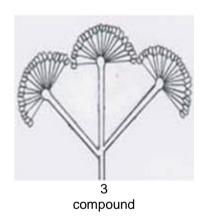
Ad. 21: Peduncle: length



Ad. 22: Inflorescence: type



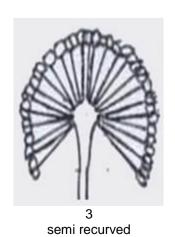




Ad. 23: Umbel: attitude of lower florets(at berry maturity stage)







Ad. 24: Berry: time of maturity

Time at which 50% of plants have berries with mature color.

Ad. 25: Berry: color (at full maturity)

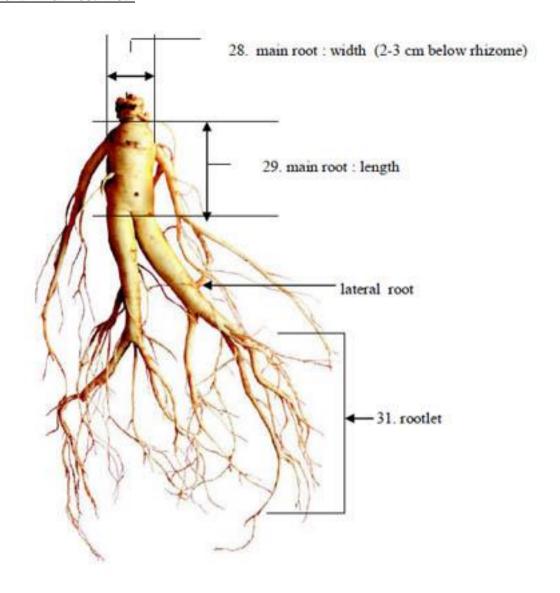


Time at which 50% of plants have berries with mature color.

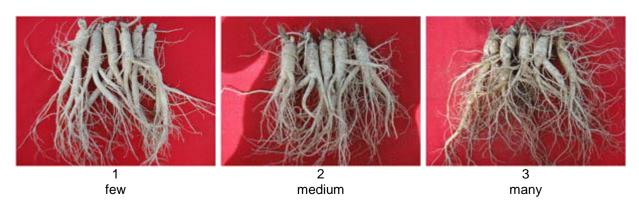
Ad. 26: Leaf: color at senescence



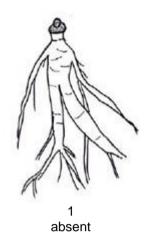
Ad. 27: Main root: width

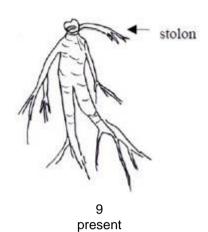


Ad. 30: Main root: rate of rootlet



Ad. 31: Rhizome: presence of stolons





8.3 Life cycle of Ginseng

Growing Year	General Description
1	One leaf with three leaflets
2	Two leaves, each leaf has 5 leaflets
3	Three leaves, each leaf has 5 leaflets
	Flower and rhizome differentiation (around 10 poor florets formed in each umbel)
4	Four leaves, each leaf has 5 leaflets
	Flower and rhizome differentiation (around 40 florets formed in each umbel)
5	Five leaves, each leaf has 5 leaflets
	Flower and rhizome differentiation (around 40 florets formed in each umbel)
6	Six leaves, each leaf has 5 leaflets
	Flower and rhizome differentiation (around 40 florets formed in each umbel)

9. Literature

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W. Scott Persons: "American Ginseng Green Gold," Bright Mountain Books, Inc.

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECHN	NICAL Q	UESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}		Reference Number:	
					Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicar	nt)
			ECHNICAL QUEST nection with an app		IRE for plant breeders' rights	
1.	Subject	of the Technical Questionr	naire			
	1.1	Botanical name	Panax ginseng C.A.	Mey.]
	1.2	Common name	Ginseng]
2.	Applica	nt				
	Name]
	Address]
	Telephone No.]
	Fax No.	. []
	E-mail a	address]
	Breede applicar	r (if different from nt)]
3.	Propose	ed denomination and breed	er's reference			
	Proposed denomination (if available)					
	Breeder's reference					

NICAL QUESTIC	NNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:			
Information on th	formation on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety					
4.1 Breedir	ig scheme					
Variety resulting	from:					
4.1.1 Crossir						
(a) controlle			[]			
	state parent variet	ies)				
(b) partially l	known cross		[]			
	state known paren	t variety(ies))				
(c) unknown	cross		[]			
4.1.2 Mutatio	n		[]			
(please state par						
	ery and developmerere and when disc	ent covered and how develo	[]			
4.1.4 Other			[]			
(please provide o	details)					

TECHNICAL C	QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
4.2 4.2.1	Method of propagating Other	the variety]
4.2.1	(Please provide details)		1

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (4)	Stem: intensity of anthocyanin coloration		
	absent or very weak	Chungsun, Gumpoong	1[]
	weak	Cheonryang, Chunpoong, Kowon, Yunpoong	3[]
	medium	Sunpoong, Sunun	5[]
	strong	Gopoong, K-1	7[]
5.2 (8)	Petiole : intensity of anthocyanin coloration		
	absent or very weak	Chungsun, Gumpoong	1[]
	weak	Chunpoong	3[]
	medium	Cheonryang	5[]
	strong	Gopoong, K-1	7[]
5.3 (24)	Berry: time of maturity		
	early	Gumpoong	3[]
	medium	Yunpoong	5[]
	late	Chunpoong	7[]
5.4 (25)	Berry: color (at full maturity)		
	yellow	Gumpoong	1[]
	pink	Cheonmyeong	2[]
	orange	Chunpoong	3[]
	red	K-1, Kowon, Sunpoong, Yunpoong	4[]
5.5 (27)	Main root: width		
	thin		3[]
	medium	Chunpoong	5[]
	thick	Yunpoong	7[]
5.6 (28)	Main root: length		
	short	Yunpoong	3[]
	medium	Gopoong	5[]
	long	Chunpoong, Gumpoong	7[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:					
6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.							
Denomination(s) of Characteristic variety(ies) similar to your your candidate variety from the similar	variety differs the character	ristic(s) for the the character	e expression of istic(s) for your ate variety				
Example							
Comments:							

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE			Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:		
#7.	Additio	nal information which may he	lp in the examination of the	e variety		
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?					
	Yes	[]	No	[]		
	(If yes,	please provide details)				
7.2	Are th	ere any special conditions for	growing the variety or con	ducting the examination?		
	Yes	[]	No	[]		
	(If yes, please provide details)					
7.3	Other	information				

TEC	HNICA	L QUES	TIONNAIRE	Page {x} of	f {y}	Reference	Number:		
8.	Authorization for release								
	(a)	Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?							
		Yes	[]	No	[]				
	(b)	Has suc	h authorization been	obtained?					
		Yes	[]	No	[]				
	If the	answer to	(b) is yes, please at	tach a copy of t	he authorizat	ion.			
9. In	formati	on on plar	nt material to be exan	nined or submit	ted for exam	ination			
	s and	disease, d	ion of a characteristic chemical treatment (en from different gro	e.g. growth ref	tardants or p				
char has	acterist underg	ics of the one such	rial should not have variety, unless the c treatment, full details ledge, if the plant ma	ompetent authors of the treatme	orities allow on the must be g	or request su iven. In this	ich treatment. respect, pleas	If the plant material	
	(a)	Mici	roorganisms (e.g. vir	us, bacteria, ph	ytoplasma)		Yes []	No []	
	(b)	Che	emical treatment (e.g.	growth retarda	int, pesticide))	Yes []	No []	
	(c)	Tiss	sue culture				Yes []	No []	
	(d)	Oth	er factors				Yes []	No []	
	Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".								
10	- ما ا	vroby doct	are that to the heat a	of my knowled-	o the informa	ation provide	d in this fare:	o correct:	
10.	10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:								
	App	olicant's na	ame						
	Sig	gnature				Date			

[End of document]