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# INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

## DRAFT

## Field Bean

UPOV Code: VICIA\_FAB\_MIN

Vicia faba L. var. minor Harz

#### **GUIDELINES**

## FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

## FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by (an) expert(s) from United Kingdom

to be considered by the

Technical Working Party for Agricultural Crops at its forty-fourth session to be held in Obihiro, Japan, from 2015-07-06 to 2015-07-10

Alternative Names:						
Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish		
Vicia faba L. var. minor Harz, Vicia faba L. var. minuta (hort. ex Alef.) Mansf.	Field Bean, Tick Bean	Féverole	Ackerbohne	Haba, Haboncillo		

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

## **ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS**

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (<a href="www.upov.int">www.upov.int</a>), for the latest information.]

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## 1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Vicia faba L. var. minor Harz.

## 2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

3 kg or 6000 seeds.

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should be stated by the applicant.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

## 3. Method of Examination

- 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles
- 3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.
- 3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles should be in the form of two separate plantings.
- 3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 The optimum stage of development for the assessment of each characteristic is indicated by a number in the second column of the Table of Characteristics. The stages of development denoted by each number are described in Chapter 8.
- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 160 plants, which should be divided between at least 2 replicates.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

#### 3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

## 4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

#### 4.1 Distinctness

#### 4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

#### 4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

## 4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

## 4.1.4 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 60 plants or parts taken from each of 60 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants. In the case of observations of parts taken from single plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 1.

#### 4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

## 4.2 Uniformity

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 The assessment of uniformity should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.
- 4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95 % should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 160 plants, 4 off-types are allowed.

In the case of visual observation, uniformity is assessed on the basis of off-types.

In the case of measurements, uniformity should be assessed using an appropriate statistical method.

#### 4.3 Stability

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

## 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
  - (a) Wing: melanin spot (characteristic 7)
  - (b) Plant: growth type (characteristic 25)
  - (c) Dry seed: black pigmentation of hilum (characteristic 36)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

## 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

## 6.1 Categories of Characteristics

## 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

## 6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by \*) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

## 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

State	Note
small	3
medium	5
large	7

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

State	Note
very small	1
very small to small	2
small	3
small to medium	4
medium	5
medium to large	6
large	7
large to very large	8
very large	9

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

## 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

## 6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5	Leaend
().()	Leaena

(*)	Asterisked characteristic	- see Chapter 6.1.2
QL QN PQ	Qualitative characteristic Quantitative characteristic Pseudo-qualitative characteristic	<ul><li>see Chapter 6.3</li><li>see Chapter 6.3</li><li>see Chapter 6.3</li></ul>
MG, N	MS, VG, VS	- see Chapter 4.1.5

- (a)-(b) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.

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# 7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. QN VG 19-61 Foliage: intensity of green colour very light light medium dark very dark					1 2 3 4 5
2. QL VG 19-61 Foliage: greyish hue of green colour absent present					1 9
3. QN MS 50-59 (a) Stipule: length very short short medium long very long					1 2 3 4 5
4. QN MS 50-59 (a) Stipule: width very narrow narrow medium broad very broad				,	1 2 3 4 5

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S. QN MS 50-59 Stipule: length/with ratio very low 1 low 2 medium 3 high 4 very high 5  6. (*) QN MG 60 (+) Time of flowering early 3 medium 5 late 7  7. (*) QL VG 61-65 Wing: metanin spot absent 1 present 9  8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of metanin spot brown 1 black 2 yellow 3 3	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota	
Stipule: length/width ratio           length/width ratio         1           very low         1           medium         3           high         4           very high         5           6. (*) QN MG 60 (+)         ***           Time of flowering         3           early         3           medium         5           late         7           7. (*) QL VG 61-65         ***           Wing: melanin spot         1           present         9           8. (*) PQ VG 61-65         ***           Wing: colour of melanin spot         ***           brown         1           black         2							
very low	Stipule:						
medium	very low					1	
high							
very high 5  6. (*) QN MG 60 (+) Time of flowering early 3 medium 5 late 7  7. (*) QL VG 61-65 Wing: melanin spot absent 1 present 9  8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of melanin spot brown 1 black 1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1							
6. (*) QN MG 60 (+) Time of flowering early 3 medium 5 late 7  7. (*) QL VG 61-65 Wing: melanin spot absent 1 present 9  8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of melanin spot brown 1 black 1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1							
Time of flowering early 3 medium 5 late 7  7. (*) QL VG 61-65 Wing: melanin spot absent 1 present 9  8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of melanin spot brown 1 black 2	very nign					5	
early 3 medium 5 late 7  7. (*) QL VG 61-65 Wing: melanin spot absent 1 present 9  8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of melanin spot brown 1 black 2	6. (*) QN MG 60 (+) Time of flowering	)					
medium 5 7 7 8 8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of melanin spot melanin spot						3	
7. (*) QL VG 61-65 Wing: melanin spot absent 1 present 9  8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of melanin spot brown 1 black 1						5	
Wing: melanin spot absent 1 present 9  8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of melanin spot brown 1 black 1 black 2	late					7	
absent 1 present 9  8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of melanin spot brown 1 black 1 black 2	7. (*) QL VG 61-65						
8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of melanin spot brown 1 1 black 2		ot				1	
8. (*) PQ VG 61-65 Wing: colour of melanin spot brown 1 black 2							
Wing: colour of melanin spot brown 1 black 2	present					3	
brown 1 2	Wing: colour of						
black 2						1	

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English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
9. (*) QL VG 61-65 Standard: anthocyanin coloration absent present					1 9
10. QN VG 61-65 (+) Standard: extent of anthocyanin coloration (if present) small					3
medium large					5 7
11. QN VG 61-65 Standard: intensity of anthocyanin coloration (if present) weak medium					1 2
strong					3
12. QN MS 61-65 (+) Flower: length					
short medium long					3 5 7
13. QN MS 61-65 (+) Standard: length very short					1
short medium large very large					2 3 4 5

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	Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	
		1
		2
		3
		4
		5
		1 2 3 4 5
		1
		2
		3
		4
		5
		valieuades ejempo

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English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota	
17. QN MS 61-65 (+) Wing: width very narrow narrow medium broad very broad					1 2 3 4 5	
18. QN MS 61-65 Wing: length/width ratio very low low medium high very high	h				1 2 3 4 5	
19. QN MS 61-65 ( Leaf: number of leaflets very few few medium many very many	a)				1 2 3 4 5	

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20. (*) QN MS 61-65 (b) Leaflet: length	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
(b) Leaflet: length short						
short	(b)					
medium 5	_					3
long 7  21. (*) ON MS 61-65 (b) Leaflet: width narrow 3 medium 5 broad 7  22. ON MS VS 61- 65 (+) (b) Leaflet: position of maximum width towards tip 1 at middle 2 towards base 3  23. ON MS 61-65 (a) Raceme: number of flowers few 1 medium 2 many 3  24. ON VS 61-69 Stem: anthocyanic coloration (if melanin spot present) weak 3 medium 5 medium 5 medium 5 medium 6 medium 7 melanin spot present) weak 3 medium 5 medium 5 medium 6 melanin spot present) weak 3						
(b) Leaflet: width       3         narrow       5         medium       5         broad       7         22. QN MS VS 61- 65 (+) (b) Leaflet: position of maximum width towards tip 1 1 at middle 2 2 towards base 3       1         23. QN MS 61-65 (a) Raceme: number of flowers few 1 medium 2 many 1 medium 2 many 3        1         24. QN VG 61-69 Stem: anthocyanin coloration (if melanin spot present) melanin spot present) weak medium 3 medium 3 medium 5 medium 5 medium 7 melanin spot present) weak 7 medium 5 medium 7						
narrow         3           medium         5           broad         7           22. QN MS VS 61- 65 (+) (b) Leaflet: position of maximum width towards tip at middle towards base         1           23. QN MS 61-65 (a) Raceme: number of flowers few         3           few         1           medium         2           many         3           24. QN VG 61-69 Stem: anthocyanin coloration (if melanin spot present) weak medium         3           medium         3           medium         3           3         melanin spot present)           weak         3           medium         5	(b)					
medium 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7						2
broad 7  22. QN MS VS 61-65 (+) (b) Leaflet: position of maximum width towards tip 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
65 (+) (b) Leaflet; position of maximum width towards tip						
Raceme: number of flowers few 1 medium 2 many 3  24. QN VG 61-69 Stem: anthocyanin coloration (if melanin spot present) weak 3 medium 3 medium 3 medium 5 medium 5	65 (+) (b) <b>Leaflet: position of</b> <b>maximum width</b> towards tip at middle					2
medium many  2 many  24. QN VG 61-69  Stem: anthocyanin coloration (if melanin spot present) weak medium  3  medium  5	Raceme: number					
many 3  24. QN VG 61-69 Stem: anthocyanin coloration (if melanin spot present) weak 3 medium 3  medium 5						
24. QN VG 61-69 Stem: anthocyanin coloration (if melanin spot present) weak 3 medium 5						
Stem: anthocyanin coloration (if melanin spot present) weak medium  3 medium 5	many					3
medium 5	Stem: anthocyanin coloration (if melanin spot present)					3
						5
	strong					

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English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
25. (*) QL VG 71-81 (+) Plant: growth type					
determinate indeterminate					1 2
26. (*) QN MS 71-81 Plant: length					
short					3
medium					5 7
long					,
27. QN MS 71-81 (+ Stem: thickness	)				
thin					1
medium					2
thick					3
28. QN MS 71-81 (+) Stem: number of nodes	)				
very few					1
few 					2
medium					3
many					4 5
very many					J

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English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
29. (*) QN MS 71-80 (a) Pod: length (without beak) short medium long					3 5 7
30. QN MS 71-80 (a) Pod: width (from suture to suture) narrow medium broad					3 5 7
31. QN MS 71-80 Pod: length/width ratio low medium high					3 5 7
32. QN MS VG 71- 80 (+) (a) Pod: degree of curvature absent or very weak weak medium strong very strong					1 2 3 4 5

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English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
33. QN VG 71-80 ( Pod: Intensity of green colour light	a)				3
medium					5
dark					7
34. QL VG 89 (+) Dry seed: shape					
spherical					1
irregular					2
35. (*) PQ VG 89 Dry seed: colour of testa beige	of				1
grey					2
green black					3 4
36. (*) QN VG 89 (- Dry seed: black pigmentation of hilum	+)				
absent mixed					1 2
present					3
37. (*) QN MG 89 Dry seed: 100 see weight very low	d				1
low					2
medium high					3 4
very high					5

## 8. <u>Explanations on the Table of Characteristics</u>

## 8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Observations should be made at the second flowering node.
- (b) Measurements should be made on the basal pair of leaflets of the leaf at the second flowering node.

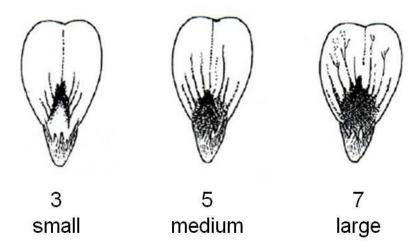
If there is any difference in size between the pairs of leaflets, the largest should be observed.

## 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

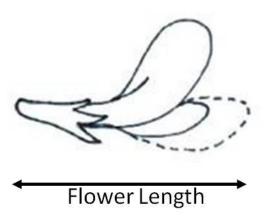
## Ad. 6: Time of flowering

Time of flowering should be recorded as the point at which 50% of the plants have at least one flower.

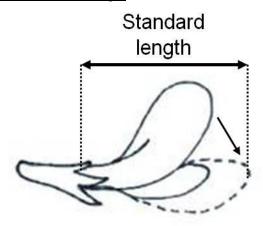
## Ad. 10: Standard: extent of anthocyanin coloration (if present)



## Ad. 12: Flower: length



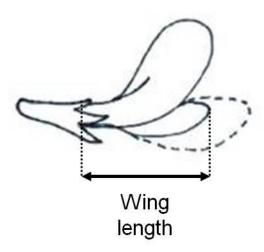
Ad. 13: Standard: length



# Ad. 14: Standard: width

Measurement to be taken at the widest point.

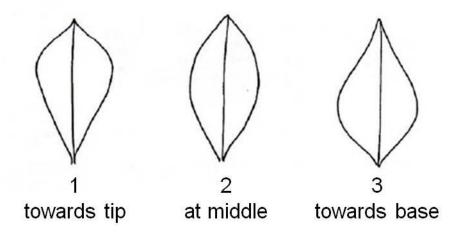
# Ad. 16: Wing: length



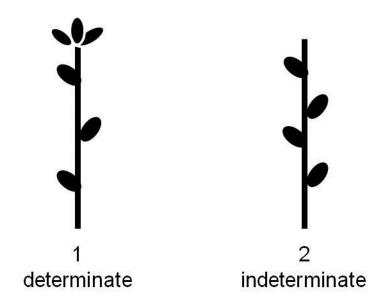
Ad. 17: Wing: width

Measurement to be taken at the widest point.

Ad. 22: Leaflet: position of maximum width



Ad. 25: Plant: growth type



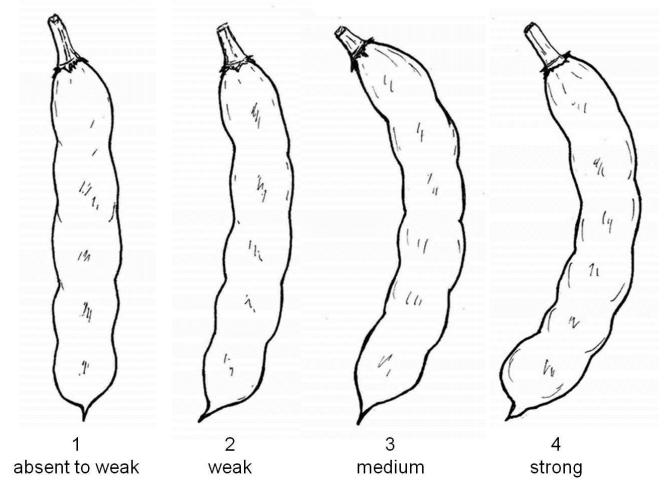
Ad. 27: Stem: thickness

Measurements should be made directly under the second flowering node.

# Ad. 28: Stem: number of nodes

Up to and including the first flowering node.

Ad. 32: Pod: degree of curvature



# Ad. 34: Dry seed: shape

Spherical seed will roll on a level surface. Irregular seed will not.

## Ad. 36: Dry seed: black pigmentation of hilum

Varieties can show variability in respect of this characteristic as a result of their genetic structure. This is acceptable provided that the breeder is able to ensure stability. The states of expression and proportions should be given at the time of application. For these varieties, this characteristic cannot be used to establish distinctness. The state of expression should be described as "mixed" and the proportions of the two states of expression be included in the description.

# 9. <u>Literature</u>

Growth stages table needs to be added.

# 10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TECH	NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:				
	Application date:  (not to be filled in by the applicant)						
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights							
Subject of the Technical Questionnaire							
1.1.1	Botanical Name	Vicia faba L. var. m	inor Harz				
1.1.2	Common Name	Field Bean, Tick Be	ean				
2.	Applicant						
	Name						
	Address						
	Telephone No.						
	Fax No.						
	E-mail address						
	Breeder (if different from applicant)						
	L						
3.	Proposed denomination and bree	der's reference					
	Proposed denomination (if available)						
	Breeder's reference						

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:

Info	rmation on	the br	eeding scheme and propa	gation of	the variety			
4.1	Breedin	g sche	eme					
	Variety	Variety resulting from:						
	4.1.1	Cros	sing					
		(a)	controlled cross (please state parent var	ieties)	[ ]			
	(female pa		)	х	() male parent			
		(b)	partially known cross (please state known par	ent varie	ty(ies))			
	( female pa	rent	)	х	() male parent			
		(c)	unknown cross		[ ]			
	4.1.2	Muta (plea	ation ase state parent variety)		[ ]			
	4.1.3	Disco (plea	overy and development se state where and when	discovere	[ ] ed and how developed)			
	4.1.4	Othe	er ase provide details)		[ ]			

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4.2.1	Seed-propagated varieties	
	<ul> <li>(a) Self-pollination</li> <li>(b) Cross-pollination</li> <li>(i) population</li> <li>(ii) synthetic variety</li> <li>(c) Other</li> <li>(please provide details)</li> </ul>	[ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]
:		:
4.2.2	Other (please provide details)	[ ]

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (7)	Wing: melanin spot		
	absent		1[]
	present		9[]
5.2 (25)	Plant: growth type		
	determinate/1		0[]
	indeterminate/2		0[]

6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties						
Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.						
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the <b>similar</b> variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for <b>your</b> candidate variety			
Example						
Comments:						

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7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety 7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety? Yes [ ] No [ ] (If yes, please provide details) 7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination? Yes [ ] No [ ] (If yes, please provide details) 7.3 Other information 8. Authorization for release Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the (a) environment, human and animal health? [] Yes [ ] (b) Has such authorization been obtained? No [ ] Yes [ ] If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.

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TECHN	NICAL (	QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Nu	umber:			
9.	9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination							
9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.								
9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:								
	(a)	Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bac	teria, phytoplasma)		Yes [ ]	No [ ]		
	(b)	Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)				No [ ]		
	(c)	Tissue culture				No [ ]		
	(d)	Other factors				No [ ]		
	Please	e provide details for where you ha	ave indicated "yes".					
10.	10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:							
	Applicant's name							
	Signature							

[End of document]