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**INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS**  
GENEVA

**TECHNICAL WORKING PARTY  
FOR  
AGRICULTURAL CROPS**

**Thirty-First Session  
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DRAFT TEST GUIDELINES FOR BIRD'S FOOT TREFOIL  
DOCUMENT TG/193/1(PR OJ.2)

*Document prepared by experts from Uruguay*

The attached document TG/193/1(proj.2) already incorporates the standard wording of document TGP/7.2, which was adopted by the Technical Committee at its thirty-eighth session in April 2002, and includes some additional standard wording from document TGP/7.1 Draft 1, also agreed at that session.

[Document TG/193/1(proj.2) follows]



**INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS**  
GENEVA

**BIRD'SFOOT TREFOIL \***  
(*Lotus corniculatus* L.)

**LOTUS PEDUNCULATUS**  
(*Lotus pedunculatus* Cav.)

**LOTUS TENUIS**  
(*Lotus tenuis* WaldstetKit.ex Willd)

**LOTUS SUBBIFLORUS**  
(*Lotus subbiflorus* spp.*subbiflorus*)

**GUIDELINES**

**FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS**

**FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY**

Alternative Names: \*

Latin	English	French	German	Spanish
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i> L.	Bird'sFootTref oil	Lotiercorniculé	Hornschenklee	Lotodelosprados
<i>Lotus pedunculatus</i> Cav.				
<i>Lotus tenuis</i> Waldst. et Kit. ex Willd.	-	-	-	-
<i>Lotus subbiflorus</i>	-	-	-	-

**ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS**

These guidelines should be read in conjunction with document TG/1/3, "General Introduction to the Examination of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability and the Development of Harmonized Descriptions of New Varieties of Plants" (hereinafter referred to as the "General Introduction") and its associated "TGP" documents.

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\* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website ([www.upov.int](http://www.upov.int)), for the latest information.]

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1. SubjectoftheseGuidelines

1.1 These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Lotus corniculatus* L., *Lotus pedunculatus* Cav., *Lotus tenuis* WaldstetKit.ex Willd, & *Lotus subbiflorus* spp.*subbiflorus*. AsinglecombinedTableofC haracteristics has been drawn up for the four species.

2. MaterialRequired

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material to be supplied in the form of seed.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

0,5kg

2.4 The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should be stated by the applicant.

2.5 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.6 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. MethodofExamination

3.1 *DurationofTests*

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.2 *TestingPlace*

The tests should normally be conducted at one place. If any characteristics of the variety, which are relevant for the examination of DUS, cannot be seen at that place, the variety may be tested at an additional place.

3.3 *ConditionsforConductingtheExamination*

The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

In cases in which more than one seed submission is made, a comparison should be made between the initial seed sample and any further seed submission.

### 3.3.1 Type of observation – visual or measurement

The recommended method of observing the characteristic is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics:

M: actual measurement

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

### 3.3.2 Type of plot for observation

The recommended type of plot in which to observe the characteristic is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics:

A: spaced plant

B: row plot

C: special test

## 3.4 Test Design

3.4.1 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.4.2 Each test should include a total of 60 spaced plants and may include row plots.

Plots with spaced plants (A): Each test should consist of 60 single spaced plants per variety arranged in 3 to 4 replicates, i.e. plots of 20 and 15 plants.

Row plots (B): Each test should consist of at least 10 meters of row arranged in 2 to 5 replicates. The density of the seed should be such that about 150 plants per meter can be expected.

### 3.5 Number of Plants/Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations determined by measuring or counting should be made on 60 plants or parts taken from each of 60 plots.

### 3.6 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

#### 4. AssessmentofDistinctness,UniformityandStability

##### 4.1 *Distinctness*

###### 4.1.1 GeneralRecommendations

4.1.1.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.1.2 Characteristics should be measured on each plant in the trial so that a mean value per plot can be obtained; from these data a standard deviation per variety can be derived and the data submitted to a “two -way” analysis of variance. The significance of measured differences should be taken in to account for assessing distinctness and the preparation of descriptions.

###### 4.1.2 ConsistentDifferences

The minimum duration of tests recommended in section 3.1 reflects, in general, the need to ensure that any differences in a characteristic are sufficiently consistent.

###### 4.1.3 ClearDifferences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo -qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

##### 4.2 *Uniformity*

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 The assessment of uniformity for cross -pollinated varieties should be according to the recommendations in the General Introduction.

4.2.3 The variability within the variety should not exceed the variability of comparable varieties already known.

##### 4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results ascertaining those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new seed or plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous materials supplied.

## 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness is aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where reproduced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trials so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Ploidy (characteristic 1)
- (b) Plant: time of inflorescence emergence (characteristic 12)
- (c) Leaf: length of central leaflet (characteristic 13)
- (d) Leaf: width of central leaflet (characteristic 14)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.

## 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

### *6.1 Categories of Characteristics*

#### *6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics*

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

#### *6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics*

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by \*) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

#### *6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

#### *6.3 Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

#### 6.4 Example Varieties

6.4.1 Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.4.2 The name of each example variety is following by an abbreviation of its species:

Lc= *Lotus corniculatus* L.

Lp= *Lotus pedunculatus* Cav.

Lt= *Lotus tenuis* WaldstetKit.ex Willd

Ls= *Lotus subbiflorus* spp.*subbiflorus* )

#### 6.5 Legend

(\*) Asterisked characteristic – see Section 6.1.2

(QL) Qualitative characteristic – see Section 6.3

(QN) Quantitative characteristic – see Section 6.3

(PQ) Pseudo-Qualitative characteristic – see Section 6.3

(+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.

M  
MS  
VG  
VS } Type of observation – see Section 3.3.1

A  
B  
C } Type of plot for observation – see Section 3.3.2

7. TableofCharacteristics/Tableaudescaractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabladecaracteres

Char. No.	Method of Examination	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties	Exemples	Beispielssorten	Variedades ejemplos	Note/ Nota
1. (*)	C	<b>Ploidy</b>	<b>Ploidie</b>	<b>Ploidie</b>	<b>Ploidía</b>					
		diploid	diploïde	diploid	diploide					2
		tetraploid	tétraploïde	tetraploid	tetraploide					4
2.	C MS	<b>Cotyledon:width (when fully expanded)</b>	<b>Cotylédon:largeur (à la fin de l'elongation)</b>	<b>Keimblatt:Breite (wennvoll ausgebildet)</b>	<b>Cotiledón:anchura (cuandoestá completamente expandido)</b>					
		narrow	étroit	schmal	estrecho					3
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio					5
		broad	large	breit	ancho					7
3.	A VS	<b>Leaf:density of hairs(at vegetative stage)</b>	<b>Feuille:densité de lapilosité(austade végétatif)</b>	<b>Blatt:Dichte der Behaarung(im vegetativen Stadium)</b>	<b>Hoja:densidad de la pelosidad(en estadodevegetativo)</b>					
		absent or very sparse	nulle ou très faible	fehlend oder sehr locker	ausente o muy laxa					1
		sparse	faible	locker	laxa					3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media					5
		dense	dense	dicht	densa					7
		very dense	très dense	sehr dicht	muy densa					9
4.	A B VG	<b>Leaf:intensity of green color (as for 3)</b>	<b>Feuille:intensité de la couleur verte (comme pour 3)</b>	<b>Blatt:Intensität der Grünfärbung (wie unter 3)</b>	<b>Hoja:intensidad del color verde (comopara 3)</b>					
		light	claire	hell	claro					3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio					5
		dark	foncée	dunkel	oscuro					7

Char. No.	Methodof Examination	English	français	deutsch	español	ExampleVarieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedadesejemplo	Note/ Nota
5.	A VS	Stem:densityof hairs(asfor3)	Tige:densitédelapilosité (commepour3)	Stengel:Dichteder Behaarung (wieunter3)	Tallo:densidaddelavellosidad (comopara3)		
		absentorverysparse	nulleoutrèslâche	fehlendoder sehr locker	ausenteomuylaxa	1	
		sparse	lâche	locker	laxa	3	
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	5	
		dense	dense	dicht	densa	7	
		verydense	trèsdense	sehrdicht	muydensa	9	
6.	A (*) VG	Plant:growthhabit (asfor3)	Plante:port (commepour3)	Pflanze:Wuchs-form(wieunter3)	Planta:porte (comopara3)		
		erect	dressé	aufrecht	erecto	1	
		semi-erect	demi dressé	halbaufrecht	semi-erecto	3	
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	5	
		semi-postrate	semi-rampant	halbliegend	semipostrado	7	
		postrate	rampant	liegend	postrado	9	
7.	A (*) MS	Plant:width (asfor3)	Plante:largeur (commepour3)	Pflanze:Breite (wieunter3)	Planta:anchura (comopara3)		
		narrow	étroite	schmal	estrecha	3	
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	5	
		broad	large	breit	ancha	7	
8.	A MS	Plant:natural height at inflorescence emergence	Plante :hauteur naturelle à l'épiaison	Pflanze:natürliche Höhe bei Erscheinender Blütenstände	Planta:altura natural ala emergencia de inflorescencia		
		veryshort	trèsbasse	sehrniedrig	muybaja	1	
		short	basse	niedrig	baja	3	
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	5	
		tall	haute	hoch	alta	7	
		verytall	trèshaute	sehrhoch	muyalta	9	

Char. No.	Methodof Examination	English	français	deutsch	español	ExampleVarieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedadesejemplo	Note/ Nota
9.	A B VG	Plant:vigorof wintergro wth VG	Plante:vigueurde lacroissanceen hiver	Pflanze: Wuchsstärkeim Winter	Planta:vigordel crecimiento invernal		
		absentorveryweak	nulleoutrèsfaible	fehlendodersehr gering	ausenteomuydébil		1
		weak	faible	gering	débil		3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio		5
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte		7
10.	AS VS	Flower:budcolor	Bourgeonfloral: couleur	Blütenknospe: Farbe	Capullofloral:color		
		yellow	jaune	gelb	amarillo		1
		orange	orange	orange	anaranjado		2
		red	rouge	rot	rojo		3
11.	A VS	Flowercorolla: color	Fleur:couleurdelac corolle	Blüte:Farbeder Blütenkrone	Flor:colordelac corola		
		yellow	jaune	gelb	amarillo		1
		orange	orange	orange	anaranjado		2
12. (*)	A MS	Plant:timeof inflorescence emergence(when3 inflorescencesho w colorinthefloret)	Plante:époque d'épiaison(quand3 inflorescences présententune couleurdansle fleuron)	Pflanze:Zeitpunkt desErscheinensder Blütenstände(wenn 3Blütenständedie Blütenfarbe anzeigen)	Planta:épocade emergenciadelas inflorescencias (cuando3 inflorescencias presentancolores laflor)		
		veryearly	trèsprécoce	sehrfrüh	muytemprana		1
		early	précoce	früh	temprana		3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
		late	tardive	spät	tarde		7
		verylate	trèstardive	sehrspät	muytarde		9

Char. No.	Methodof Examination	English	français	deutsch	español	ExampleVarieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejempl	Note/ Nota
13. (*)	A MS	Leaf:lengthof centralleaflet(3 <sup>rd</sup> to 4 <sup>th</sup> leaffromendtip oflongeststem)	Feuille:longueurde lafoliolemédiane (3 <sup>e</sup> et4 <sup>e</sup> feuillesà partirdusommetde lapluslonguetige)	Blatt:Längedes mittleren Fiederblatts (3.bis 4.Bla tt vonder Spitzedel längsten Stengels)	Hoja:longituddel folíolo central (3 <sup>ra</sup> y 4 <sup>a</sup> hojaapartirdel ápicedeltallomás largo)		
		short	courte	kurz	corta		3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
		long	longue	lang	larga		7
14. (*)	A MS	Leaf:widthof centralleaflet (asfor13)	Feuille:largeurde lafoliolemédiane (comme pour 13)	Blatt:Breitedes mittlerenFieder - blatts (wie unter 13)	Hoja:anchuradel folíolo central (comopara 13)		
		narrow	étroite	schmal	estrecha		3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
		broad	large	breit	ancha		7
15.	A MS	Stem:lengthof longeststem(when fullyexpanded)	Tige:longueur dela tigelapluslongue (à lafinde l'elongation)	Halm:Längedes längstensHalms (wennvoll ausgebildet)	Tallo:longituddel tallomás largo (cuandoestá completamente expandido)		
		veryshort	très courte	sehr kurz	muy corto		1
		short	courte	kurz	corto		3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio		5
		long	longue	lang	largo		7
		verylong	très longue	sehr lang	muy largo		9
16.	A B VS	Rhizomes	Rhizomes	Rhizome	Rizomas		
		absent	absents	fehlend	ausentes		1
		present	présents	vorhanden	presentes		9
17.	C M	Seed:weightof 1000 seeds	Semence:poidsde 1000 grains	Samen:Tausend - korngewicht	Semilla:pesode 1000 semillas		
		low	faible	niedrig	bajo		3
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio		5
		high	élevé	hoch	alto		7

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

9. Literature

10. TechnicalQuestionnaire

TECHNICALQUESTIONNAIRE	Page{x}of{y}	ReferenceNumber:
		Applicationdate: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
<p style="text-align:center">TECHNICALQUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights</p>		
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire		
1.1 LatinName	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i> L.	
1.2 CommonName	BIRD'SFOOTT REFOIL	
1.3 LatinName	<i>Lotus pedunculatus</i> Cav.	
1.4 CommonName	LOTUSPEDUNCULATUS	
1.5 LatinName	<i>Lotus tenuis</i> WaldstetKit.ex Willd	
1.6 CommonName	LOTUSTENUIS	
1.7 LatinName	<i>Lotus subbiflorus</i> spp. subbiflorus	
1.8 CommonName	LOTUSSUBBIFLORUS	
2. Applicant		
Name		
Address		
TelephoneNo.		
FaxNo.		
E-mailaddress		
Breeder(if different from applicant)		

TECHNICALQUESTIONNAIRE	Page{x}of{y}	ReferenceNumber:
<p>3. Proposeddenominationandbreeder'sreference</p> <p>Proposeddenomination (ifavailable) <input type="text"/></p> <p>Breeder'sreference <input type="text"/></p>		
<p>4. Informationonthebreedingschemeandpropagationofthevariety</p> <p>4.1 BreedingScheme</p> <p>4.2 MethodofPropagatingtheVariety</p> <p>4.2.1 Seed-propagatedvarieties</p> <p>(a) Cross-pollinated</p> <p>(i) population <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(ii) syntheticvariety <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(b) Other <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(please providedetails)</p>		

TECHNICALQUESTIONNAIRE	Page{x}of{y}	ReferenceNumber:
5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines ; please mark the note which best corresponds).		
Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
<b>5.1 Ploidy</b> <b>(1)</b>		
diploid		2[]
tetraploid		4[]
<b>5.2 Plant:time of inflorescence emergence (when 3 inflorescences show color in the floret)</b> <b>(12)</b>		
very early		1[]
early		3[]
medium		5[]
late		7[]
very late		9[]
<b>5.3 Leaf:length of central leaflet (3<sup>rd</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> leaf from end tip of longest stem)</b> <b>(13)</b>		
short		3[]
medium		5[]
long		7[]
<b>5.4 Leaf:width of central leaflet (3<sup>rd</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> leaf from end tip of longest stem)</b> <b>(14)</b>		
narrow		3[]
medium		5[]
broad		7[]



TECHNICALQUESTIONNAIRE	Page{x}of{y}	ReferenceNumber:
<p>7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety</p> <p>7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?</p> <p>7.1.1 Resistance to pests and diseases</p> <p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.1.2 Other</p> <p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.2 Special conditions for the examination of the variety</p> <p>7.2.1 Duration</p> <p>(i) annual <input type="checkbox"/> (ii) perennial <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>7.2.2 Are there any other special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?</p> <p>Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>7.2.3 If yes, please give details:</p> <p>7.3 Other information</p>		

TECHNICALQUESTIONNAIRE	Page{x}of{y}	ReferenceNumber:
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8. Authorization for release

(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?

Yes  No

(b) Has such authorization been obtained?

Yes  No

If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.

9. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:

Applicant's name

Signature  Date

[End of document]