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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS GENEVA

DRAFT

PERILLA

(Perilla frutescens (L.) Britton var. japonica Hara)

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Vegetables at its thirty-seventh session, to be held in Roelofarendsveen, Netherlands, from June 23 to 27, 2003

Alternative Names:

Latin	English	French	German	Spanish
Perilla frutescens (L.) Britton var. japonica Hara	Perilla	Pérille	Perille	Perilla

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These guidelines should be read in conjunction with document TG/1/3, "General Introduction to the Examination of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability and the Development of Harmonized Descriptions of New Varieties of Plants" (hereinafter referred to as the "General Introduction") and its associated "TGP" documents.

^{*} These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Perilla frutescens* (L.) Britton *var. japonica* Hara.

2. Material Required

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

25 g, or 6,000 seeds.

- 2.4 The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. [In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should, be stated by the applicant.]
- 2.5 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.6 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 Duration of Tests

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.2 Testing Place

The tests should normally be conducted at one place. If any characteristics of the variety, which are relevant for the examination of DUS, cannot be observed at that place, the variety may be tested at an additional place.

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

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3.3.1. Type of observation – visual or measurement

The recommended method of observing the characteristic is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics:

- MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants
- MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants
- VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants
- VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

3.4 Test Design

- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 60 plants, which should be divided between 2 replicates.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.
- 3.5 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations should be made on 20 plants or parts taken from each of 20 plants.

3.6 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. <u>Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability</u>

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The minimum duration of tests recommended in section 3.1 reflects, in general, the need to ensure that any differences in a characteristic are sufficiently consistent.

4 1 3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative

manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.2 Uniformity

- 4.2.1. It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 Forr cross-pollinated varieties, the assessment of uniformity should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.
- 4.2.3 For the assessment uniformity for predominantly self-pollinated varieties, a population standard of 2 % and an acceptance probability of at least 95 % should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 60 plants, 3 off-types are allowed.

4.3 Stability

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous material supplied.

4.4 Disease characteristics

When disease resistance characteristics are used for assessing distinctness, uniformity and stability, records must be taken under conditions of controlled infection with a defined pathotype. In the case of resistance to downy mildew each race should be tested separately and the results should also be indicated separately.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness is aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

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- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Seed: color of testa (characteristic 2)
 - (b) Leaf blade: color of upper side (characteristic 11)
 - (c) Leaf blade: color of lower side (characteristic 15)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.
- 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
 - 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic. The variety description should always state whether the tests have been made under normal growing conditions or, if not, under which other temperature and humidity conditions.

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- 6.5 Legend
- (*) Asterisked characteristic see Section 6.1.2
- (QL) Qualitative characteristic see Section 6.3
- (QN) Quantitative characteristic see Section 6.3
- (PQ) Pseudo-qualitative characteristic see Section 6.3
- (a) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8, Section 8.1
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8, Section 8.2

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Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres 7.

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.	Seed: size					
	Small				Bora	3
	Medium				Perro, Saeyeupsil	5
	Large				Daeyeup, Pergro	7
2. (*)	Seed: color of testa					
	White				Daeyeup	1
	Grey					2
	Beige				Pergro	3
	ochre-yellow					4
	Brown				Perro	5
	Purplish					6
3.	Seedling: color					
(*)	Green				Pergro, Perlime	1
	purplish red				Perro, Saeyeupsil	2
4.	Plant: Number o branches (at harvest maturity					
(a)	absent or very few	7				1
	Few				Pergro	3
	medium				Perro, Saeyeupsil	5
	many				Perlime	7
	very many					9
5.	Plant: height					
(a)	short				Dasil	3
	medium				Perro, Saeyeupsil	5
	tall				Pergro	7

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	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
6.	Stem: cross- section					
(a)	circular					1
	ribbed				Perlime, Perro	2
	square				Pergro, Saeyeupsil	3
7.	Stem: hairing	ess				
(a)	absent or very	weak				1
	weak				Perro	3
	medium				Saeyeupsil	5
	strong				Pergro, Perlime	7
	very strong					9
8.	Leaf blade: le	ength				
(a)	short				Perilla red (Sakata)	3
	medium				Perro, Saeyeupsil	5
	long				Pergro	7
9.	Leaf blade: w	vidth				
(a)	very narrow					1
	narrow					3
	medium				Perro, Saeyeupsil	5
	broad				Pergro	7
	very broad				Perlime	9
10.	Leaf blade: s	hape				
(a)	lanceolate					1
	ovate				Perro	2
	circular					3
	heart-shaped				Namchun, Pergro	4

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	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
11. (*)	Leaf blade: color of upper side					
(+) (a)	yellowish green				Saeyeupsil	1
	green				Pergro, Perlime	2
	greyish green					3
	purplish				Perro	4
12.	Leaf blade: intensity of green color of upper side					
(a)	light				Ilyeup	3
	medium				Pergro	5
	dark				Perlime	7
13.	Leaf blade: intensity of purplish color of upper side					
(a)	light					3
	medium					5
	dark				Perro	7
14.	Leaf blade: glossiness of uppe surface	r				
(a)	weak				Pergro, Perlime	3
	medium				Perilla red (Sakata)	5
	strong					7
15. (*)	Leaf blade: color of lower side					
(+) (a)	greenish				Pergro	1
	purplish				Bora, Hojiso, Perro Perlime	2

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	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
16.	Leaf blade: intensity of purplish color lower side	of				
(a)	absent or very l	ight				1
	light				Perlime	3
	medium					5
	dark				Perro	7
	very dark				Bora, Purple	9
17.	Leaf blade: pro	ofile				
(a)	concave				Perro	3
	flat				Pergro, Saeyeupsil	5
	convex					7
18.	Leaf blade: blistering					
(a)	absent or very v	veak				1
	weak				Pergro, Perlime	3
	medium				Perro	5
	strong					7
	very strong					9
19. (*)	Leaf blade: folding of mar	gin				
(+) (a)	absent or very v	veak			Pergro, Perlime	1
	weak					3
	medium				Perro, Saeyeupsil	5
	strong				Perilla red (Sakata)	7
	very strong					9

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	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
20.	Leaf blade: incisions of margin					
(a)	absent or very wea	k				1
	weak					3
	medium				Pergro, Saeyeupsil	5
	strong				Perilla red (Sakata)	7
	very strong				Purple	9
21. (a)	Leaf blade: type of incission of margin					
	crenate					1
	serrate				Pergro, Saeyeupsil	2
	dentate				Perro, Purple	3
22.	Leaf blade: depth of incisions of margin	ı				
(a)	shallow				Pergro	3
	medium				Perlime, Saeyeupsil	5
	deep				Perilla red (Sakata)	7
23.	Inflorescence: position					
	terminal					1
	terminal and axilla	r			Pergro, Saeyeupsil	2
	predominantly axillar				Perro	3
24.	Inflorescence: number of cluster	·s				
	few				Perilla red (Sakata)	3
	medium				Pergro, Saeyeupsil	5
	many					7

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	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
25.	Inflorescence: length of clusters (if almost all flowers open)					
	short				Perilla red (Sakata)	3
	medium				Pergro, Saeyeupsil	5
	long					7
26.	Flower: size					
	small				Pergro	3
	medium				Saeyeupsil	5
	large					7
27.	Flower: color					
	white				Pergro, Saeyeupsil	1
	reddish purple				Bora	3
28.	Flower: intensity of reddish purple color					
	light					3
	medium					5
	dark				Bora	7
29.	Calyx: anthocyanin coloration					
	absent or very wea	ık				1
	weak				Pergro	3
	medium					5
	strong				Bora	7
	very strong					9

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	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
30.	Time of flow	ering				
	early				Dasil	3
	medium				Pergro, Saeyeupsil	5
	late				Perlime	7
31.	Time of matu	ırity				
	early					3
	medium				Pergro	5
	late				Perlime	7
32.	Dry seed: we	ight				
	low					3
	medium				Perro	5
	high				Pergro	7

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

(a) <u>Plant, Stem, Leaf blade</u>: Unless otherwise indicated, all characteristics on the plant, stem and leaf should be recorded on full-grown plants before opening of the first flowers

8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics]

Ad. 11 and 15: Leaf blade: color of upper (11) and lower (15) side







green (11) / green (15)

green (11) / purplish (15)

purplish (11) / purplish (15)

Ad. 19 Leaf blade: folding of margin



absent or very weak

3 weak

5 medium



7 strong

9 very srong

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9. <u>Literature</u>

Brenner, D.M., 1993: "Perilla, Botany, Uses and Genetic Resources," In: J.Janick and J.E. Simon (Eds), New Crops, Wiley, New York. pp. 322-328.

Burgmans, J., Scheffer, J.: "Perilla – an Asian Culinary Herb," Ruakura Agric. Research Center, New Zealand.

Koezuka, Y., Honda, G. Tabata, M., 1985: "Genetic control of anthocyanin production," Shoyakugaku Zasshi 39: 228-231.

Tanaka, T., 1976: "Tanaka's cyclopedia of edible plants of the world," Keigaku Publishing Co., Tokyo

9. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TEC	HNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:				
			Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)				
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights							
1.	Subject of the Technical Que	stionnaire					
	1.1 Latin Name	erilla frutescens (L.) Bi	ritton var. japonica Hara				
	1.2 Common Name P	erilla					
2.	Applicant						
	Name						
	Address						
	Telephone No.						
	Fax No.						
	E-mail address						
	Breeder (if different from app	licant)					
3.	Proposed denomination and b	reeder's reference					
	Proposed denomination (if available)						
	Breeder's reference						

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page $\{x\}$ of $\{y\}$	Reference Number:

		· · · · · ·	38 () ()						
4.	Infor	mation	on the breeding scheme and propagation of	f the variety					
4	4.1	1 Breeding scheme							
		Variety resulting from:							
		4.1.1	Crossing						
			(a) controlled cross (please state parent varieties)	[]					
			(b) partially known cross (please state known parent variety(i	[] es))					
			(c) totally unknown cross	[]					
		4.1.2	Mutation (please state parent variety)	[]					
		4.1.3	Discovery (please state where, when and how developments are the control of the c	nned)					
		4.1.4	Other	[]					
			(please provide details)						
4	4.2	Metho	of propagating the variety						
5.			ics of the variety to be indicated (the number acteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark						
	Cł	naracteris	ics	Example Varieties	Note				
5.1 (2)	Se	ed: colo	of testa						
	wł	nite		Daeyeup	1[]				
	gro	ey			2[]				
	be	ige		Pergro	3[]				
	oc	hre-yello	V		4[]				
	bre	own		Perro	5[]				
	pu	rplish			6[]				

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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page $\{x\}$ of $\{y\}$	Reference Number:

5.2 (3)	Seedling: color			
	green Pergro, Perlime		1[]	
	purplish red	Perro, Saeyeupsil	2[]	
5.3 (11)	Leaf blade: color of upper side			
	yellowish green	Saeyeupsil	1[]	
	green	Pergro, Perlime	2[]	
	greyish green		3[]	
	purplish	Perro	4[]	
5.4 (15)	Leaf blade: color of lower side			
	greenish	Pergro	1[]	
	purplish	Bora, Hojiso, Perro Perlime	2[]	
5.5 (19)	Leaf blade: folding of margin			
	absent or very weak	Pergro, Perlime	1[]	
	weak		3[]	
	medium	Perro, Saeyeupsil	5[]	
	strong	Perilla red (Sakata)	7[]	
	very strong		9[]	

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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x}			of {y}	Reference Number:		
			•			
6. Similar varieties a	and difference	es from the	ese varieties			
Please use the table, any your candidate variety knowledge, is (or are) notes to conduct its examination	differs from th most similar.	he variety This infor	(or varieties ₎ mation may) which, to th help the exan	e best of your	
Denomination(s) of	Characterist				Describe the expression	
variety(ies) similar to	which your c			acteristic(s)	of the characteristic(s)	
your candidate variety	variety differs		for the similar		for your candidate	
	similar vari	ety(ies)		ty(ies)	variety	
Example			(example to	be inserted)	(example to be inserted)	
Comments:						

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TEC	HNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:							
7.	Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety							
7.1	In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?							
	Yes [] No []							
	(If yes, please provide details)							
7.2	Special conditions for the examination of the variety							
	7.2.1 Type of culture							
	 in glasshouse / as a sprout vegetable [] in the open / as an ornamental [] in the open / as an oil seed crop [] 							
	7.2.2 Season of growing							
	- spring [] - summer [] - autumn [] - winter []							
	7.2.3 Are there any other special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?							
	Yes [] No []							
	7.2.4 If yes, please give details:							
7.3	Other information							
A representative color photograph of the variety should accompany the Technical Questionnaire.								

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IEC	HNIC	AL QUE	SHONNAIRE	Page {x}	31 {y}	Reference N	Number.		
8.	8. Authorization for release								
	(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?								
		Yes	[]	No	[]				
	(b)	Has such authorization been obtained?							
		Yes	[]	No	[]				
	If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.								
9.	9. Information on plant material to be examined.								
9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.									
9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:									
	(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) Yes [] No [No []		
	(b)	c) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant or pesticide)				esticide)	Yes []	No []	
	(c) Tissue culture						Yes []	No []	
	(d) Other factors						Yes []	No []	
	Please provide details of where you have indicated "yes".								
······································									
10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:									
	Appl	icant's na	ame						
	Signa	ature				Date			

[End of document]