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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS
GENEVA

DRAFT

CITRUS L. – Group 4

GRAPEFRUIT

and

PUMMELO

**GUIDELINES
FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS
FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY**

Alternative Names:

[See the list of alternative names and corresponding subgroups on page 2]

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These guidelines should be read in conjunction with document TG/1/3, “General Introduction to the Examination of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability and the Development of Harmonized Descriptions of New Varieties of Plants” (hereinafter referred to as the “General Introduction”) and its associated “TGP” documents.

Other associated documents:

CITRUS L. – GROUP 1: TG/MANDA^{*}
CITRUS L. – GROUP 2: TG/ORANG^{*}
CITRUS L. – GROUP 3: TG/LEM-LIM^{*}
CITRUS L. – GROUP 5: TG/PONCI^{*}

*

Final relevant TG's reference to be inserted in due time.

GROUP 4 – ALTERNATIVE NAMES AND CORRESPONDING SUBGROUPS^{}**

<i>Latin</i>	<i>Subgroup</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>French</i>	<i>German</i>	<i>Spanish</i>
<i>Citrus ampullacea</i> hort. ex Tan.	GRA				
<i>Citrus anonyma</i> hort. ex Yu. Tan.	GRA				
<i>Citrus asahikan</i> hort. ex Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus aurantiaca</i> hort. ex Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus flavicarpa</i> hort. ex Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus glaberrima</i> hort. ex Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus grandis</i> (L.) Osbeck	PUM	Pummelo, Shaddock	Pamplemoussier	Pampelmuse	Pummelo
<i>Citrus hassaku</i> hort. ex Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus himekitsu</i> Hort. ex Yu. Tan.	GRA				
<i>Citrus hiroshimana</i> hort. ex Yu. Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus intermedia</i> hort. ex Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus iwaikan</i> hort. ex Yu. Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus kotokan</i> Hayata	GRA				
<i>Citrus maxima</i> (Burm.) Merr.	PUM				
<i>Citrus medioglobosa</i> hort. ex Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus miaray</i> Wester	GRA				
<i>Citrus mitsuharu</i> Hort. ex Yu. Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus natsudaidai</i> Hayata	GRA				
<i>Citrus obovoidea</i> hort. ex I. Takah	GRA				
<i>Citrus omikanto</i> hort. ex Yu. Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus otachibana</i> hort. ex Yu. Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus panuban</i> (Wester) Tanaka	PUM				
<i>Citrus paradisi</i> Macfad.	GRA	Grapefruit	Pomelo	Grapefruit	Pomelo, Toronja
<i>Citrus paradisi</i> Macfad. x <i>C. grandis</i> (L.) Osbeck	HGP				
<i>Citrus pseudograndis</i> hort. ex Shirai	PUM				
<i>Citrus pseudogulgul</i> hort. ex Shirai	PUM				
<i>Citrus pseudoparadisi</i> hort. ex Yu. Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus rugulosa</i> hort. ex Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus suizabon</i> Tan.	PUM				
<i>Citrus sulcata</i> hort. ex Tak.	GRA				
<i>Citrus tengu</i> hort. ex Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus tosa-asahi</i> hort. ex Yu. Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus truncata</i> hort. ex Tanaka	PUM				
<i>Citrus yamabuki</i> hort. ex Yu. Tanaka	GRA				
<i>Citrus yuge-hyokan</i> hort. ex Yu. Tanaka	GRA				

^{**} These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Web Site (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Guidelines

1.1 The following Test Guidelines have been developed from the standard Citrus Test Guidelines template. In particular, the Table of Characteristics has been selected from the overall set of citrus characteristics presented in the Annex.

1.2 These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of the following group of the genus *Citrus* L. (Rutaceae), and their hybrids:

Group 4. GRAPEFRUIT AND PUMMELO AND THEIR HYBRIDS

See page 2 for the list of species and their subgroups.

1.3 In the case of hybrids between species within the genus *Citrus* L., the Test Guidelines to be used should be those for which the overall appearance of fruit is most suited. However, if the variety cannot be clearly distinguished from all varieties covered by other Test Guidelines, those other Test Guidelines should also be used to examine the variety.

1.4 In the case of hybrids between species within the genus *Citrus* L., even where the variety is clearly distinguishable from all other varieties covered by other Test Guidelines, it may still be necessary to use additional citrus characteristics to examine the variety. In these circumstances the characteristics from the Test Guidelines covering the parent species, or characteristics from the overall set of citrus characteristics, presented in the Annex, may be particularly useful.

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of bud sticks of 6 to 10 mm in diameter (one year old), each cut just behind a typical fruit or, if required by the competent authorities, one-year-old grafted trees. In the case of rootstock varieties, rooted cuttings or polyembryonic seeds may be required in addition.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

10 bud sticks sufficient to establish 10 plants or,
if required by the competent authorities,
10 one-year-old grafted trees.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease. It should preferably not be obtained from *in vitro* propagation. If it has been produced by *in vitro* propagation this fact must be stated by the applicant.

2.5 The plant material must not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Duration of Tests*

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles. For the purposes of these Test Guidelines, a growing cycle refers to the fruiting cycle.

3.2 *Testing Place*

The tests should normally be conducted at one place. If any characteristics of the variety, which are relevant for the examination of DUS, cannot be seen at that place, the variety may be tested at an additional place.

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination. In particular, a satisfactory crop of fruit must be produced in at least two fruiting cycles. Where necessary for the examination of fruit varieties, a standard specified rootstock should be used for each group.

3.3.2 All observations should be made on plants of the same age not less than 3 years after planting. The age of the plants should be specified.

3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.4.2 Each test should be designed to result in a total of, at least, 5 plants.

3.5 *Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined*

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations determined by measuring or counting should be made on 5 plants or 2 parts taken from each of 5 plants.

3.6 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The minimum duration of tests recommended in section 3.1 reflects, in general, the need to ensure that any differences in a characteristic are sufficiently consistent.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.2 *Uniformity*

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

For the assessment of uniformity a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 5 plants no off-types are allowed.

4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness is aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Fruit: length (characteristic 33)
- (b) Fruit: diameter (characteristic 34)
- (c) Fruit surface: predominant color (characteristic 50)
- (d) Fruit: main color of flesh (characteristic 66)
- (e) Time of maturity of fruit for consumption (characteristic 92).

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic. Each example variety is followed by the abbreviation of its subgroup in brackets.

6.5 Legend

- (*) Asterisked characteristic – see section 6.1.2
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8, Section 8.2
- QL Qualitative characteristic – see section 6.3
- QN Quantitative characteristic – see section 6.3
- PQ Pseudo-Qualitative characteristic – see section 6.3
- c# Corresponding number of characteristic in the citrus overall table of characteristics
- (a)-(h) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8, Section 8.1

6.6 Abbreviations

See page 2 for the list of species and their subgroups.

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracterestes

					Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
English	français	deutsch	español			
1.	Ploidy	Ploidie	Ploidie	Ploidía		
QL	diploid	diploïde	diploid	diploide		2
	triploid	triploïde	triploid	triploide		3
c1.	tetraploid	tetraploïde	tetraploid	tetraploide		4
2. (*) (+)	Tree: growth habit	Arbre: port	Baum: Wuchstyp	Árbol: porte		
PQ	upright	droit	aufrecht	erguido		1
	spreading	étalé	breitbuschig	abierto	Marsh (GRA)	2
c2.	drooping	retombant	hängend	colgante	Oroblanco (HGP)	3
3.	Tree: density of spines	Arbre: densité des épines	Baum: Dichte der Stacheln	Árbol: densidad de las espinas		
QN	absent or sparse	absentes ou éparses	fehlend oder locker	ausente o laxa		1
	intermediate	intermédiaires	mittel	media		2
c3.	dense	denses	dicht	densa		3
4.	Tree: length of spines	Arbre: longueur des épines	Baum: Länge der Stacheln	Árbol: longitud de las espinas		
QN	short	courtes	kurz	cortas		3
	medium	moyennes	mittel	medias		5
c4.	long	longues	lang	largas		7
5. (*)	(a) Young leaf: presence of anthocyanin coloration	Jeune feuille: présence de pigmentation anthocyanique	Junges Blatt: Vorhandensein von Anthocyansfärbung	Hoja joven: presencia de pigmentación antociánica		
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente		1
c6.	present	présente	vorhanden	presente		9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
6.	(a) Young leaf: intensity of anthocyanin coloration	Jeune feuille: intensité de la pigmentation anthocyanique	Junges Blatt: Intensität der Anthocyansäurefärbung	Hoja joven: intensidad de la pigmentación antociánica		
QN	weak	faible	gering	débil		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
c7.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		7
7.	(b) Leaf blade: length (apical leaflet in case of compound leaf)	Limbe: longueur (foliole apicale en cas de feuille composée)	Blattspreite: Länge (apikales Teilblatt bei zusammengefügtem Blatt)	Limbo: longitud (foliolato en caso de hoja compuesta)		
QN	short	court	kurz	corto		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio		5
c10.	long	long	lang	largo		7
8.	(b) Leaf blade: width (as for 7)	Limbe: largeur (comme pour 7)	Blattspreite: Breite (wie für 7)	Limbo: anchura (como para 7)		
QN	narrow	étroit	schmal	estrecho		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio		5
c11.	broad	large	breit	ancho		7
9.	(b) Leaf blade: ratio length/width (as for 7)	Limbe: rapport longueur/largeur (comme pour 7)	Blattspreite: Verhältnis Länge/Breite (wie für 7)	Limbo: relación longitud/anchura (como para 7)		
QN	small	faible	klein	pequeño		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio		5
c12.	large	élévé	groß	grande		7
10.	(b) Leaf blade: shape in cross section (as for 7)	Limbe: forme en section transversale (comme pour 7)	Blattspreite: Form im Querschnitt (wie für 7)	Limbo: forma en sección transversal (como para 7)		
QN	straight or weakly concave	droit ou légèrement concave	gerade oder leicht konkav	recto o ligeramente cóncavo		1
	intermediate	intermédiaire	mittel	intermedio		2
c17.	strongly concave	fortement concave	stark konkav	fuertemente cóncavo		3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplar	Note/ Nota
11.	(b) Leaf blade: twisting	Limbe: torsion	Blattspreite: Drehung	Limbo: torsión		
QN	absent or weak	absente ou faible	fehlend oder gering	ausente o débil		1
	intermediate	intermédiaire	mittel	media		2
c18.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		3
12.	(b) Leaf blade: blistering	Limbe: cloûre	Blattspreite: Blasigkeit	Limbo: abullonado o ampollado		
QN	absent or weak	absente ou faible	fehlend oder gering	ausente o débil		1
	intermediate	intermédiaire	mittel	medio		2
c19.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		3
13.	(b) Leaf blade: intensity of green color	Limbe: intensité de la couleur verte	Blattspreite: Intensität der Grünfärbung	Limbo: intensidad del color verde		
QN	light	claire	hell	claro		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio		5
c20.	dark	foncée	dunkel	oscuro		7
14.	(b) Leaf blade: pubescence on lower side	Limbe: pilosité sur la face inférieure	Blattspreite: Behaarung an der Unterseite	Limbo: pubescencia en el envés		
QN	absent or weak	absente ou faible	fehlend oder gering	ausente o débil		1
	intermediate	intermédiaire	mittel	media		2
c21.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		3
15.	(b) Leaf blade: undula- tion of margin	Limbe: ondulation du bord	Blattspreite: Randwellung	Limbo: ondulación del borde		
QN	absent or weak	absente ou faible	fehlend oder gering	ausente o débil		1
	intermediate	intermédiaire	mittel	media		2
c22.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplos	Note/ Nota
16.	(b) Leaf blade: incisions of margin	Limbe: incisions du bord	Blattspreite: Randeinschnitte	Limbo: incisiones del borde		
PQ	absent	absentes	fehlend	ausentes		1
	crenate	crénelées	gekerbt	crenadas		2
c23.	dentate	dentelées	gezähnt	dentadas		3
17.	(b) Leaf blade: shape of apex	Limbe: forme de l'extrémité	Blattspreite: Form der Spitze	Limbo: forma del ápice		
(+)						
PQ	acuminate	acuminée	mit aufgesetzter Spitze	acuminado		1
	acute	pointue	spitz	agudo		2
	obtuse	obtuse	stumpf	obtuso		3
c24.	rounded	arrondie	abgerundet	redondeado		4
18.	(b) Leaf blade: emargination at tip	Limbe: échancrure à l'extrémité	Blattspreite: Einkerbung an der Spitze	Limbo: emarginado en la parte superior		
(+)						
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente		1
c25.	present	présente	vorhanden	presente		9
19.	(b) Petiole: length	Pétiole: longueur	Blattstiel: Länge	Pecíolo: longitud		
QN	short	court	kurz	corto		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio		5
c26.	long	long	lang	largo		7
20.	(b) Petiole: presence of wings	Pétiole: présence d'ailes	Blattstiel: Vorhandensein von Flügeln	Pecíolo: presencia de alas		
QL	absent	absentes	fehlend	ausentes		1
c27.	present	présentes	vorhanden	presentes		9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplos	Note/ Nota
21.	(b) <u>Varieties with petiole wings present only:</u> Petiole: width of wings	<u>Seulement les variétés présentant des ailes au pétiole:</u> Pétiole: largeur des ailes	<u>Nur Sorten mit vorhandenen Flügel am Blattstiel:</u> Blattstiel: Breite der Flügel	<u>Sólo variedades con alas presentes en el pecíolo:</u> anchura de las alas		
QN	narrow	étroites	schmal	estrechas		3
	medium	moyennes	mittel	medias		5
c28.	broad	larges	breit	anchas		7
22.	(c) Flower bud: (d) presence of anthocyanin coloration	Bouton floral: présence de pigmentation anthocyanique	Blütenknospe: Vorhandensein von Anthocyansärfbung	Yema floral: presencia de pigmentación antociánica		
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente		1
c29.	present	présente	vorhanden	presente		9
23.	(c) Flower bud: (d) intensity of anthocyanin coloration	Bouton floral: intensité de la pigmentation anthocyanique	Blütenknospe: Intensität der Anthocyansärfbung	Yema floral: intensidad de la pigmentación antociánica		
QN	weak	faible	schwach	débil		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
c30.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		7
24.	(c) Flower: diameter of calyx	Fleur: diamètre du calice	Blüte: Durchmesser des Kelches	Flor: diámetro del cáliz		
QN	small	petit	klein	pequeño	Nelruby (GRA), Star Ruby (GRA)	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Oroblanco (HGP)	5
c31.	large	grand	groß	grande	Pomelit (PUM)	7
25.	(c) Flower: length of petal	Fleur: longueur du pétales	Blüte: Länge des Blütenblattes	Flor: longitud del pétalo		
QN	short	court	kurz	corto	Marsh (GRA), Nelruby (GRA), Ruby Henninger (GRA)	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio		5
c32.	long	long	lang	largo	Melogold (HGP), Pomelit (PUM)	7

				Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplar	Note/ Nota
	English	français	deutsch	español	
26.	(c) Flower: width of petal	Fleur: largeur du pétales	Blüte: Breite des Blütenblattes	Flor: anchura del pétalo	
QN	narrow	étroit	schmal	estrecho	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	5
c33.	broad	large	breit	ancho	Melogold (HGP), Pomelit (PUM) 7
27.	(c) Flower: ratio length/width of petal	Fleur: rapport longueur/largeur du pétales	Blüte: Verhältnis Länge/Breite des Blütenblattes	Flor: relación longitud/anchura del pétalo	
QN	small	faible	klein	pequeño	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	5
c34.	large	élevé	groß	grande	7
28.	(c) Flower: length of stamens	Fleur: longueur des étamines	Blüte: Länge der Staubfäden	Flor: longitud de los estambres	
QN	short	courtes	kurz	cortos	3
	medium	moyennes	mittel	medios	5
c35.	long	longues	lang	largos	7
29.	(c) Anther: color	Anthère: couleur	Anthere: Farbe	Antera: color	
PQ	white	blanc	weiß	blanco	1
	light yellow	jaune clair	hellgelb	amarillo claro	2
c38.	medium yellow	jaune moyen	mittelgelb	amarillo medio	3
30.	(c) Anther: viable pollen	Anthère: pollen viable	Anthere: keimfähiger Pollen	Antera: polen viable	
QL	absent	absent	fehlend	ausente	1
c39.	present	présent	vorhanden	presente	9
31.	(c) Style: length	Style: longueur	Griffel: Länge	Estilo: longitud	
QN	short	court	kurz	corto	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	5
c40.	long	long	lang	largo	7

					Example Varieties	
	English	français	deutsch	español	Exemples	Note/ Nota
					Beispielssorten	
32.	Infructescence: clustering of fruits	Fructification: formation de grappes	Fruchtstand: Früchte in Büscheln	Infructescencia: enracimado de los frutos		
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente		1
c43.	present	présente	vorhanden	presente		9
33. (*)	(e) Fruit: length	Fruit: longueur	Frucht: Länge	Fruto: longitud		
QN	short	court	kurz	corto		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Ray Ruby (GRA)	5
c44.	long	long	lang	largo	Pomelit (PUM)	7
34. (*)	(e) Fruit: diameter	Fruit: diamètre	Frucht: Durchmesser	Fruto: diámetro		
QN	small	petit	klein	pequeño		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Melogold (HGP)	5
c45.	large	grand	groß	grande	Chandler (PUM)	7
35. (*)	(e) Fruit: ratio length/diameter	Fruit: rapport longueur/diamètre	Frucht: Verhältnis Länge/Durchmesser	Fruto: relación longitud/diámetro		
QN	small	faible	klein	pequeño	Oroblanco (HGP)	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Melogold (HGP)	5
c46.	large	élevé	groß	grande		7
36. (*)	(e) Fruit: position of broadest part	Fruit: position de la partie la plus large	Frucht: Position des breitesten Teils	Fruto: posición de la parte más amplia		
QN	towards stalk end	vers l'extrémité pédonculaire	zum Stielende hin	hacia el extremo peduncular		1
	at middle	au milieu	in der Mitte	en el medio	Marsh (GRA)	2
c47.	towards distal end	vers la partie distale	zum distalen Ende hin	hacia el extremo distal	Melogold (HGP)	3

					Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplar	Note/ Nota
	English	français	deutsch	español		
37.	(e) Fruit: general shape of proximal part (excluding neck, collar and depression at stalk end)	Fruit: forme générale de la partie proximale (à l'exclusion du col, de la collerette et de la dépression à l'extrémité pédonculaire)	Frucht: allgemeine Form des proximalen Teils (ohne Hals, Kragen und Einsenkung am Stielende)	Fruto: forma general de la parte proximal (excluido el cuello, el collar y la depresión del extremo peduncular)		
PQ	flattened	aplatie	abgeflacht	aplanada	Oroblanco (HGP)	1
	slightly rounded	légèrement arrondie	leicht abgerundet	ligeramente redondeada	Marsh (GRA), Redblush (GRA)	2
	strongly rounded	fortement arrondie	stark abgerundet	fuertemente redondeada		3
c49.	tapered	effilée	spitz	afilada		4
38.	(e) Only varieties without fruit neck: Fruit: presence of depression at stalk end	Seulement les variétés dont le fruit ne présente pas de col: Fruit: présence d'une dépression à l'extrémité pédonculaire	Nur Sorten ohne Fruchthals: Frucht: Vorhandensein einer Einsenkung am Stielende	Sólo variedades con fruto sin cuello: Fruto: presencia de una depresión en el extremo peduncular		
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente		1
c53.	present	présente	vorhanden	presente	Ray Ruby (GRA)	9
39.	(e) Only varieties without fruit neck: Fruit: depth of depression at stalk end	Seulement les variétés dont le fruit ne présente pas de col: Fruit: profondeur de la dépression à l'extrémité pédonculaire	Nur Sorten ohne Fruchthals: Frucht: Tiefe der Einsenkung am Stielende	Sólo variedades con fruto sin cuello: Fruto: profundidad de la depresión en el extremo peduncular		
QN	shallow	peu profonde	flach	poco profunda	Nelruby (GRA), Ruby Henninger (GRA)	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Ray Ruby (GRA)	5
c54.	deep	profonde	tief	profunda		7

					Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
	English	français	deutsch	español		
40.	(e) Fruit: number of radial grooves at stalk end	Fruit: nombre de cannelures radiales à l'extrémité pédonculaire	Frucht: Anzahl radialer Furchen am Stielende	Fruto: número de acanaladuras radiales en el extremo peduncular		
QN	absent or few	absentes ou peu nombreuses	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o bajo	Pomelit (PUM), Rio Red (GRA)	1
	intermediate	moyennement nombreuses	mittel	medio	Oroblanco (HGP)	2
c57.	many	nombreuses	groß	alto		3
41.	(e) Fruit: length of radial grooves at stalk end	Fruit: longueur des cannelures radiales à l'extrémité pédonculaire	Frucht: Länge der radialen Furchen am Stielende	Fruto: longitud de las acanaladuras radiales en el extremo peduncular		
QN	short	courtes	kurz	cortas	Oroblanco (HGP), Rio Red (GRA)	3
	medium	moyennes	mittel	medianas		5
c58.	long	longues	lang	largas		7
42.	(e) Fruit: general shape of distal part (excluding nipple, bulging of navel and depression at distal end)	Fruit: forme générale de la partie distale (à l'exclusion du mamelon, de la courbure du fruit secondaire et de la dépression à l'extrémité distale)	Frucht: allgemeine Form des distalen Teils (ohne Warze, Wölbung der sekundären Frucht und Einsenkung am distalen Ende)	Fruto: forma general de la parte distal (excluido el mamelón o pezón, el abultamiento del ombligo y la depresión en el extremo distal)		
(+)						
QN	flattened	aplatie	abgeflacht	aplanada	Melogold (HGP), Ray Ruby (GRA)	1
	slightly rounded	légèrement arrondie	leicht abgerundet	ligeramente redondeada	Marsh (GRA), Redblush (GRA)	2
c64.	strongly rounded	fortement arrondie	stark abgerundet	fuertemente redondeada		3
43.	(e) Fruit: presence of depression at distal end	Fruit: présence d'une dépression à l'extrémité distale	Frucht: Vorhandensein der Einsenkung am distalen Ende	Fruto: presencia de una depresión en el extremo distal		
(+)						
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente	Oroblanco (HGP), Star Ruby (GRA)	1
c65.	present	présente	vorhanden	presente	Melogold (HGP)	9

					Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplos	Note/ Nota
	English	français	deutsch	español		
44.	(e) Fruit: depth of depression at distal end	Fruit: profondeur de la dépression à l'extrémité distale	Frucht: Tiefe der Einsenkung am distalen Ende	Fruto: profundidad de la depresión en el extremo distal		
QN	shallow	peu profonde	flach	poco profunda	Melogold (HGP)	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Oroblanco (HGP)	5
c66.	deep	profonde	tief	profunda		7
45.	(e) Fruit: diameter of depression at distal end	Fruit: diamètre de la dépression à l'extrémité distale	Frucht: Durchmesser der Einstellung am distalen Ende	Fruto: diámetro de la depresión en el extremo distal		
QN	small	petit	klein	pequeña		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	media	Oroblanco (HGP)	5
c67.	large	grand	groß	grande		7
46.	(e) Fruit: presence of areola	Fruit: présence d'une aréole	Frucht: Vorhandensein einer Areola	Fruto: presencia de un areola		
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente	Marsh (GRA), Pomelit (PUM)	1
	incomplete	incomplète	unvollständig	incompleta		2
c70.	complete	complète	vollständig	completa		3
47.	(e) Fruit: type of areola	Fruit: type d'aréole	Frucht: Typ der Areola	Fruto: tipo de areola		
(+)						
QL	smooth	régulière	glatt	lisa	Flame (GRA), Rio Red (GRA)	1
	grooved	cannelée	gerieft	acanalada		2
c71.	ridged	annelée	geringelt	acrestada		3
48.	(e) Fruit: diameter of areola	Fruit: diamètre de l'aréole	Frucht: Durchmesser der Areola	Fruto: diámetro de la areola		
QN	small	petit	klein	pequeña		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	media		5
c72.	large	grand	groß	grande		7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
49.	(e) Fruit: diameter of stilar scar	Fruit: diamètre de la cicatrice stilaire	Frucht: Durchmesser der Griffelnarbe	Fruto: diámetro de la cicatriz estilar		
QN	small	petit	klein	pequeña		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	media		5
c73.	large	grand	groß	grande		7
50.	(e) Fruit surface: (*) (f) predominant color	Fruit: couleur prédominance à la surface	Fruchtoberfläche: Hauptfarbe	Superficie del fruto: color predominante		
PQ	dark greenish yellow	jaune verdâtre foncé	dunkel grünlichgelb	amarillo verdoso oscuro	Tahiti (PUM)	1
	yellow green	vert-jaune	gelbgrün	verde amarillento		2
	light yellow	jaune clair	hellgelb	amarillo claro	Melogold (HGP), Oroblanco (HGP), Pomelit (PUM)	3
	medium yellow	jaune moyen	mittelgelb	amarillo medio	Marsh (GRA)	4
	light pink	rose pâle	hellrosa	rosa claro	Ruby Henninger (GRA)	5
	medium pink	rose moyen	mittelrosa	rosa medio	Oran Red (GRA)	6
c82.	dark pink	rose foncé	dunkelrosa	rosa oscuro	Star Ruby (GRA)	7
51.	(e) Fruit surface: (f) glossiness	Surface du fruit: brillance	Fruchtoberfläche: Glanz	Superficie del fruto: brillo		
QN	absent or very weak	absente ou très faible	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy débil		1
	weak	faible	gering	débil		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio		5
	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		7
c85.	very strong	très forte	sehr stark	muy fuerte		9
52.	(e) Fruit surface: (f) roughness	Surface du fruit: rugosité	Fruchtoberfläche: Rauheit	Superficie del fruto: rugosidad		
QN	smooth	lisse	glatt	lisa	Marsh (GRA)	3
	medium	intermédiaire	mittel	media	Oroblanco (HGP)	5
c86.	rough	rugueuse	rauh	rugosa	Tahiti (PUM)	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplar	Note/ Nota
53.	(e) Fruit surface: size of oil glands (f) oil glands	Surface du fruit: taille des glandes à huile	Fruchtoberfläche: Größe der Öldrüsen	Superficie del fruto: tamaño de las glándulas de aceite		
PQ	all more or less the same size	toutes plus ou moins de la même taille	alle mehr oder weniger gleich groß	todas más o menos del mismo tamaño	Melogold (HGP)	1
c87.	larger ones interspersed by smaller ones	grandes et petites intercalées	größere vermischt mit kleineren	glándulas grandes intercaladas con otras más pequeñas	Star Ruby (GRA)	2
54.	(e) Fruit surface: size of larger oil glands (f) larger oil glands	Surface du fruit: taille des glandes à huile les plus grosses	Fruchtoberfläche: Größe der größeren Öldrüsen	Superficie del fruto: tamaño de las glándulas de aceite más grandes		
QN	small	petites	klein	pequeñas	Marsh (GRA)	3
	medium	moyennes	mittel	medianas	Ruby Henninger (GRA)	5
c88.	large	grosses	groß	grandes	Melogold (HGP)	7
55.	(e) Fruit surface: conspicuousness of larger oil glands (f) conspicuousness of larger oil glands	Surface du fruit: netteté des glandes à huile les plus grosses	Fruchtoberfläche: Sichtbarkeit der größeren Öldrüsen	Superficie del fruto: visibilidad de las glándulas de aceite más grandes		
QN	weak	faible	gering	débil	Marsh (GRA)	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Ray Ruby (GRA), Ruby Henninger (GRA)	5
c89.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Chandler (PUM), Star Ruby (GRA)	7
56.	(e) Fruit surface: presence of pitting and pebbling on oil glands (f) presence of pitting and pebbling on oil glands	Surface du fruit: présence de dépression et de protubérance sur les glandes à huile	Fruchtoberfläche: Vorhandensein von Grübchen und Körnern an den Öldrüsen	Superficie del fruto: presencia de picado y granulado en las glándulas de aceite		
PQ	pitting and pebbling absent	dépression et protubérance absentes	Grübchen und Körner fehlend	picado y granulado ausentes		1
	pitting absent, pebbling present	dépression absente, protubérance présente	Grübchen fehlend, Körner vorhanden	picado ausente, granulado presente	Tahiti (PUM)	2
	pitting present, pebbling absent	dépression présente, protubérance absente	Grübchen vorhanden, Körner fehlend	picado presente, granulado ausente	Marsh (GRA)	3
c90.	pitting and pebbling present	dépression et protubérance présentes	Grübchen und Körner vorhanden	picado y granulado presentes		4

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplos	Note/ Nota
57.	(e) Varieties with (f) pitting only: Fruit surface: density of pitting on oil glands	Variétés avec dépression seulement: Surface du fruit: densité de la dépression sur les glandes à huile	Nur Sorten mit Grübchen: Frucht-oberfläche: Dichte der Grübchen an den Öldrüsen	Sólo variedades con picado: Superficie del fruto: densidad del picado en las glándulas de aceite		
QN	sparse	éparse	locker	dispersa		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Ray Ruby (GRA)	5
c91.	dense	dense	dicht	densa		7
58.	(e) Varieties with (f) pitting only: Fruit surface: depth of pitting on oil glands	Variétés avec dépression seulement: Surface du fruit: profondeur de la dépression sur les glandes à huile	Nur Sorten mit Grübchen: Frucht-oberfläche: Tiefe der Grübchen an den Öldrüsen	Sólo variedades con picado: Superficie del fruto: profundidad del picado en las glándulas de aceite		
QN	shallow	peu profonde	flach	poco profundo	Marsh (GRA)	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Ray Ruby (GRA)	5
c92.	deep	profonde	tief	profundo		7
59.	(e) Varieties with (f) pebbling only: Fruit surface: density of pebbling on oil glands	Variétés avec protubérance seulement: Surface du fruit: densité de la protubérance sur les glandes à huile	Nur Sorten mit Körnern: Frucht-oberfläche: Dichte der Körner an den Öldrüsen	Sólo variedades con granulado: Superficie del fruto: densidad del granulado en las glándulas de aceite		
QN	sparse	éparse	locker	dispersa		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
c93.	dense	dense	dicht	densa		7
60.	(e) Varieties with (f) pebbling only: Fruit surface: degree of pebbling on oil glands	Variétés avec protubérance seulement: Surface du fruit: degré de protubérance sur les glandes à huile	Nur Sorten mit Körnern: Frucht-oberfläche: Grad der Körnerbildung an den Öldrüsen	Sólo variedades con granulado: Superficie del fruto: nivel de granulado en las glándulas de aceite		
QN	weak	faible	gering	débil	Star Ruby (GRA)	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio		5
c94.	strong	fort	stark	fuerte	Tahiti (PUM)	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplar	Note/ Nota
61.	(e) Fruit rind: thickness (*) (f)	Écorce du fruit: épaisseur	Fruchtschale: Dicke	Corteza del fruto: espesor		
QN	thin	fine	dünn	delgada		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Flame (GRA)	5
c95.	thick	épaisse	dick	gruesa	Oroblanco (HGP)	7
62.	(e) Fruit rind: adherence to flesh (*) (f)	Écorce du fruit: adhérence à la chair	Fruchtschale: Anhaftens am Fleisch	Corteza del fruto: adherencia a la pulpa		
QN	weak	faible	gering	débil		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
c96.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		7
63.	(e) Fruit: color of albedo	Fruit: couleur de l'albédo	Frucht: Farbe der Albedo	Fruto: color del albedo		
PQ	greenish	verdâtre	grünlich	verdosado	Marsh (GRA), Melogold (HGP), Oroblanco (HGP)	1
	light pink	rose pâle	hellrosa	rosa claro	Ray Ruby (GRA), Redblush (GRA), Ruby Henninger (GRA)	2
c100.	pink	rose	rosa	rosa	Star Ruby (GRA)	3
64.	(e) Fruit: differently colored specks in flesh (g)	Fruit: taches de couleurs différentes dans la chair	Frucht: unter- schiedlich gefärbte Flecken am Fleisch	Fruto: manchas de distinto color en la pulpa		
QL	absent	absentes	fehlend	ausentes	Marsh (GRA)	1
c105.	present	présentes	vorhanden	presentes		9
65.	(e) Fruit: bicolored segments	Fruit: segments bicolores	Frucht: zweifarbiges Segmente	Fruto: gajos bicolores		
QL	absent	absents	fehlend	ausentes	Marsh (GRA), Star Ruby (GRA)	1
c106.	present	présents	vorhanden	presentes	Pomelit (PUM)	9

					Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplar	Note/ Nota
	English	français	deutsch	español		
66.	(e) Fruit: main color of flesh (*) (g)	Fruit: couleur principale de la chair	Frucht: Hauptfarbe des Fleisches	Fruto: color principal de la pulpa		
PQ	whitish	blanchâtre	weißlich	blanquecino	Marsh (GRA), Melogold (HGP), Oroblanco (HGP)	1
	light green	vert clair	hellgrün	verde claro	Tahiti (PUM)	2
	light pink	rose pâle	hellrosa	rosa claro	Ray Ruby (GRA), Redblush (GRA), Ruben (GRA), Ruby Henninger (GRA)	3
	medium pink	rose moyen	mittelrosa	rosa medio	Henderson (GRA)	4
	dark pink	rose foncé	dunkelrosa	rosa oscuro	Star Ruby (GRA)	5
c107.	whitish and pink	blanchâtre et rose	weißlich und rosa	blanquecino y rosa	Pomelit (PUM)	6
67.	(e) Fruit: bitterness of flesh (g)	Fruit: amertume de la chair	Frucht: Bitterkeit des Fleisches	Fruto: amargor de la pulpa		
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente		1
c108.	present	présente	vorhanden	presente		9
68.	(e) Fruit: filling of core (g)	Fruit : structure du cœur	Frucht: Ausfüllung des inneren Fruchtfleisches	Fruto: relleno del hueco central		
QN	absent or very sparse	absente ou très lâche	fehlend oder sehr locker	ausente o muy laxo		1
	sparse	lâche	locker	laxo	Ray Ruby (GRA), Ruben (GRA)	3
	medium	intermédiaire	mittel	medio	Nelruby (GRA), Star Ruby (GRA)	5
	dense	dense	dicht	denso	Tahiti (PUM)	7
c109.	very dense	très dense	sehr dicht	muy denso		9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplos	Note/ Nota
69.	(e) Fruit: diameter of core (g)	Fruit: diamètre du cœur	Frucht: Durchmesser des inneren Fruchtfleisches	Fruto: diámetro del hueco central		
QN	small	petit	klein	pequeño		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Henderson (GRA), Ray Ruby (GRA)	5
c110.	large	grand	groß	grande	Chandler (PUM)	7
70.	(e) Fruit: presence of rudimentary segments (g)	Fruit: présence de segments rudimentaires	Frucht: Vorhandensein von unvollständigen Segmenten	Fruto: presencia de gajos rudimentarios		
QN	absent or weak	nulle ou faible	null oder gering	nula o débil		1
	intermediate	intermédiaire	mittel	intermedia		2
c111.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		3
71.	(e) Fruit: number of well developed segments (g)	Fruit: nombre de segments bien développés	Frucht: Anzahl gut entwickelter Segmente	Fruto: número de gajos bien desarrollados		
QN	few	peu	gering	bajo		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	medio		5
c112.	many	beaucoup	groß	alto		7
72.	(e) Fruit: strength of segment walls (g)	Fruit: rigidité des parois des segments	Frucht: Festigkeit der Segmentwände	Fruto: firmeza de las paredes de los gajos		
QN	weak	faible	schwach	débil		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
c114.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		7
73.	(e) Fruit: length of juice vesicles (g)	Fruit: longueur des vésicules de jus	Frucht: Länge der Saftbläschen	Fruto: longitud de las vesículas de jugo		
QN	short	courtes	kurz	corta		3
	medium	moyennes	mittel	media		5
c115.	long	longues	lang	larga		7

				Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
	English	français	deutsch	español	
74.	(e) Fruit: thickness of juice vesicles (g)	Fruit: épaisseur des vésicules de jus	Frucht: Dicke der Saftbläschen	Fruto: grosor de las vesículas de jugo	
QN	thin	fines	dünn	delgadas	3
	medium	moyennes	mittel	medianas	5
c116.	thick	épaisses	dick	gruesas	7
75.	(e) Fruit: conspicuousness of juice vesicle walls (g)	Fruit: netteté des parois des vésicules de jus	Frucht: Sichtbarkeit der Saftbläschenwände	Fruto: visibilidad de las paredes de las vesículas de jugo	
QN	low	faible	gering	baja	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	5
c117.	high	forte	groß	alta	7
76.	(e) Fruit: coherence of juice vesicles (g)	Fruit: adhérence des vésicules de jus	Frucht: Zusammenhalt der Saftbläschen	Fruto: coherencia de las vesículas de jugo	
QN	weak	faible	gering	débil	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	5
c118.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte	7
77.	(e) Fruit: juiciness	Fruit: succulence	Frucht: Saftigkeit	Fruto: contenido de jugo	
QN	low	faible	gering	baja	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media	5
c121.	high	élevée	hoch	alta	7
78.	(e) Fruit juice: total soluble solids	Jus du fruit: total de solides solubles	Fruchtsaft: Gehalt an löslicher Trockensubstanz	Jugo del fruto: sólidos solubles totales	
QN	low	faible	niedrig	bajo	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	mediano	5
c122.	high	fort	hoch	alto	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplos	Note/ Nota
79.	(e) Fruit juice: acidity	Jus du fruit: acidité	Fruchtsaft: Säure	Jugo del fruto: acidez		
QN	low	faible	gering	baja		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
c123.	high	forte	stark	alta		7
80.	(e) Fruit: strength of fibre	Fruit: rigidité des fibres	Frucht: Festigkeit der Fasern	Fruto: vigor de la fibra		
QN	weak	faible	schwach	débil		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	medio		5
c124.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		7
81.	(e) Fruit: number of seeds (controlled manual self-pollination)	Fruit: nombre de pépins (autopolinización manuelle contrôlée)	Frucht: Anzahl Samen (manuell kontrollierte Selbstbefruchtung)	Fruto: número de semillas (autopolinización manual controlada)		
QN	absent or very few	absents ou très peu nombreux	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy bajo	Melogold (HGP), Oroblanco (HGP),	1
	few	peu nombreux	gering	bajo	Nelruby (GRA), Redblush (GRA)	3
	medium	moyennement nombreux	mittel	medio		5
	many	nombreux	groß	alto		7
c125.	very many	très nombreux	sehr groß	muy alto	Chandler (PUM), Tahiti (PUM)	9
82.	(e) Fruit: number of seeds (open pollination)	Fruit: nombre de pépins (fécondation libre)	Frucht: Anzahl Samen (frei abhängig)	Fruto: número de semillas (polinización libre)		
QN	absent or very few	absents ou très peu nombreux	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy bajo		1
	few	peu nombreux	gering	bajo		3
	moderate	modérément nombreux	mittel	moderado		5
c126.	many	nombreux	groß	alto		7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplar	Note/ Nota
83. (h) Seed: polyembryony (*)	Seed: polyembryony	Pépin: polyembryonnie	Samen: Polyembryonie	Semilla: poliembrionía		
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente		1
c127.	present	présente	vorhanden	presente		9
84. (h) Seed: length		Pépin: longueur	Samen: Länge	Semilla: longitud		
QN	short	court	kurz	corta	Flame (GRA)	3
	medium	moyen	mittel	media	Nelruby (GRA)	5
c128.	long	long	lang	larga	Chandler (PUM), Pomelit (PUM), Tahiti (PUM)	7
85. (h) Seed: width		Pépin: largeur	Samen: Breite	Semilla: anchura		
QN	narrow	étroit	schmal	estrecha		3
	medium	moyen	mittel	media	Henderson (GRA)	5
c129.	broad	large	breit	ancha		7
86. (h) Seed: surface		Pépin: surface	Samen: Oberfläche	Semilla: superficie		
QL	smooth	lisse	glatt	lisa		1
c130.	wrinkled	ridée	runzlig	arrugada		2
87. (h) Seed: prominence of wrinkles		Pépin: proéminence des rides	Samen: Ausprägung der Runzeln	Semilla: prominencia de las arrugas		
QN	weak	faible	schwach	débil		3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
c131.	strong	forte	stark	fuerte		7
88. (h) Seed: external color		Pépin: couleur externe	Samen: Außenfarbe	Semilla: color externo		
PQ	greenish	verdâtre	grünlich	verdosado		1
	whitish	blanchâtre	weißlich	blanquecino		2
	yellowish	jaunâtre	gelblich	amarillento		3
	pinkish	rosâtre	rosa	rosado		4
c132.	brownish	brunâtre	bräunlich	amarronado		5

					Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplar	Note/ Nota
	English	français	deutsch	español		
89.	(h) Seed: color of inner seed coat	Pépin: couleur du tégument interne	Samen: Farbe der inneren Samenschale	Semilla: color de la cubierta interna		
PQ	white	blanc	weiß	blanco		1
	light yellow	jaune clair	hellgelb	amarillo claro		2
	light brown	marron clair	hellbraun	marrón claro		3
	medium brown	marron moyen	mittelbraun	marrón medio		4
	dark brown	marron foncé	dunkelbraun	marrón oscuro		5
	red	rouge	rot	rojo		6
c133.	purple	violet	purpur	púrpura		7
90.	(h) <u>Polyembryonic varieties only:</u> Seed: color of cotyledons	Variétés poly-embryonnaires seulement: Pépin: couleur des cotylédons	Nur poly-embryonische Sorten: Samen: Farbe der Kotyledonen	Sólo variedades poli-embriónicas: Semilla: color de los cotiledones		
PQ	white	blanc	weiß	blanco		1
	cream	crème	cremefarben	crema		2
	light green	vert clair	hellgrün	verde claro		3
c134.	dark green	vert foncé	dunkelgrün	verde oscuro		4
91. (*)	Flowering habit	Floraison	Blühverhalten	Tipo de floración		
QL	flowering once	une seule	einmal blühend	una floración		1
c135.	flowering more than once	plusieurs	mehr als einmal blühend	más de una floración		2
92. (*)	Time of maturity of fruit for consumption	Époque de maturité du fruit pour la consommation	Zeitpunkt der Genußreife	Época de madurez del fruto para su consumo		
QN	early	précoce	früh	temprana	Marsh (GRA)	3
	medium	moyenne	mittel	media		5
c136.	late	tardive	spät	tardía		7

					Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplar	Note/ Nota
	English	français	deutsch	español		
93. (*)	Fruit: parthenocarpus	Fruit: parthénocarpie	Frucht: Parthenokarpie	Fruto: partenocarpia		
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente		1
c137.	present	présente	vorhanden	presente		9
94.	Plant: self- incompatibility	Plante: auto- incompatibilité	Pflanze: Selbst- inkompatibilität	Planta: auto- incompatibilidad		
QL	absent	absente	fehlend	ausente		1
c138.	present	présente	vorhanden	presente		9

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Young leaf: Observations on the young leaf should be made on actively growing spring flush.
[Not applicable for Groups 1 (Mandarin) and 2 (Oranges).]

- (b) Leaf: Observations on the leaf should be made on fully developed leaves on the middle third of the youngest spring flush branch sections not showing signs of active growth.

- (c) Flower: Unless otherwise indicated, observations on the flower bud and the flower should be made on the terminal flower bud and flower, at the time of full flowering of the variety.

Observations on the open flower should be made on the first day of opening.

- (d) Flower bud: Observations on the flower bud should be made when the petal tips are visible just before the opening of the bud.
[Not applicable for Groups 1 (Mandarin), 2 (Oranges) and 5 (Trifoliate Orange).]

- (e) Fruit: Observations on the fruit should be made at the stage of optimum ripeness. The fruit should be tested weekly and harvested as soon as this stage has been reached.

All fruits for observation should be taken from the periphery of the tree and fruit misformed as a result of clustering should not be sampled.

- (f) Fruit surface and fruit rind: Observations on the fruit surface and on the fruit rind should be made at the middle, between the base and apex of the fruit.

- (g) Fruit flesh: Observations on the flesh of the fruit should be made on a cross section through the middle of the fruit.

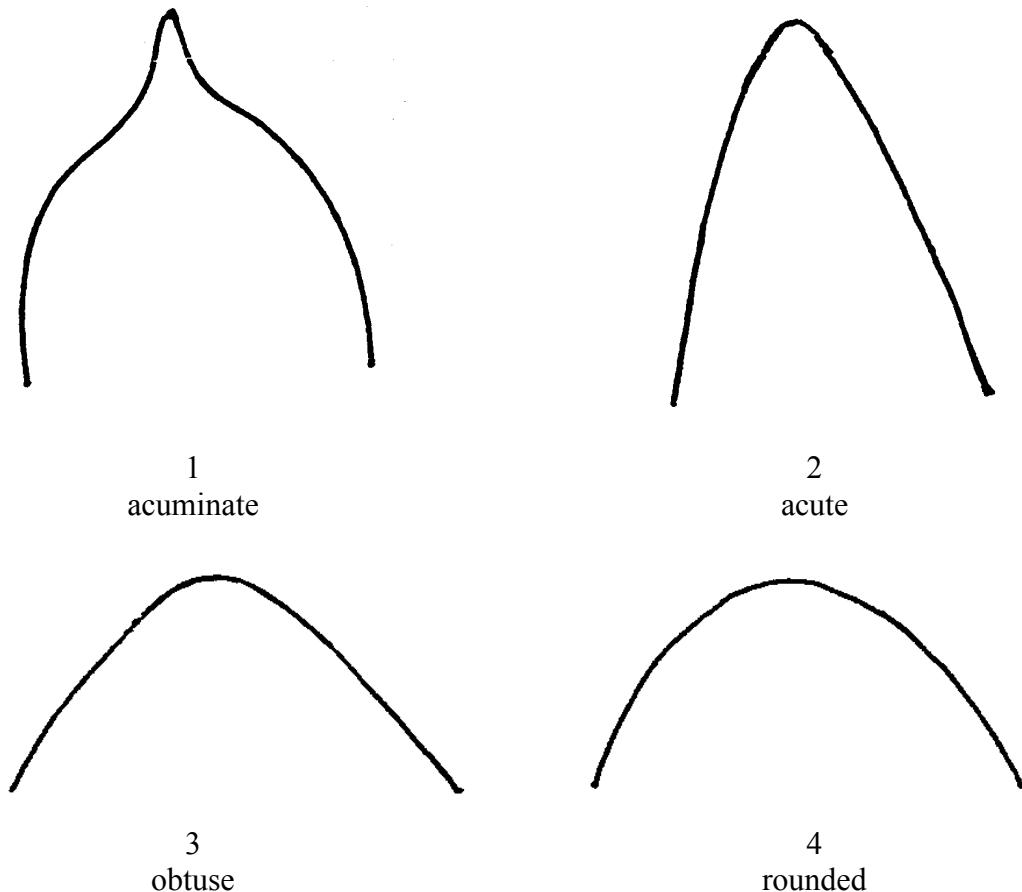
- (h) Seed: Observations on the seed should be made on the fresh seed.

8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

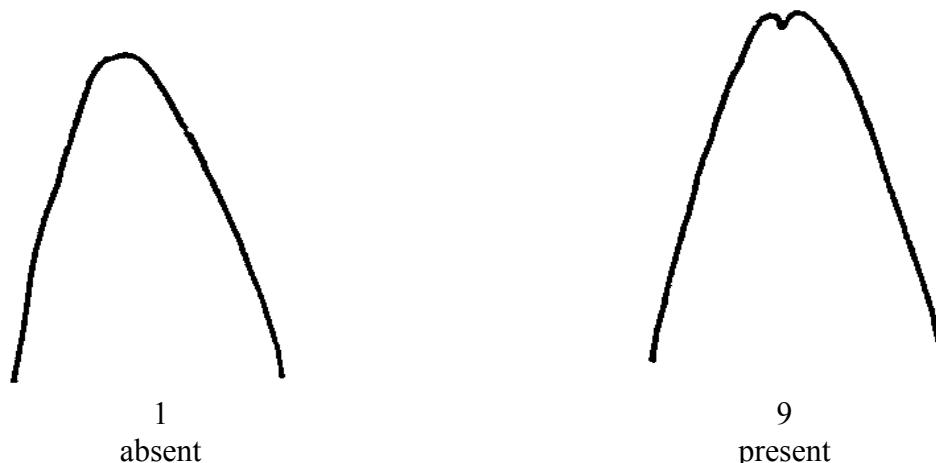
Ad. 2 (c2.): Tree: Growth habit

The observation on the growth habit of the tree should be made immediately after harvest.

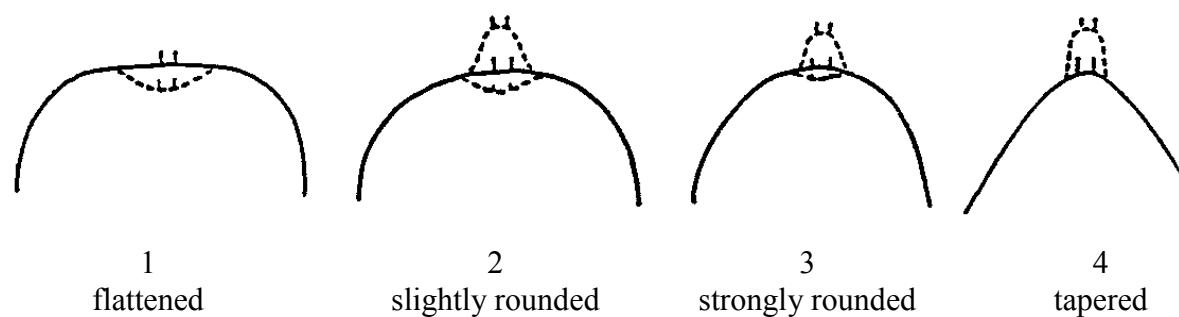
Ad. 17 (c24.): Leaf blade: shape of apex



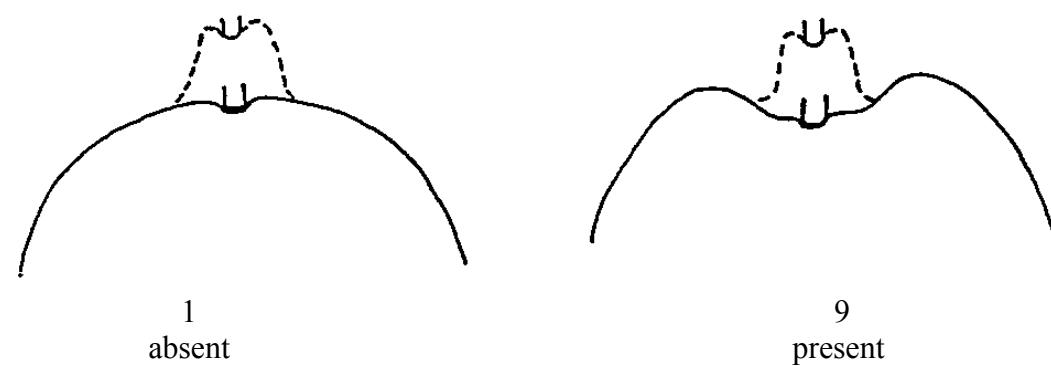
Ad. 18 (c25.): Leaf blade: emargination at tip



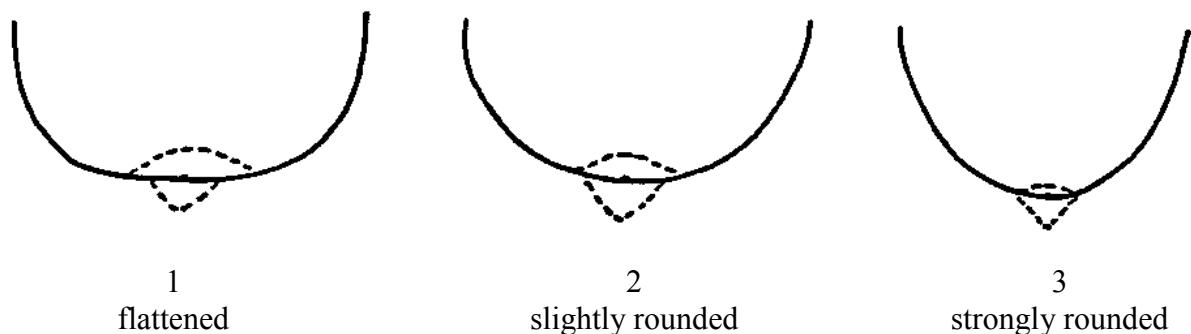
Ad. 37 (c49.): Fruit: general shape of proximal part (excluding neck, collar and depression at stalk end)



Ad. 38 (c53.): Only varieties without fruit neck: Fruit: presence of depression at stalk end



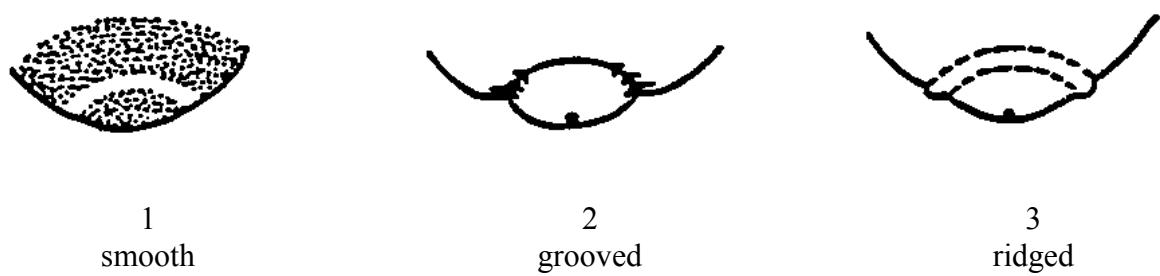
Ad. 42 (c64.): Fruit: general shape of distal part (excluding nipple, bulging of navel and depression at distal end)



Ad. 43 (c65.): Fruit: presence of depression at distal end



Ad. 47 (c71.): Fruit: type of areola



LIST OF EXAMPLE VARIETIES FOR GRAPEFRUIT AND PUMMELLO

Variety denomination	Subgroup
Chandler	PUM
Flame	GRA
Henderson	GRA
Marsh	GRA
Melogold	HGP
Nelruby	GRA
Oran Red	GRA
Oroblanco	HGP
Pomelit	PUM
Ray Ruby	GRA
Redblush	GRA
Rio Red	GRA
Ruben	GRA
Ruby Henninger	GRA
Star Ruby	GRA
Tahiti	PUM

9. Literature

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10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
		Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
<p style="text-align: center;">TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights</p>		
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire		
(a) Subgroup: (i) GRA -- [] (ii) PUM - [] (iii) HGP -- []		
(b) Species (please specify):		
2. Applicant: Name		
Address		
Telephone No.		
Fax No.		
E-mail address		
Breeder (if different from applicant)		
3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference		
Proposed denomination (if available)		
Breeder's reference		

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety

4.1 Breeding Scheme

4.1.1 Variety resulting from:

- (a) controlled cross []
(please state parent varieties)
- (b) partially unknown cross []
(please state known parent variety(ies))
- (c) totally unknown cross []

4.1.2 Mutation []
(please state parent variety)

4.1.3 Discovery []
(please state where, when and how developed)

4.1.4 Other []
(please provide details)

4.2 Method of Propagating the Variety

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 Fruit: length (33)		
short		3[]
medium	Ray Ruby (GRA)	5[]
long	Pomelit (PUM)	7[]
5.2 Fruit: diameter (34)		
small		3[]
medium	Melogold (HGP)	5[]
large	Chandler (PUM)	7[]
5.3 Fruit surface: predominant color (50)		
dark greenish yellow	Tahiti (PUM)	1[]
yellow green		2[]
light yellow	Melogold (HGP), Oroblanco (HGP), Pomelit (PUM)	3[]
medium yellow	Marsh (GRA)	4[]
light pink	Ruby Henninger (GRA)	5[]
medium pink	Oran Red (GRA)	6[]
dark pink	Star Ruby (GRA)	7[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:																		
5.4 Fruit: main color of flesh (66) <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">whitish</td> <td style="width: 33%;">Marsh (GRA), Melogold (HGP), Oroblanco (HGP)</td> <td style="width: 33%;">1[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>light green</td> <td>Tahiti (PUM)</td> <td>2[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>light pink</td> <td>Ray Ruby (GRA), Redblush (GRA), Ruben (GRA), Ruby Henninger (GRA)</td> <td>3[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>medium pink</td> <td>Henderson (GRA)</td> <td>4[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>dark pink</td> <td>Star Ruby (GRA)</td> <td>5[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>whitish and pink</td> <td>Pomelit (PUM)</td> <td>6[]</td> </tr> </table>			whitish	Marsh (GRA), Melogold (HGP), Oroblanco (HGP)	1[]	light green	Tahiti (PUM)	2[]	light pink	Ray Ruby (GRA), Redblush (GRA), Ruben (GRA), Ruby Henninger (GRA)	3[]	medium pink	Henderson (GRA)	4[]	dark pink	Star Ruby (GRA)	5[]	whitish and pink	Pomelit (PUM)	6[]
whitish	Marsh (GRA), Melogold (HGP), Oroblanco (HGP)	1[]																		
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medium pink	Henderson (GRA)	4[]																		
dark pink	Star Ruby (GRA)	5[]																		
whitish and pink	Pomelit (PUM)	6[]																		
5.5 Time of maturity of fruit for consumption (92) <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">early</td> <td style="width: 33%;">Marsh (GRA)</td> <td style="width: 33%;">3[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>medium</td> <td></td> <td>5[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>late</td> <td></td> <td>7[]</td> </tr> </table>			early	Marsh (GRA)	3[]	medium		5[]	late		7[]									
early	Marsh (GRA)	3[]																		
medium		5[]																		
late		7[]																		
5.6 Fruit: parthenocarpy (93) <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">absent</td> <td style="width: 33%;">1[]</td> <td style="width: 33%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>present</td> <td></td> <td>9[]</td> </tr> </table>			absent	1[]		present		9[]												
absent	1[]																			
present		9[]																		
6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties																				
<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 25%;">Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety</td> <td style="width: 25%;">Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)</td> <td style="width: 25%;">Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)</td> <td style="width: 25%;">Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety</td> </tr> </table>			Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety														
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety																	
<i>(Example)</i>	<i>Fruit surface: predominant color</i>	<i>light pink</i>	<i>medium pink</i>																	

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<p>7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety</p> <p>7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.2 Special conditions for the examination of the variety</p> <p>7.2.1 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>7.2.2 If yes, please give details:</p> <p>7.3 Other information</p> <p>A representative color photograph of the variety should accompany the Technical Questionnaire</p>		
<p>8. Authorization for release</p> <p>(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(b) Has such authorization been obtained?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.</p>		
<p>9. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:</p> <p>Applicant's name []</p> <p>Signature [] Date []</p>		