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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS UNION INTERNATIONALE POUR LA PROTECTION DES OBTENTIONS VÉGÉTALES INTERNATIONALER VERBAND ZUM SCHUTZ VON PFLANZEN-ZÜCHTUNGEN UNIÓN INTERNACIONAL PARA LA PROTECCIÓN DE LAS OBTENCIONES VEGETALES



## **GUIDELINES**

# FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

**GLOBE ARTICHOKE** 

(Cynara scolymus L.) (Cynara cardunculus var scolymus L.)

These Guidelines should be read in conjunction with document TG/1/2, which contains explanatory notes on the general principles on which the Guidelines have been established.

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## I. <u>Subject of these Guidelines</u>

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Cynara scolymus* L. (*Cynara cardunculus* var. *scolymus* L.), of the family of the *Compositae*.

## II. <u>Material Required</u>

1. The competent authorities decide when, where and in what quantity and quality the seed or the young plant material required for testing the variety is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must make sure that all customs formalities are complied with. The minimum quantity of seed or plant material to be supplied by the applicant in one or several samples should be:

- (b) vegetatively propagated varieties: 60 plants
- (a) seed propagated varieties: 50 g of seed

The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigour or affected by any important pest or disease and virus free. The seed should at least meet the minimum requirements for germination capacity, moisture content and purity for marketing seed in the country in which the application is made. The germination capacity should be as high as possible.

2. The plant material must not have undergone any treatment unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

## III. Conduct of Tests

1. The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

2. The tests should normally be conducted at one place. If any important characteristics of the variety cannot be seen at that place, the variety may be tested at an additional place.

3. The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring normal growth. The size of the plots should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement and counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing period. Each test should include a total of 40 plants which should be divided between two or more replicates. Separate plots for observation and for measuring can only be used if they have been subject to similar environmental conditions.

4. Additional tests for special purposes may be established.

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## IV. Methods and Observations

1. Unless otherwise indicated, all observations determined by measurement, weighting or counting should be made on 10 plants or parts taken from each of 10 plants.

2. For the assessment of uniformity, a population standard of 5% with an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In case of a sample size off 40 plants the maximum number of off-types allowed would be 4 (the number includes plants resulting from the selfing of a parent line)

3. Unless otherwise indicated, all observations on the leaves should be made on fully developed leaves, on the  $3^{rd}$  or  $4^{th}$  leaf from the base (i.e. when the flower head is about 3 cm in diameter).

4. Unless otherwise indicated all observations on the outer bract of the flower head should be made on the 5<sup>th</sup> whorl of bracts from the base of the central flower head.

5. Unless otherwise indicated, all observations on inner bracts of flower head must be made on the central flower head.

## V. <u>Grouping of Varieties</u>

1. The collection of varieties to be grown should be divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness. Characteristics which are suitable for grouping purposes are those which are known from experience not to vary, or to vary only slightly, within a variety. Their various states of expression should be fairly evenly distributed throughout the collection.

2. It is recommended that the competent authorities use the following characteristics for grouping varieties:

- (a) Leaf: lobing (10 to 12 leaves stage) (characteristic 9)
- (b) Central flower head: shape in longitudinal section (characteristic 26)
- (c) Central flower head: time of appearance (characteristic 28)
- (d) Outer bract: color (external side) (characteristic 41)

## VI. Characteristics and Symbols

1. To assess distinctness, uniformity and stability, the characteristics and their states as given in the Table of Characteristics should be used.

2. Notes (numbers), for the purposes of electronic data processing, are given opposite the states of the different characteristics.

# 3. Legend:

- (\*) Characteristics that should be used on all varieties in every growing period over which the examinations are made and always be included in the variety descriptions, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this impossible.
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter VIII.

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# VIII. Explanation on the Table of Characteristics

Ad. 1, 3, 4 : Plant : height (including central flower head) (1); Main stem : height (excluding central flower head) (3) ; Main stem : distance between flower head and last developed leaf (4)



Soil level

- **C**: Central flower head
- L: First flower head on lateral

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# Ad. 15: Lobe: shape of tip of secondary lobes (on the $3^{rd} - 4^{th}$ whorl of leaves)



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Ad. 35, 36, 37: Outer bracts: lenght of base (35), width of base (36), thickness at base (37)



Ad. 35: Outer bract : length of base



Ad. 36: Outer bract : width of base











a: reflexing at tip (on Chrysanthème)b: reflexing at tip (on Calice)

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slightly depressed

flat

strongly depressed

# IX. Literature

Baznizky J. and Zohary D. 1994: Breeding of seed-Planted Artichoke. Plant Breeding Reviews 12: 253-267

Foury C. 1967, Etude de la biologie florale de l'artichaut (*Cynara scolymus* L.); Application à la sélection. 1<sup>ère</sup> partie: données sur la biologie florale, Ann. Amélior. Plantes 17 (4): 357-373

Foury C. 1969, Etude de la biologie florale de l'artichaut (*Cynara scolymus* L.); Application à la sélection. 2ème partie: étude des descendances obtenues en fécondation contrôlée, Ann. Amléior. Plantes 19 (1): 23-52

Foury C. et Aubert S. 1977, Observations préliminaires sur la présence et la répartition de pigments anthocyaniques dans un mutant d'artichaut (*Cynara scolymus* L.) à fleurs blanches, Ann. Amlélior. Plantes 27 (5): 603-612

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Foury C. 1979, Quelques aspects pratiques de la sélection généalogique de l'artichaut, 1-Présentation, création de lignées, Ann. Amélior. Plantes 29 (4): 383-418

Foury C. 1989, Ressources génétiques et diversification de l'artichaut (*Cynara scolymus* L.), Acta Horticulturae 242: 155-166

Pécaut P. and Martin F. 1993, Variation occuring after natural and in vitro multiplication of early Maditerranean cultivars of globe artichoke *Cynara scolymus* L. Agronomie 13: 909-919

Zohary D. and Basnizky J. 1975, The cultivated artichoke – *Cynara scolymus* L. Its probable wild Ancestors. Economic Botany 29: 233-235

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# X. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

		Reference Number (not to be filled in by the applicant)
	TECHNICAL QUESTION to be completed in connection with an application	NAIRE on for plant breeders' rights
1.	Species Cynara scolymus L. / Cynara ARTICHOKE	ara cardunculus var scolymus L.
2.	Applicant (Name and address)	
3.	Proposed denomination or breeder's reference	
4.	Information on origin, maintenance and reproductio	n of the variety
4.1	Method of maintenance and reproduction	
	(a) Vegetative propagation	[]
	(b) Seed propagation	[]
	- Hybrid	[]
	- Open pollinated	[]
	(c) Other (specify)	[]
4.2	Other information	

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5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the state of expression which best corresponds). Characteristics **Example Varieties** Note Leaf: lobing (10 to 12 leaf stage) 5.1 (9) Tudela, Violet de Provence absent 1[] present Camus de Bretagne, Vertu 9[] 5.2 Central flower head: shape in longitudinal section (26)circular Castel, Green Globe 1[] broad elliptic Chrysanthème, Vert de 2[] Provence ovate Cric, Salambo 3[] 4[] Tudela, Violet de Provence triangular broad transverse elliptic Carène, Pètre 5[] 5.3 Central flower head: shape of tip 2[] (27) Violet de Provence 1[] acute rounded Camus de Bretagne 2[] flat Chrysanthème 3[] depressed Carène, Pètre 4[] 5.4 Central flower head: time of appearance (28) Chrysanthème, Tudela early 3[] medium Blanc Hyérois 5[] late Camus de Bretagne 7[]

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	Characteristics			Example	Varieties	Note
5.5 (41)	Outer bract: color (	external side)				
	green			Blanc hy Provence	rérois, Vert de e, Tudela	1[]
	green striped with vio	let		Violet de	e Provence	2[]
	violet striped with gre	een		Chrysant	thème	3[]
	mainly violet			Cric, Sal	lambo	4[]
	entirely violet			Velours		5[]
6.	Similar varieties an	nd differences between t	hese varieties			
De	enomination of imilar variety	Characteristic in which the similar variety is different <sup>o)</sup>	State of expre of similar va	ession ariety	State of express candidate va	sion of riety
0)	In the case of iden	tical states of expression	ns of both varie	ties, plea	ase indicate the s	ize of
0)	In the case of iden the difference.	tical states of expression	ns of both varie	ties, plea	ase indicate the s	ize of

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7.	Additional information which may help to distinguish the v	variety	
7.1	Main use		
(a)	<ul><li>Fresh market</li><li>large flower head</li><li>small flower head</li></ul>	[]	
(b) (c)	Canning - receptacle - bottom - pickling artichoke Industrial use	[ ] [ ] [ ]	
(-)	<ul> <li>leaf extraction</li> <li>biomass</li> </ul>	[]	
(d)	Other (please specify)	[]	
7.2	Resistance to pests and diseases		
7.3	Special conditions for the examination of the variety		
7.4	Other information		

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(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?					
	Yes	[]	No	[]	
(b)	) Has such authorization been obtained?				
	Yes	[]	No	[]	

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