

INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

APPLE ROOTSTOCK

UPOV Code: MALUS

Malus Mill.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by an expert from South Africa

to be considered by the

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 to be held in Geneva, on January 8 and 9, 2014*

Alternative Names:^{*}

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
<i>Malus Mill.</i>	Apple Rootstock	Porte-greffes de pommier	Apfel-Unterlagen	Portainjertos de manzano

The purpose of these guidelines (“Test Guidelines”) is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

<u>TABLE OF CONTENTS</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
1. SUBJECT OF THESE TEST GUIDELINES.....	3
2. MATERIAL REQUIRED.....	3
3. METHOD OF EXAMINATION.....	3
3.1 NUMBER OF GROWING CYCLES	3
3.2 TESTING PLACE	3
3.3 CONDITIONS FOR CONDUCTING THE EXAMINATION.....	3
3.4 TEST DESIGN.....	3
3.5 ADDITIONAL TESTS.....	3
4. ASSESSMENT OF DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY	4
4.1 DISTINCTNESS	4
4.2 UNIFORMITY	5
4.3 STABILITY.....	5
5. GROUPING OF VARIETIES AND ORGANIZATION OF THE GROWING TRIAL.....	5
6. INTRODUCTION TO THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS	5
6.1 CATEGORIES OF CHARACTERISTICS	5
6.2 STATES OF EXPRESSION AND CORRESPONDING NOTES	6
6.3 TYPES OF EXPRESSION.....	6
6.4 EXAMPLE VARIETIES.....	6
6.5 LEGEND	7
7. TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS/TABLEAU DES CARACTÈRES/MERKMALSTABELLE/TABLA DE CARACTERES	8
8. EXPLANATIONS ON THE TABLE OF CHARACTERISTICS.....	18
8.1 EXPLANATIONS COVERING SEVERAL CHARACTERISTICS	18
8.2 EXPLANATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL CHARACTERISTICS	18
9. LITERATURE	26
10. TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE.....	27

1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all vegetatively propagated rootstock varieties of *Malus* Mill..

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of one-year-old rooted trees, or in the form of one-year-old rooted plants (for stoolbeds).

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

5 one-year-old rooted trees and/or
10 one-year-old rooted plants for stoolbeds.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease. It should not be obtained directly from *in vitro* propagation.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 5 plants for trees and 10 plants for stoolbeds.

3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations should be made on 5 plants or parts taken from each of 5 plants for trees and 9 plants for stoolbeds disregarding any off-type plants. In the case of observations of parts of plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 2.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 *Uniformity*

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95 % should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 5 plants, no off-type are allowed.

4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Plant: vigor (characteristic 1)
- (b) Plant: habit (characteristic 4)
- (c) Young shoot: extent of anthocyanin coloration (characteristic 19)
- (d) Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot (characteristic 20)
- (e) Leaf blade: incisions of margin (characteristic 26)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

State	Note
small	3
medium	5
large	7

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

State	Note
very small	1
very small to small	2
small	3
small to medium	4
medium	5
medium to large	6
large	7
large to very large	8
very large	9

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

Example varieties are marked according to regions: South Africa¹, China (Asia)², Germany, France (Europe)³, New Zealand⁴.

When marked in bold two or more regions have the same example variety for the same state of expression.

The example varieties provided for a particular region are not exclusive and might also be applicable in other regions.

6.5 *Legend*

(*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

QL Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

QN Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

A - Applies only for stoolbeds

B - Applies only for fully grown trees

AB - Applies to stoolbed plants and fully grown trees

(a)-(f) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

(+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2.

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteresticas

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. AB (*) (+)	VG	Plant: vigor	Plante : vigueur	Pflanze: Wuchsstärke	Planta: vigor		
QN	(a)	very weak	très faible	sehr gering	muy débil	CG 222 ¹	1
		weak	faible	gering	débil	J-TE-F ³ , M 9 ⁴ , M 26¹⁴ , M 27 ⁴	2
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	B9 ³ , G202 ⁴ , J-TE-H ³ , JM7 ⁴ , M 7 ¹	3
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	M 793 ¹ , MM 106 ⁴	4
		very strong	très forte	sehr stark	muy fuerte	CG 934 ¹	5
2. B	VG	Plant: number of branches	Plante : nombre de ramifications	Pflanze: Anzahl Zweige	Planta: número de ramas		
QN	(a)	very few	très petit	sehr gering	muy bajo	G 222 ¹ , M 27 ⁴	1
		few	petit	gering	bajo	M 9¹⁴	2
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	JM7, M 26¹⁴	3
		many	grand	groß	alto	G202¹⁴ , G 707 ¹ , MM 106 ⁴	4
		very many	très grand	sehr groß	muy alto	M 25¹⁴	5
3. A	VG	Plant: number of shoots	Plante : nombre de rameaux	Pflanze: Anzahl Triebe	Planta: número de ramillas		
QN	(a)	very few	très petit	sehr gering	muy bajo		1
		few	petit	gering	bajo	M 9 ¹	2
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Joha ³ , Lancep ³ , Last Minute ³ , M 26 ¹ , Supporter 1 ³	3
		many	grand	groß	alto	MM 111 ¹	4
		very many	très grand	sehr groß	muy alto	M 25 ¹	5
4. AB (*) (+)	VG	Plant: habit	Plante : port	Pflanze: Haltung	Planta: hábito		
PQ	(a)	upright	dressé	aufrecht	erguido	M 7 ¹ , M116 ⁴	1
		upright to spreading	dressé à étalé	aufrecht bis breitwüchsig	erguido a extendido	CG707 ¹	2
		spreading	étalé	breitwüchsig	extendido	Cepiland ⁴ , CG 222 ¹ , M 9 ³ , M116 ⁴	3
		drooping	retombant	hängend	colgante	Marubakaido ¹	4
5. B	VG	Plant: spines	Plante : épines	Pflanze: Dornen	Planta: espinas		
QN	(a)	absent or few	absentes ou peu nombreuses	fehlend oder sehr wenige	ausente o bajo	M 9 ¹	1
		medium	moyennement nombreuses	mittel	medio	M 25 ¹	2
		many	nombreuses	viele	alto	G 202¹⁴	3

						Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
		English	français	deutsch	español		
6. AB (*) (+)	VG	One-year-old shoot: growth	Rameau d'un an : croissance	Einjähriger Trieb: Wuchs	Ramilla de un año: crecimiento		
QN	(b)	straight	droite	gerade	recta	M 9^{1,34}	1
		moderately wavy	moyennement ondulée	leicht gewellt	moderadamente ondulada	G 202^{1,4}, Mark³, M 26³, M 793¹, Supporter 1³	2
		strongly wavy	fortement ondulée	stark gewellt	muy ondulada	M 25¹	3
7. AB (*) (+)	VG	One-year-old shoot: pubescence	Rameau d'un an : pubescence	Einjähriger Trieb: Behaarung	Ramilla de un año: pubescencia		
QN	(b)	absent or very weak	absente ou très faible	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy débil		1
		weak	faible	gering	débil	B 9³	2
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	M 27³, M 793¹	3
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Joha³, M 9^{1,34}	4
		very strong	très forte	sehr stark	muy fuerte	Crab C, MM106¹	5
8. AB (*)	VG	One-year-old shoot: glossiness	Rameau d'un an : brillance	Einjähriger Trieb: Glanz	Ramilla de un año: brillo		
QN	(b)	absent or weak	absente ou faible	fehlend oder gering	ausente o débil	JM7⁴	1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	G202^{1,4}, M 263	3
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	M 27^{1,4}	5
9. AB (*)	VG/ MG	One-year-old shoot: thickness	Rameau d'un an : épaisseur	Einjähriger Trieb: Dicke	Ramilla de un año: grosor		
QN	(b)	thin	mince	dünn	delgado	M 7¹	1
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	B 9³, Mark³, MM106⁴	2
		thick	épais	dick	grueso	Lizzy³	3
10. AB (*)	VG/ MG	One-year-old shoot: length of internodes	Rameau d'un an : longueur des entre-nœuds	Einjähriger Trieb: Länge der Internodien	Ramilla de un año: longitud de los entrenudos		
QN	(b)	short	courts	kurz	corta	J-TE-H³, M 25¹, M27⁴	1
		medium	moyens	mittel	media	M 26¹, M116⁴, Last Minute³	2
		long	longs	lang	larga	CG 707¹	3
11. AB (*)	VG	One-year-old shoot: number of lenticels	Rameau d'un an : nombre de lenticelles	Einjähriger Trieb: Anzahl Lentizellen	Ramilla de un año: número de lenticelas		
QN	(b)	very few	très petit	sehr gering	muy bajo		1
		few	petit	gering	bajo	M 9^{1,4}, J-TE-F³, Lancep³	2
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Mark³, M 5³, M 26³, M 793¹, Supporter 1³	3
		many	grand	groß	alto	CG 10³, M 2³, MM 111¹	4
		very many	très grand	sehr groß	muy alto	MM 104	5

			English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
12. AB	VG	One-year-old shoot: size of lenticels	Rameau d'un an : taille des lenticelles	Einjähriger Trieb: Größe der Lentizellen	Ramilla de un año: tamaño de las lenticelas			
QN	(b)	small	petites	klein	pequeño	CG 6210 ¹ , J-TE-F ³	1	
		medium	moyennes	mittel	medio	B 9 ³ , G202 ⁴ , Joha ³ , Lizzy ³ , M 9 ¹	2	
		large	grandes	groß	grande	MM107 ¹	3	
13. AB (*)	VG	One-year-old shoot: color on sunny side	Rameau d'un an : couleur de la face exposée au soleil	Einjähriger Trieb: Farbe auf der Sonnenseite	Ramilla de un año: color de la parte soleada			
PQ	(b)	greenish brown	brun verdâtre	grünlichbraun	marrón verdoso	M9 ¹⁴ , M 4 ³	1	
		reddish brown	brun rougeâtre	rötlichbraun	marrón rojizo	Lizzy ³ , JM7 ⁴ , Mark ³ , M 27 ¹⁴	2	
		medium brown	brun moyen	mittelbraun	marrón medio	J-TE-H ³ , M 25 ¹ , M 27 ³	3	
		dark brown	brun foncé	dunkelbraun	marrón oscuro	B 9 ³ , M 2 ³ , M 26 ¹³	4	
14. AB (*)	VG	One-year-old shoot: size of vegetative bud	Rameau d'un an : taille du bourgeon à bois	Einjähriger Trieb: Größe der vegetativen Knospe	Ramilla de un año: tamaño de la yema de madera			
QN	(b)	small	petit	klein	pequeño	J-TE-H ³ , M 25 ¹ , MM106 ⁴ , MM 111	1	
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	G202 ¹⁴ , M 26 ³ , M27 ⁴	2	
		large	grand	groß	grande	M 9 ¹³⁴ , M 27	3	
15. AB (+)	VG	One-year-old shoot: shape of apex of vegetative bud	Rameau d'un an : forme du sommet du bourgeon à bois	Einjähriger Trieb: Form der Spitze der vegetativen Knospe	Ramilla de un año: forma del ápice de la yema de madera			
PQ	(b)	acute	aigu	spitz	agudo	CG 10 ³ , JM7 ⁴ , J-TE-H ³ , M 9 ¹	1	
		obtuse	obtus	stumpf	obtuso	Last Minute ³ , Mark ³ , M 793 ¹ , Supporter 1 ³	2	
		rounded	arrondi	abgerundet	redondeado	Bemali, M 7 ¹³ , MM 111, MM116 ⁴	3	
16. A (+)	VG	One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation to shoot	Rameau d'un an : position du bourgeon à bois par rapport au rameau	Einjähriger Trieb: Stellung der Knospe im Verhältnis zum Trieb	Ramilla de un año: posición de la yema de madera en relación con la ramilla			
QN	(b)	adpressed	appliqué	anliegend	adresa	JM7 ⁴ , M 7 ¹ , MM 106 ⁴	1	
		slightly held out	légèrement divergent	leicht abstehend	ligeramente divergente	M 9 ¹⁴	2	
		strongly held out	fortement divergent	deutlich abstehend	muy divergente	Cepiland ³ , M 2 ³ , M 4 ³	3	
17. AB (+)	VG	One-year-old shoot: size of vegetative bud support	Rameau d'un an : taille du support du bourgeon à bois	Einjähriger Trieb: Größe des Wulstes der vegetativen Knospe	Ramilla de un año: tamaño del soporte de la yema de madera			
QN	(b)	small	petit	klein	pequeño	JM7 ⁴ , M 9 ¹⁴	1	
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Last Minute ³ , M 7 ¹³	2	
		large	grand	groß	grande	Mark ³ , M 2 ³ , MM106 ¹⁴	3	

						Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
18. AB (*) (+)	VG	Young shoot: color of upper part	Jeune rameau : couleur de la partie supérieure	Einjähriger Trieb: Farbe der Oberseite	Ramilla joven: color de la parte superior		
PQ	(c)	whitish	blanchâtre	weißlich	blanquecino	M 25, M116 ⁴	1
		greenish	verdâtre	grünlich	verdosado	M 2, M 27, MM 106 ¹⁴	2
		reddish	rougeâtre	rötlich	rojizo	M 9¹⁴	3
		blackish	noirâtre	schwärzlich	negruzco	B 9, M 10, M 26 ¹	4
19. AB (*)	VG	Young shoot: extent of anthocyanin coloration	Jeune rameau : étendue de la pigmentation anthocyanique	Junger Trieb: Ausdehnung der Anthocyanfärbung	Ramilla joven: extensión de la pigmentación antociánica		
QN	(c)	absent or very small	absente ou très faible	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy pequeña	M 27 ¹ , MM116	1
		small	faible	gering	pequeña	CG 222 ¹	2
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	G 202 ¹	3
		large	forte	groß	grande	M7 ¹	4
		very large	très forte	sehr groß	muy grande	B 9, Marubakaido ¹	5
20. AB (*) (+)	VG	Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot	Limbe : port par rapport au rameau	Blattspreite: Haltung im Verhältnis zum Trieb	Limbo: porte en relación con la ramilla		
QN	(d)	upwards	dressé	aufrecht	hacia arriba	J-TE-E ³ , M 27 ³ , M 793 ¹ , M116 ⁴	1
		outwards	perpendiculaire	waagerecht	horizontal	CG 707 ¹ , G202 ⁴ , M 7 ¹ , MM 106 ⁴	2
		downwards	retombant	hängend	hacia abajo	CG 778 ¹ , JM7 ⁴	3
21. AB (*)	VG/ MS	Leaf blade: length	Limbe : longueur	Blattspreite: Länge	Limbo: longitud		
QN	(d)	short	court	kurz	corta	M 26¹³, M 27³	3
		medium	moyen	mittel	media	M 793 ¹	5
		long	long	lang	larga	B 9 ³ , CG 778 ¹ , M 9 ³	7
22. AB (*)	VG/ MS	Leaf blade: width	Limbe : largeur	Blattspreite: Breite	Limbo: anchura		
QN	(d)	narrow	étroit	schmal	estrecha	M 26 ¹	3
		medium	moyen	mittel	media	M 9 ¹ , M 27 ³	5
		broad	large	breit	ancha	CG 778 ¹ , P 14	7
23. AB (*)	VG/ MS	Leaf blade: ratio length/width	Limbe : rapport longueur/largeur	Blattspreite: Verhältnis Länge/Breite	Limbo: relación entre la longitud y la anchura		
QN	(d)	very low	très bas	sehr klein	muy pequeña	M 25 ¹	1
		low	bas	klein	pequeña	CG 222 ¹ , M 7¹³ , M 27 ³	2
		medium	moyen	mittel	media	Last Minute ³ , MM 111 ¹ , Supporter 1 ³	3
		high	élévé	groß	grande	CG 778 ¹	4
		very high	très élevé	sehr groß	muy grande	M 9 ¹	5

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
24. AB (*) (+)	VG	Leaf blade: profile in cross section	Limbe : profil en section transversale	Blattspreite: Profil im Querschnitt	Limbo: perfil de la sección transversal		
QN	(d)	concave	concave	konkav	cóncavo	CG 778 ¹ , M 27 ³ , M 116 ⁴	1
		flat	plat	gerade	plano	CG 707 ¹ , M 7 ¹³ , M 9 ¹³⁴	2
		convex	convexe	konvex	convexo	M 25	3
25. AB	VG	Leaf blade: length of tip	Limbe : longueur de la pointe	Blattspreite: Länge der Spitze	Limbo: longitud del extremo		
QN	(d)	short	courte	kurz	corta	M 26 ¹³ , M 27 ² , M 116 ⁴	1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	G 202 ¹⁴ , M 9 ² , MM 106 ³	2
		long	longue	lang	larga	CG 4214 ¹ , Last Minute ³ , P 16 ³	3
26. AB (*) (+)	VG	Leaf blade: incisions of margin	Limbe : incisions du bord	Blattspreite: Randeinschnitte	Limbo: incisiones del borde		
PQ	(d)	crenate	crénelées	gekerbt	crenadas	CG 707 ¹ , J 9 ³ , JM 74	1
		bicrenate	bicrénelées	doppelt gerckt	bicrenadas	CG 222 ¹ , J-TE-G ³ , M 7 ¹ , M 793 ¹	2
		serrate type 1	dentelées type 1	gesägt Typ 1	serradas tipo 1	J-TE-H ³ , M 9 ³ , MM 109 ¹ , M 274	3
		serrate type 2	dentelées type 2	gesägt Typ 2	serradas tipo 2	J-TE-A ³	4
		biserrate	bidentelées	doppelt gesägt	biserradas	CG 778 ¹ , MM 106 ¹ , MM 112 ³ , MM 114 ³	5
27. AB	VG	Leaf blade: depth of incisions of margin	Limbe : profondeur des incisions du bord	Blattspreite: Tiefe der Randeinschnitte	Limbo: profundidad de las incisiones del margen		
QN	(d)	very shallow	très peu profondes	sehr flach	muy poco profundas	M 26 ¹	1
		shallow	peu profondes	flach	poco profundas	CG 4204 ¹	2
		medium	moyennes	mittel	medias	CG 707 ¹	3
		deep	profondes	tief	profundas	CG 778 ¹	4
		very deep	très profondes	sehr tief	muy profundas		5
28. AB (*)	VG	Leaf blade: undulation of margin	Limbe : ondulation du bord	Blattspreite: Randwellung	Limbo: ondulación del borde		
QN	(d)	absent or very weak	absente ou très faible	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy débil	CG 222 ² , CG 778 ¹² , MM 105 ³ , Pi 80 ³	1
		weak	faible	gering	débil	M 9 ¹² , MM 106 ¹³ , MM 110 ³	2
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Cepiland ¹³ , J-TE-H ³ , M 7 ¹² , M 26 ¹²	3
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	CG 24 ³ , CG 6210 ¹² , M 18 ³	4

						Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
		English	français	deutsch	español		
29. AB	VG	Leaf blade: pubescence on lower side	Limbe : pubescence sur la face inférieure	Blattspreite: Behaarung der Unterseite	Limbo: pubescencia del envés		
QN	(d)	weak	faible	gering	débil	G202 ⁴ , M 7 ³ , M 9 ¹	1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	M 27 ¹ , Lizzy ³ , Supporter ³	2
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	MM 106 ¹	3
30. AB (*)	VG	Leaf blade: glossiness of upper side	Limbe : brillance de la face supérieure	Blattspreite: Glanz der Oberseite	Limbo: brillo en el haz		
QN	(d)	absent or very weak	absente ou très faible	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy débil	CG 707 ² , M 16 ³ , M 26 ¹² , MM 114 ³ , P 60 ³	1
		weak	faible	gering	débil	MM 106 ¹² , MM 111 ³	2
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	M 9 ¹² , M 14 ³ , M 17 ³ , MM 106 ³	3
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	CG 4202 ¹² , Marubakaido ¹² , M 9 ³ , MM 102 ³ , MM 110 ³ , MM 112 ³ , Pi-AU 9-24 ³	4
31. AB (*)	VG	Leaf blade: intensity of green color	Limbe : intensité de la couleur verte	Blattspreite: Intensität der Grünfärbung	Limbo: intensidad del color verde		
QN	(d)	light	claire	hell	clara	CG 778 ¹² , J-TE-G ³ , M 7 ¹²	1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	CG 24 ³ , CG 707 ¹² , M 9 ¹²³	3
		dark	fondée	dunkel	oscuro	CG 10 ³ , M 26 ¹²³ , MM 109 ¹² , P 60 ³	5
32. AB (*)	VG/ MS	Petiole: length	Pétiole : longueur	Blattstiell: Länge	Pecíolo: longitud		
QN	(d)	short	court	kurz	corta	M 26 ¹ , M 27 ³	1
		medium	moyen	mittel	media	JM7 ⁴ , M 9 ³	3
		long	long	lang	larga	CG 707 ¹ , MM 106 ³	5
33. AB (*) (+)	VG/ MG	Leaf: length of petiole relative to length of blade	Feuille : rapport longueur du pétiole/ longueur du limbe	Blatt: Länge des Blattstiels im Verhältnis zur Länge der Blattspreite	Hoja: longitud del pecíolo en relación con la longitud del limbo		
QN	(d)	short	court	kurz	corta	M 7 ¹	1
		medium	moyen	mittel	media	B 9, G 202 ¹⁴ , M 9	3
		long	long	lang	larga	CG 778 ¹ , P 16	5
34. AB (+)	VG	Petiole: extent of anthocyanin coloration from base	Pétiole : étendue de la pigmentation anthocyanique	Blattstiell: Ausbreitung der Anthocyanfärbung von der Basis	Pecíolo: extensión de la pigmentación antociánica desde la base		
QN	(d)	small	faible	gering	pequeña	CG 222 ¹ , J-TE-F ³ , M 9	1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	CG 778 ¹ , M 9 ³ , M 14 ³	2
		large	forte	groß	grande	B-9 ² , CG 10 ³ , Marubakaido ¹	3

						Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
35. AB (*)	VG	Stipule: size	Stipule : taille	Nebenblatt: Größe	Estípula: tamaño		
QN	(d)	small	petit	klein	pequeño	M 27 ³	1
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	M 9 ³	2
		large	grand	groß	grande	MM 106 ³	3
36. B (+)	VG	Plant: number of flowers	Plante : nombre de fleurs	Pflanze: Anzahl Blüten	Planta: número de flores		
QN	(e)	absent or few	absentes ou peu nombreuses	fehlend oder gering	ausentes o bajo	Marubakaido ¹	1
		medium	moyennement nombreuses	mittel	medio	M 7 ¹	2
		many	nombreuses	groß	alto	CG 707 ¹	3
37. B (+)	VG	Flower: color at balloon stage	Fleur : couleur au stade ballon	Blüte: Farbe im Ballonstadium	Flor: color en la fase de capullo		
PQ	(e)	light pink	rose pâle	hellrosa	rosa claro	CG 80 ³ , JM7 ⁴ , M 7 ¹² , M 27 ²	1
		medium pink	rose moyen	mittelrosa	rosa medio	J-TE-F ³ , M 9 ¹²	2
		medium red	rouge moyen	mittelrot	rojo medio	CG 707 ¹ , Supporter 1 ³	3
		dark red	rouge foncé	dunkelrot	rojo oscuro	B 9 ³ , CG 228 ¹	4
		purple	pourpre	purpurn	púrpura	B 9 ² , J 9 ³	5
38. B (+)	VG	Flower: arrangement of petals	Fleur : disposition des pétales	Blüte: Anordnung der Blütenblätter	Flor: disposición de los pétalos		
QN	(e)	free	disjoints	freistehend	libres	Cepiland ¹³ , M 9 ¹²	1
		intermediate	intermédiaires	mittel	intermedios	M 7 ¹²	2
		overlapping	se recouvrant	überlappend	solapados	CG 222 ¹ , JM7 ⁴ , J-TE-B ³ , M 27 ²	3
39. B (+)	VG	Flower: diameter	Fleur : diamètre	Blüte: Durchmesser	Flor: diámetro		
QN	(e)	very small	très petit	sehr klein	muy pequeño	CG 228 ¹	1
		small	petit	klein	pequeño	M 793 ¹	2
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	CG 707 ¹	3
		large	grand	groß	grande	M 27 ¹	4
40. B (+)	VG	Flower: position of stigmas relative to anthers	Fleur : position des stigmates par rapport aux anthères	Blüte: Stellung der Narben im Vergleich zu den Antheren	Flor: posición de los estigmas en relación con las anteras		
QN	(e)	below	au-dessous	unterhalb	por debajo		1
		same level	au même niveau	auf gleicher Höhe	al mismo nivel	M 7 ¹ , P 92 ³	2
		above	au-dessus	oberhalb	por encima	CG 228 ¹ , J-TE-B ³ , M 793 ¹	3

					Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
		English	français	deutsch	español	
41.	B	Fruit: size	Fruit : taille	Frucht: Größe	Fruto: tamaño	
QN	(f)	very small	très petit	sehr klein	muy pequeño	JM7 ⁴
		small	petit	klein	pequeño	CG 2221, G2024, J-TE-F ³
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	J-TE-H ³ , M 7 ¹ , M 793 ¹
		large	gros	groß	grande	M 9 ³ , MM 109 ¹
		very large	très gros	sehr groß	muy grande	MM106 ⁴
42.	B	Fruit: ratio length/width	Fruit : rapport longueur/largeur	Frucht: Verhältnis Länge/Breite	Fruto: relación entre la longitud y la anchura	
QN	(f)	very low	très bas	sehr klein	muy pequeña	M 793 ¹
		low	bas	klein	pequeña	M 26 ¹
		medium	moyen	mittel	media	M 7 ¹
		high	élevé	groß	grande	CG 222 ¹
43.	B	Fruit: shape	Fruit : forme	Frucht: Form	Fruto: forma	
(+)						
PQ	(f)	conic waisted	conique étranglé	kegelförmig tailliert	cónica entallada	1
		conic	conique	kegelförmig	cónica	2
		ovate	ovale	eiförmig	oval	Last Minute ³
		oblate	aplati	breitrund	achatada	M 793 ¹
		circular	circulaire	rundlich	circular	Bemali ³ , JM7 ⁴
		elliptic	elliptique	elliptisch	elíptica	M 11 ³
		oblong	oblong	rechteckig	oblonga	7
44.	B	Fruit: ribbing	Fruit : côtes	Frucht: Rippung	Fruto: acostillado	
QN	(f)	absent or very weak	absentes ou très faibles	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy débil	Bemali ³ , CG 778 ¹
		weak	faibles	gering	débil	CG 24 ³ , CG 228 ¹
		medium	moyennes	mittel	medio	CG 80 ³
		strong	fortes	stark	fuerte	CG 222 ¹ , Lancep ³
45.	B	Fruit: crowning at calyx end	Fruit : couronnement au sommet du calice	Frucht: Wülste oder Höcker am Kelchende	Fruto: remate del extremo del cáliz	
QN	(f)	absent or very weak	absent ou très faible	fehlend oder gering	ausente o muy débil	CG 707 ¹ , M 3 ³
		weak	faible	gering	débil	G 228 ¹ , J-TE-A ³
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Joha ³ , MM 106 ¹
		strong	fort	stark	fuerte	CG 80 ³ , CG 222 ¹

					Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
		English	français	deutsch	español	
46.	B	Fruit: ground color	Fruit : couleur de fond	Frucht: Grundfarbe	Fruto: color de fondo	
PQ	(f)	not visible	non visible	nicht sichtbar	no visible	B9 ³
		whitish yellow	jaune blanchâtre	weißlichgelb	amarillo blanquecino	CG 778 ¹ , M 8 ³
		yellow	jaune	gelb	amarillo	G202 ⁴ , M 91⁴ , M26 ⁴ , MM106 ⁴ , P 92 ³
		whitish green	vert blanchâtre	weißlichgrün	verde blanquecino	CG 24 ³ , CG 228 ¹
		yellow green	vert jaune	gelbgrün	verde amarillento	M 1 ³ , M 793 ¹
		green	vert	grün	verde	M 5 ³
47.	B	Fruit: over color	Fruit : couleur du lavis	Frucht: Deckfarbe	Fruto: color superior	
(+)						
PQ	(f)	orange red	rouge orangé	orangerot	rojo anaranjado	M 26 ³
		pink red	rouge-rose	rosarot	rojo rosado	CG 228 ¹ , P 47 ³ , P 60 ³
		red	rouge	rot	rojo	CG 222 ¹ , CG 707 ¹
		purple red	rouge-pourpre	purpurrot	rojo púrpura	MM 102 ³
		brown red	rouge-brun	braunrot	rojo amarronado	Mark ³
48.	B	Fruit: relative area of over color	Fruit : proportion de lavis	Frucht: Anteil der Deckfarbe	Fruto: zona relativa del color superior	
QN	(f)	absent or very small	nulle ou très petite	fehlend oder sehr klein	ausente o muy pequeña	JM7 ⁴ , MM 109 ¹ , MM 115 ³
		small	petite	klein	pequeña	CG 228 ¹ , MM 105 ³ , MM116 ⁴
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	CG 707 ¹ , MM 104 ³
		large	grande	groß	grande	M 26 ³ , M 793 ¹
		very large	très grande	sehr groß	muy grande	B 9 ³
49.	B	Fruit: length of stalk	Fruit : longueur du pédoncule	Frucht: Länge des Stieles	Fruto: longitud del pedúnculo	
QN	(f)	very short	très court	sehr kurz	muy corto	Last Minute ³ , M 793 ¹
		short	court	kurz	corto	CG 778 ¹ , P 92 ³
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	MM 109 ¹ , P 1 ³
		long	long	lang	largo	CG 228 ¹ , JM7 ⁴ , SU57233 ³
		very long	très long	sehr lang	muy largo	CG 707 ¹ , Supporter 1 ³
50.	B	Fruit: aperture of locules in transverse section	Fruit : ouverture des loges carpellaires en section transversale	Frucht: Öffnung der Kernkammern im Querschnitt	Fruto: apertura de los lóculos en la sección transversal	
(+)						
QN	(f)	closed or slightly open	fermées ou légèrement ouvertes	geschlossen oder leicht offen	cerrados o ligeramente abiertos	M 5 ³ , M 7 ¹
		moderately open	modérément ouvertes	leicht offen	moderadamente abiertos	G 228 ¹ , Last Minute ³
		fully open	complètement ouvertes	vollständig offen	completamente abiertos	J-TE-F ³ , MM 109 ¹

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
51. (*) (+)	VG/ MG	Time of beginning of bud burst	Époque de début du débourrement	Zeitpunkt des Beginns des Knospenaufbruchs	Época de inicio de la apertura de yemas		
QN		very early	très précoce	sehr früh	muy temprana	G202 ^{1,4}	1
		early	précoce	früh	temprana	M 4 ³ , M 9 ¹	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	B 9 ³ , Cepiland ³ , M 25 ¹	5
		late	tardive	spät	tardía	Last Minute ³ , MM 111 ¹	7
		very late	très tardive	sehr spät	muy tardía	M 26 ^{1,3}	9
52. B (+)	VG/ MG	Time of beginning of flowering	Époque de début de la floraison	Zeitpunkt des Blühbeginns	Época de comienzo de la floración		
QN		very early	très précoce	sehr früh	muy temprana	G202 ¹	1
		early	précoce	früh	temprana	G 707 ¹	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	M25 ¹	5
		late	tardive	spät	tardía	M 7 ¹ , MM 111 ¹	7
		very late	très tardive	sehr spät	muy tardía	M 26 ¹	9

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Plant: Observations on the plant should be made in the dormant season.
- (b) One-year-old shoot: Unless otherwise indicated, observations on the shoot should be made on the middle third of the one-year-old shoot in the dormant season.
- (c) Young shoot: Observation of the young shoot should be made on the upper third of the one-year-old shoot during rapid growth.
- (d) Leaf: Observations on the leave should be made on fully developed leaves from the middle third of vigorous current season shoots.
- (e) Flower: Observations on the flower should be done on fully grown trees. Observations on the flower should be made on the second or subsequent flowers, at the start of dehiscence.
- (f) Fruit: Observations on the fruit should be done on fully grown trees. All observations of the fruit should be made on 10 typical fruits taken from a minimum sample of 20 fruits, at time of visual ripeness.

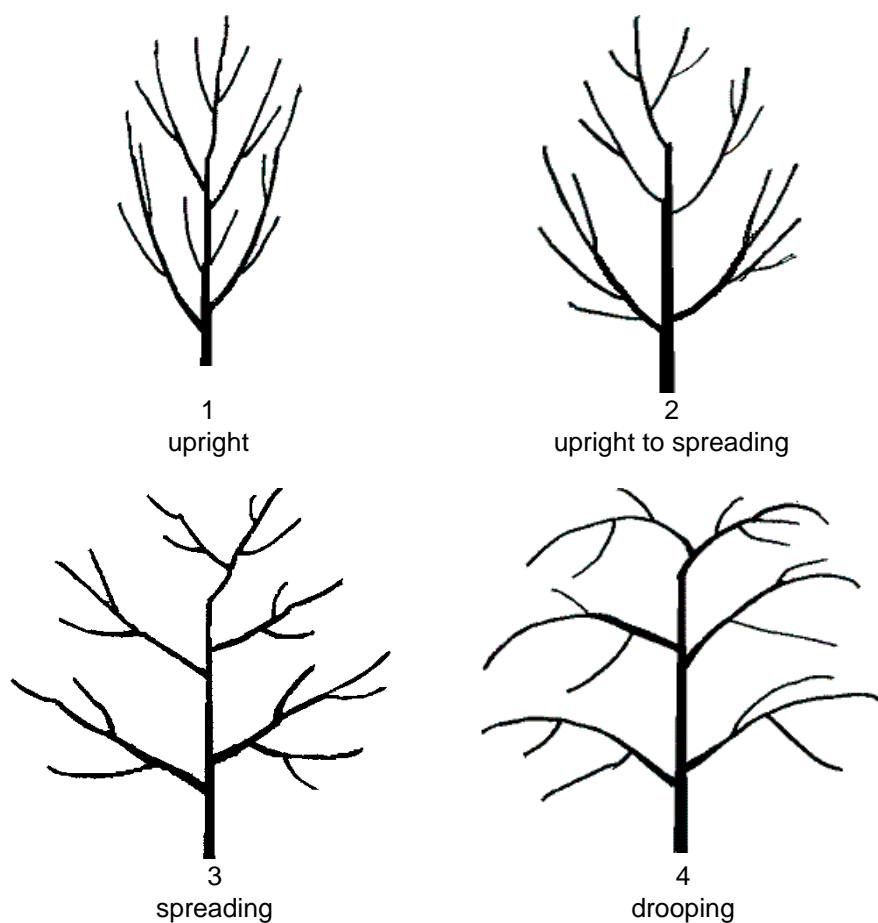
8.2 *Explanations for individual characteristics*

Ad. 1: Plant: vigor

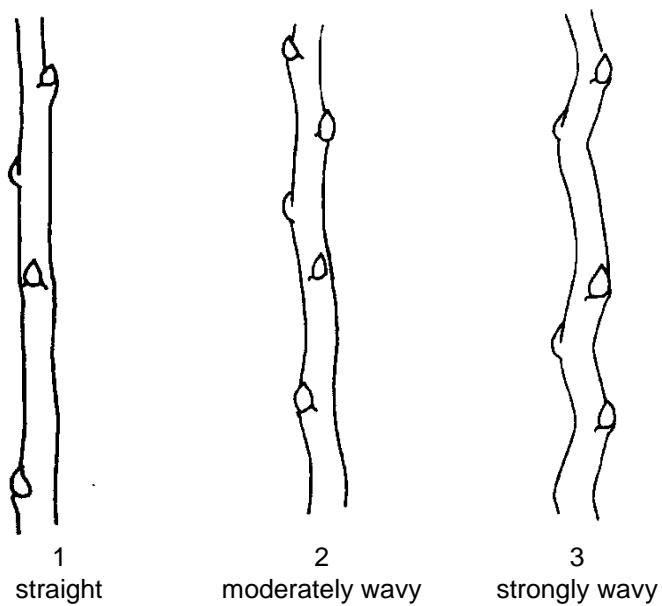
The vigor of the plant should be considered as the overall abundance of vegetative growth.

Ad. 4: Plant: habit

B



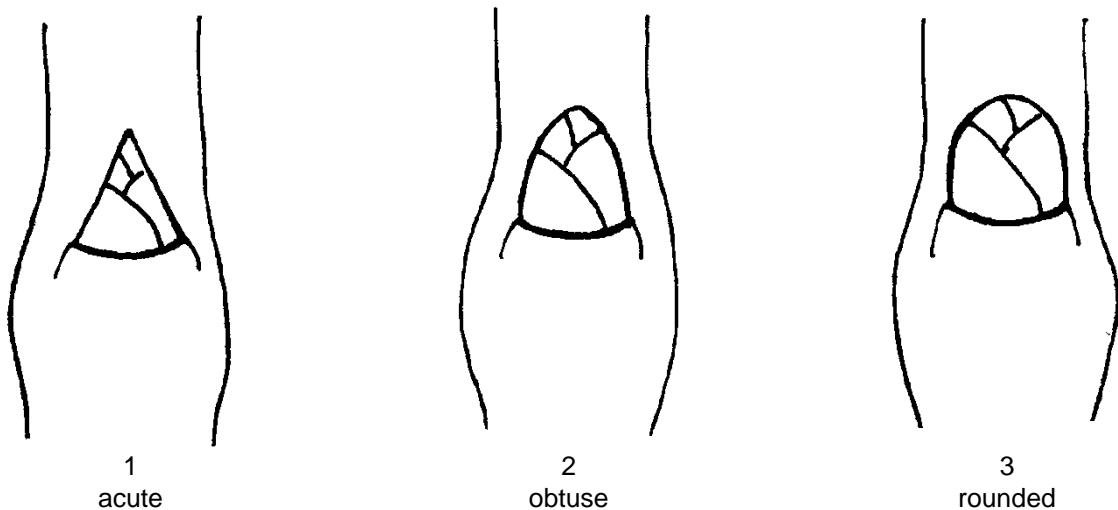
Ad. 6: One-year-old shoot: growth



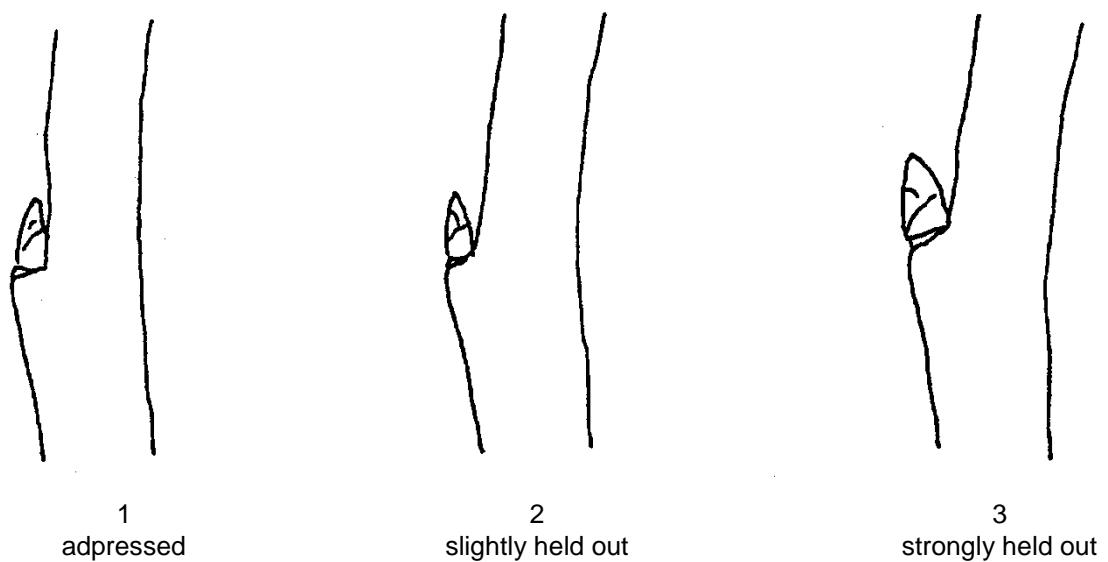
Ad. 7: One-year-old shoot: pubescence

The pubescence should be observed on the distal half of the shoot.

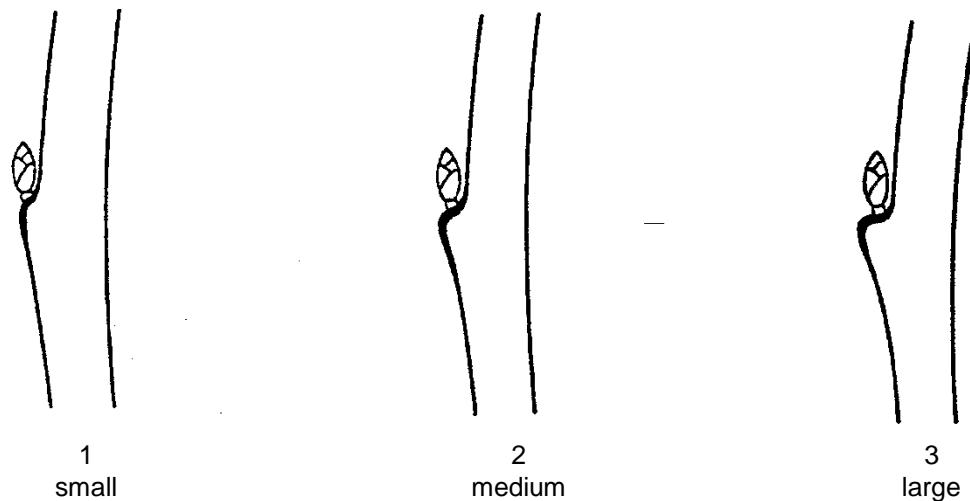
Ad. 15: One-year-old shoot: shape of apex of vegetative bud



Ad. 16: One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation to shoot



Ad. 17: One-year-old shoot: size of vegetative bud support



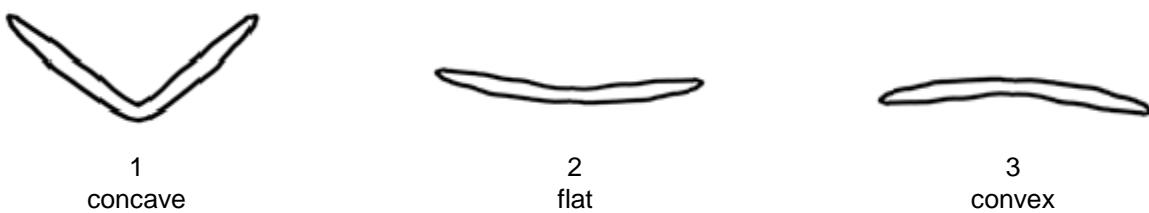
Ad. 18: Young shoot: color of upper part

The color observed should be of the underlying skin underneath the pubescence.

Ad. 20: Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot

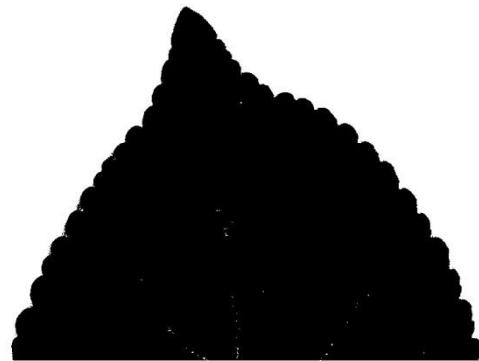


Ad 24: Leaf blade: profile in cross section



Ad. 26: Leaf blade: incisions of margin

Observations should be done on the upper half of the leaf blade.



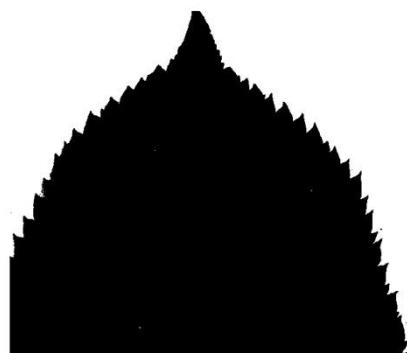
1
crenate



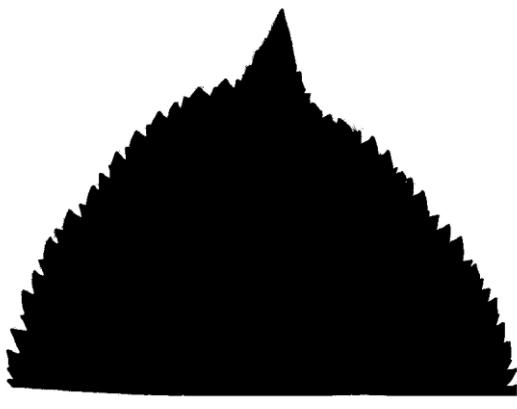
2
bicrenate



3
serrate type 1



4
serrate type 2



5
biserrate

Ad. 33: Leaf: length of petiole relative to length of blade

Should be assessed regarding the length of the petiole compared to the length of the middle vein of the leaf.

Ad. 34: Petiole: extent of anthocyanin coloration from base

Should be assessed regarding the degree to which the amount of anthocyanin coloration extend from the petiole base towards the base of the leaf.

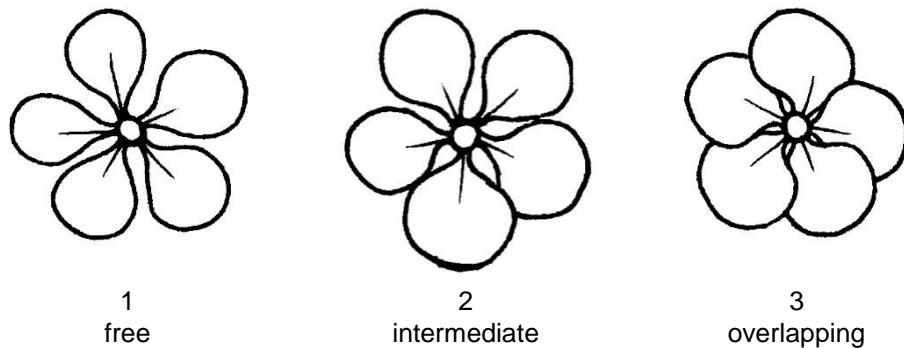
Ad. 36: Plant: number of flowers

Should be assessed as the amount of flowers present during the flowering period.

Ad. 37: Flower: color at balloon stage

Balloon stage is the phenological stage in the course of the flower development when the calyx is fully expanded and the petals are recognizable, having partially expanded and inflated but are closed, covering the internal organs. Balloon stage is usually 1-2 days before the petals unfold.

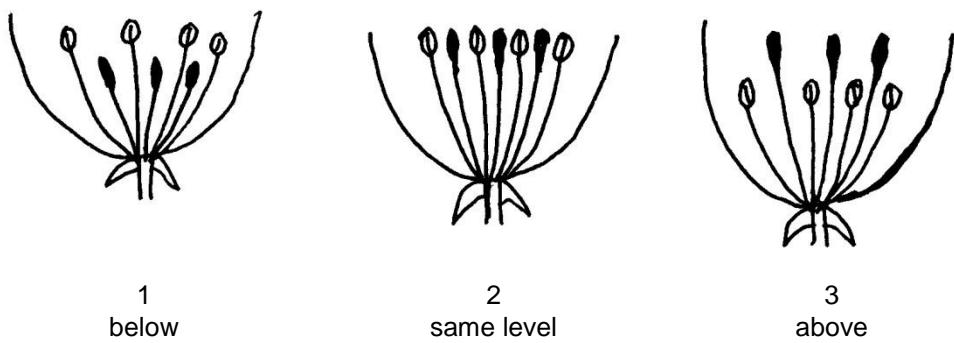
Ad. 38: Flower: arrangement of petals



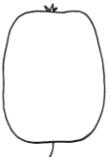
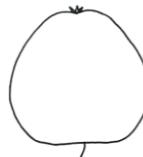
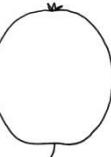
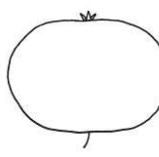
Ad. 39: Flower: diameter

The observation on the flower should be done with the petals pressed into a horizontal position.

Ad. 40: Flower: position of stigmas relative to anthers



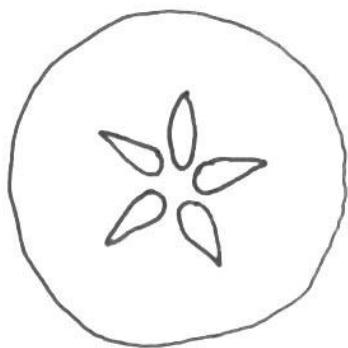
Ad. 43: Fruit: shape

		← broadest part →
		(below middle) at middle
narrow (high)		 7 oblong
→ width (ratio length/width)		 3 ovate
broad (low) ←		 6 elliptic
width (ratio length/width)		 5 circular
		 4 oblanceolate

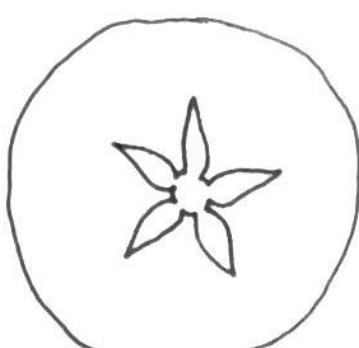
Ad. 47: Fruit: over color

All observation should be done with the bloom removed.

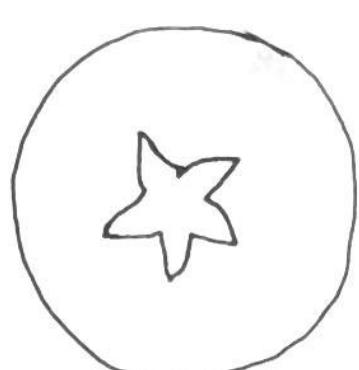
Ad. 50: Fruit: aperture of locules in transverse section



1
closed or slightly open



2
moderately open



3
fully open

Ad. 51: Time of beginning of bud burst

To be assessed when 10% of the buds show green point.

Ad. 52: Time of beginning of flowering

To be assessed when 10% of the flowers on the 5 trees are fully open.

9. Literature

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10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
		Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights		
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire		
1.1 Botanical name	Malus Mill.	
1.2 Common name	Apple Rootstocks	
2. Applicant		
Name		
Address		
Telephone No.		
Fax No.		
E-mail address		
Breeder (if different from applicant)		
3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference		
Proposed denomination (if available)		
Breeder's reference		

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<p>#4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety</p> <p>4.1 Origin</p> <p>(a) Seedling of unknown parentage []</p> <p>(b) Produced by controlled pollination (indicate parent varieties)</p> <p>– Seed bearing parent (indicate parent)</p> <p>– Pollen parent (indicate parent)</p> <p>(c) Produced by open pollination of (indicate seed bearing parent plant)</p> <p>(d) Mutation or sport from (indicate original parent variety) []</p> <p>(e) Discovery (indicate where and when) []</p>		

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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4.2 Method of propagating the variety

4.2.1 Vegetative propagation

- (a) cuttings []
- (b) *in vitro* propagation []
- (c) other (state method) []

4.2.2 Other
(please provide details) []

4.3 Virus status

- (a) The variety is free from all known viruses as follows:
(indicate from which viruses)
.....

- (b) The plant material is virus tested
(indicate against which viruses)
.....

- (c) The virus status is unknown []

4.4 Other information

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:																																																																		
<p>5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">Characteristics</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Example Varieties</th> <th style="width: 34%;">Note</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>5.1 Plant: vigor (1)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>very weak</td> <td>CG 222¹</td> <td>1[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>weak</td> <td>J-TE-F³, M 9⁴, M 26¹⁴, M 27⁴</td> <td>2[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>medium</td> <td>B9³, G202⁴, J-TE-H³, JM7⁴, M 7¹</td> <td>3[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>strong</td> <td>M 793¹, MM 106⁴</td> <td>4[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>very strong</td> <td>CG 934¹</td> <td>5[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.2 Plant: number of shoots (3)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>very few</td> <td></td> <td>1[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>few</td> <td>M 9¹</td> <td>2[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>medium</td> <td>Joha³, Lancep³, Last Minute³, M 26¹, Supporter 1³</td> <td>3[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>many</td> <td>MM 111¹</td> <td>4[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>very many</td> <td>M 25¹</td> <td>5[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.3 Plant: habit (4)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>upright</td> <td>M 7¹, M116⁴</td> <td>1[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>upright to spreading</td> <td>CG707¹</td> <td>2[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>spreading</td> <td>Cepiland⁴, CG 222¹, M 9³, M116⁴</td> <td>3[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>drooping</td> <td>Marubakaido¹</td> <td>4[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.4 One-year-old- shoot: growth (6)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>straight</td> <td>M 9¹³⁴</td> <td>1[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>moderately wavy</td> <td>G 202¹⁴, Mark³, M 26³, M 793¹, Supporter 1³</td> <td>2[]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>strongly wavy</td> <td>M 25¹</td> <td>3[]</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note	5.1 Plant: vigor (1)			very weak	CG 222 ¹	1[]	weak	J-TE-F ³ , M 9 ⁴ , M 26¹⁴ , M 27 ⁴	2[]	medium	B9 ³ , G202 ⁴ , J-TE-H ³ , JM7 ⁴ , M 7 ¹	3[]	strong	M 793 ¹ , MM 106 ⁴	4[]	very strong	CG 934 ¹	5[]	5.2 Plant: number of shoots (3)			very few		1[]	few	M 9 ¹	2[]	medium	Joha ³ , Lancep ³ , Last Minute ³ , M 26 ¹ , Supporter 1 ³	3[]	many	MM 111 ¹	4[]	very many	M 25 ¹	5[]	5.3 Plant: habit (4)			upright	M 7 ¹ , M116 ⁴	1[]	upright to spreading	CG707 ¹	2[]	spreading	Cepiland ⁴ , CG 222 ¹ , M 9 ³ , M116 ⁴	3[]	drooping	Marubakaido ¹	4[]	5.4 One-year-old- shoot: growth (6)			straight	M 9¹³⁴	1[]	moderately wavy	G 202 ¹⁴ , Mark ³ , M 26 ³ , M 793 ¹ , Supporter 1 ³	2[]	strongly wavy	M 25 ¹	3[]
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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE		Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
Characteristics		Example Varieties	Note
5.5	Young shoot: extent of anthocyanin coloration		
(19)			
	absent or very small	M 27 ¹ , MM116	1[]
	small	CG 222 ¹	2[]
	medium	G 202 ¹	3[]
	large	M7 ¹	4[]
	very strong	B 9, Marubakaido ¹	5[]
5.6	Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot		
(20)			
	upwards	J-TE-E ³ , M 27 ³ , M 793 ¹ , M116 ⁴	1[]
	outwards	CG 707 ¹ , G202 ⁴ , M 7 ¹ , MM 106 ⁴	2[]
	downwards	CG 778 ¹ , JM7 ⁴	3[]
5.7	Leaf blade: incisions of margin		
(26)			
	crenate	CG 707 ¹ , J 9 ³ , JM74	1[]
	bicrenate	CG 222 ¹ , J-TE-G ³ , M 7 ¹ , M 793 ¹	2[]
	serrate type 1	J-TE-H ³ , M 9 ³ , MM 109 ¹ , M 274	3[]
	serrate type 2	J-TE-A ³	4[]
	biserrate	CG 778 ¹ , MM 106 ¹ , MM 112 ³ , MM 114 ³	5[]
5.8	Time of beginning of bud burst		
(51)			
	very early	G202¹⁴	1[]
	very early to early		2[]
	early	M 4 ³ , M 9 ¹	3[]
	early to medium		4[]
	medium	B 9 ³ , Cepiland ³ , M 25 ¹	5[]
	medium to late		6[]
	late	Last Minute ³ , MM 111 ¹	7[]
	late to very late		8[]
	very late	M 26¹³	9[]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.

Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety
<i>Example</i>	<i>Plant: vigor</i>	<i>weak</i>	<i>strong</i>
Comments:			

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<p>#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety</p> <p>7.1 Resistance to pests and diseases</p> <p>7.2 Special conditions for the examination of the variety</p> <p>7.3 Other information</p>		
<p>8. Authorization for release</p> <p>(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(b) Has such authorization been obtained?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.</p>		

* Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination.

9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.

9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:

- | | | |
|---|---------|--------|
| (a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide) | Yes [] | No [] |
| (c) Tissue culture | Yes [] | No [] |
| (d) Other factors | Yes [] | No [] |

Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".

.....

9.3 Has the plant material to be examined been tested for the presence of virus or other pathogens?

Yes []

(please provide details as specified by the Authority)

No []

10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:

Applicant's name

Signature

Date

[End of document]