

TC-EDC/Jan13/26 ORIGINAL: English DATE: December 7, 2012

INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS Geneva

ENLARGED EDITORIAL COMMITTEE

Geneva, January 9 and 10, 2013

REVISION OF DOCUMENT TGP/8: PART II: TECHNIQUES USED IN DUS EXAMINATION, NEW SECTION: EXAMINING CHARACTERISTICS USING IMAGE ANALYSIS

Document prepared by the Office of the Union

- 1. The purpose of this document is to report on:
 - a) results of the questionnaire on software and hardware used for image analysis;
 - b) presentations on image analysis at the Technical Working Party on Automation and Computer Programs (TWC), at its thirtieth session; and
 - c) development of Document TGP/8: Part II: Techniques Used in DUS Examination, New Section: "Examining Characteristics Using Image Analysis".

Results of "UPOV Questionnaire on software and hardware used for image analysis

2. The Technical Committee (TC), at its forty-eighth session, held in Geneva from March 26 to 28, 2012, considered the proposal for New Section: "Examining Characteristics Using Image Analysis," on the basis of document TC/48/19 Rev. "Revision of document TGP/8 Trial Design and Techniques Used in the Examination of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability", Annex VII. The TC agreed to the development of a questionnaire by Mr. Gerie van der Heijden (Netherlands), the Technical Working Party on Automation and Computer Programs (TWC) Chairman and the Office of the Union, concerning software and hardware used for image analysis, which would be issued to the TC and TWC representatives of UPOV members. The results of the questionnaire would be presented to the TWC at its thirtieth session, to be held in Chisinau, Republic of Moldova, from June 26 to 29, 2012 (see document TC/48/22 "Report on Conclusions", paragraph 56).

3. The TWC, at its thirtieth session held in Chisinau, from June 26 to 29, 2012, received a presentation by an expert from the Netherlands, entitled "Survey on Software and Hardware used for Image Analysis", which is reproduced in document TWC/30/39. The TWC agreed that information from France and Finland should be included in this document (see document TWC/30/41 "Report", paragraph 79).

4. Annex I to this document contains the information presented in document TWC/30/39 and information from Finland and France.

Presentations on Image Analysis

5. The TWC, at its thirtieth session, received a presentation on the AIM software on management of image analysis, made by an expert from France, as reproduced in document TWC/30/31 and in Annex II to this document. It noted the features of the AIM software, currently available in French, and that it could be made available free of charge by its developer (Group for Study and Control of Varieties and Seeds (GEVES)). The TWC suggested that training on use of this software and its translation into English would be essential for wide use. It also agreed that this software could be included in the list of exchangeable

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software. The TWC requested the Office of the Union to help translate the software into English (see document TWC/30/41 "Report", paragraphs 77 and 78).

The Development of the Draft of New Section: "Examining Characteristics Using Image Analysis"

6. The TC, at its forty-eighth session, considered the proposal for New Section 12: "Examining Characteristics Using Image Analysis in document TGP/8. The TC agreed that Subsection 12.1 "Introduction" of New Section: "Examining Characteristics Using Image Analysis" should be reworded to explain that image analysis would be an alternative method for observing a characteristic, rather than a principal method for observing a characteristic. The TC agreed that the TWC should develop Subsection 12.3 "Guidance on the use of image analysis" and agreed that a new section should be prepared on the basis of the discussion on documents TWC/29/19 "Image Analysis for DUS in the United Kingdom", TWC/29/21 "The Use of Image Tool in Measurements of Grain Length of Rye (*Secale cereale* L.), TWC/29/27 "Image Analysis in the Czech Republic" and TWC/29/29 "Image Analysis in the Netherlands". The drafters would be the experts from Netherlands (first drafter), Czech Republic, Finland and the United Kingdom (see document TC/48/22 "Report on Conclusions" paragraphs 56 to 58).

7. The TWC, at its thirtieth session, agreed that a draft for New Section - Examining Characteristics Using Image Analysis for document TGP/8 "Trial Design and Techniques Used in the Examination of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability" would be prepared by an expert from the Netherlands in collaboration with an expert from the European Union for the TWP sessions in 2013 (see document TWC/30/41 "Report", paragraph 80).

[Annexes follow]

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ANNEX I

ANALYSIS OF UPOV QUESTIONNAIRE ON IMAGE ANALYSIS

Prepared by Gerie van der Heijden (Netherlands)

INTRODUCTION

1 A questionnaire on image analysis (see Annex I, which was an Annex to E-12/106) was sent to the UPOV members in April 2012. The aim of the questionnaire was to gain insight in the frequency and way of use of image analysis in the different member states.

2 The questionnaire was returned by 21 UPOV members. The United Kingdom returned two questionnaires, one from England (NIAB) and one from Scotland (SASA), so there were 22 questionnaires in total. For sake of simplicity, England and Scotland are here treated as two different respondents. Results are shown in Annex II.

USE AND PURPOSE OF IMAGE ANALYSIS

3 In total ten respondents stated that image analysis is being used on a routine basis in their work, where France also uses it non-routine. Italy only uses it for non-routine purposes at the moment. Ten respondents do not use image analysis and have no further plans to use it, one country (Republic of Moldova) has plans to use it (see Figure 1 and Annex II).



4 The main purpose of image analysis is for DUS assessment. It is only occasionally used for variety description, finding common knowledge varieties or supporting evidence (see Figure 2 and Annex II).



CROPS AND CHARACTERISTICS

5 The crops for which image analysis is being used are (in alphabetic order):

1. Barley	18. Rape
2. Brassica crops	19. Red clover
3. Brussels sprouts	20. Rice
4. Carrot	21. Running beans
5. Field bean	22. Rye
6. Flax	23. Seeds/grains various crops
7. Fodder radish	24. Sugar Beet (cotyledon)
8. French bean	25. Watercress
9. Impatiens	26. Wheat
10. Maize	27. White mustards
11. Oats	28. Willow (leaves)
12. Oilseed rape	
13. Onion	
14. Ornamentals	
15. Parsnip	
16. Pea	
17. Pelargonium	

6 Image analysis is mainly being used to measure the size and shape of seeds, leaves and roots/bulbs. A few ornamental crops like Pelargonium and Impatiens are listed. Also for these crops, the characteristics are size and shape related. France is the only country that uses it for color. No characteristics were mentioned which measure texture or variegation patterns.

7 All respondents who use image analysis on a routine basis, use it as intermediate data for the DUS decision. France also uses it to store information for future use.

TECHNICAL ISSUES

8 Eight respondents use a camera, five respondents use a scanner (two respondents use both options). All use a regular PC or workstation.

9 Every UPOV member has its own software system. Most respondents use commercially available software or open source software which they have adopted themselves. Only Italy uses off-the-shelf software. In some cases the software can be made available to other UPOV members (under conditions). See Annex II for details.

10 The size of the data is hardly limiting with current disks. The largest reported database is about 300 GB.

RECORDING CONDITIONS

11 All respondents use some form of calibration for determining the size of an object. In general the lighting conditions are also standardized and verified. Color calibration is not mentioned.

[Appendix I follows]

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UPOV QUESTIONNAIRE ON IMAGE ANALYSIS AS SENT TO UPOV MEMBERS

PLEASE COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. YOU CAN ATTACH A SEPARATE SHEET(S) TO PROVIDE A MORE COMPLETE ANSWER IF NECESSARY (E.G. IF YOU HAVE DIFFERENT PROJECTS/PURPOSES WITH IMAGE ANALYSIS).

Name of person answering the questionnaire:
Country:
Organization
Contact Information: Address: Tel:

I. GENERAL QUESTIONS

1. Use of image analysis in your country

□ Yes

Г

- □ Routine-basis
- □ Non routine-basis
- □ No
 - Planning to use
 - □ No plans to use

* If the answer to the above question is "Yes", please go to the following questions. Otherwise please just return this sheet to the designated persons shown at the bottom of the circular.

2. UPOV Technical Working Party(ies) and document references in which information has previously been provided:

BMT	[document reference:	e.g. BMT/XX/XX]
TWA	[document reference:]
TWO	[document reference:]
TWV	[document reference:]
TWF	[document reference:]
TWC	[document reference:]
тс	[document reference:]
CAJ	[document reference:]

- 3. Purpose(s) of the work with image analysis:
- □ Variety description
- DUS assessment
- To find varieties of common knowledge to compare with candidate varieties in the DUS growing trials
- □ Supporting evidence in selected cases
- To evaluate possibilities of the method for future use
- □ Molecular data (e.g. banding patterns in electrophoresis gels)
- □ Other purpose, (please provide details):
- 4. Application of image analysis (species, characteristics, etc.)
- 5. Status of the image analysis data:
- Provided by breeder for information on voluntary basis
- Compulsory requirement for the breeder as part of the application
- As intermediate data to obtain information before the DUS decision
- To keep as retrievable information for use in other studies
- Other status, namely (please provide details):

6. Please provide a short indication of the costs and savings involved in applying image analysis.

7. Please provide other remarks, if any.

II. TECHNICAL QUESTIONS

* In the case of another person(s) (e.g. IT technicians) answering the following questions, please specify below the person's name, organization/title, telephone, fax number and e-mail address in order for us to contact them when necessary:

.....

1. Hardware used (make, model, type, etc.) by steps:

- □ To obtain images:
- □ To keep and process data:
- □ To show images on screen or paper:
- 2. Software used (make, title, version, etc.) by steps:
- □ To obtain images:
- □ To keep and process data:
- □ To show images on screen or paper

3. Is the hardware/software commercially available?

(To obtain images)

Yes, from Partially, we added own routines/macros No, specifically developed (To keep and process data) Yes, from Partially, we added own routines/macros No, specifically developed (To show images on screen and paper) Yes, from Partially, we added own routines/macros No, specifically developed

4. With regard to the software specifically developed for you, is it also available to other UPOV members?

- □ Yes
- □ No
- □ Under certain conditions (please specify the condition below)

5. Please summarize the recording conditions (standardization of light, sampling density, camera type, calibration procedure, etc.)

6. Approximate volume of data kept (either Megabytes, or number of varieties, number of features, number of images, etc.)

7. Other remarks (if any):

NB: If you use image analysis for other work than variety testing (seed testing, checks for purity in maintenance, etc.) and you are willing to give information, please do so.

PLEASE RETURN THE COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRE NO LATER THAN MAY 11, 2012 BY E-MAIL TO:

VAN DER HEIJDEN, Gerie

withcopiesto: Biometris, Wageningen-UR Droevendaalsesteeg 1 6708PB, NL-Wageningen NETHERLANDS Tel: +31 317 480 750 Fax: +31 317 483 554 E-mail: gerie.vanderheijden@wur.nl

MARKKANEN, Sami Control Department Seed Certification Unit Finnish Food Safety Authority EVIRA P.O.Box 111 FIN-32201 Loimaa, Finland Tel : +358 7829 45 43 Fax : +358 77 25 317 E-mail: sami.markkanen@evira.fi

UPOV 34, chemi

34, chemin des Colombettes P.O.Box 16 CH-1211 Geneva 20 SWITZERLAND Tel: (41) 22 338 9111 Fax : (41) 22 733 03 36 E-mail : <u>upov.mail@upov.int</u>

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Results of UPOV	questionnaire on	Image Analysis
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	1.Use	of imaç	ge ana	lysis	2. UPOV Document		ose	
Member state	Yes routine	Yes no routine	No/ plan	No/ No plan		Variety description	DUS assessment	Other
Czech Republic [*]	1				TWC/29/27		1	
Denmark [*]	1						1	
Georgia				1				
Germany [*]	1				TWO/29/17		1	Common knowledge varieties
Finland	1				TWC/29/21		1	
France	1	1			TWC/30/31		1	Future use and VCU
Ireland				1				
Israel				1				
Italy [*]		1				1	1	
Japan				1				
Latvia				1				
Republic of Moldova			1					
Netherlands [*]	1				TWC/29/29	1	1	Supporting evidence
Paraguay				1				
Poland [*]	1						1	
Russia				1				
South Africa				1				
Spain [*]	1					1	1	
Sweden [*]				1				
United Kingdom (NIAB) [*]	1				TWC/29/19	1	1	Supporting evidence
United Kingdom (SASA)	1				TWA 33/10, TWC 22/7, TWC 26/21 REV, TWC 29/19 (Image-in), TWC 19/6 (Visor)		1	
United States of America				1				

Czech Republic

Application:

- Pea: leaves, stipules, standards, sepalesOilseed rape: petals, cotyledons

Technical

1. Hardware camera	1. Hardware processing	1. Hardware display				
Sceye 3rd generation , proprietary light system	common PC	common PC				
2. Software recording	2. Software processing	2. Software display/print		3. Commercially availble		4. Available to other members
Sceye	Matlab computational system, core + Image analysis toolbox (http://www.mat hworks.com/)	outputs of Matlab are saved as common image files, no special software is required Capture: http://www.s duct-history added own		sceye.eu/en/products/pro . Process: partially,	No	
5. Recordir	ng conditions		6. Vol data	ume of	7. Other remarks	
Image obtained in dark chamber, resolution 300 pt, calibration using coin.		Per year: Pea 5 GB, Oilseed rape 20 GB.		Image analysis in the Cz still under development, p resting suitable characted and oilseed rape	ech Republic is primary goal: ristics for pea	

Denmark

Application:

- Rape seed: Cotyledon, Petals and Siliqua
- Barley: Ear length, Ear length of awns
- Wheat. Ear length

Cost/saving:

Total cost for hard and software of applying image analysis are approximately 20.000 euros. Cost savings are mainly obtained in the image analysis of Rape seed characteristics of the siliqua. An advantage using image analysis is that it is possible to retrieve the image of the actual recorded data.

Technical:

1. Hardware camera	1. Hardware processing	1. Hardware display		
PC and flatbed scanner (pluste A3)	ec PC	PC		
2. Software recording	2. Software processing	2. Software display/print	3. Commercially availble	4. Available to other members
Videometer image analysis progra	Videometer ima analysis progra	ge Microsoft picture viewer	No, specifically developed	Possible to buy if you contact: http://videometer.com/ with a reference to The Danish AgriFish Agency, Department of Variety Testing
5. Recording	conditions	6. Volume of data	7. Other remarks	
The material sa and petals) sha paper with adh The paper has barcode, plot r paper with the are put in the f Before image a characteristic of software shoul a calibration sh developer	amples (cotyledo all be fixed on besive plastic foil. preprinted humber etc The fixed the materia latbed scanner. analysis of each can begin the d calibrated usin heet from the	al Approximately 14 Gb per year		

Germany

Applications:

- Pea, pelargonium, impatiens, willow (leaves)
- Rape, mustard, fodder radish (leaves, flowers)
- Red clover (Cotyledon leaves, first leaves)

Costs/savings:

Depending on crop and object savings are higher than costs.

Other remark:

There is a need for a programmer with special knowledge how (at least part-time). It is possible to scan images at first and to make measurements later when there is more time therefore.

Technical:

1. Hardware camera	1. Hardware processing	1. Hardware display		
flatbed scanner, digital camera	HP workstation xw4400	19" monitor		
2. Software 2. S	Software	2. Software	3.	 4. Availa

2. Software recording	2. Software processing	2. Software display/print	3. Commercially availble	4. Available to other members
standard software (scanner, digital camera)	SCIL-Image with self-programmed routines	JAVA program to retrieve images from database	Recording: Yes, from HP and Canon. Process: no. Display: partially	No

5. Recording conditions	6. Volume of data	7. Other remarks
Scanner: scan calibration circle		
(Ø12cm) to get the resolution	2011: 80 GB	
we don't use the color information	image data	

digital camera: flash (ring flash) (14.300 files)

and background light

Finland

Application

• Rye: grain length

Cost/savings:

After arranging the seeds for the picture and taking of photographs, the analysis takes only a portion of time compared to manual measurements. Accurate costs and savings of IA has not been done, but roughly 10-20% of time is needed by using IA in these measurements.

1. Hardware	camera	1. Hare proces	dware ssing	1. Hardware display		
Canon EOS	500D	PC		Dell screen		
2. Software recording	2. Softw process	are ing	2. Software display/print	3. Commercially availble		4. Available to other members
	" UTHS ImageTo Windows Version 3	SCSA ool for 3 3.0	Windows picture manager	Capture: in camera shops, Proce downloadable from http://compdent.uthscsa.edu/dig/ Display: Windows Office 2012	ess: /itdesc.html,	
5. Recording	g conditi	ons		6. da	Volume of ata	7. Other remarks

Calibration: Seeds are kept close to each others in the picture to avoid distortion by the objective. The ruler is used for calibration of the scale in 130 MB/each the picture before taking the analysis picture. Scale of 1 cm is included in DUS year each varietys pictures for calibration in the IT program

France

Application

- Crops:
 - Carrot, Rape,
 - Ornamentals,
 - Seed/Grains various crops,
 - Wheat,
 - Barley,
 - Maize,
 - Oat,
 - Pea.

Characters:

Width, Length, Area, perimeter, Curve length, Curve Width, Color, Mean distance, fineness of foliage, attack disease on leaves, how plant cover the ground, ...

1. Hardware camera processing		1. Hardware display						
different cameras (Nikon, Canon, Sony, HP, Olympus) and scanners (Epson, HP)		HP workstation	HP workstation					
2. Software recording	2. So proce	ftware essing	2. Sof displa	tware y/print	3. Commercially ava	ilable	4. Availa member	ble to other s
standard software (scanner, digital camera)	tandard software scanner, digital amera) Aim Software (Own development) + Image (with own macros, plugins)		Aim software Yes, from GEVES		Yes, from GEVES		Yes	
5. Recording con	ditior	IS				6. Volu data	ime of	7. Other remarks

Italy

Application

• Rice: grain size

Costs/savings: Cost of system (software+scanner) € 8000.

Technical:

1. Hardware camera	1. Hardware processing	1. Hardware display	
Scanner Epson Perfection V7000	PC	Normal monitor	

2. Software recording	2. Software processing	2. Software display/print	3. Commercially availble	4. Available to other members
Winseedle 2010a	Winseedle 2010a	Winseedle 2010a	Yes, Regent instruments	Commercially available
5. Recording c	onditions	6. Volume of	7. Other	

data

remarks

Winseedle comes with an optical scanner and a special lighting system that minimizes shadows

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The Netherlands

Applications:

- Flax : length, width of seed; Under contruction: length, width and ratio length/width of boll
- Sugar beet: length, width, area cotyledons:
- French beans and Running beans: length (excluding beak), width, total length and degree of curvature of pod; length of beak
- Pea: length, width, degree of curvature of pod
- Carrot: length, max. width, ratio length/width, width of crown, form factor, mean width, ratio width/length of root; Under construction: root shape

Technical

1. Hardware camera	1. Hardware processing	1. Hardware display
D90 + AF-S Nikkor 18-105mm/3.5-4.5	HP Compaq	HP Compaq

2. Software recording	2. Software processing	2. Software display/print	3. Commercially availble	4. Available to other members
NKremote 1.2 software for Windows	ImageJ with custom made plugin.Windows Excel, Genstat for statistical analysis	Microsoft Office Picture Manager	Camera hardware/software commercially available; Processing: ImageJ specifically developed. Windows Office and Genstat commercially available (own routines added)	To be discussed

5. Recording conditions6. Volume of
data7. Other
remarks

Calibration with use of calibration disc.

Standardization of light – variable per crop, determination of the exposure of the photographed objects (shutter time, diaphragm and the quantity of light) is based on the histogram which is available via the software (NKremote) for the camera.

Specific requirements per crop such a orientation of the objects, e.g. carrot all carrots need to be oriented horizontal.

<u>Poland</u>

Applications:

• Our application is measuring 8 characteristics of oilseed rape and white mustard using scanned bitmap pictures. Results are written to database

Technical:

1. Hardware camera	1. Hardware processing	1. Hardware display
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HP Scanjet 4850

2. Software recording	2. Software processing	2. Software display/print	3. Comr availble	nercially	4. m	Available to other nembers
HP Software	Skaner-Sten	Skaner-Sten	Process specifica	and display: ally developed	N	0
5. Recording co	onditions			6. Volume of data	7. O rem	ther arks
Calibration: we have to scan the model of colour and size and test it using "Skaner" application.			size	about 1000 images per year, (6GB per year)		

<u>Spain</u>

Applications:

• Characteristics of grain (length and width) in rice, chickpea, etc

Technical:

1. Hardware camera	1. Hardware processing	e 1. Hard display	ware	
COLOR VIDEO CAMERA; MOD JVC TK-C1481E	COMPUTER DIMENSION EL: DIM5000, IN PENTIUM4 256 MB RAN	R: DELL I LCD ITEL MONIT(3GHZ, DELL E M	OR; 1705C	
2. Software recording	2. Software processing	2. Software display/print	3. Commercially available	4. Available to other members

5. Recording conditions	6. Volume of data	7. Other remarks
LIGHT= 2 36W SAMPLING DENSITY: 12 – 50 grains for variety CAMERA TYPE: color video camera CALIBRATION PROCEDURE: We use a ruler as reference and we follow the calibration instructions of the program.	approx 50 KB per variety	

Sweden

Remark:

We are using a seed scanner for analysis of "other species" in cereals. This machine uses image analysis (a camera connected to a computer with programmes for the different cereal species) for distinguishing between the seed in the sample and other seeds. In a sample it sorts out around 10% of the seeds, both of other seeds and seeds that are somehow considered not OK, so instead of manually going through 1000 gr the analyst can go through around 100 gr. This saves a lot of time. The scanner can be loaded with up to 30 samples and works even during nights.

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United Kingdom (NIAB)

Applications:

- Oilseed.rape: cotyledon measurements;
- Oilseed.rape: siliqua measurements;
- Oilseed.rape: flower measurements;
- Field.Bean: leaf measurements;
- Field.Bean: siliqua measurements;

Technical:

1. Hardware	1. Hardware	1. Hardware
camera	processing	display
Digital SLR (Olympus E-1 camera), Kaiser R2- CP Image Capture Set	Optiplex 788, quadcore with 64 Bit operating system	Dual PC monitors

2. Software recording	2. Software processing	2. Software display/print	3. Commercially availble	4. Available to other members
Bespoke program Analysis application written in C++ and Olympus Studio Controller	Bespoke program Analysis application written in C++ and Olympus Studio Controller	Bespoke program Analysis application written in C++ and Olympus Studio Controller	No	No

5. Recording conditions

6. Volume of data

The Digital System is based on a digital camera using 2 11w lights @ 6000k which equate to natural light. The camera is suspended above a level surface. A reference object is incorporated into every picture. The IA program links with the Olympus studio Controller. The controller has special routines to handle camera aperture white noise etc. The linkage program has been specifically adapted by a consultant to allow menu driven options for each crop and to allow the entry of plot numbers. Once the controller has taken a picture the file is downloaded and re-300 GB opened by the IA program running in the background. The IA program will automatically analyse the picture and store the results in a data file. This allows the user to move any touching or irregular objects, thus equating to a live system. However the Controller can be used in isolation, storing the images to be batch processed at a later time. Once all plots have been photographed and analysed via the batch process, thumbnail images can be examined and any outliers can be removed.

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United Kingdom (SASA)

Applications:

- Pea: Stipule. measurement, Petiole. measurement, Pod measurement, Peduncle measurement; Leaflet measurement, Seed shape measurement;
- Parsnip: Root measurement;
- Brassica crops: Cotyledon measurement;
- Brussels Sprout: Sprout measurement;
- Watercress: Foliage measurement;

Costs/savings:

Automated image measurements perform at least as well as manual measurements. Overall costs between manual (more recording) and imaged (more collection) measurements are about the same – but IA enables measured characters to be recorded which could not be done manually (e.g. leaflet area). Image library becomes available 1) For reference; 2) For data checking 3) for subsequently developed characters

Other remark:

We have downloaded a copy of the freely available Image-J software and have used it to investigate the possibility of assessing seed shape in large seeded crops but as yet we have not used this method in relation to variety testing.

Technical: 1. Hardware camera	1. Hardware processing	1. Hardy display	ware	
Canon EOS 450 DSLR (lab) Niko D700 DSLR (stu	on SASA network Idio)	PCs (De printers (various)	etwork ell) and	
2. Software recording	2. Software processing Imag-in' Automatic Measurement Program	2. Software display/print	3. Commercially availble	4. Available to other members
Canon	and Statistics Scotland) and 'Portfolio' v8.5 image database (Extensis).	Portfolio	camera and display processing software	yes, No no
5. Recording co	onditions			5. Volume of Jata
The Digital Syste 6000k which equilevel surface. A IA program links special routines program has been driven options for Once the contro opened by the I/ will automatically This allows the option isolation, storing all plots have been thumbnail image	em is based on a digit uate to natural light. T reference object is inc with the Olympus stu- to handle camera ape en specifically adapte or each crop and to all ller has taken a pictur A program running in y analyse the picture a user to move any touc e system. However th the images to be bat en photographed and as can be examined a	tal camera using the camera is succorporated into a udio Controller. Terture white nois d by a consultant low the entry of e the file is dow the background and store the re ching or irregula e Controller car ch processed a analysed via the nd any outliers	g 2 11w lights @ uspended above a every picture. The The controller has se etc. The linkage nt to allow menu plot numbers. mloaded and re- . The IA program sults in a data file. r objects, thus n be used in t a later time. Once ne batch process, can be removed.	300 GB

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ANNEX II

AIM: MANAGEMENT OF IMAGE ANALYSIS - EXPERIENCE FROM FRANCE





















[End of Annex II and of document]