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| DRAFT |

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|  | BENT GRASS  UPOV Code(s): AGROS\_CAN; AGROS\_CAP; AGROS\_GIG; AGROS\_STO  *Agrostis canina* L.; *Agrostis capillaris* L.; *Agrostis gigantea* Roth; *Agrostis stolonifera* L. | \* |

GUIDELINESFOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS  
FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by an expert from the Netherlands (Kingdom of the)

to be considered by the

Technical Committee at its sixty-first session,

to be held Geneva from 2025-10-20 to 2025-10-21

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative Names:\*

| *Botanical name* | *English* | *French* | *German* | *Spanish* |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *Agrostis canina*L. | Velvet Bent | Agrostis des chiens | Hundsstraußgras | Agróstide canina, Agróstide de perro, Agróstide perruna |
| *Agrostis capillaris* L. | Browntop,  Common Bent | Agrostide commune, Agrostide fine, Agrostide ténue | Gemeines Straußgras, Rotes Straußgras | Agróstide común |
| *Agrostis gigantea* Roth | Black Bent, Red Top | Agrostide blanche, Agrostide géante | Fioringras,  Weißes Straußgras | Agróstide blanca, Pastoquilla |
| *Agrostis stolonifera* L. | Creeping Bent, Spreading Bent | Agrostide blanche, Agrostide stolonifère | Flechtstraußgras, Weißes Straußgras | Agróstide estolonífera |

The purpose of these guidelines (“Test Guidelines”) is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

**ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS**

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated

TGP documents.

TABLE OF CONTENTS PAGE

[1. Subject of these Test Guidelines 3](#_Toc207205965)

[2. Material Required 3](#_Toc207205966)

[3. Method of Examination 3](#_Toc207205967)

[3.1  Number of Growing Cycles 3](#_Toc207205968)

[3.2  Testing Place 3](#_Toc207205969)

[3.3  Conditions for Conducting the Examination 3](#_Toc207205970)

[3.4  Test Design 4](#_Toc207205971)

[3.5  Additional Tests 4](#_Toc207205972)

[4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability 4](#_Toc207205973)

[4.1  Distinctness 4](#_Toc207205974)

[4.2  Uniformity 5](#_Toc207205975)

[4.3  Stability 5](#_Toc207205976)

[5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial 5](#_Toc207205977)

[6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics 6](#_Toc207205978)

[6.1  Categories of Characteristics 6](#_Toc207205979)

[6.2  States of Expression and Corresponding Notes 6](#_Toc207205980)

[6.3  Types of Expression 6](#_Toc207205981)

[6.4  Example Varieties 6](#_Toc207205982)

[6.5  Legend 7](#_Toc207205983)

[7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caracteres/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres 8](#_Toc207205984)

[8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics 14](#_Toc207205985)

[8.1  Explanations covering several characteristics 14](#_Toc207205986)

[8.2  Explanations for individual characteristics 14](#_Toc207205987)

[8.3  Growth stages for grasses 17](#_Toc207205988)

[9. Literature 18](#_Toc207205989)

[10. Technical Questionnaire 19](#_Toc207205990)

# Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Agrostis canina*L., *Agrostis capillaris* L., *Agrostis gigantea* Roth and *Agrostis stolonifera* L.

# Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seeds.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

400 grams of seed.

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

# Method of Examination

## 3.1  Number of Growing Cycles

3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles should be in the form of two separate plantings.

3.1.3 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.

## 3.2  Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 “Examining Distinctness”.

## 3.3  Conditions for Conducting the Examination

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.3.2 The optimum stage of development for the assessment of each characteristic is indicated by a number in the Table of Characteristics. The stages of development denoted by each number are described in Chapter 8.3.

3.3.3 The recommended type of plot in which to observe the characteristic is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics:

A: spaced plants

B: row plot

C: special test

## 3.4  Test Design

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in at least 60 plants which should be divided between at least two replicates. In addition, the test may include 8 meters of row plot which should be divided between at least two replicates. The density of the seed should be such that around 200 plants/meter can be expected.

3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

## 3.5  Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

# Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

## 4.1  Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 60 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 60 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

In the case of observations of parts taken from single plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 1.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 “Examining Distinctness”, Section 4 “Observation of characteristics”):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants”):

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

“Visual” observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert’s judgment. For the purposes of this document, “visual” observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, “G” provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

## 4.2  Uniformity

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of cross-pollinated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.

4.2.3 The assessment of uniformity should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.

## 4.3  Stability

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed or plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

# Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

(a) Ploidy (characteristic 1)

(b) Plant: time of inflorescence emergence (characteristic 10)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 “Examining Distinctness”.

# Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

## 6.1  Categories of Characteristics

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by \*) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

## 6.2  States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 “Development of Test Guidelines”.

## 6.3  Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

## 6.4  Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

The species of the example varieties are indicated as follows:   
  
(As): *Agrostis stolonifera* L.  
(Acap): *Agrostis capillaris* L.   
(Ac): *Agrostis canina* L.  
(Ag): *Agrostis gigantea* Roth

## 6.5  Legend

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | | English | | français | | deutsch | español | Example Varieties  Exemples  Beispielssorten  Variedades ejemplo | Note/  Nota |
| **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** | **6** | **7** |  |  |  |
|  |  | **Name of characteristics in English** | | **Nom du caractère en français** | | **Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch** | **Nombre del carácter en español** |  |  |
|  | states of expression | | types d’expression | | Ausprägungsstufen | tipos de expresión |  |  |

1 Characteristic number

2 (\*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

3 Type of expression

QL Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

QN Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

4 Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable)

MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

6 (a)-(b) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

7 Growth stage key See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.3

A, B, C    See Chapter 3.3.3

# Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caracteres/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

|  |  | English | | français | | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1.** | **(\*)** | **QL** | **MG|C** | **(+)** |  |  | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Ploidy** | | | |  | | --- | | **Ploïdie** | | | |  | | --- | | **Ploidie** | | |  | | --- | | **Ploidía** | |  |  |
|  |  | diploid | | diploïde | | diploid | diploide | Vesper (Ac) | 2 |
|  |  | tetraploid | | tétraploïde | | tetraploid | tetraploide | Flagstick (As),  Teetop (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | hexaploid | | hexaploïde | | hexaploid | hexaploide | Vaclav (Ag) | 6 |
| **2.** | **(\*)** | **QN** | **VG|B/VS|A** |  | **(a)** | **20-29** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Plant: growth habit without vernalization** | | | |  | | --- | | **Plante : port sans vernalisation** | | | |  | | --- | | **Pflanze: Wuchsform ohne Vernalisation** | | |  | | --- | | **Planta: hábito de crecimiento sin vernalización** | |  |  |
|  |  | erect | | dressé | | aufrecht | erecto |  | 1 |
|  |  | erect to semi-erect | | dressé à demi-dressé | | aufrecht bis halbaufrecht | erecto a semierecto |  | 2 |
|  |  | semi-erect | | demi-dressé | | halbaufrecht | semierecto |  | 3 |
|  |  | semi-erect to intermediate | | demi-dressé à intermédiaire | | halbaufrecht bis mittel | semierecto a intermedio | Manor (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | intermediate | | intermédiaire | | mittel | intermedio | Puritan (Acap), Tyee (As) | 5 |
|  |  | intermediate to semi-prostrate | | intermédiaire à demi‑étalé | | mittel bis halbliegend | intermedio a semipostrado | Cobra Nova (As) | 6 |
|  |  | semi-prostrate | | demi-étalé | | halbliegend | semipostrado | Jorvik (Acap) | 7 |
|  |  | semi-prostrate to prostrate | | demi-étalé à étalé | | halbliegend bis liegend | semipostrado a postrado | Flagstick (As) | 8 |
|  |  | prostrate | | étalé | | liegend | postrado |  | 9 |
| **3.** |  | **QN** | **MS|A/VG|B** | **(+)** |  | **20-29** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Plant: natural height without vernalization** | | | |  | | --- | | **Plante : hauteur naturelle sans vernalisation** | | | |  | | --- | | **Pflanze: natürliche Höhe ohne Vernalisation** | | |  | | --- | | **Planta: altura natural sin vernalización** | |  |  |
|  |  | very short | | très basse | | sehr niedrig | muy corta |  | 1 |
|  |  | short | | basse | | niedrig | corta | Flagstick (As),  Teetop (Acap) | 2 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | 777 Triple Seven (As) | 3 |
|  |  | tall | | haute | | hoch | alta | Manor (Acap), PC2 (As) | 4 |
|  |  | very tall | | très haute | | sehr hoch | muy alta |  | 5 |
| **4.** | **(\*)** | **QN** | **VG|B/VS|A** |  |  | **20-29** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Leaf: intensity of green color without vernalization** | | | |  | | --- | | **Feuille : intensité de la couleur verte sans vernalisation** | | | |  | | --- | | **Blatt: Intensität der Grünfärbung ohne Vernalisation** | | |  | | --- | | **Hoja: intensidad del color verde sin vernalización** | |  |  |
|  |  | very light | | très claire | | sehr hell | muy clara |  | 1 |
|  |  | very light to light | | très claire à claire | | sehr hell bis hell | muy clara a clara |  | 2 |
|  |  | light | | claire | | hell | clara |  | 3 |
|  |  | light to medium | | claire à moyenne | | hell bis mittel | clara a media | Manor (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | Match Play (As) | 5 |
|  |  | medium to dark | | moyenne à foncée | | mittel bis dunkel | media a oscura | Puritan (Acap) | 6 |
|  |  | dark | | foncée | | dunkel | oscura | Charles (Acap),  Piranha (As) | 7 |
|  |  | dark to very dark | | foncée à très foncée | | dunkel bis sehr dunkel | oscura a muy oscura |  | 8 |
|  |  | very dark | | très foncée | | sehr dunkel | muy oscura |  | 9 |
| **5.** | **(\*)** | **QN** | **MS|A/VG|B/ VS|A** |  |  | **20-29** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Leaf: width without vernalization** | | | |  | | --- | | **Feuille : largeur sans vernalisation** | | | |  | | --- | | **Blatt: Breite ohne Vernalisation** | | |  | | --- | | **Hoja: anchura sin vernalización** | |  |  |
|  |  | very narrow | | très étroite | | sehr schmal | muy estrecha |  | 1 |
|  |  | narrow | | étroite | | schmal | estrecha | Arrowtown (Acap) | 2 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | Barking (Acap), Tyee (As) | 3 |
|  |  | broad | | large | | breit | ancha | Macdonald (As),  Manor (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | very broad | | très large | | sehr breit | muy ancha |  | 5 |
| **6.** |  | **QN** | **VG|B/VS|A** | **(+)** |  |  | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Plant: tendency to form inflorescences without vernalization** | | | |  | | --- | | **Plante : tendance à former des inflorescences sans vernalisation** | | | |  | | --- | | **Pflanze: Neigung zur Bildung von Blütenständen ohne Vernalisation** | | |  | | --- | | **Planta: tendencia a formar inflorescencias sin vernalización** | |  |  |
|  |  | absent or very weak | | absente ou très faible | | fehlend oder sehr schwach | ausente o muy débil | Leikvin (Acap) | 1 |
|  |  | very weak to weak | | très faible à faible | | sehr schwach bis schwach | muy débil a débil |  | 2 |
|  |  | weak | | faible | | schwach | débil |  | 3 |
|  |  | weak to medium | | faible à moyenne | | schwach bis mittel | débil a media | Sztar (As) | 4 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | Arrowtown (Acap) | 5 |
|  |  | medium to strong | | moyenne à forte | | mittel bis stark | media a fuerte |  | 6 |
|  |  | strong | | fort | | stark | fuerte |  | 7 |
|  |  | strong to very strong | | forte à très forte | | stark bis sehr stark | fuerte a muy fuerte | Grasslands Sefton (Acap) | 8 |
|  |  | very strong | | très forte | | sehr stark | muy fuerte |  | 9 |
| **7.** |  | **QN** | **VG|B/VS|A** |  | **(a)** | **30-39** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Plant: growth habit after vernalization** | | | |  | | --- | | **Plante : port après vernalisation** | | | |  | | --- | | **Pflanze: Wuchsform nach der Vernalisation** | | |  | | --- | | **Planta: hábito de crecimiento después de la vernalización** | |  |  |
|  |  | erect | | dressé | | aufrecht | erecto |  | 1 |
|  |  | erect to semi-erect | | dressé à demi-dressé | | aufrecht bis halbaufrecht | erecto a semierecto |  | 2 |
|  |  | semi-erect | | demi-dressé | | halbaufrecht | semierecto |  | 3 |
|  |  | semi-erect to intermediate | | demi-dressé à intermédiaire | | halbaufrecht bis mittel | semierecto a intermedio | Heriot (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | intermediate | | intermédiaire | | mittel | intermedio | Gudrun (Acap) | 5 |
|  |  | intermediate to semi-prostrate | | intermédiaire à demi‑étalé | | mittel bis halbliegend | intermedio a semipostrado | Rhinegold (Acap) | 6 |
|  |  | semi-prostrate | | demi-étalé | | halbliegend | semipostrado | Jorvik (Acap) | 7 |
|  |  | semi-prostrate to prostrate | | demi-étalé à étalé | | halbliegend bis liegend | semipostrado a postrado |  | 8 |
|  |  | prostrate | | étalé | | liegend | postrado |  | 9 |
| **8.** |  | **QN** | **MS|A/VG|B** |  |  | **30-39** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Plant: natural height after vernalization** | | | |  | | --- | | **Plante : hauteur naturelle après vernalisation** | | | |  | | --- | | **Pflanze: natürliche Höhe nach der Vernalisation** | | |  | | --- | | **Planta: altura natural después de la vernalización** | |  |  |
|  |  | very short | | très basse | | sehr niedrig | muy baja |  | 1 |
|  |  | short | | basse | | niedrig | baja | Heriot (Acap) | 2 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | Tyee (As) | 3 |
|  |  | tall | | haute | | hoch | alta | Grasslands Sefton (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | very tall | | très haute | | sehr hoch | muy alta |  | 5 |
| **9.** |  | **QN** | **VG|B/VS|A** |  |  | **30-39** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Leaf: intensity of green color after vernalization** | | | |  | | --- | | **Feuille : intensité de la couleur verte après vernalisation** | | | |  | | --- | | **Blatt: Intensität der Grünfärbung nach der Vernalisation** | | |  | | --- | | **Hoja: intensidad del color verde después de la vernalización** | |  |  |
|  |  | very light | | très claire | | sehr hell | muy clara |  | 1 |
|  |  | very light to light | | très claire à claire | | sehr hell bis hell | muy clara a clara |  | 2 |
|  |  | light | | claire | | hell | clara |  | 3 |
|  |  | light to medium | | claire à moyenne | | hell bis mittel | clara a media | Manor (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | Musket (Acap) | 5 |
|  |  | medium to dark | | moyenne à foncée | | mittel bis dunkel | media a oscura |  | 6 |
|  |  | dark | | foncée | | dunkel | oscura | Heriot (Acap) | 7 |
|  |  | dark to very dark | | foncée à très foncée | | dunkel bis sehr dunkel | oscura a muy oscura |  | 8 |
|  |  | very dark | | très foncée | | sehr dunkel | muy oscura |  | 9 |
| **10.** | **(\*)** | **QN** | **MG|B/MS|A** | **(+)** |  |  | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Plant: time of inflorescence emergence** | | | |  | | --- | | **Plante : époque d’épiaison** | | | |  | | --- | | **Pflanze: Zeitpunkt des Erscheinens der Blütenstände** | | |  | | --- | | **Planta: época de emergencia de las inflorescencias** | |  |  |
|  |  | very early | | très précoce | | sehr früh | muy temprana |  | 1 |
|  |  | very early to early | | très précoce à précoce | | sehr früh bis früh | muy temprana a temprana |  | 2 |
|  |  | early | | précoce | | früh | temprana | Gudrun (Acap),  Highland (Acap), Kingstown (Ac) | 3 |
|  |  | early to medium | | précoce à moyenne | | früh bis mittel | temprana a media | Puritan (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | Galina (Acap),  Macdonald (As) | 5 |
|  |  | medium to late | | moyenne à tardive | | mittel bis spät | media a tardía | Barking (Acap) | 6 |
|  |  | late | | tardive | | spät | tardía | Cobra Nova (As) | 7 |
|  |  | late to very late | | tardive à très tardive | | spät bis sehr spät | tardía a muy tardía |  | 8 |
|  |  | very late | | très tardive | | sehr spät | muy tardía |  | 9 |
| **11.** | **(\*)** | **QN** | **MS|A** | **(+)** | **(b)** | **50-56** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Flag leaf: length** | | | |  | | --- | | **Dernière feuille : longueur** | | | |  | | --- | | **Fahnenblatt: Länge** | | |  | | --- | | **Hoja bandera: longitud** | |  |  |
|  |  | very short | | très courte | | sehr kurz | muy corta |  | 1 |
|  |  | very short to short | | très courte à courte | | sehr kurz bis kurz | muy corta a corta | Tyee (As) | 2 |
|  |  | short | | courte | | kurz | corta | Regent (As) | 3 |
|  |  | short to medium | | courte à moyenne | | kurz bis mittel | corta a media | Rhinegold (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | Teetop (Acap) | 5 |
|  |  | medium to long | | moyenne à longue | | mittel bis lang | media a larga | Gudrun (Acap) | 6 |
|  |  | long | | longue | | lang | larga |  | 7 |
|  |  | long to very long | | longue à très longue | | lang bis sehr lang | larga a muy larga |  | 8 |
|  |  | very long | | très longue | | sehr lang | muy larga |  | 9 |
| **12.** | **(\*)** | **QN** | **MS|A** | **(+)** | **(b)** | **50-56** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Flag leaf: width** | | | |  | | --- | | **Dernière feuille : largeur** | | | |  | | --- | | **Fahnenblatt: Breite** | | |  | | --- | | **Hoja bandera: anchura** | |  |  |
|  |  | very narrow | | très étroite | | sehr schmal | muy estrecha |  | 1 |
|  |  | very narrow to narrow | | très étroite à étroite | | sehr schmal bis schmal | muy estrecha a estrecha |  | 2 |
|  |  | narrow | | étroite | | schmal | estrecha | Regent (As),  Teetop (Acap), Tyee (As) | 3 |
|  |  | narrow to medium | | étroite à moyenne | | schmal bis mittel | estrecha a media | Rhinegold (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media |  | 5 |
|  |  | medium to broad | | moyenne à large | | mittel bis breit | media a ancha | Gudrun (Acap) | 6 |
|  |  | broad | | large | | breit | ancha |  | 7 |
|  |  | broad to very broad | | large à très large | | breit bis sehr breit | ancha muy ancha |  | 8 |
|  |  | very broad | | très large | | sehr breit | muy ancha |  | 9 |
| **13.** |  | **QN** | **MS|A** |  |  | **50-56** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Flag leaf: length/width ratio** | | | |  | | --- | | **Dernière feuille : rapport longueur/largeur** | | | |  | | --- | | **Fahnenblatt: Verhältnis Länge/Breite** | | |  | | --- | | **Hoja bandera: relación longitud/anchura** | |  |  |
|  |  | very low | | très bas | | sehr klein | muy baja |  | 1 |
|  |  | very low to low | | très bas à bas | | sehr klein bis klein | muy baja a baja | Tyee (As) | 2 |
|  |  | low | | bas | | klein | baja | Regent (As),  Rhinegold (Acap) | 3 |
|  |  | low to medium | | bas à moyen | | klein bis mittel | baja a media | Gudrun (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | medium | | moyen | | mittel | media | Teetop (Acap) | 5 |
|  |  | medium to high | | moyen à élevé | | mittel bis groß | media a alta |  | 6 |
|  |  | high | | élevé | | groß | alta |  | 7 |
|  |  | high to very high | | élevé à très élevé | | groß bis sehr groß | alta a muy alta |  | 8 |
|  |  | very high | | très élevé | | sehr groß | muy alta |  | 9 |
| **14.** | **(\*)** | **QN** | **MS|A** | **(+)** | **(b)** | **60-68** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Stem: length** | | | |  | | --- | | **Tige : longueur** | | | |  | | --- | | **Halm: Länge** | | |  | | --- | | **Tallo: longitud** | |  |  |
|  |  | very short | | très courte | | sehr kurz | muy corta |  | 1 |
|  |  | very short to short | | très courte à courte | | sehr kurz bis kurz | muy corta a corta |  | 2 |
|  |  | short | | courte | | kurz | corta | Saulsbury (Acap) | 3 |
|  |  | short to medium | | courte à moyenne | | kurz bis mittel | corta a media | Howden (Acap),  777 Triple Seven (As) | 4 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | Greenspeed (Acap), Kingstown (Ac) | 5 |
|  |  | medium to long | | moyenne à longue | | mittel bis lang | media a larga | Cobra Nova (As), Gudrun (Acap) | 6 |
|  |  | long | | longue | | lang | larga |  | 7 |
|  |  | long to very long | | longue à très longue | | lang bis sehr lang | larga a muy larga |  | 8 |
|  |  | very long | | très longue | | sehr lang | muy larga | Kita (Ag) | 9 |
| **15.** |  | **QN** | **MS|A** | **(+)** | **(b)** | **60-68** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Stem: length of upper internode** | | | |  | | --- | | **Tige : longueur du dernier entrenœud** | | | |  | | --- | | **Halm: Länge des obersten Internodiums** | | |  | | --- | | **Tallo: longitud del entrenudo superior** | |  |  |
|  |  | very short | | très courte | | sehr kurz | muy corta |  | 1 |
|  |  | very short to short | | très courte à courte | | sehr kurz bis kurz | muy corta a corta |  | 2 |
|  |  | short | | courte | | kurz | corta | PC2 (As),  Saulsbury (Acap) | 3 |
|  |  | short to medium | | courte à moyenne | | kurz bis mittel | corta a media |  | 4 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | Independence (As),  Red Mountain (Acap) | 5 |
|  |  | medium to long | | moyenne à longue | | mittel bis lang | media a larga | Gudrun (Acap) | 6 |
|  |  | long | | longue | | lang | larga |  | 7 |
|  |  | long to very long | | longue à très longue | | lang bis sehr lang | larga a muy larga |  | 8 |
|  |  | very long | | très longue | | sehr lang | muy larga |  | 9 |
| **16.** |  | **QN** | **MS|A** | **(+)** | **(b)** | **60-68** | | | |
|  |  | |  | | --- | | **Inflorescence: length** | | | |  | | --- | | **Inflorescence : longueur** | | | |  | | --- | | **Blütenstand: Länge** | | |  | | --- | | **Inflorescencia: longitud** | |  |  |
|  |  | very short | | très courte | | sehr kurz | muy corta |  | 1 |
|  |  | very short to short | | très courte à courte | | sehr kurz bis kurz | muy corta a corta |  | 2 |
|  |  | short | | courte | | kurz | corta | Kromi (As) | 3 |
|  |  | short to medium | | courte à moyenne | | kurz bis mittel | corta a media | Puritan (Acap) | 4 |
|  |  | medium | | moyenne | | mittel | media | Macdonald (As),  Jorvik (Acap) | 5 |
|  |  | medium to long | | moyenne à longue | | mittel bis lang | media a larga | Greenspeed (Acap) | 6 |
|  |  | long | | longue | | lang | larga |  | 7 |
|  |  | long to very long | | longue à très longue | | lang bis sehr lang | larga a muy larga |  | 8 |
|  |  | very long | | très longue | | sehr lang | muy larga |  | 9 |

# Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

## 8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

(a) Observations should be made from the attitude of the leaves of the plant as a whole. The angle formed by the imaginary line through the region of greatest leaf density and the vertical should be used.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  | |  |
| 1 | 3 | | 5 |
| erect | semi-erect | | intermediate |
|  | |  | |
| 7 | | 9 | |
| semi-prostrate | | prostrate | |

(b) Observations should be made on the longest stem when fully expanded.

## 8.2  Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 1: Ploidy

Observations should be made by standard cytological methods.

Ad. 3: Plant: natural height without vernalization

Observation should be made on the average height of the foliage in the centre of the plant.

Ad. 6: Plant: tendency to form inflorescences without vernalization

The number of plants showing at least three inflorescences should be recorded for each variety. Observations should be made at one occasion on the whole trial when the varieties are considered to have reached their full expression of this characteristic.

Ad. 10: Plant: time of inflorescence emergence

Spaced plants or row plots should be observed at least twice per week.   
  
A: Plots with spaced plants  
Time of inflorescence emergence is reached when the tip of three inflorescences can be seen protruding from the flag leaf sheath (Growth Stage DC 50).   
  
B: Row plots  
Time of inflorescence emergence is reached when the average plot stage is DC 54. This date should - if necessary- be obtained by interpolation. At each observation date, the average plot stage should be expressed in one of the following growth stages:   
  
DC 50        First spikelet of inflorescence just visible  
DC 52        25% of the inflorescence emerged (across all stems)  
DC 54        50% of the inflorescence emerged (across all stems)  
DC 56        75% of the inflorescence emerged (across all stems) 

Ad. 11: Flag leaf: length

The flag leaf is the leaf directly below the inflorescence. Length and width should be observed on the same leaf.

Observations should be made from the tip of the leaf blade to the leaf sheath.

Ad. 12: Flag leaf: width

Observations should be made at the widest point of the leaf blade.

Ad. 14: Stem: length

Observations should be made on the longest stem from ground level to the tip of the inflorescence, when the inflorescence is fully expanded.

Ad. 15: Stem: length of upper internode

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | Char. 15: 1 = The part of the stem above the top node up to the beginning of the inflorescence is the upper internode.  Char. 16: 2 = Length of the inflorescence. |

Ad. 16: Inflorescence: length

See Ad. 15

## 8.3  Growth stages for grasses

            All characteristics should be recorded at the appropriate time for the plant concerned. Growth stages of grasses are indicated by decimal codes which are derived from the decimal code for the growth stages of cereals (Zadoks, et al., 1974). This decimal code is in close conformity with the BBCH-code (Meier, 1997).   
  
        Seedling growth (seedling: one shoot)  
  
DC 10        First leaf through coleoptile  
DC 15        Five leaves unfolded  
DC 19        Nine or more leaves unfolded  
  
        Tillering  
  
DC 20        Main shoot only (beginning of tillering)  
DC 23        Main shoot and 3 tillers  
DC 25        Main shoot and 5 tillers  
DC 29        Main shoot and 9 or more tillers  
  
        Stem elongation  
  
DC 30        Pseudo-stem erection (formed by sheaths of leaves).   
DC 31        First node detectable (early stem extension across all stems)  
DC 35        Fifth node detectable (50 % extension across all stems)  
DC 39        Flag leaf ligula/collar just visible (pre-boot stage)  
  
        Booting  
  
DC 41        Flag leaf sheath extending (little enlargement of the inflorescence, early boot-stage)  
DC 45        Boots swollen (late-boot stage)  
DC 47        Flag leaf sheath opening  
DC 49        First awns visible (in awned forms only)  
  
        Inflorescence emergence (mostly non-synchronous)  
  
DC 50        First spikelet of inflorescence just visible  
DC 52        25 % of the inflorescence emerged (across all stems)  
DC 54        50 % of the inflorescence emerged (across all stems)  
DC 56        75 % of the inflorescence emerged (across all stems)  
DC 58        Emergence of inflorescence completed  
  
        Anthesis (mostly non-synchronous)  
  
DC 60        Beginning of anthesis  
DC 64        Anthesis half-way  
DC 68        Anthesis complete  
  
         

# Literature

Meier, U., 1997. Growth stages of mono- and dicotyledonous plants: BBCH-Monograph  
Blackwell Science, Berlin, Vienna, a.o., pp 622.  
  
Zadoks, J.C., T.T. Chang and C.F. Konzak, 1974. A decimal code for the growth stages of  
cereals. Weed Research 14: 415 - 421.

# Technical Questionnaire

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: | |
|  |  |  | |
|  |  | Application date:  (not to be filled in by the applicant) | |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE  to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights | | | |
| 1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire | | | |
| 1.1.1 Botanical name | *Agrostis canina*L. | |  |
|  |  | |  |
| 1.1.2 Common name | Velvet Bent | |  |
| 1.2.1 Botanical name | *Agrostis capillaris* L. | |  |
|  |  | |  |
| 1.2.2 Common name | Browntop, Common Bent | |  |
| 1.3.1 Botanical name | *Agrostis gigantea* Roth | |  |
|  |  | |  |
| 1.3.2 Common name | Black Bent, Red Top | |  |
| 1.4.1 Botanical name | *Agrostis stolonifera* L. | |  |
|  |  | |  |
| 1.4.2 Common name | Creeping Bent, Spreading Bent | |  |
| 2. Applicant | | | |
| Name |  | |  |
|  |  | |  |
| Address |  | |  |
|  |  | |  |
| Telephone No. |  | |  |
|  |  | |  |
| Fax No. |  | |  |
|  |  | |  |
| E-mail address |  | |  |
|  |  | |  |
| Breeder (if different from  applicant) |  | |  |
|  |  | |  |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: | |
|  | | | |
| 3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference | | | |
| Proposed denomination  (if available) |  | |  |
|  |  | |  |
| Breeder's reference |  | |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |

|  |
| --- |
| #4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety  4.1 Breeding scheme  Variety resulting from:  4.1.1 Crossing  (a) controlled cross [ ]  (please state parent variety)  (…………………..……………..…) x (……………..…………………..…)  female parent male parent  (b) partially known cross [ ]  (please state parent variety(ies))  (…………………..……………..…) x (……………..…………………..…)  female parent male parent  (c) unknown cross [ ] |
| 4.1.2 Mutation  (please state parent variety) |
| 4.1.3 Discovery and development  (please state where and when discovered and how developed) |
| 4.1.4 Other  (Please provide details) |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |

|  |
| --- |
| 4.2 Method of propagating the variety  4.2.1 Seed-propagated varieties  (a) Cross-pollination [ ]  (i) Population [ ]  (ii) Synthetic variety [ ]  (b) Other (please provide details) [ ]  4.2.2 Other  (Please provide details) [ ] |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | | Page {x} of {y} | | Reference Number: | |
|  | | | | | |
| 5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds). | | | | | |
|  | Characteristics | | Example Varieties | | Note |
| **5.1**  **(1)** | **Ploidy** | |  | |  |
|  | diploid | | Vesper (Ac) | | 2 [ ] |
|  | tetraploid | | Flagstick (As), Teetop (Acap) | | 4 [ ] |
|  | hexaploid | | Vaclav (Ag) | | 6 [ ] |
| **5.2**  **(2)** | **Plant: growth habit without vernalization** | |  | |  |
|  | erect | |  | | 1 [ ] |
|  | erect to semi-erect | |  | | 2 [ ] |
|  | semi-erect | |  | | 3 [ ] |
|  | semi-erect to intermediate | | Manor (Acap) | | 4 [ ] |
|  | intermediate | | Puritan (Acap), Tyee (As) | | 5 [ ] |
|  | intermediate to semi-prostrate | | Cobra Nova (As) | | 6 [ ] |
|  | semi-prostrate | | Jorvik (Acap) | | 7 [ ] |
|  | semi-prostrate to prostrate | | Flagstick (As) | | 8 [ ] |
|  | prostrate | |  | | 9 [ ] |
| **5.3**  **(4)** | **Leaf: intensity of green color without vernalization** | |  | |  |
|  | very light | |  | | 1 [ ] |
|  | very light to light | |  | | 2 [ ] |
|  | light | |  | | 3 [ ] |
|  | light to medium | | Manor (Acap) | | 4 [ ] |
|  | medium | | Match Play (As) | | 5 [ ] |
|  | medium to dark | | Puritan (Acap) | | 6 [ ] |
|  | dark | | Charles (Acap), Piranha (As) | | 7 [ ] |
|  | dark to very dark | |  | | 8 [ ] |
|  | very dark | |  | | 9 [ ] |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | | Page {x} of {y} | | Reference Number: | |
|  | |  | |  | |
|  | Characteristics | | Example Varieties | | Note |
| **5.4**  **(10)** | **Plant: time of inflorescence emergence** | |  | |  |
|  | very early | |  | | 1 [ ] |
|  | very early to early | |  | | 2 [ ] |
|  | early | | Gudrun (Acap), Highland (Acap),  Kingstown (Ac) | | 3 [ ] |
|  | early to medium | | Puritan (Acap) | | 4 [ ] |
|  | medium | | Galina (Acap), Macdonald (As) | | 5 [ ] |
|  | medium to late | | Barking (Acap) | | 6 [ ] |
|  | late | | Cobra Nova (As) | | 7 [ ] |
|  | late to very late | |  | | 8 [ ] |
|  | very late | |  | | 9 [ ] |
| **5.5**  **(12)** | **Flag leaf: width** | |  | |  |
|  | very narrow | |  | | 1 [ ] |
|  | very narrow to narrow | |  | | 2 [ ] |
|  | narrow | | Regent (As), Teetop (Acap), Tyee (As) | | 3 [ ] |
|  | narrow to medium | | Rhinegold (Acap) | | 4 [ ] |
|  | medium | |  | | 5 [ ] |
|  | medium to broad | | Gudrun (Acap) | | 6 [ ] |
|  | broad | |  | | 7 [ ] |
|  | broad to very broad | |  | | 8 [ ] |
|  | very broad | |  | | 9 [ ] |
| **5.6**  **(14)** | **Stem: length** | |  | |  |
|  | very short | |  | | 1 [ ] |
|  | very short to short | |  | | 2 [ ] |
|  | short | | Saulsbury (Acap) | | 3 [ ] |
|  | short to medium | | 777 Triple Seven (As), Howden (Acap) | | 4 [ ] |
|  | medium | | Greenspeed (Acap), Kingstown (Ac) | | 5 [ ] |
|  | medium to long | | Cobra Nova (As), Gudrun (Acap) | | 6 [ ] |
|  | long | |  | | 7 [ ] |
|  | long to very long | |  | | 8 [ ] |
|  | very long | | Kita (Ag) | | 9 [ ] |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | | Page {x} of {y} | | Reference Number: | |
|  | | | | | | |
| 6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties  *Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.* | | | | | | |
| Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety | Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies) | | Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the **similar** variety(ies) | | Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for **your** candidate variety |
| *Example* | *Flag leaf: length* | | *short* | | *medium* |
|  | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | |
| Comments | | | | | | |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |
|  | | | |
| #7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety  7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?  Yes [ ] No [ ]  (If yes, please provide details)  7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?  Yes [ ] No [ ]  (If yes, please provide details)  7.3 Other information | | | |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: | |
|  | | | |
| 8. Authorization for release  (a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?  Yes [ ] No [ ]  (b) Has such authorization been obtained?  Yes [ ] No [ ]  If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization. | | | |
| 9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination  9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.  9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:  (a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) Yes [ ] No [ ]  (b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide) Yes [ ] No [ ]  (c) Tissue culture Yes [ ] No [ ]  (d) Other factors Yes [ ] No [ ]  Please provide details for where you have indicated “yes”.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  9.3 Has the plant material to be examined been tested for the presence of virus or other pathogens?  Yes [ ]  (please provide details as specified by the Authority)  No [ ] | | | |
| 10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct: | | | |
| Applicant’s name |  | | |
| Signature |  | Date |  |
|  | [End of document] | | |