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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

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DRAFT

GRANADILLA, PASSION FRUIT

UPOV Code(s): PASSI_EDU

Passiflora edulis Sims

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by an expert from Australia

to be considered by the

*Technical Committee at its sixty-first session,
to be held Geneva from 2025-10-20 to 2025-10-21*

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

Alternative Names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
<i>Passiflora edulis</i> Sims	Granadilla, Passion fruit	Barbadine, Fruit de la passion	Passionsfrucht, Purpurgranadilla	Granadilla, Maracuyá

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Passiflora edulis* Sims.

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of rooted cuttings or vegetatively propagated young plants.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

5 rooted cuttings or 5 vegetatively propagated young plants.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.1.2 The two independent growing cycles may be observed from a single planting, examined in two separate growing cycles.

3.1.3 The growing cycle is considered to be the period ranging from the beginning of active vegetative growth or flowering, continuing through active vegetative growth or flowering and fruit development and concluding with the harvesting of fruit.

3.1.4 In particular, it is essential that the plants produce a satisfactory crop of fruit in each of the two growing cycles.

3.1.5 To ensure satisfactory crop of good quality fruits, four freshly opened flowers from each of the five plants should be hand pollinated and marked. Fruit developed from these flowers should be used for assessing fruit characteristics.

3.1.6 The testing of a variety may be concluded when the competent authority can determine with certainty the outcome of the test.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 5 plants.

3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 5 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 5 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

In the case of observations of parts taken from single plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 2.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants"):

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 *Uniformity*

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of vegetatively propagated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation, the recommendations in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species" Section 4.5 "Testing Uniformity" should be followed.

4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity of vegetatively propagated varieties a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 5 plants, no off-types are allowed.

4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed or plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Flower: anthocyanin spots on style (characteristic 35)
- (b) Fruit: height (characteristic 37)
- (c) Fruit: color of skin (characteristic 42)
- (d) Fruit: weight (characteristic 44)
- (e) Fruit: color of pulp (characteristic 45)
- (f) Plant: self-incompatibility (characteristic 48)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.2.2 All relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic.

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 *Example Varieties*

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

		English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
		Name of characteristics in English		Nom du caractère en français		Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch	Nombre del carácter en español		
		states of expression		types d'expression		Ausprägungsstufen	tipos de expresión		

- | | | | |
|---|---|---|---------------------|
| 1 | Characteristic number | | |
| 2 | (*) | Asterisked characteristic | – see Chapter 6.1.2 |
| 3 | Type of expression | | |
| | QL | Qualitative characteristic | – see Chapter 6.3 |
| | QN | Quantitative characteristic | – see Chapter 6.3 |
| | PQ | Pseudo-qualitative characteristic | – see Chapter 6.3 |
| 4 | Method of observation (and type of plot, if applicable) | | |
| | MG, MS, VG, VS | | – see Chapter 4.1.5 |
| 5 | (+) | See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2 | |
| 6 | (a)-(i) | See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1 | |
| 7 | Not applicable | See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.3 | |

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caracteres/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.		QN VG	(+)				
		Plant: vigor	Plante : vigueur	Pflanze: Wuchsstärke	Planta: vigor		
		very weak	très faible	sehr gering	muy débil	Lacey	1
		weak	faible	gering	débil	Misty Gem	2
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Tango	3
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Flamenco	4
		very strong	très forte	sehr stark	muy fuerte	Toms Special	5
2.		PQ VG	(+)				
		Shoot: color	Rameau : couleur	Trieb: Farbe	Rama: color		
		light green	vert clair	hellgrün	verde claro	Nellie Kelly Black, Summer Queen	1
		medium green	vert moyen	mittelgrün	verde medio	Misty Gem	2
		dark green	vert foncé	dunkelgrün	verde oscuro	Charité, Ester	3
		greenish purple	pourpre verdâtre	grünlichpurpurn	púrpura verdoso		4
		purple	pourpre	purpurn	púrpura	Panama Gold	5
3.		QN VG	(a)				
		Plant: relative number of leaves with three lobes	Plante : nombre relatif de feuilles à trois lobes	Pflanze: relative Anzahl dreilappiger Blätter	Planta: número relativo de hojas con tres lóbulos		
		absent or very few	absent ou très petit	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy bajo	OPA6/19	1
		few	petit	gering	bajo		2
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	OPA4/19	3
		many	élevé	hoch	alto	Misty Gem	4
		very many	très élevé	sehr hoch	muy alto	Flamenco, Toms Special	5
4.		QN VG					
		Stipules: anthocyanin coloration	Stipules : pigmentation anthocyanique	Nebenblatt: Anthocyanfärbung	Estípulas: pigmentación antociánica		
		absent or weak	absente ou faible	fehlend oder gering	ausente o débil	Flamenco	1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media		2
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Panama Gold	3
5.		QN VG	(a)				
		Leaf blade: blistering	Limbe : cloqure	Blattspreite: Blasigkeit	Limbo: ampollado		
		absent or weak	absente ou faible	fehlend oder gering	ausente o débil	Panama Gold	1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio	Panama Red	2
		strong	forte	stark	fuerte	Nellie Kelly Black	3

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
6.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(a), (b)				
	Leaf blade: length		Limbe : longueur		Blattspreite: Länge	Limbo: longitud		
	very short		très courte		sehr kurz	muy corta		1
	very short to short		très courte à courte		sehr kurz bis kurz	muy corta a corta		2
	short		courte		kurz	corta	Lacey	3
	short to medium		courte à moyenne		kurz bis mittel	corta a media	Sweetheart	4
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Flamenco, Misty Gem	5
	medium to long		moyenne à longue		mittel bis lang	media a larga	Panama Red	6
	long		longue		lang	larga	OPA3/19, OPA4/19	7
	long to very long		longue à très longue		lang bis sehr lang	larga a muy larga	OPA12/19	8
	very long		très longue		sehr lang	muy larga	OPA6/19	9
7.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(a), (b)				
	Leaf blade: width		Limbe : largeur		Blattspreite: Breite	Limbo: anchura		
	very narrow		très étroite		sehr schmal	muy estrecha		1
	very narrow to narrow		très étroite à étroite		sehr schmal bis schmal	muy estrecha a estrecha		2
	narrow		étroite		schmal	estrecha	E23	3
	narrow to medium		étroite à moyenne		schmal bis mittel	estrecha a media	Lacey	4
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Misty Gem, Toms Special	5
	medium to broad		moyenne à large		mittel bis breit	media a ancha	Flamenco	6
	broad		large		breit	ancha	OPA13/19, Tango	7
	broad to very broad		large à très large		breit bis sehr breit	ancha muy ancha	OPA3/19	8
	very broad		très large		sehr breit	muy ancha		9
8.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(a), (b)				
	<u>Only varieties with:</u> <u>Plant: relative</u> <u>number of leaves</u> <u>with three lobes:</u> <u>present: Leaf blade:</u> <u>width of the middle</u> <u>lobe</u>		<u>Seulement variétés</u> <u>avec : Plante :</u> <u>nombre relatif de</u> <u>feuilles à trois</u> <u>lobes : présent :</u> <u>Limbe : largeur du</u> <u>lobe médian</u>		<u>Nur Sorten mit:</u> <u>Pflanze: relative</u> <u>Anzahl dreilappiger</u> <u>Blätter: vorhanden:</u> <u>Blattspreite: Breite</u> <u>des Mittellappens</u>	<u>Sólo variedades con:</u> <u>Planta: número</u> <u>relativo de hojas con</u> <u>tres lóbulos:</u> <u>presente: Limbo:</u> <u>anchura del lóbulo</u> <u>medio</u>		
	very narrow		très étroite		sehr schmal	muy estrecha		1
	very narrow to narrow		très étroite à étroite		sehr schmal bis schmal	muy estrecha a estrecha		2
	narrow		étroite		schmal	estrecha	Lacey, Sweetheart	3
	narrow to medium		étroite à moyenne		schmal bis mittel	estrecha a media	E23, Toms Special	4
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Misty Gem	5
	medium to broad		moyenne à large		mittel bis breit	media a ancha	OPA5/19, OPA7/19	6
	broad		large		breit	ancha	OPA11/19, OPA4/19	7
	broad to very broad		large à très large		breit bis sehr breit	ancha muy ancha	McGuffies Red, OPA3/19	8
	very broad		très large		sehr breit	muy ancha	OPA12/19	9

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
9.		QN	VG		(a)			
	Leaf blade: intensity of green color of upper side		Limbe : intensité de la couleur verte de la face supérieure		Blattspreite: Intensität der Grünfärbung der Oberseite	Limbo: intensidad del color verde del haz		
	very light		très claire		sehr hell	muy clara		1
	light		claire		hell	clara	Lacey	2
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	McGuffies Red, Pandora	3
	dark		foncée		dunkel	oscura	Sweetheart, Tango	4
	very dark		très foncée		sehr dunkel	muy oscura	OPA6/19	5
10.		QN	VG		(a)			
	Leaf blade: glossiness of upper side		Limbe : brillance de la face supérieure		Blattspreite: Glanz der Oberseite	Limbo: brillo del haz		
	weak		faible		gering	débil	E23	1
	medium		moyenne		mittel	medio	Flamenco, Tango	2
	strong		forte		stark	fuerte	OPA6/19, Sweetheart	3
11.		PQ	VG	(+)	(a)			
	Leaf blade: shape of base		Limbe : forme de la base		Blattspreite: Form der Basis	Limbo: forma de la base		
	acute		aiguë		spitz	aguda		1
	obtuse		obtuse		stumpf	obtusa		2
	truncate		tronquée		gerade	truncada		3
	weakly cordate		faiblement cordée		gering herzförmig	débillemente cordada	OPA4/19	4
	strongly cordate		fortement cordée		stark herzförmig	fuertemente cordada	Flamenco, Misty Gem	5
12.		QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(a), (b)			
	Leaf blade: depth of sinus		Limbe : profondeur du sinus		Blattspreite: Tiefe der Einbuchtungen	Limbo: profundidad del seno		
	absent or very shallow		absente ou très peu profonde		fehlend oder sehr flach	ausente o muy poco profunda	OPA6/19	1
	shallow		peu profonde		flach	poco profunda		2
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Panama Red	3
	deep		profonde		tief	profunda	Panama Gold	4
	very deep		très profonde		sehr tief	muy profunda		5

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
13.		QN	MS/VG		(a)			
	Petiole: length		Pétiole : longueur		Blattstiel: Länge	Peciole: longitud		
	very short		très courte		sehr kurz	muy corta		1
	very short to short		très courte à courte		sehr kurz bis kurz	muy corta a corta		2
	short		courte		kurz	corta	Tango, Toms Special	3
	short to medium		courte à moyenne		kurz bis mittel	corta a media	Misty Gem, OPA13/19	4
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Flamenco, OPA3/19	5
	medium to long		moyenne à longue		mittel bis lang	media a larga	McGuffies Red, OPA4/19	6
	long		longue		lang	larga	OPA11/19, OPA7/19	7
	long to very long		longue à très longue		lang bis sehr lang	larga a muy larga	OPA12/19	8
	very long		très longue		sehr lang	muy larga		9
14.		QN	VG		(a)			
	Petiole: anthocyanin coloration		Pétiole : coloration anthocyanique		Blattstiel: Anthocyanfärbung	Peciole: pigmentación antociánica		
	absent or weak		absente ou faible		fehlend oder gering	ausente o débil	Misty Gem, Toms Special	1
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Lacey, McGuffies Red	2
	strong		forte		stark	fuerte	Panama Gold	3
15.	(*)	QL	VG	(+)	(a)			
	Petiole: position of nectaries		Pétiole : position des nectaires		Blattstiel: Position der Nektarien	Peciole: posición de los nectarios		
	adjacent to the base of the leaf blade		adjacente à la base du limbe		an die Basis der Blattspreite anstoßend	adyacente a la base del limbo	Flamenco, Lacey	1
	distant from the base of the leaf blade		éloignée de la base du limbe		von der Basis der Blattspreite entfernt	distante de la base del limbo	E23, OPA3/19	2
16.		QN	MG/MS/VG		(c)			
	Flower: length of pedicel		Fleur : longueur du pédicelle		Blüte: Länge des Blütenstiels	Flor: longitud del pedicelo		
	very short		très courte		sehr kurz	muy corta		1
	short		courte		kurz	corta	Lacey	2
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Misty Gem	3
	long		longue		lang	larga	Flamenco, Toms Special	4
	very long		très longue		sehr lang	muy larga	OPA11/19, Sweetheart	5

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
17.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (d)				
	Flower: length of bracts		Fleur : longueur des bractées		Blüte: Länge der Hüllblätter	Flor: longitud de las brácteas		
	very short		très courte		sehr kurz	muy corta		1
	short		courte		kurz	corta	Lacey, Misty Gem	2
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	OPA3/19, Toms Special	3
	long		longue		lang	larga	McGuffies Red, OPA6/19	4
	very long		très longue		sehr lang	muy larga	OPA12/19, Sweetheart	5
18.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (d)				
	Flower: width of bracts		Fleur : largeur des bractées		Blüte: Breite der Hüllblätter	Flor: anchura de las brácteas		
	very narrow		très étroite		sehr schmal	muy estrecha		1
	narrow		étroite		schmal	estrecha	Flamenco, OPA13/19	2
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	McGuffies Red, Pandora	3
	broad		large		breit	ancha	OPA7/19, Tango	4
	very broad		très large		sehr breit	muy ancha	OPA6/19	5
19.	QL	VG		(c)				
	Flower: nectaries on bracts		Fleur : nectaires sur les bractées		Blüte: Nektarien auf Hüllblättern	Flor: nectarios en las brácteas		
	absent		absents		fehlend	ausentes		1
	present		présents		vorhanden	presentes	Misty Gem	9
20.	QL	VG		(c)				
	<u>Only varieties with Flower: nectaries on bract: present:</u> Flower: color of nectaries on bracts		<u>Seulement variétés avec Fleur : nectaires sur les bractées : présents :</u> Fleur : couleur des nectaires sur les bractées		<u>Nur Sorten mit Blüte: Nektarien am Hüllblatt: vorhanden:</u> Blüte: Farbe der Nektarien auf den Hüllblättern	<u>Sólo variedades con Flor: nectarios en las bráctea: presentes:</u> Flor: color de los nectarios en las brácteas		
	green		vert		grün	verde	Lacey	1
	purple		pourpre		purpurn	púrpura	OPA7/19	2
21.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (d)				
	Flower: length of sepals		Fleur : longueur des sépales		Blüte: Länge der Kelchblätter	Flor: longitud de los sépalos		
	very short		très courte		sehr kurz	muy corta		1
	short		courte		kurz	corta	Lacey	2
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Misty Gem, Sweetheart	3
	long		longue		lang	larga	OPA11/19	4
	very long		très longue		sehr lang	muy larga		5

	English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
22.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (d)				
	Flower: width of sepals		Fleur : largeur des sépales		Blüte: Breite der Kelchblätter	Flor: anchura de los sépalos		
	very narrow		très étroite		sehr schmal	muy estrecha		1
	narrow		étroite		schmal	estrecha	OPA5/19	2
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Lacey, Misty Gem	3
	broad		large		breit	ancha	OPA11/19	4
	very broad		très large		sehr breit	muy ancha		5
23.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (d)				
	Flower: length of petals		Fleur : longueur des pétales		Blüte: Länge der Blütenblätter	Flor: longitud de los pétalos		
	very short		très courte		sehr kurz	muy corta		1
	short		courte		kurz	corta	OPA5/19	2
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Flamenco, Sweetheart	3
	long		longue		lang	larga	McGuffies Red, Panama Red	4
	very long		très longue		sehr lang	muy larga		5
24.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (d)				
	Flower: width of petals		Fleur : largeur des pétales		Blüte: Breite der Blütenblätter	Flor: anchura de los pétalos		
	very narrow		très étroite		sehr schmal	muy estrecha		1
	narrow		étroite		schmal	estrecha	Lacey, OPA3/19	2
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Flamenco, Sweetheart	3
	broad		large		breit	ancha	Toms Special	4
	very broad		très large		sehr breit	muy ancha		5
25.	QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (e)				
	Flower: length of androgynophore		Fleur : longueur de l'androgynophore		Blüte: Länge des Androgynophors	Flor: longitud del androginóforo		
	very short		très courte		sehr kurz	muy corta		1
	short		courte		kurz	corta	Lacey, Misty Gem	2
	medium		moyenne		mittel	media	OPA12/19, Toms Special	3
	long		longue		lang	larga	Flamenco, OPA3/19	4
	very long		très longue		sehr lang	muy larga		5

		English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
26.		QN	VG	(+)	(c)				
		Flower: intensity of purple color on inner filaments in throat		Fleur : intensité de la couleur pourpre sur les filaments intérieurs dans la gorge		Blüte: Intensität der Purpurfärbung der Kronenstaubfäden im Schlund	Flor: intensidad del color púrpura en los filamentos interiores de la garganta		
		absent or light		absente ou claire		fehlend oder hell	ausente o clara	Flamenco	1
		medium		moyenne		mittel	media	OPA3/19, Toms Special	2
		dark		foncée		dunkel	oscura	OPA12/19	3
27.		QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (f)				
		Flower: diameter of corona including filaments		Fleur : diamètre de la couronne incluant les filaments		Blüte: Durchmesser der Krone einschließlich Staubfäden	Flor: diámetro de la corona incluidos los filamentos		
		very small		très petit		sehr klein	muy pequeño		1
		small		petit		klein	pequeño	Lacey	2
		medium		moyen		mittel	medio	Misty Gem, Sweetheart	3
		large		grand		groß	grande	OPA12/19	4
		very large		très grand		sehr groß	muy grande		5
28.		QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (f)				
		Flower: width of purple rings on corona filaments		Fleur : largeur des anneaux pourpres sur les filaments de la partie supérieure		Blüte: Breite der purpurnen Ringe an den Kronenstaubfäden	Flor: anchura de los anillos de color púrpura en los filamentos de la corona		
		absent or very narrow		absente ou très étroite à		fehlend oder sehr schmal	ausente o muy estrecha		1
		narrow		étroite		schmal	estrecha	OPA7/19	2
		medium		moyenne		mittel	media	OPA5/19, Sweetheart	3
		broad		large		breit	ancha	OPA12/19	4
		very broad		très large		sehr breit	muy ancha		5
29.	(*)	QN	VG		(c)				
		Flower: intensity of color of purple rings on corona filaments		Fleur : intensité de la couleur des anneaux pourpres sur les filaments de la partie supérieure		Blüte: Intensität der Farbe der purpurnen Ringe an den Kronenstaubfäden	Flor: intensidad del color púrpura de los anillos en los filamentos de la corona		
		light		claire		hell	clara	OPA7/19	1
		medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Lacey, Misty Gem	2
		dark		foncée		dunkel	oscura	OPA12/19	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
30.		QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (g)		
		Anther: length	Anthère : longueur	Anthere: Länge	Antera: longitud		
		short	courte	kurz	corta		1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Flamenco, Misty Gem	2
		long	longue	lang	larga	OPA11/19, OPA12/19	3
31.		QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (g)		
		Anther: width	Anthère : largeur	Anthere: Breite	Antera: anchura		
		narrow	étroite	schmal	estrecha		1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Sweetheart, Toms Special	2
		broad	large	breit	ancha	OPA13/19, OPA4/19	3
32.		QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (e)		
		Ovary: length	Ovaire : longueur	Fruchtknoten: Länge	Ovario: longitud		
		short	courte	kurz	corta	E23	1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Flamenco, Sweetheart	2
		long	longue	lang	larga	OPA11/19, Toms Special	3
33.		QN	MG/MS/VG		(c), (e)		
		Ovary: width	Ovaire : largeur	Fruchtknoten: Breite	Ovario: anchura		
		narrow	étroite	schmal	estrecha	E23	1
		medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Flamenco, Sweetheart	2
		broad	large	breit	ancha	OPA11/19, Toms Special	3
34.		QN	VG		(c)		
		Anther: number of anthocyanin spots on filament	Anthère : nombre de plages anthocyaniques sur le filament	Anthere: Anzahl Anthocyanflecken am Staubfaden	Antera: número de zonas antociánicas en el filamento		
		absent or very few	absent ou très petit	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy bajo		1
		few	petit	gering	bajo	Flamenco, Toms Special	2
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	OPA11/19, Sweetheart	3
		many	élevé	hoch	alto	Lacey, OPA3/19	4
		very many	très élevé	sehr hoch	muy alto		5

		English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
35.	(*)	QN	VG	(+)	(c)				
		Flower: anthocyanin spots on style		Fleur : plages anthocyaniques sur le style		Blüte: Anthocyanflecken am Griffel	Flor: zonas antociánicas en el estilo		
		absent or few		absentes ou peu		fehlend oder gering	ausentes o pocas	Lacey, OPA11/19	1
		medium		moyennes		mittel	medias	OPA5/19, OPA7/19	2
		many		nombreuses		hoch	abundantes	OPA3/19	3
36.		QN	VG		(c)				
		Flower: number of anthocyanin spots on androgynophore		Fleur : nombre de plages anthocyaniques sur l'androgynophore		Blüte: Anzahl Anthocyanflecken am Androgynophor	Flor: número de zonas antociánicas en el estilo en el androginóforo		
		absent or few		absent ou petit		fehlend oder gering	ausente o bajo	Lacey, OPA13/19, OPA3/19	1
		medium		moyen		mittel	medio	OPA4/19, Sweetheart	2
		many		élevé		hoch	alto	Flamenco, Toms Special	3
37.	(*)	QN	MG/MS/VG		(h), (i)				
		Fruit: height		Fruit : hauteur		Frucht: Höhe	Fruto: altura		
		very short		très basse		sehr niedrig	muy baja		1
		very short to short		très basse à basse		sehr niedrig bis niedrig	muy baja a baja		2
		short		basse		niedrig	baja	E23, Lacey	3
		short to medium		basse à moyenne		niedrig bis mittel	baja a media		4
		medium		moyenne		mittel	media	Flamenco, OPA13/19	5
		medium to tall		moyenne à haute		mittel bis hoch	media a alta		6
		tall		haute		hoch	alta	McGuffies Red, OPA11/19	7
		tall to very tall		haute à très haute		hoch bis sehr hoch	alta a muy alta		8
		very tall		très haute		sehr hoch	muy alta	Golden Giant	9
38.		QN	MG/MS/VG		(h), (i)				
		Fruit: diameter		Fruit : diamètre		Frucht: Durchmesser	Fruto: diámetro		
		very small		très petit		sehr klein	muy pequeño		1
		very small to small		très petit à petit		sehr klein bis klein	muy pequeño a pequeño		2
		small		petit		klein	pequeño	E23, Lacey	3
		small to medium		petit à moyen		klein bis mittel	pequeño a medio		4
		medium		moyen		mittel	medio	Flamenco, Pandora	5
		medium to large		moyen à grand		mittel bis groß	medio a grande		6
		large		grand		groß	grande	OPA12/19	7
		large to very large		grand à très grand		groß bis sehr groß	grande a muy grande		8
		very large		très grand		sehr groß	muy grande	Golden Giant	9

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
39.		QN	MG/MS/VG	(h)			
		Fruit: ratio height/diameter	Fruit : rapport hauteur/diamètre	Frucht: Verhältnis Höhe/Durchmesser	Fruto: relación altura/diámetro		
		very low	très bas	sehr klein	muy baja		1
		low	bas	klein	baja		2
		medium	moyen	mittel	media	Lacey, OPA3/19	3
		high	élevé	groß	alta	McGuffies Red	4
		very high	très élevé	sehr groß	muy alta		5
40.		PQ	VG	(+)	(h)		
		Fruit: shape in longitudinal view	Fruit : forme en vue longitudinale	Frucht: Form in Längsansicht	Fruto: forma en vista longitudinal		
		oblate	arrondie-aplatie	breitrund	achatada	BRS GA1	1
		obtuse ovate	ovale obtuse	stumpf eiförmig	oval obtusa	Panama Red	2
		circular	circulaire	kreisförmig	circular	Lacey, Misty Gem, OPA3/19	3
		obovate	obovale	verkehrt eiförmig	oboval		4
		acute ovate	aiguë ovale	spitz eiförmig	oval aguda	Pandora	5
		broad elliptical	elliptique large	breit elliptisch	elíptica ancha	McGuffies Red, OPA6/19	6
		narrow elliptical	elliptique étroite	schmal elliptisch	elíptica estrecha		7
41.		QN	VG	(h)			
		Fruit: number of lenticels	Fruit : nombre de lenticelles	Frucht: Anzahl Lentizellen	Fruto: número de lenticelas		
		absent or very low	absent ou très bas	fehlend oder sehr gering	ausente o muy bajo		1
		low	bas	gering	bajo	McGuffies Red	2
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	OPA6/19	3
		many	élevé	hoch	alto	Pandora	4
		very many	très élevé	sehr hoch	muy alto	Misty Gem, Panama Red	5

		English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
42.	(*)	PQ	VG		(h)				
		Fruit: color of skin		Fruit : couleur de la peau		Frucht: Farbe der Schale	Fruto: color de la piel		
		green		vert		grün	verde		1
		light yellow		jaune clair		hellgelb	amarillo claro		2
		medium yellow		jaune moyen		mittelgelb	amarillo medio	Brazilian Gold, Inca Gold	3
		dark yellow		jaune foncé		dunkelgelb	amarillo oscuro	Panama Gold	4
		reddish orange		orange rougeâtre		rötlichorange	naranja rojizo		5
		red		rouge		rot	rojo	McGuffies Red	6
		reddish purple		pourpre rougeâtre		rötlichpurpurn	púrpura rojizo	Sweetheart, Toms Special	7
		medium purple		pourpre moyen		mittelpurpurn	púrpura medio	Misty Gem, Tango	8
		dark purple		pourpre foncé		dunkelpurpurn	púrpura oscuro	Nellie Kelly Black	9
43.		QN	MG/MS/VG	(+)	(h)				
		Fruit: thickness of skin		Fruit : épaisseur de la peau		Frucht: Dicke der Schale	Fruto: grosor de la piel		
		very thin		très mince		sehr dünn	muy delgado		1
		very thin to thin		très mince à mince		sehr dünn bis dünn	muy delgado a delgado		2
		thin		mince		dünn	delgado	OPA6/19	3
		thin to medium		mince à moyenne		dünn bis mittel	delgado a medio		4
		medium		moyenne		mittel	medio	E23, Flamenco, Misty Gem	5
		medium to thick		moyenne à épaisse		mittel bis dick	medio a grueso		6
		thick		épaisse		dick	grueso	OPA3/19, Pandora	7
		thick to very thick		épaisse à très épaisse		dick bis sehr dick	grueso a muy grueso		8
		very thick		très épaisse		sehr dick	muy grueso	OPA12/19	9
44.	(*)	QN	MG/MS	(+)	(h)				
		Fruit: weight		Fruit : poids		Früchte: Gewicht	Fruto: peso		
		very low		très bas		sehr gering	muy bajo	E23	1
		very low to low		très bas à bas		sehr gering bis gering	muy bajo a bajo		2
		low		bas		gering	bajo	Lacey, Misty Gem	3
		low to medium		bas à moyen		gering bis mittel	bajo a medio		4
		medium		moyen		mittel	medio	Flamenco, OPA3/19, OPA5/19	5
		medium to high		moyen à élevé		mittel bis hoch	medio a alto		6
		high		élevé		hoch	alto	McGuffies Red, OPA12/19	7
		high to very high		élevé à très élevé		hoch bis sehr hoch	alto a muy alto		8
		very high		très élevé		sehr hoch	muy alto	Golden Giant	9

		English		français		deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
45.	(*)	PQ	VG		(h)				
		Fruit: color of pulp		Fruit : couleur de la chair		Frucht: Farbe des Fleisches	Fruta: color de la pulpa		
		whitish		blanchâtre		weißlich	blanquecino		1
		greenish yellow		jaune verdâtre		grünlichgelb	amarillo verdoso		2
		yellow		jaune		gelb	amarillo	McGuffies Red, Misty Gem	3
		yellowish orange		orange jaunâtre		gelblichorange	naranja amarillento	E23, Flamenco	4
		orange		orange		orange	naranja	OPA3/19	5
46.	(*)	QN	MG/MS	(+)	(h)				
		Fruit: weight of pulp including seeds		Fruit : poids de la chair, incluant les semences		Frucht: Gewicht des Fleisches einschließlich Samen	Fruto: peso de la pulpa incluidas las semillas		
		very low		très bas		sehr gering	muy bajo	E23	1
		very low to low		très bas à bas		sehr gering bis gering	muy bajo a bajo		2
		low		bas		gering	bajo	Misty Gem	3
		low to medium		bas à moyen		gering bis mittel	bajo a medio		4
		medium		moyen		mittel	medio	Flamenco, McGuffies Red, Pandora	5
		medium to high		moyen à élevé		mittel bis hoch	medio a alto		6
		high		élevé		hoch	alto	OPA6/19, OPA7/19	7
		high to very high		élevé à très élevé		hoch bis sehr hoch	alto a muy alto		8
		very high		très élevé		sehr hoch	muy alto		9
47.		QN	MG/VG	(+)	(h)				
		Fruit: sweetness of pulp		Fruit : goût sucré de la chair		Frucht: Süße des Fleisches	Frutos: dulzor de la pulpa		
		very low		très faible		sehr gering	muy bajo		1
		very low to low		très faible à faible		sehr gering bis gering	muy bajo a bajo		2
		low		faible		gering	bajo	E23	3
		low to medium		faible à moyen		gering bis mittel	bajo a medio	Panama Red	4
		medium		moyen		mittel	medio	Flamenco	5
		medium to high		moyen à fort		mittel bis hoch	medio a alto	Misty Gem	6
		high		fort		hoch	alto	Pandora, Sweetheart	7
		high to very high		fort à très fort		hoch bis sehr hoch	alto a muy alto	McGuffies Red	8
		very high		très fort		sehr hoch	muy alto	OPA6/19	9
48.	(*)	QL	VG	(+)					
		Plant: self-incompatibility		Plante : auto-incompatibilité		Pflanze: Selbstinkompatibilität	Planta: autoincompatibilidad		
		absent		absente		fehlend	ausente	Flamenco, Toms Special	1
		present		présente		vorhanden	presente	Panama Red	9

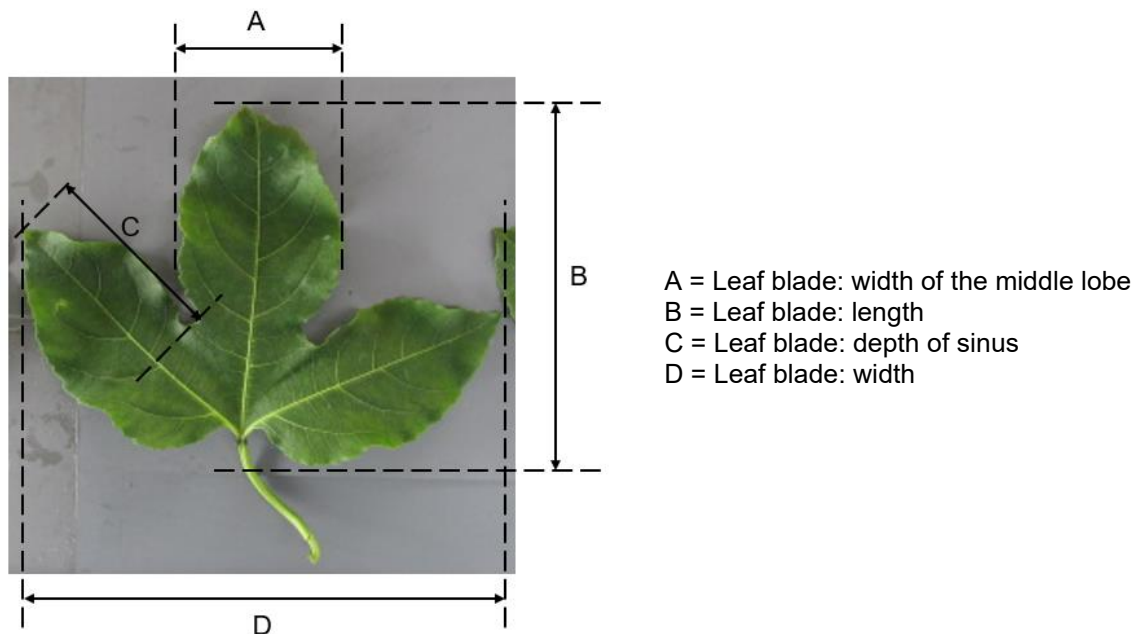
8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

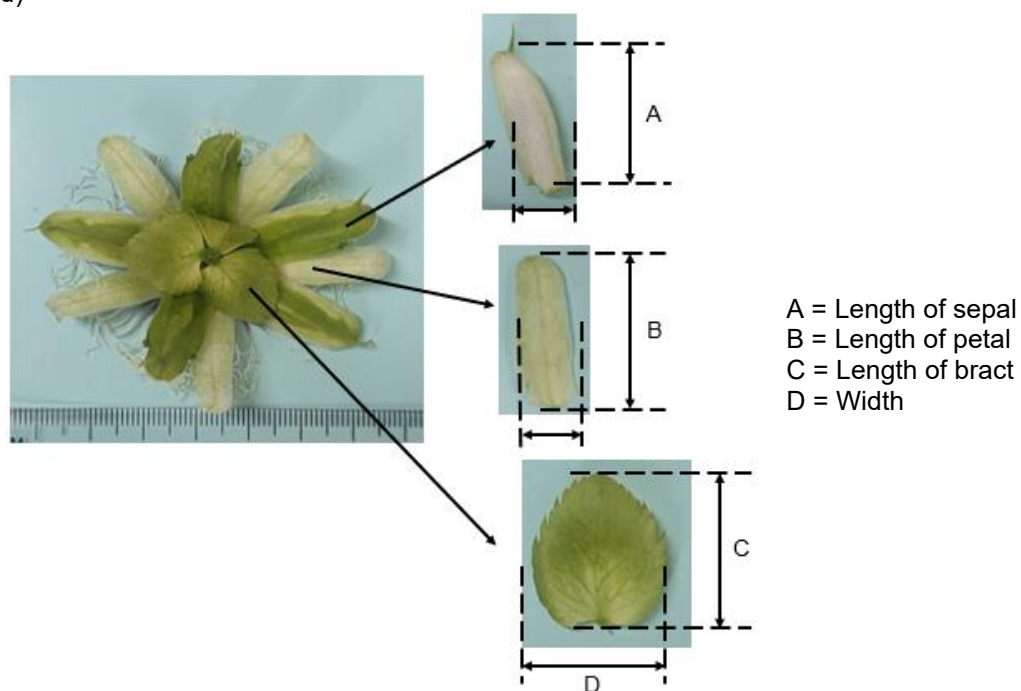
(a) Leaf blade and petiole: Observations should be made on fully developed leaves from the middle third of vigorous shoots.

(b)

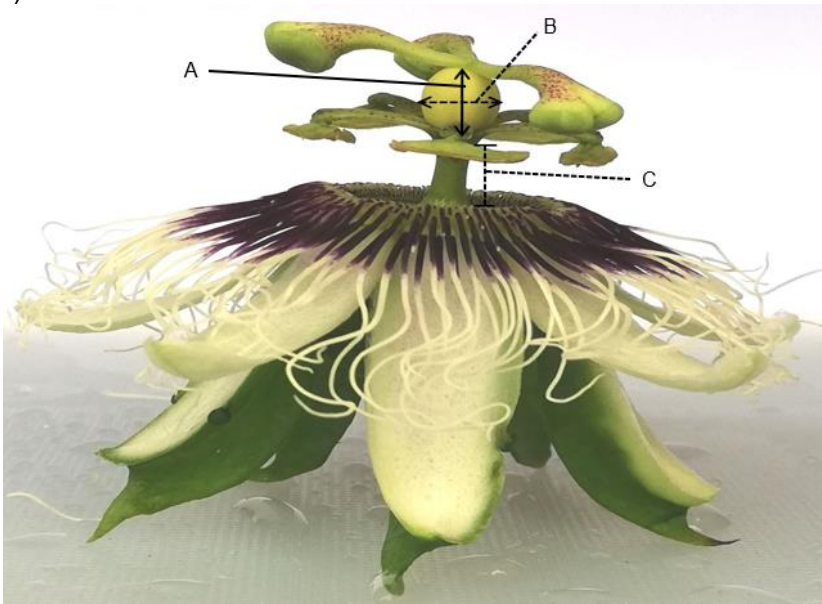


(c) Flower: Observations should be made on fully opened flowers.

(d)

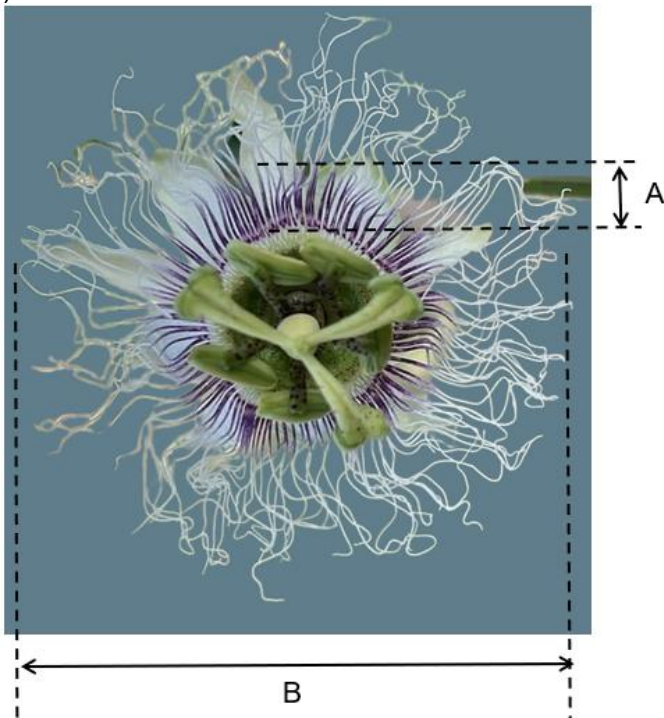


(e)



A = Ovary length
B = Ovary width
C = Androgynophore length

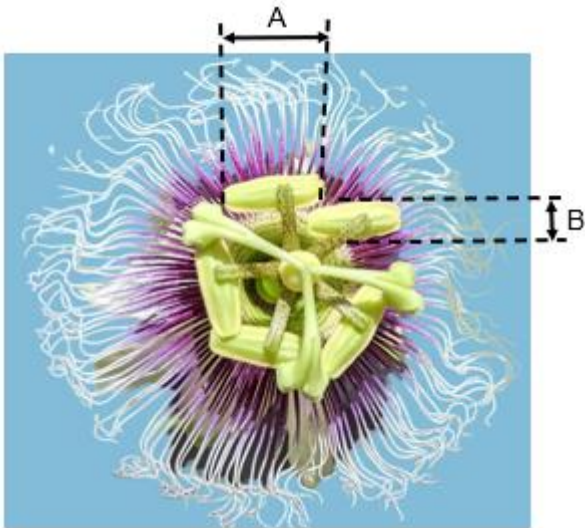
(f)



A = Width of the purple rings on the corona
filaments

B = Diameter of corona including filaments

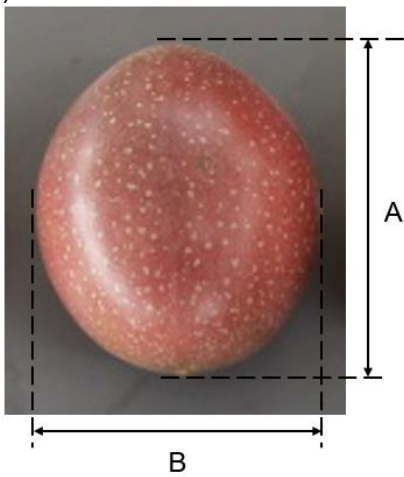
(g)



A = Length
B = Width

(h) Observations should be made on 10 typical fruits at the time when $\geq 75\%$ of the fruit skin has changed color.

(i)



A = Height
B = Diameter

8.2 *Explanations for individual characteristics*

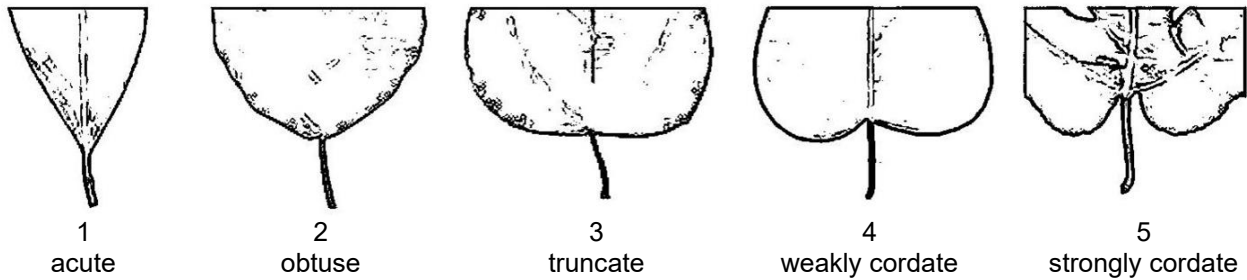
Ad. 1: Plant: vigor

The plant vigor should be considered as the overall abundance of vegetative growth.

Ad. 2: Shoot: color

Observations should be made on vigorous current season's shoots.

Ad. 11: Leaf blade: shape of base



Ad. 12: Leaf blade: depth of sinus

Observations should be made on the deepest sinus.

Ad. 15: Petiole: position of nectaries



1
adjacent to the base of the leaf blade



2
distant from the base of the leaf blade

Ad. 26: Flower: intensity of purple color on inner filaments in throat

Intensity of purple color on inner filaments in throat



Ad. 35: Flower: anthocyanin spots on style



1
absent or few

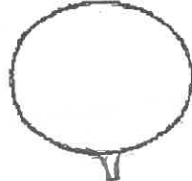
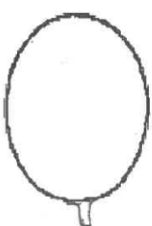
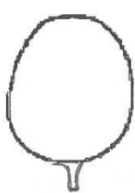
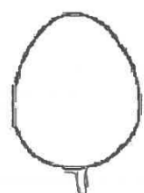


2
medium



3
many

Ad. 40: Fruit: shape in longitudinal view

		ratio height/diameter			
		low	medium	high	
↑ broadest part ↓	below middle		 4 obovate		
	at middle	 1 oblate	 3 circular	 6 broad elliptical	 7 narrow elliptical
	above middle		 2 obtuse ovate	 5 acute ovate	

Ad. 43: Fruit: thickness of skin



Thickness of skin

Ad. 44: Fruit: weight

Observations should be made on freshly harvested fruit.

Ad. 46: Fruit: weight of pulp including seeds

This characteristic can be observed by cutting the fruit and scooping out the pulp including seeds and then weighing them on an electronic scale.

Ad. 47: Fruit: sweetness of pulp

The sweetness of pulp should be observed in degrees Brix.

Ad. 48: Plant: self-incompatibility

A variety is self-incompatible when the fertile pollen of its own flower or of other flowers of the same variety is not able to fertilize the ovary.

To observe self-incompatibility, 5 un-opened flowers should be emasculated and bagged. Once the bagged flowers open, they should be hand pollinated using fresh pollen from the same plant or another plant of the same variety and re-bagged. Self-incompatibility is absent in the variety under observation if the ovary of the pollinated flower is swollen and still attached to the plant 72 hours after pollination.

9. Literature

Jesus, O.N., Oliveira, E.J., Faleiro, F.G., Soares, T.L.S., and Girardi, E.A., 2017: Illustrated Morpho-agronomic Descriptors for *Passiflora* spp. Embrapa. Brasília, BR

10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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	Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights	
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire	
1.1.1 Botanical name	Passiflora edulis Sims ☐
1.1.2 Common name	Granadilla, Passion fruit
2. Applicant	
Name	
Address	
Telephone No.	
Fax No.	
E-mail address	
Breeder (if different from applicant)	

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference

Proposed denomination
(if available)

Breeder's reference

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety

4.1 Breeding scheme

Variety resulting from:

4.1.1 Crossing

(a) controlled cross []

(please state parent variety)

(.....) x (.....)

female parent

male parent

(b) partially known cross []

(please state parent variety(ies))

(.....) x (.....)

female parent

male parent

(c) unknown cross []

4.1.2 Mutation

(please state parent variety)

--

4.1.3 Discovery and development

(please state where and when discovered and how developed)

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4.1.4 Other

(Please provide details)

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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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4.2 Method of propagating the variety

4.2.1 Seed-propagated varieties

4.2.2 Vegetative propagation

- (a) Cuttings []
- (b) In vitro propagation []
- (c) Budding and grafting (please specify rootstock) []
- (d) Other (state method) []

4.2.3 Other []
(Please provide details)

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (35)	Flower: anthocyanin spots on style		
	absent or few	Lacey, OPA11/19	1 []
	medium	OPA5/19, OPA7/19	2 []
	many	OPA3/19	3 []
5.2 (37)	Fruit: height		
	very short		1 []
	very short to short		2 []
	short	E23, Lacey	3 []
	short to medium		4 []
	medium	Flamenco, OPA13/19	5 []
	medium to tall		6 []
	tall	McGuffies Red, OPA11/19	7 []
	tall to very tall		8 []
	very tall	Golden Giant	9 []
5.3 (42)	Fruit: color of skin		
	green		1 []
	light yellow		2 []
	medium yellow	Brazilian Gold, Inca Gold	3 []
	dark yellow	Panama Gold	4 []
	reddish orange		5 []
	red	McGuffies Red	6 []
	reddish purple	Sweetheart, Toms Special	7 []
	medium purple	Misty Gem, Tango	8 []
	dark purple	Nellie Kelly Black	9 []

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.4 (44)	Fruit: weight		
	very low	E23	1 []
	very low to low		2 []
	low	Lacey, Misty Gem	3 []
	low to medium		4 []
	medium	Flamenco, OPA3/19, OPA5/19	5 []
	medium to high		6 []
	high	McGuffies Red, OPA12/19	7 []
	high to very high		8 []
	very high	Golden Giant	9 []
5.5 (45)	Fruit: color of pulp		
	whitish		1 []
	greenish yellow		2 []
	yellow	McGuffies Red, Misty Gem	3 []
	yellowish orange	E23, Flamenco	4 []
	orange	OPA3/19	5 []
5.6 (48)	Plant: self-incompatibility		
	absent	Flamenco, Toms Special	1 []
	present	Panama Red	9 []

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties

Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.

Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety
<i>Example</i>	<i>Fruit: height</i>	<i>short</i>	<i>tall</i>

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Comments

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety

7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?

Yes ☐ No ☐

(If yes, please provide details)

7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?

Yes ☐ No ☐

(If yes, please provide details)

7.3 Other information

A representative color photograph of the variety displaying its main distinguishing feature(s), should accompany the Technical Questionnaire. The photograph will provide a visual illustration of the candidate variety which supplements the information provided in the Technical Questionnaire.

The key points to consider when taking a photograph of the candidate variety are:

- Indication of the date and geographic location
- Correct labeling (breeder's reference)
- Good quality printed photograph (minimum 10 cm x 15 cm) and/or sufficient resolution electronic format version (minimum 960 x 1280 pixels)"

Further guidance on providing photographs with the Technical Questionnaire is available in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines", Guidance Note 35 (<http://www.upov.int/tgp/en/>).

[The link provided may be deleted by members of the Union when developing authorities' own test guidelines.]

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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8. Authorization for release

(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?

Yes ☐ No ☐

(b) Has such authorization been obtained?

Yes ☐ No ☐

If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.

9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination

9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.

9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:

- | | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma) | Yes ☐ | No ☐ |
| (b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide) | Yes ☐ | No ☐ |
| (c) Tissue culture | Yes ☐ | No ☐ |
| (d) Other factors | Yes ☐ | No ☐ |

Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".

9.3 Has the plant material to be examined been tested for the presence of virus or other pathogens?

Yes ☐

(please provide details as specified by the Authority)

No ☐

10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:

Applicant's name

Signature

Date

[End of document]