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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS GENEVA

TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

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UPOV INFORMATION DATABASES

Document prepared by the Office of the Union

1. At its thirty-eighth session, held in Geneva from April 15 to 17, 2002, the Technical Committee (TC) noted that the Office of the Union (the Office) planned to develop and maintain a single database of information based on species/taxonomic groups, which will be used to generate different reports (see document TC/38/16, report, paragraphs 211 to 214). It noted that, in order to construct a single database, it would be necessary to use a "unique identifier" which would be the code developed in document TC/35/16 "Revised Working Paper for a UPOV Taxon Code for Use in the UPOV-ROM Plant Variety Database." However, it noted that the construction of this code could be changed relatively easily and quickly before the code is put into use, to meet the demands for the work on variety descriptions and denominations. The Office proposed to present a copy of the consolidated database of taxa to the TC in spring 2003.

2. The purpose of this document is to present the database of taxa with their proposed UPOV codes and to explain a project for the development of a new database (the "GENIE") to provide information on: the status of protection; experience in distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) testing; cooperation in examination; existence of UPOV Test Guidelines for each GENus/specIEs (hence "GENIE").

Taxa Database / UPOV Code

3. The main purpose of the development of the UPOV code (the "code") is to enhance the usefulness of the UPOV-ROM Plant Variety Database (the "UPOV-ROM") by overcoming the problem of synonyms for plant taxa.

4. The Office has now used the code construction proposed in document TC/35/16 to develop codes and to produce a database of taxa. The database of taxa is presented in Annex I, sorted alphabetically by taxa, and in Annex II, sorted by UPOV codes. These Annexes are only attached to the electronic version of this document because of the large volume of data (around 7,000 entries).

5. Based on document TC/35/16, with some minor modifications, the code is constructed as follows:

(a) an alphabetic element of five letters (e.g. XXXXX) indicating the genus;

(b) a three-letter element (e.g. YYY) indicating the <u>species;</u>

(c) where relevant, a further element of up to three characters (e.g. ZZ1) indicating a <u>sub-specific unit;</u>

thus, XXXXX_YYY_ZZ1

6. In all cases, the five-letter genus code is provided, but the three-letter species code and the sub-specific code are only provided where necessary.

7. As far as possible, the elements try to follow the first letters of the botanical name of that element, e.g.:

Prunus	PRUNU_
Prunus armeniaca	PRUNU_ARM

8. Clearly it is necessary, in some cases, to improvise to ensure that similar taxa have different codes (e.g. *Platycodon* = "PLTYC_" and *Platymiscium* = "PLTYM_"). In cases where the name is shorter than the code, the last letter of the name had been repeated e.g. *Poa* = POAAA.

9. In the case of interspecific hybrids, the three-letter species element starts with an "X," e.g. BEGON-<u>X</u>TU for *Begonia x tuberhybrida* Voss.

10. In the case of the sub-specific unit element, the code is used in a more flexible way to contain more than one level of ranking, thereby avoiding the need for extra elements in the code, e.g.:

BETAA_VUL_VB	Beta vulgaris L. ssp. <u>V</u> ulgaris var. al <u>b</u> a DC.
BETAA_VUL_VC	Beta vulgaris L. ssp. <u>V</u> ulgaris var. <u>C</u> onditiva Alef.
BETAA_VUL_VF	Beta vulgaris L. ssp. <u>V</u> ulgaris var. <u>f</u> lavescens DC.
BETAA_VUL_VT	Beta vulgaris L. ssp. <u>V</u> ulgaris var. al <u>t</u> issima Doell

11. The starting point for the development of the database was the ISTA (International Seed Testing Association) List of Stabilized Plant Names (4^{th} edition). This database provided around 2,500 ISTA stabilized names and around 370 recognized synonyms. Codes concerning these taxa are always based on the ISTA stabilized names. Thereafter, the taxa from the following documents were added:

Ref.	Title
C/36/6	List of the taxa protected in the member States of UPOV and in those States and Organizations that have initiated the procedure for acceding to UPOV and which have provided information
C/36/5	Cooperation in examination
TC/39/4	List of species in which practical technical knowledge has been acquired or for which national guidelines have been established
TC/35/16	Revised working paper for a UPOV taxon code for use in the UPOV-ROM Plant Variety Database

12. The database presented in Annexes I and II contains all the individual taxa entries from the documents above, in order to develop the GENIE database (see below) and, therefore, contains a number of duplications of the same taxa. The source of each taxon entry is stated. In total, there are currently around 7,000 entries in the database.

13. For those taxa for which there are no ISTA stabilized names, the basis for the code is the name recognized by Zander (16^{th} edition) or, where this is not available, the Germplasm Resources Information Network (GRIN) database (www.ars-grin.gov/npgs/tax/index.html). In cases where the taxa could not be found in these or the other reference books held in the Office the code is based on the taxa provided by the authorities contributing to the documents above.

14. With regard to other aspects concerning the practical applicability of the code, the responses to the questionnaire seeking information on how the effectiveness of the UPOV-ROM (or similar web-based database) might be improved (see document TC/39/14-CAJ/47/5), indicated that there should be an easy way of adding new codes, and the code should be able to operate at the genus level to avoid problems where a plant cannot be clearly allocated to a species. The latter point has already been covered in paragraph 6. With respect to the easy introduction of new codes, it is proposed that, in the first instance, the Office introduce new codes upon request and add the relevant taxa and codes to the database.

15. As explained to the TC at its thirty-eighth session, the Office will maintain the database and code until the requirements of a UPOV code for the publication of variety descriptions and/or variety denominations are clear. However, it is proposed that, in the absence of any objections by the TC, the Administrative and Legal Committee (CAJ) or the *Ad hoc* Working Group on the Publication of Variety Descriptions (WG-PVD) or the Working Group on Variety Denominations (WG-VD), the code could be adopted for use by contributors to the UPOV-ROM starting in 2004, in line with the program for improving the effectiveness of the UPOV-ROM (see document TC/39/14-CAJ/47/5).

16. With this approach and timetable in mind, the following work program is proposed:

(a) the TC to invite the Technical Working Parties (TWPs), the WG-PVD and the WG-VD to examine the codes provided in this document, during their meetings in 2003, and make their recommendations on the suitability of the codes;

(b) the Office to maintain the current database, adding new taxa and codes as required, including the addition of codes for taxa contained in the UPOV-ROM which are not already included in the database;

(c) the Office to prepare a document, explaining this approach, for consideration by the CAJ at its forty-eighth session, to be held in Geneva on October 20 and 21, 2003;

(d) the Office to modify, where necessary, the UPOV code on the basis of the input from the TWPs, WG-PVD, WG-VD and CAJ and present a document for consideration by the TC at its fortieth session to be held in spring 2004;

(e) subject to comments received from the TC and CAJ, the Office to make the necessary preparations for contributors to use the UPOV code, starting in Summer 2004.

The "GENIE" Database

17. In addition to providing the basis for the development of the code, the taxa database presented in Annexes I and II allows the development of a new consolidated database capable of providing information on the status of protection, experience in DUS testing, cooperation in examination and existence of UPOV Test Guidelines for each <u>GENus/specIEs</u> (hence "GENIE").

18. The information in the taxa database is being introduced into an Microsoft Access format which is planned to be made available on the UPOV Website and UPOV-ROM. This Access format would allow users to make an inquiry for a particular taxon, select the appropriate code and then see the following type of information:

UPOV code	DCTLS_GLO
Latin name(s)	*Dactylis glomerata L.
Common English name(s)	Cocksfoot, Orchard Grass
Common French name(s)	Dactyle
Common German name(s)	Knaulgras
Common Spanish name(s)	Dactilo
Family	Poaceae/Gramineae
Countries/Authorities in which protection is provided	AR, AT, AU, BE, BG, BO, CA, CH, CL, CO, CZ, DE, DK, EC, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, HU, IE, IL, IT, JP, KG, KR, LV, MX, NI, NO, NZ, PL, QZ, RO, RU, SE, SK, US, UY, ZA.
Countries with experience in DUS examination	AR, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FR, HU, JP, NZ, PL, SK, UY, ZA.
Cooperation agreements for DUS testing	DE offers to AT, BE, CH, NO; DK offers to AT, SE; FR offers to GB; SK offers to CZ, SI.
	DE and DK exchange reports DK and FR exchange reports
UPOV Test Guidelines	TG/31/8
Countries with national test guidelines	AR, CZ, DE, ES, FR, HU, JP, NZ, PL, UY, ZA.

* ISTA stabilized name.

19. The availability of this particular type of query would be helpful in reducing the day-to-day work of the Office by automatically answering such routine queries, which occur on a regular basis from various third parties, and which take time to research and respond to on an individual basis. However, the intention is that, equally, it will be a database of practical help for the members. For example, members could use an enquiry to select all countries with which they have agreements in DUS testing or countries with experience in DUS examination, etc.

20. The GENIE database would also be used to produce all future versions of the following documents:

C/[36]/6	List of the taxa protected in the member States of UPOV and in those States and Organizations that have initiated the procedure for acceding to UPOV and which have provided information
C/[36]/5	Cooperation in examination
TC/[39]/4	List of species in which practical technical knowledge has been acquired or for which national guidelines have been established

21. The GENIE database is currently under development with the help of the Information Technology Department of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), and a prototype is planned for distribution to members of the Union later in 2003. The proposal is that, on the basis of the comments on the prototype, the Office would prepare a version for consideration by the TC, the CAJ and the Consultative Committee at their sessions in Spring 2004. Any recommendations on the draft from members, or from the parties involved in discussions on the development of the code (see paragraph 16 of this document), would be reflected in the development of this database.

22. The TC is invited to comment on the:

(a) approach for the development of a UPOV code set out in this document;

(b) work program for the development and introduction of the proposed UPOV code set out in paragraph 16;

(c) proposal for the development of the "GENIE" database.

[Two Annexes follow (electronic version only)]