

BMT/13/15 Add.
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## INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS GENEVA

# WORKING GROUP ON BIOCHEMICAL AND MOLECULAR TECHNIQUES, AND DNA-PROFILING IN PARTICULAR

# Thirteenth Session Brasilia, November 22 to 24, 2011

#### **ADDENDUM**

MICROSATELLITE MOLECULAR MARKERS IN THE EVALUATION OF SOYBEAN SEEDS WITH VARIATION IN HILUM COLOR

Document prepared by experts from Brazil





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GENEVA

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Thirteenth Session Brasilia, November 22 to 24, 2011

#### BMT 13/15:

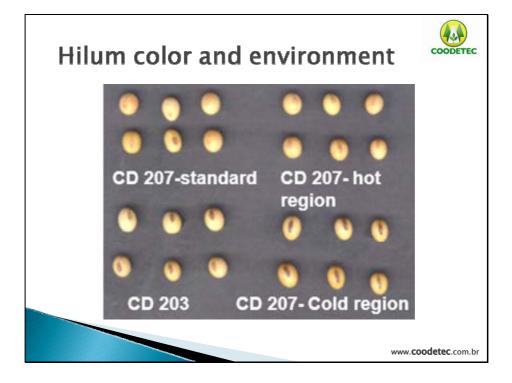
Mircosatellite molecular markers in the evaluation of soybean seeds with variation in hilum color

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#### Introduction



- Hilum color
  - One of the most important descriptor of seeds in soybean varieties.
  - Seed quality laboratories:
    - One of the most important characteristic in the evaluation of varietal purity.
- Hilum color
  - Genetically controlled.
  - Influenced by the environment.



### Introduction



- Many times, lots of seeds with high physiological and genetic quality are discarded due to variation of the hilum color.
- The presence of *I* allele tends to produce seeds with clearer hilum.
  - Black or Imperfect black hilum seems gray
  - Brown hilum varied from brown to yellow.



#### Material and Methods

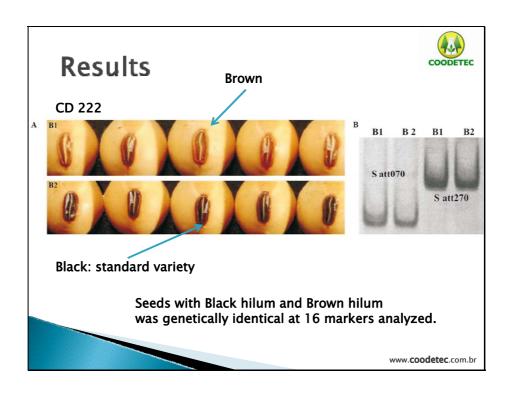
- Seeds from two experimental lines and one variety
  - CD 02RV-8444, brown hilum
    - Produced in 2003/2004 season, in Primavera do Leste, MT.
  - CD 01RV-7618 brown hilum
  - Produced in 2004/2004 season, in Primavera do Leste, MT.
  - CD 222, black hilum.
  - Produced in 2004/2005 season, in São Miguel do Passa Quatro, MG.
- Visualy separated, based on hilum color/tone.

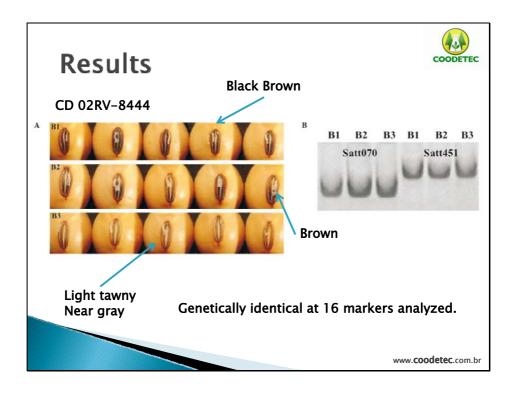
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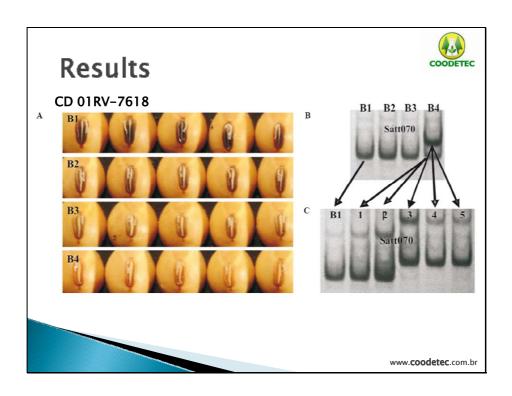


#### Material and Methods

- DNA extracted from each seed, and grouped in bulks of 5 seeds from the same group, to PCR.
- ▶ 16 microsatellite primers from 16 LG.
- Genotyped in 10% native acrylamide gels or 3% agarose gels.







### Conclusion



We demonstrated, with the aid of molecular marker, hilum color/tone differences that was not genetic differences.