

TG/32/7

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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

COMMON VETCH

UPOV Code: VICIA_SAT

Vicia sativa L.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

Alternative Names:*

| Botanical name | English | French | German | Spanish |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|------------|
| Vicia sativa L. | Common Vetch | Vesce commune | Saatwicke | Veza común |

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

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These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Vicia sativa L..

2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

1 kg of seed.

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should, be stated by the applicant.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination. In this sense, the trial should be carried out with some physical support to ensure the correct training of the plant.
- 3.3.2 The optimum stage of development for the assessment of each characteristic is indicated by a number in the second column of the Table of Characteristics. The stages of development denoted by each number are described in Chapter 8.
- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 200 plants, which should be divided between 2 or more replicates.
- 3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. <u>Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability</u>

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 20 plants or parts taken from each of 20 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants

MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants

VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants

VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual

plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

4.2 Uniformity

- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 The recommended sample size for the assessment of uniformity is indicated by the following key in the table of characteristics:
 - A sample size of 100 plants/parts of plants
 - B sample size of 200 plants
- 4.2.3 For the assessment of uniformity a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95 % should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 200 plants, 5 off-types are allowed. In the case of a sample size of 100 plants or parts of plants, 3 off-types are allowed.
- 4.2.4 For "A" characteristics, the assessment of uniformity can be done in 2 steps. In a first step, 20 plants or parts of plants are observed. If no off-types are observed, the variety is declared to be uniform. If more than 3 off-types are observed, the variety is declared not to be uniform. If 1 to 3 off-types are observed, an additional sample of 80 plants or parts of plants must be observed.

4.3 Stability

- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Time of beginning of flowering (characteristic 4)
 - (b) Stipule: anthocyanin coloration of nectaries (characteristic 9)
 - (c) Seed: ground color of testa (characteristic 18)
 - (d) Seed: brown ornamentation (characteristic 19)
 - (e) Seed: blue-black ornamentation (characteristic 21)
 - (f) Seed: color of cotyledons (characteristic 23)

- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".
- 6. <u>Introduction to the Table of Characteristics</u>
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
 - 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

| State | Note |
|--------|------|
| small | 3 |
| medium | 5 |
| large | 7 |

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

| State | Note |
|---------------------|------|
| very small | 1 |
| very small to small | 2 |
| small | 3 |
| small to medium | 4 |
| medium | 5 |
| medium to large | 6 |
| large | 7 |
| large to very large | 8 |
| very large | 9 |

6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".

6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

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6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

(*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

QL Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
QN Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
PQ Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3
- see Chapter 6.3

MG, MS, VG, VS – see Chapter 4.1.5

A, B: See Chapter 4.2

0-92 See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

(+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2.

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

| | | English | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|------------------|----------------------|--|--|---|--|--|---------------|
| 1. (*) (+) | 12 VG/ MS B | Seedling: ratio length/width of leaflet of second primary leaf | Plantule : rapport longueur/largeur de la foliole de la deuxième feuille primaire | Keimpflanze: Verhältnis Länge/Breite des Blättchens des zweiten Primärblattes | Plántula: relación longitud/anchura del foliolo de la segunda hoja primaria | | |
| QN | | very low | très petit | sehr klein | muy baja | | 1 |
| | | low | petit | klein | baja | Ebena | 3 |
| | | medium | moyen | mittel | media | Candy | 5 |
| | | high | grand | groß | alta | Prontivesa | 7 |
| | | very high | très grand | sehr groß | muy alta | Aneto | 9 |
| 2. | 11-13 VG B | Seedling: anthocyanin coloration on base of stem | Plantule : pigmentation anthocyanique à la base de la tige | Keimpflanze: Anthocyanfärbung an der Basis des Stengels | Plántula: coloración antociánica de la base del tallo | | |
| QN | | absent or very weak | absente ou très faible | fehlend oder sehr gering | ausente o muy débil | Cobra | 1 |
| | | weak | faible | gering | débil | | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Ina, Prontivesa | 5 |
| | | strong | forte | stark | fuerte | Nacre | 7 |
| | | very strong | très forte | sehr stark | muy fuerte | | 9 |
| 3. | 51-59 VG B | Plant: intensity of green color of foliage | Plante: intensité de la couleur verte du feuillage | Pflanze: Intensität der Grünfärbung der Blätter | er Planta: intensidad del color verde del follaje | | |
| QN | | light | claire | hell | claro | Acisreina | 1 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | medio | Kwarta | 3 |
| | | dark | foncée | dunkel | oscuro | | 5 |
| 4. (*) (+) | MG B | Time of beginning of flowering | Epoque de début de floraison | Zeitpunkt des Blühbeginns | Época de comienzo de la floración | | |
| QN | | very early | très précoce | sehr früh | muy temprana | Barbicos, Piedade | 1 |
| | | early | précoce | früh | temprana | Labari | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Ina, Pepite, Rada | 5 |
| | | late | tardive | spät | tardía | Kwarta | 7 |
| | | very late | très tardive | sehr spät | muy tardía | Berninova, Jaga | 9 |
| 5. (*) (+) | 60-69 VG B | Stem: hairiness of upper internodes | Tige: pilosité des entre-noeuds supérieurs | Stengel: Behaarung der obersten Internodien | Tallo: vellosidad de los entrenudos superiores | | |
| QN | | absent or very weak | absente ou très faible | fehlend oder sehr gering | ausente o muy débil | Neska | 1 |
| | | weak | faible | gering | débil | Prontivesa | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | | 5 |
| | | strong | forte | stark | fuerte | Candy, Kwarta | 7 |
| | | very strong | très forte | sehr stark | muy fuerte | Berninova, Caravelle, Hanka | 9 |

| | | English | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|---|---------------|
| 6. | 60-69 VG B | Stem: anthocyanin coloration on leaf axil | Tige: pigmentation anthocyanique à l'aisselle des feuilles | Stengel: Anthocyanfärbung der Blattachsel | Tallo: coloración antociánica en la axila de las hojas | | |
| QN | | absent or very weak | absente ou très faible | fehlend oder sehr gering | ausente o muy débil | Acisreina, Fama, Kwarta, Pepite | 1 |
| | | weak | faible | gering | débil | Candy, Caravelle | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Castilla, Rada, Trafic | 5 |
| | | strong | forte | stark | fuerte | Miranda, Nacre | 7 |
| | | very strong | très forte | sehr stark | muy fuerte | | 9 |
| 7. (*) (+) | 60-69 VG B | G sommet | | Hoja: forma del ápice | | | |
| QN | | convex | convexe | konvex | convexa | Corail, Trafic | 1 |
| | | straight | droite | gerade | recta | Aneto, Candy, Fama, Kwarta, Prontivesa | 3 |
| | | concave | concave | konkav | cóncava | Nacre | 5 |
| 8. | 60-69 VG/ MS | Leaf: width of leaflet | Feuille: largueur de la foliole | Blatt: Breite der Blattfieder | Hoja: anchura del foliolo | | |
| | В | | | | | | |
| QN | | narrow | étroite | schmal estrecho F | | Prontivesa | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | medio | Hanka, Libia, Pepite | 5 |
| | | wide | large | breit | ancho | Acisreina | 7 |
| 9. (*) | 60-69 VG B | Stipule: anthocyanin coloration of nectaries | Stipule: pigmentation anthocyanique des nectaires | Nebenblätter: Anthocyanfärbung der Nektarien | Estípula: coloración antociánica de los nectarios | | |
| QN | | absent or very weak | absente ou très faible | fehlend oder sehr gering | ausente o muy débil | Albaflor, Jade | 1 |
| | | weak | faible | gering | débil | Alcaraz, Melissa, Prontivesa | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Aneto, Castilla | 5 |
| | | strong | forte | stark | fuerte | Labari, Libia, Nacre | 7 |
| | | very strong | très forte | sehr stark | muy fuerte | | 9 |
| 10. (*) | 60-65 VG B | Flower: color of standard | Fleur: couleur de l'étendard | Blüte: Farbe der Fahne | Flor: color del estandarte | | |
| PQ | | white | blanc | weiss | blanco | Albaflor | 1 |
| | | pink | rose | rosa | rosa | | 2 |
| | | light violet | violet clair | hellviolett | violeta claro | Miranda, Piedade | 3 |
| | | medium violet | violet moyen | mittelviolett | violeta medio | Labari, Nacre | 4 |
| | | dark violet | violet foncé | dunkelviolett | violeta oscuro | Castilla, Prontivesa | 5 |

| | | English | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------|
| 11. (*) | 71-79 VG B | Pod: hairiness | Gousse : pilosité | Hülse: Behaarung | Vaina: vellosidad | | |
| QN | | absent or very weak | absente ou très faible | fehlend oder sehr gering | ausente o muy débil | Amelia, Spinelle | 1 |
| | | weak | faible | gering | débil | Alcaraz, Granit | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Barvicos, Miranda, Topaze | 5 |
| | | strong | forte | stark | fuerte | Kwarta | 7 |
| | | very strong | très forte | sehr stark | muy fuerte | Ina | 9 |
| 12. | 71-79 VG/ MS B | Pod: length (excluding beak) | Gousse : longueur (bec exclu) | | | | |
| QN | | short | courte | kurz | corta | Acisreina, Berninova | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Ebena, Fama | 5 |
| | | long | longue | lang | larga | Miranda, Prontivesa | 7 |
| 13. (+) | 71-79 VG/ MS B | Pod: width | Gousse : largeur | Hülse: Breite | Vaina: anchura | | |
| QN | | narrow | étroite | schmal | estrecha | Acisreina | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Ebena, Kwarta | 5 |
| | | wide | large | breit | ancha | Labari, Prontivesa | 7 |
| 14. | 71-79 VG B | Pod: length of beak | Gousse : longueur du bec | Hülse: Länge der Spitze | Vaina: longitud del pico | | |
| QN | | short | court | kurz | corto | Carole | 1 |
| | | medium | moyen | mittel | medio | Granit, Libia, Labari, Prontivesa | 2 |
| | | long | long | lang | largo | Amelia, Candy | 3 |
| 15. (+) | 71-75 MS A | Pod: number of ovules | Gousse : nombre d'ovules | Hülse: Anzahl Samenanlagen | Vaina: número de óvulos | | |
| QN | • | few | faible | gering | bajo | Barvicos | 3 |
| | | medium | moyen | mittel | medio | Ina, Labari | 5 |
| | | many | élevé | hoch | alto | Albina, Ebena | 7 |
| 16. (*) (+) | 89-99 MG | Seed: weight | Graine : poids | Samen: Gewicht | Semilla: peso | , | |
| QN | | very low | très faible | sehr niedrig | muy bajo | Berninova, Carole | 1 |
| | | low | faible | niedrig | bajo | Ina | 3 |
| | | medium | moyen | mittel | medio | Aneto, Rada | 5 |
| | | high | élevé | hoch | alto | Castilla | 7 |
| | | | | | | • | |

| | | English | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|-------------------|------------------|--|--|--|---|--|---------------|
| 17. (+) | 89-99 VG A | Seed: shape | Graine : forme | Samen: Form | Semilla: forma | | |
| QN | | circular | circulaire | kreisförmig | circular | Aneto, Ina | 1 |
| | | slightly irregular | légèrement irrégulière | leicht unregelmäßig | ligeramente irregular | Acisreina | 2 |
| | | very irregular | très irrégulière | sehr unregelmäßig | muy irregular | Castilla | 3 |
| 18. (*) (+) | 89-99 VG A | Seed: ground color of testa | Graine : couleur de fond du tégument | Samen: Grundfarbe der Samenschale | Semilla: color de fondo de la testa | | |
| PQ | | whitish | blanchâtre | weißlich | blanquecino | Ina | 1 |
| | | greyish green | vert grisâtre | gräulich grün | verde grisáceo | Acisreina, Ebena, Nacre | 2 |
| | | greyish brown | brun grisâtre | gräulich braun | marrón grisáceo | Candy | 3 |
| | | brown | brun | braun | marrón | Kwarta | 4 |
| 19. (*) (+) | 89-99 VG A | Seed: brown ornamentation | Graine : ornementations brunes | Samen: braune Ornamentierung | Semilla: ornamentación marrón | | |
| PQ | | absent | absentes | fehlend | ausente | Albaflor, Albina, Fama, Ina | 1 |
| | | speckles | piquetées | Sprenkel | motas | Cumbre | 2 |
| | | blotches | tachées | Flecken | manchas | Candy, Pepite | 3 |
| | | speckles and blotches | piquetées et tachées | Sprenkel und Flecken | motas y manchas | Labari, Prontivesa | 4 |
| 20. (*) | 89-99 VG A | Seed: area of brown ornamentation | Graine : surface des ornementations brunes | Samen: Fläche der braunen Ornamentierung | la ornamentación | | |
| QN | | very small | très petite | sehr klein | muy pequeña | | 1 |
| | | small | petite | klein | pequeña | Achileas | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Neska | 5 |
| | | large | grande | groß | grande | Acisreina, Prontivesa | 7 |
| | | very large | très grande | sehr groß | muy grande | | 9 |
| 21. (*) (+) | 89-99 VG A | Seed: blue-black ornamentation | Graine : ornementations bleu-noir | Samen: blauschwarze Ornamentierung | Semilla: ornamentación azul-negra | | |
| PQ | | absent | absentes | fehlend | ausente | Albaflor, Albina, Fama, Ina, Kwarta, Nacre | 1 |
| | | spots | mouchetées | Punkte | lunares | | 2 |
| | | blotches | tachées | Flecken | manchas | Ebena, Castilla, Prontivesa | 3 |
| | | spots and blotches | mouchetées et tachées | Punkte und Flecken | lunares y manchas | Acisreina, Pepite | 4 |
| 22. (*) | 89-99 VG A | Seed: area of blue-black ornamentation | Graine : surface des Samen: Fläche der Semilla: superficie de ornementations blauschwarze la ornamentación bleu-noir Ornamentierung azul-negra | | | | |
| QN | | very small | très petite | sehr klein | muy pequeña | | 1 |
| | | small | petite | klein | pequeña | Prontivesa | 3 |
| | | medium | moyenne | mittel | media | Acisreina | 5 |
| | | large | grande | groß | grande | | 7 |
| | | very large | très grande | sehr groß | muy grande | Ebena | 9 |

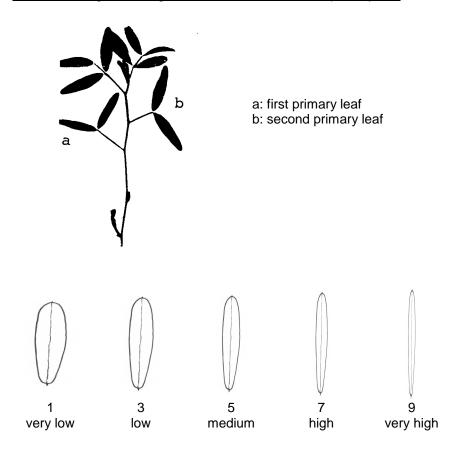
TG/32/7 Common Vetch/Vesce commune/Saatwicke/Veza común, 2013-03-20 - 12 -

| | | English | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------|
| 23. (*) | 89-99 VG A | Seed: color of cotyledons | Graine : couleur des cotylédons | Samen: Farbe der Keimblätter | Semilla: color de los cotiledones | | |
| QL | | greyish brown | brun grisâtre | gräulich braun | marrón grisáceo | Acisreina, Castilla, Labari, Prontivesa | 1 |
| | | orange | orange | orange | naranja | Aneto, Ina, Kwarta | 2 |

8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

8.1 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 1: Seedling: ratio length/width of leaflet of second primary leaf



Ad. 4: Time of beginning of flowering

Time of beginning of flowering is when 30% of plants have at least one flower open.

Ad. 5: Stem: hairiness of upper internodes

The observations should be made on upper third of plant.

Ad. 7: Leaf: shape of apex

The observations should be made on middle third of plant.



Ad. 8: Leaf: width of leaflet

The observations should be made on middle third of plant.

Ad. 13: Pod: width

The observations should be made on well-developed green pods; the width is assessed from suture to suture on unopened pods.

Ad. 15: Pod: number of ovules

The number of ovules is best recorded when the pods are flat. The number of ovules should be observed before seed development.

Ad. 16: Seed: weight

Seed weight should be measured on at least two samples of 100 seeds. Immature and infected seeds should be excluded.

Ad. 17: Seed: shape

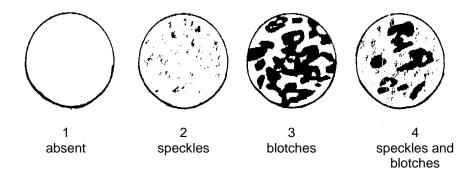
Seeds which grow nearest the peduncle end or the distal end of the pod ('end seeds') should be excluded before shape is assessed.

The observations should be made from an upper view on spread out seeds on a flat surface. Seeds should be placed with the line between hilum and radicle parallel to the surface.

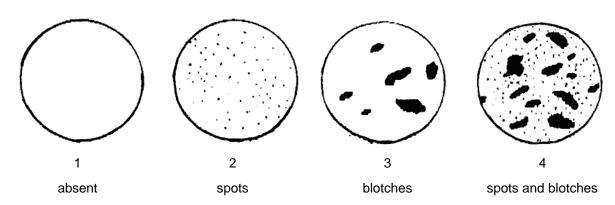
Ad. 18: Seed: ground color of testa

The ground color of the testa may be obscured by a very strong expression of the blue-black ornamentation (characteristic 22).

Ad. 19: Seed: brown ornamentation



Ad. 21: Seed: blue-black ornamentation



8.2 Phenological growth stages of common vetch adapted from BBCH of pea (Meier, U., 1997)

Principal growth stage 0: Germination

- 00 Dry seed
- 01 Beginning of seed imbibition
- 03 Seed imbibition complete
- 05 Radicle emerged from seed
- 07 Shoot breaking through seed coat
- 08 Shoot growing towards soil surface; hypocotyl arch visible
- 09 Emergence: shoot breaks through soil surface

Principal growth stage 1: Leaf development

- 10 Pair of scale leaves visible
- 11 First true leaf unfolded
- 12 2 leaves unfolded
- 13 3 leaves unfolded
- 1. Stages continuous till . . .
- 19 9 or more leaves unfolded

Principal growth stage 3: Stem elongation (Main shoot)

- 30 Beginning of stem elongation
- 31 1 visibly extended internode
- 32 2 visibly extended internodes
- 33 3 visibly extended internodes
- 3. Stages continuous till . . .
- 39 9 or more visibly extended internodes

Principal growth stage 5: Inflorescence emergence

- 51 First flower buds visible outside leaves
- 55 First separated flower buds visible outside leaves but still closed
- 59 First petals visible, flowers still closed

Principal growth stage 6: Flowering

- 60 First flowers open (sporadically within the population)
- 61 Beginning of flowering: 10% of flowers open
- 62 20% of flowers open
- 63 30% of flowers open
- 64 40% of flowers open
- 65 Full flowering: 50% of flowers open
- 67 Flowering declining
- 69 End of flowering

Principal growth stage 7: Development of fruit

- 71 10% of pods have reached typical length
- 72 20% of pods have reached typical length
- 73 30% of pods have reached typical length
- 74 40% of pods have reached typical length
- 75 50% of pods have reached typical length
- 76 60% of pods have reached typical length
- 77 70% of pods have reached typical length
- 79 Pods have reached typical size (green ripe); seeds fully formed

Principal growth stage 8: Ripening of fruit and seed

- 81 10% of pods ripe, seeds final colour, dry and hard
- 82 20% of pods ripe, seeds final colour, dry and hard
- 83 30% of pods ripe, seeds final colour, dry and hard
- 84 40% of pods ripe, seeds final colour, dry and hard
- 85 50% of pods ripe, seeds final colour, dry and hard
- 86 60% of pods ripe, seeds final colour, dry and hard
- 87 70% of pods ripe, seeds final colour, dry and hard
- 88 80% of pods ripe, seeds final colour, dry and hard
- 89 Fully ripe: all pods dry and brown. Seeds dry and hard (dry ripe)

Principal growth stage 9: Senescence

- 97 Plants dead and dry
- 99 Harvested product

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9. <u>Literature</u>

Meier, U., 1997: Growth stages of mono- and dicotyledonous plants: BBCH-Monograph. Federal Biological Research Center for Agriculture and Forestry (Ed.). Blackwell Wissenschafts-Verlag, Berlin, Wien.

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

| TECH | INICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: |
|------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant) |
| | | TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAI nnection with an application | |
| 1. | Subject of the Technical Questionn | aire | |
| | 1.1 Botanical name | icia sativa L. | |
| | 1.2 Common name | ommon vetch | |
| 2. | Applicant | | |
| | Name | | |
| | Address | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Telephone No. | | |
| | Fax No. | | |
| | E-mail address | | |
| | Breeder (if different from applicant) | | |
| | | | |
| 3. | Proposed denomination and breed | er's reference | |
| | Proposed denomination (if available) | | |
| | Breeder's reference | | |

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| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {v} | Reference Number: |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|

| [#] 4. | Infor | mation o | n the bre | eeding scheme and propa | gation of | the variety | | | |
|-----------------|-------|-----------------|----------------|---|------------|-----------------------|-----|--|--|
| | 4.1 | Breeding scheme | | | | | | | |
| | | Variety | resultin | g from: | | | | | |
| | | 4.1.1 | Cross | sing | | | | | |
| | | | (a) | controlled cross (please state parent var | ieties) | | [] | | |
| | | (female pa | arent |) | х | (male parent |) | | |
| | | | (b) | partially known cross (please state known par | ent variet | ty(ies)) | [] | | |
| | | (female pa | |) | X | (male parent |) | | |
| | | | (c) | unknown cross | | | [] | | |
| | | 4.1.2 | Muta (plea | tion se state parent variety) | | | [] | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4.1.3 | | overy and development se state where and when | discovere | ed and how developed) | [] | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 4.1.4 | Other (plea | r se provide details) | | | [] | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4.2 | Method | d of prop | pagating the variety | | | | | |
| | | 4.2.1 | Seed-pi | ropagated varieties | | | | | |
| | | | (b) | Self-pollination Other (please provide details) | | | [] | | |
| L | | | | | | | | | |

[#] Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).

| | characteristic in rest duidelines, please mark the note which best corresponds). | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|------------------------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Characteristics | Example Varieties | Note | | | | | |
| 5.1 (4) | Time of beginning of flowering | | | | | | | |
| | very early | Barbicos, Piedade | 1[] | | | | | |
| | very early to early | | | | | | | |
| | early | Labari | | | | | | |
| | early to medium | | 4[] | | | | | |
| | medium | Ina, Pepite, Rada | 5[] | | | | | |
| | medium to late | | 6[] | | | | | |
| | late | Kwarta | 7[] | | | | | |
| | late to very late | | 8[] | | | | | |
| | very late | Berninova, Jaga | 9[] | | | | | |
| 5.2 (9) | Stipule: anthocyanin coloration of nectaries | | | | | | | |
| | absent or very weak | Albaflor, Jade | 1[] | | | | | |
| | very weak to weak | | 2[] | | | | | |
| | weak | Alcaraz, Melissa, Prontivesa | | | | | | |
| | weak to medium | | 4[] | | | | | |
| | medium | Aneto, Castilla | 5[] | | | | | |
| | medium to strong | | 6[] | | | | | |
| | strong | Labari, Libia, Nacre | 7[] | | | | | |
| | strong to very strong | | 8[] | | | | | |
| | very strong | | 9[] | | | | | |
| 5.3 (18) | Seed: ground color of testa | | | | | | | |
| | whitish | Ina | 1[] | | | | | |
| | greyish green | Acisreina, Ebena, Nacre | 2[] | | | | | |
| | greyish brown | Candy | 3[] | | | | | |
| | brown | Kwarta | 4[] | | | | | |

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TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:

| | Characteristics | Example Varieties | Note |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|------|
| 5.4 (19) | Seed: brown ornamentation | | |
| | absent | Albaflor, Albina, Fama, Ina | 1[] |
| | speckles | Cumbre | 2[] |
| | blotches | Candy, Pepite | 3[] |
| | speckles and blotches | Labari, Prontivesa | 4[] |
| 5.5 (21) | Seed: blue-black ornamentation | | |
| | absent | Albaflor, Albina, Fama, Ina, Kwarta, Nacre | 1[] |
| | spots | | 2[] |
| | blotches | Ebena, Castilla, Prontivesa | 3[] |
| | spots and blotches | Acisreina, Pepite | 4[] |
| 5.6 (23) | Seed: color of cotyledons | | |
| | greyish brown | Acisreina, Castilla, Labari, Prontivesa | 1[] |
| | orange | Aneto, Ina, Kwarta, | 2[] |

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| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNA | AIRE Page {X} of {y | Reference Num | ber: | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| 6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may | | | | | | | |
| | rity to conduct its examination of | | | | | | |
| Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety | Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies) | Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies) | Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety | | | | |
| Example | Seed: brown ornamentation | absent | speckles | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Comments: | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

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| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | | Page {x} of {y} | | of {y} | Reference Number: | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|------|---------------------|-------------------|-------|-----------------|------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| [#] 7. | Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety | | | | | | | | |
| 7.1 | | dition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may o distinguish the variety? | | | | | | | |
| | Yes | [] | | ! | No | [] | | | |
| | (If yes | , please p | rovi | de details) | | | | | |
| 7.2 | Are th | ere any s | peci | al conditions for g | rowing | the v | ariety or condu | cting the examination? | |
| | Yes | [] | | I | No | [] | | | |
| | (If yes | es, please provide details) | | | | | | | |
| 7.3 | Other | informatio | on | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 8. | Authorization for release | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health? | | | | | | | | |
| | | Yes | [|] | N | lo | [] | | |
| | (b) Has such authorization been obtained? | | | | | | | | |
| | | Yes | [|] | N | lo | [] | | |

If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.

[#] Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

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| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | | | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9. | 9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination. | | | | | | | | | |
| 9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Microorganisms (e.g. virus | s, bacteria, phytoplasma) | acteria, phytoplasma) | | | | | | |
| | (b) | Chemical treatment (e.g. ç | growth retardant, pesticide) | n retardant, pesticide) | | | | | | |
| | (c) | Tissue culture | | | Yes [] | No [] | | | | |
| | (d) | Other factors | | | Yes [] | No [] | | | | |
| | Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes". | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10. | I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Applicant's name | | | | | | | | | |
| Signature | | | | Date | | | | | | |

[End of document]