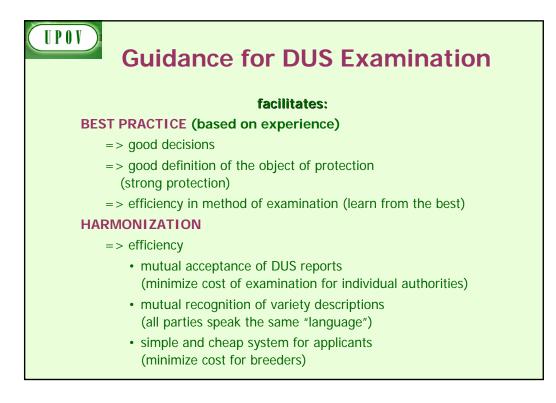
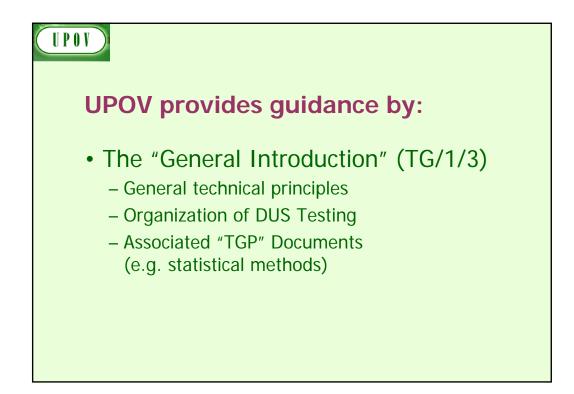
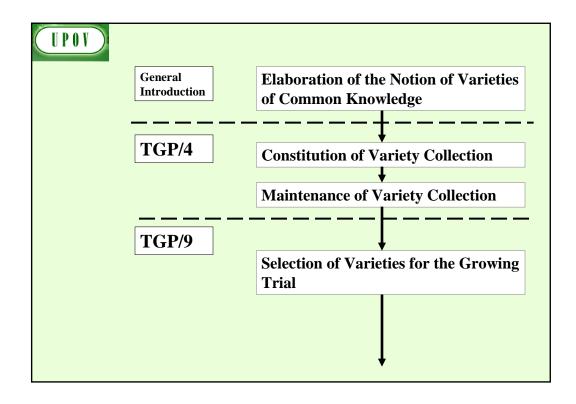


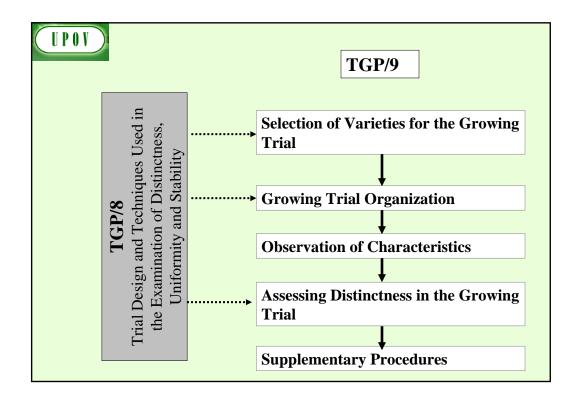
DUS EXAMINATION



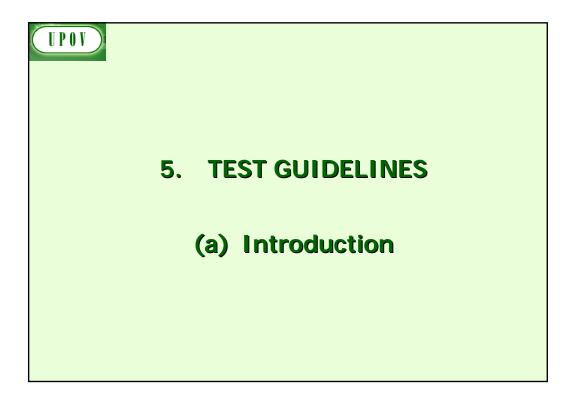


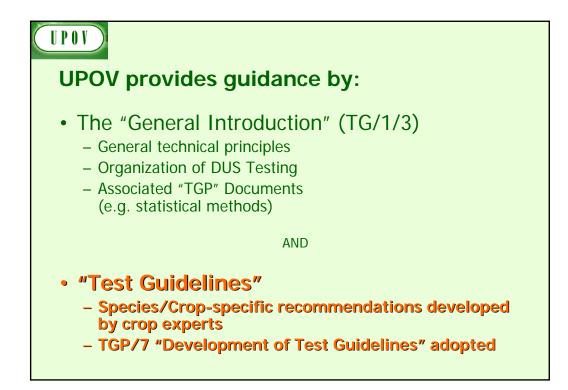
	TG/1/3 General Introduction
	"Associated" TGP Documents
Ref.	Title
TG/00	List of TGP Documents and Latest Issue Dates
TGP/1	General Introduction With Explanations
TGP/2	List of Test Guidelines Adopted by UPOV
TGP/3	Varieties of Common Knowledge
TGP/4	Constitution and Maintenance of Variety Collections
TGP/5	Experience and Cooperation in DUS testing
TGP/6	Arrangements for DUS testing
TGP/7	Development of Test Guidelines
TGP/8	Trial Design and Techniques Used in the Examination of DUS
TGP/9	Examining Distinctness
TGP/10	Examining Uniformity
TGP/11	Examining Stability
TGP/12	Special Characteristics
TGP/13	Guidance for New Types and Species
TGP/14	Glossary of Technical, Botanical and Statistical Terms Used in UPOV Documents
TGP/15	New Types of Characteristics

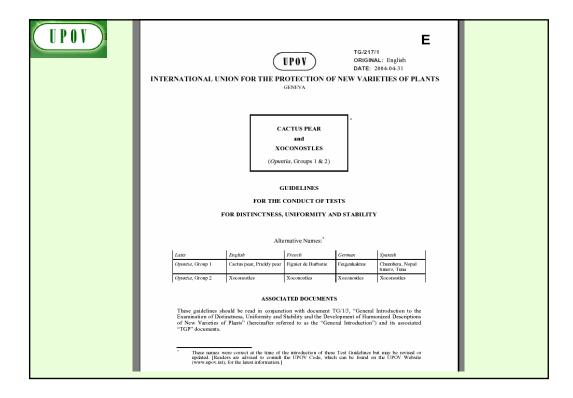


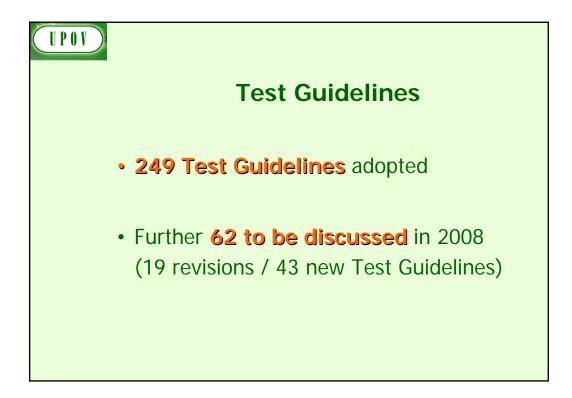


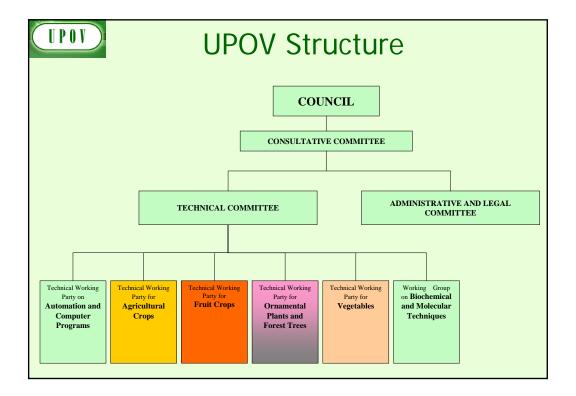
UPOV	PROGRAM
1.	Introduction to UPOV
2.	Introduction to the UPOV Technical Working Parties
3.	Overview of the General Introduction (document TG/1/3 and TGP documents)
4.	Test Guidelines (document TGP/7)
	 (a) Introduction (b) Guidance on drafting characteristics (c) Method of observation (V/M; G/S) (d) Asterisked, grouping and TQ characteristics (e) Example varieties (f) The process for developing UPOV Test Guidelines
5.	The UPOV website
6.	Agenda for the TWP meeting

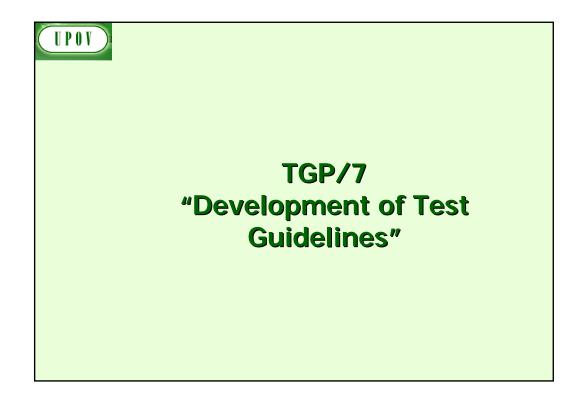


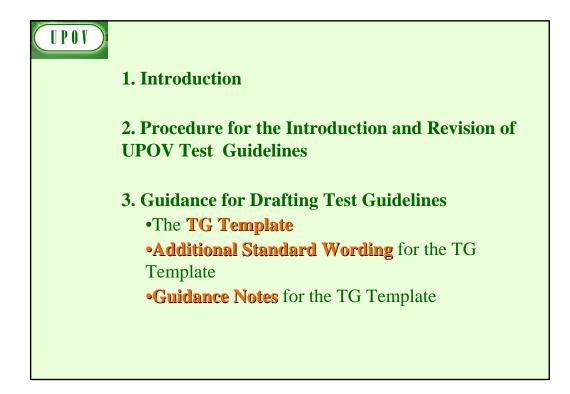


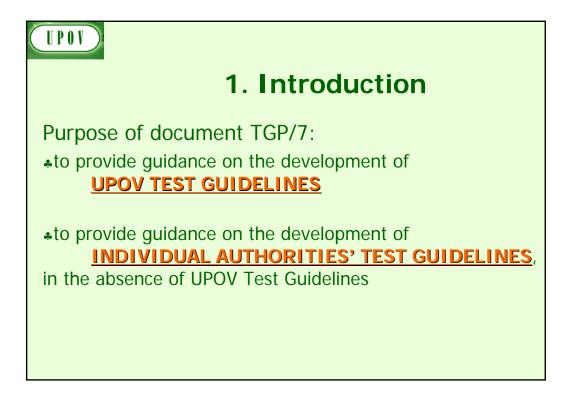


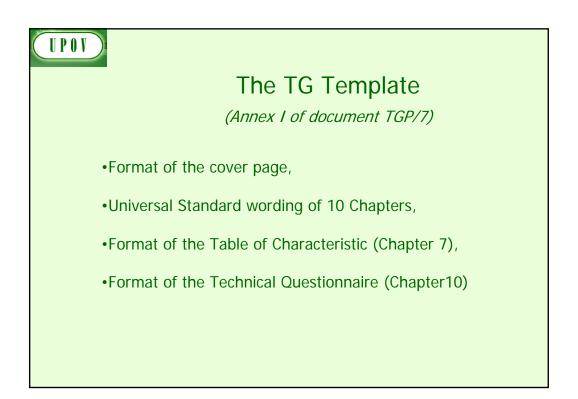


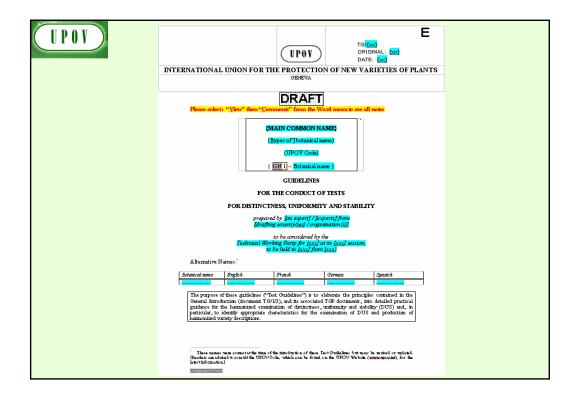


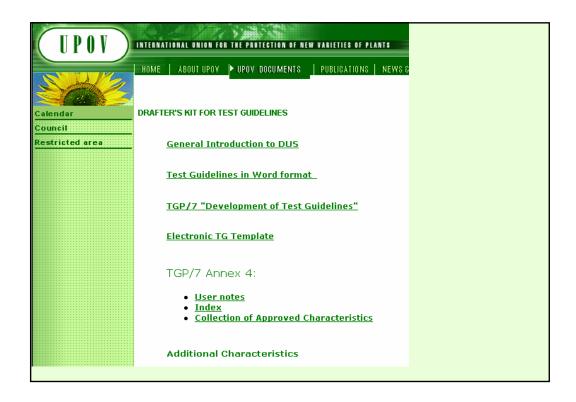


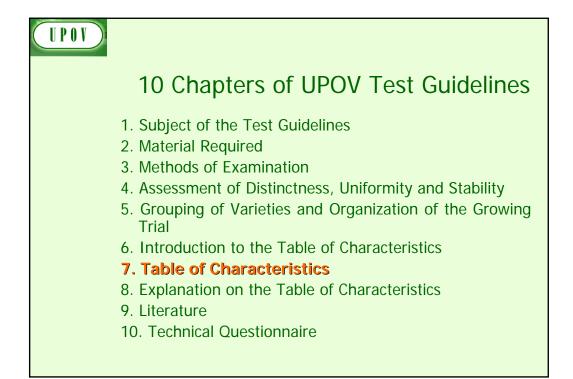




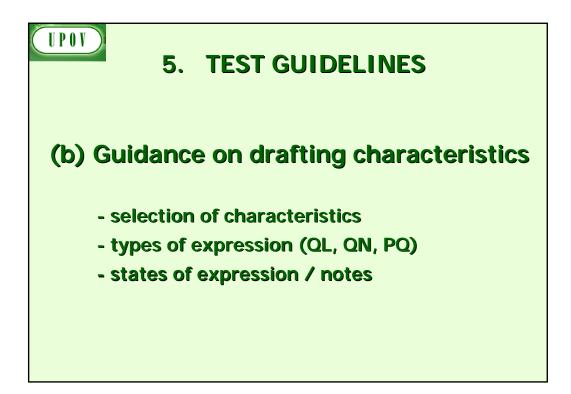


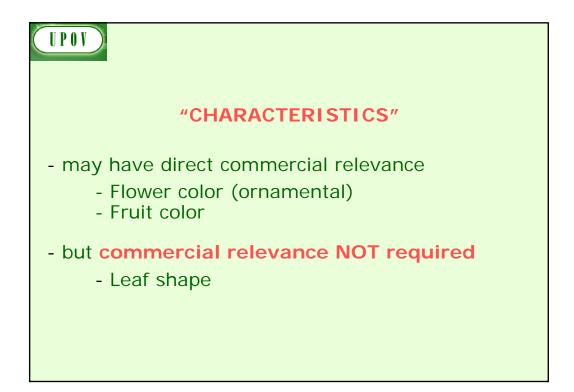


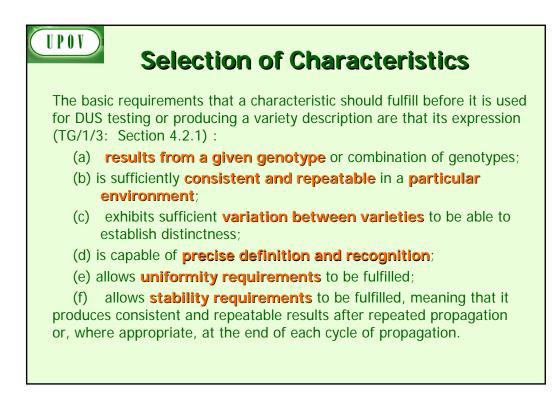


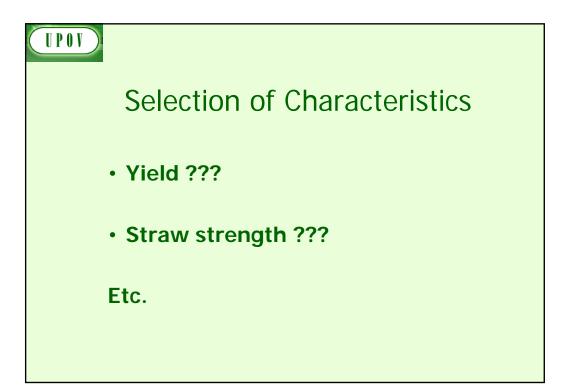


Char. No. (*) (+) (QL/QN/PQ)		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
{GN 18 Order of characteristics in the Table of Characteristic s}		{GN 24 Heading of a characteristic}	{GN 24 Heading of a characteristic}	{GN 24 Heading of a characteristic}	{GN 24 Heading of a characteristic}		
{ GN 19 Asterisked characteristics}	{GN 22 Recommendati ons for conducting the examination}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 12 Example varieties}	{GN 2 Notes}
{GN 20 Explanation of the characteristic}	{GN 23 Growth stage}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{ GN 12 Example varieties }	{GN 2 Notes}
{GN 21 Type of expression of the characteristic }	{Other}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{ GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic }	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 12 Example varieties}	{GN 20 Notes}





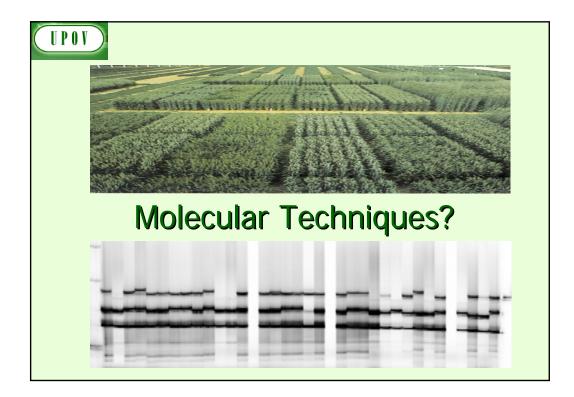


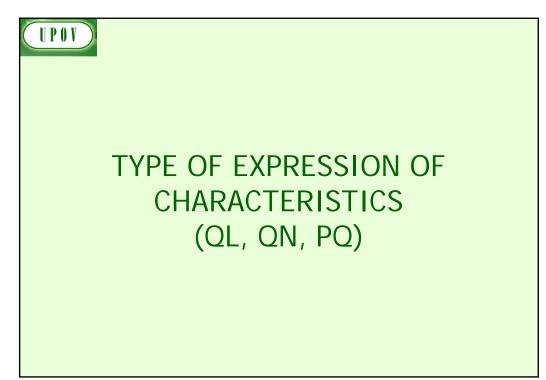


IPOV Selectio	on of Ch	aracter	istics
Criteria	Fruit: color	Leaf: shape	Yield Straw strength
(a) results from a given genotype or combination of genotypes	Yes	Yes	
(b) sufficiently consistent and repeatable in a particular environment	Yes	Yes	
(c) exhibits sufficient variation between varieties to be able to establish distinctness	Yes	Yes	
(d) is capable of precise definition and recognition	Yes	Yes	
(e) allows uniformity requirements to be fulfilled	Yes	Yes	
(f) allows stability requirements to be fulfilled	Yes	Yes	
Commercial value	Yes	No	
ACCEPTABILITY	Yes	Yes	

IPOV Selection	on of Ch	aracteri	stics	
Criteria	Fruit: color	Leaf: shape	Yield	Straw strength
(a) results from a given genotype or combination of genotypes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(b) sufficiently consistent and repeatable in a particular environment	Yes	Yes	(No)	(No)
(c) exhibits sufficient variation between varieties to be able to establish distinctness	Yes	Yes	???	???
(d) is capable of precise definition and recognition	Yes	Yes	(No)	???
(e) allows uniformity requirements to be fulfilled	Yes	Yes	???	???
(f) allows stability requirements to be fulfilled	Yes	Yes	???	???
Commercial value	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
ACCEPTABILITY	Yes	Yes	No	No

Criteria	Disease Resistance
(a) results from a given genotype or combination of genotypes	*Knowledge of nature of genetic control of resistance is important
(b) sufficiently consistent and repeatable in a particular environment	*Standardize conditions (greenhouse / laboratory & methodology *Standardize inoculum *Ring-test
(c) exhibits sufficient variation between varieties to be able to establish distinctness	*Susceptible / Resistant OR varying degrees of resistance?
(d) is capable of precise definition and recognition	*Define and recognize races and strains
(e) allows uniformity requirements to be fulfilled	see above
(f) allows stability requirements to be fulfilled	see above
	Difficult and expensive



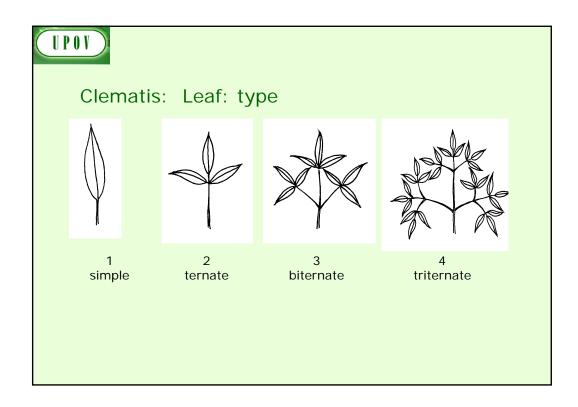


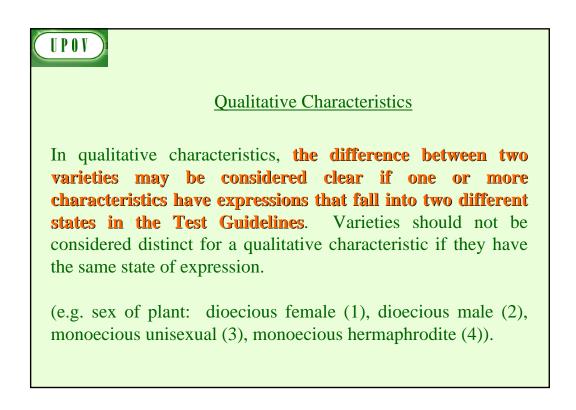
UPOV)

Qualitative Characteristics

"Qualitative characteristics" are those that are **expressed in discontinuous states** (e.g. sex of plant: dioecious female (1), dioecious male (2), monoecious unisexual (3), monoecious hermaphrodite (4)).

These states are self-explanatory and independently meaningful. All states are necessary to describe the full range of the characteristic, and every form of expression can be described by a single state. The order of states is not important. As a rule, the **characteristics are not influenced by environment**.

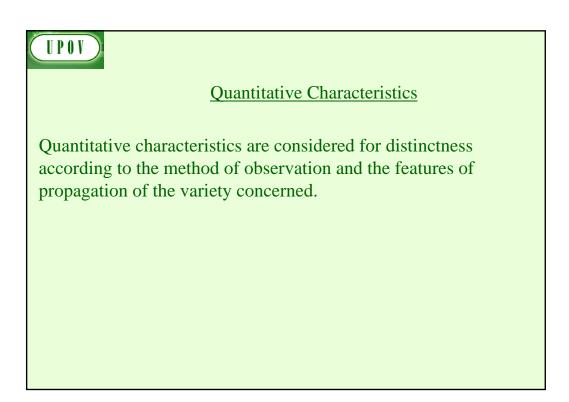


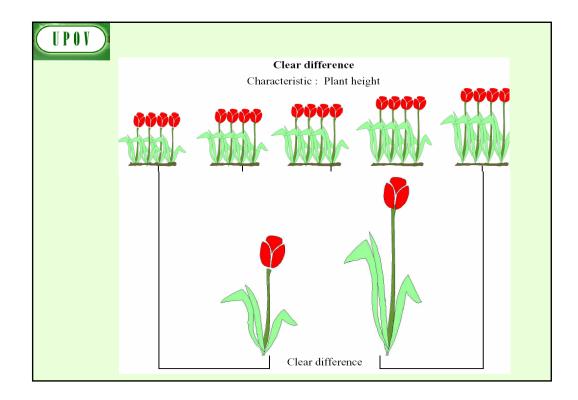


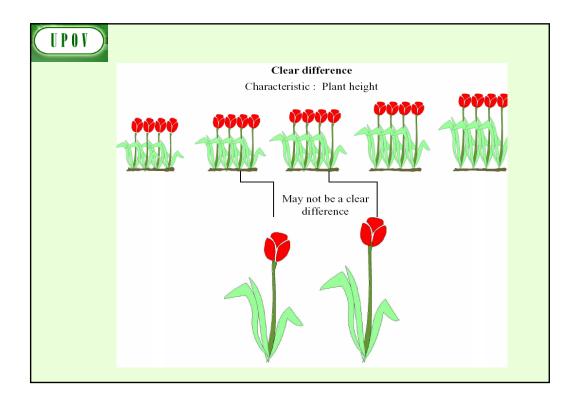
UPOV

Quantitative Characteristics

"Quantitative characteristics" are those where the expression covers the full range of variation from one extreme to the other. The **expression can be recorded on a one-dimensional**, **continuous or discrete, linear scale**. The range of expression is divided into a number of states for the purpose of description (e.g. length of stem: very short (1), short (3), medium (5), long (7), very long (9)). The division seeks to provide, as far as is practical, an even distribution across the scale. The Test Guidelines do not specify the difference needed for distinctness. The states of expression should, however, be meaningful for DUS assessment.



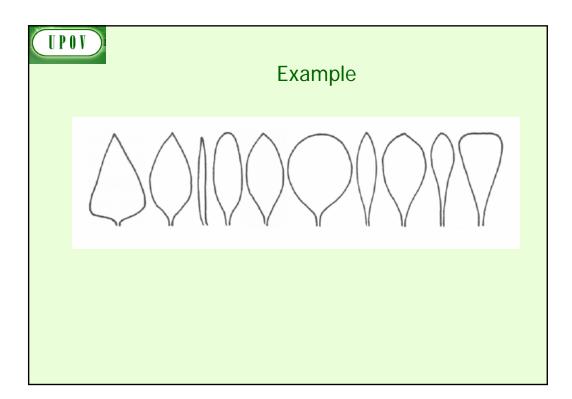


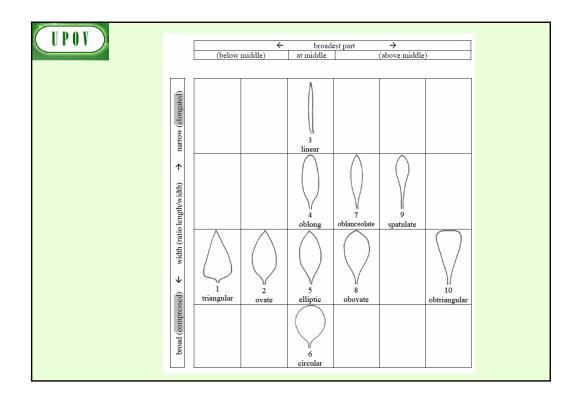


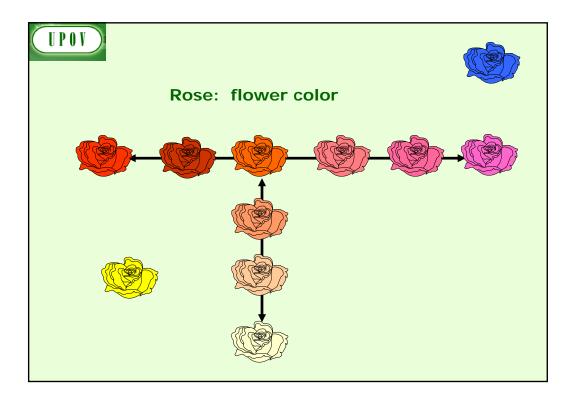
UPOV

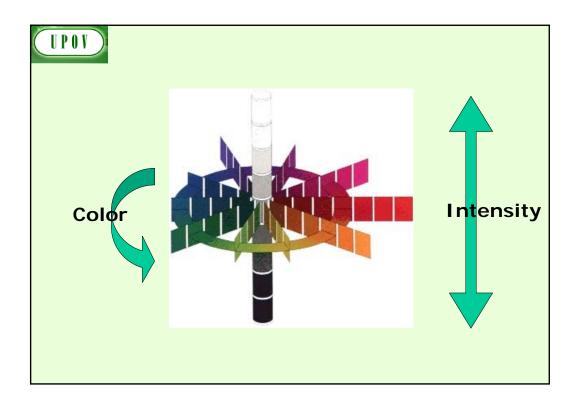
Pseudo-Qualitative Characteristics

In the case of "pseudo-qualitative characteristics," the **range of expression is at least partly continuous, but varies in more than one dimension** (e.g. shape: ovate (1), elliptic (2), circular (3), obovate (4)) and cannot be adequately described by just defining two ends of a linear range. In a similar way to qualitative (discontinuous) characteristics – hence the term "pseudo-qualitative" – each individual state of expression needs to be identified to adequately describe the range of the characteristic.





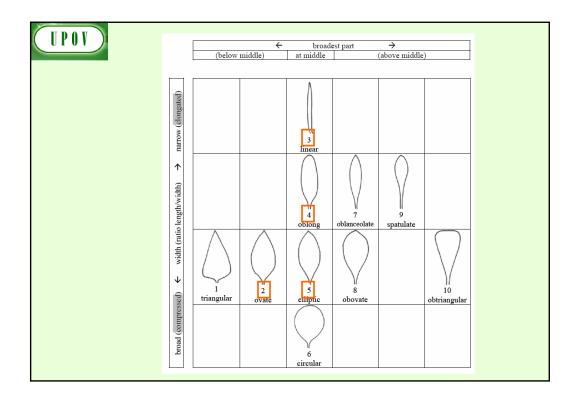


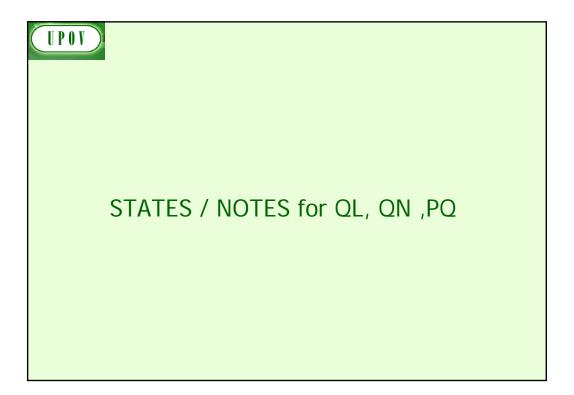


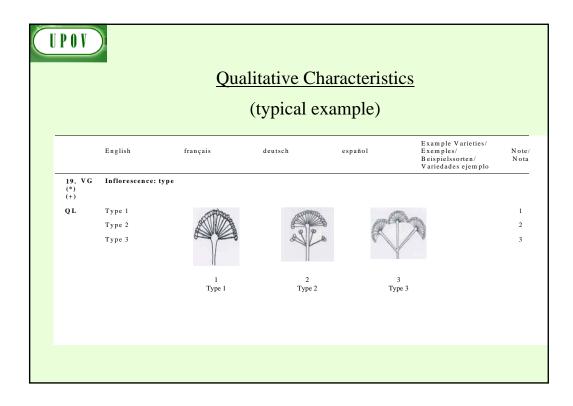
UPOV

Pseudo-Qualitative Characteristics

A different state in the Test Guidelines may not be sufficient to establish distinctness (see also section 5.5.2.3). However, in certain circumstances, varieties described by the same state of expression may be clearly distinguishable.





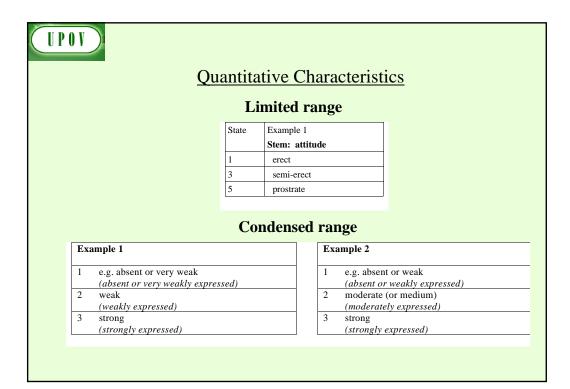


	POV	Q		<u>Characterist</u> al cases)	ics	
Char No.	Method of Reamination Reamination Method	français	deutsch	español	Example Varietie: Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemp	Note/ Nota
1. (*)	MS Plant: ploidy C	7				
QL	diploid tetraploid					2
3. (*)	VG Stem: anthoo coloration	eyanin				
QL	absent				Gumpoong	1
	present				Chunpoong, Gopoong	9

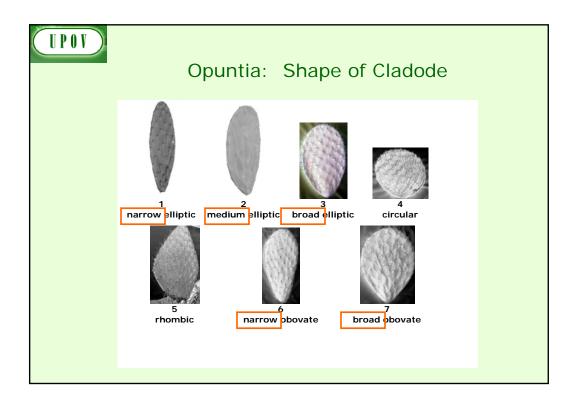
UPOV		Quantitative C weak/s short/l small/	stro ong	ong g	istics
	Note	State		Note	State
	1	very weak (or: absent or very weak)		1	very small (or: absent or very small)
	2	very weak to weak		2	very small to small
	3	weak	1	3	small
	4	weak to medium	1	4	small to medium
	5	medium		5	medium
	6	medium to strong		6	medium to large
	7	strong		7	large
	8	strong to very strong		8	large to very large
	9	very strong]	9	very large

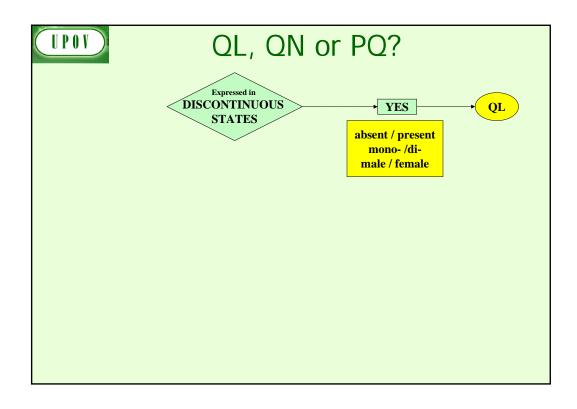
	Quantitative Ch	aracteristics	
Standard Range Version 1	Standard Range Version 2	Standard Range Version 3	Standard Range Version 4
		verbion e	V CI SIUII 4
1 very weak	1 very weak	-	-
		- 3 weak	- 3 weak
1 very weak (or: absent or very weak)	1 very weak (or: absent or very weak)	-	-
1 very weak (or: absent or very weak) 3 weak	1 very weak (or: absent or very weak) 3 weak	- 3 weak	- 3 weak

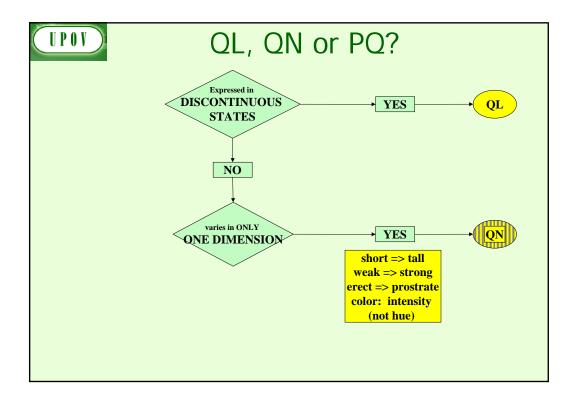
		<u>Quantitati</u>	ve Characteristi	<u>cs</u>
State	Example 1	Example 2	Example 3	Example 4
	Size relative to:	Angle:	Position:	Length in relation to:
1	much smaller	very acute	at base	equal
3	moderately smaller	moderately acute	one quarter from base	slightly shorter
5	same size	right angle	in middle	moderately shorter
7	moderately larger	moderately obtuse	one quarter from apex end	much shorter
9	much larger	very obtuse	at apex	very much shorter
		·		·

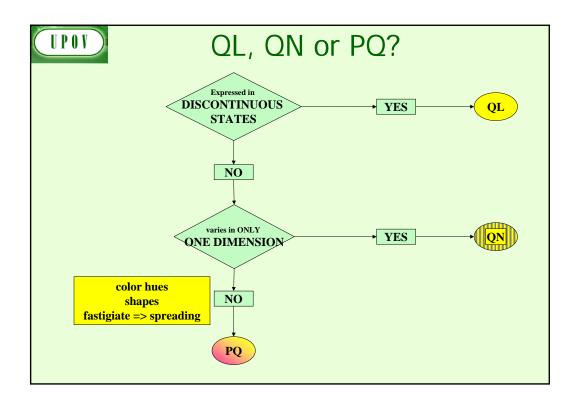


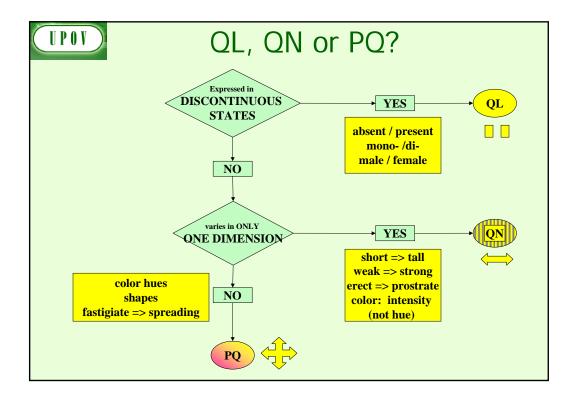
) O V	D	<u>Pse</u>	-	ative Characteristics al examples)		
24. (+)	Flower: color of the center	Fleur: couleur du centre	Farbe der Mitte	Flor: color del centro		
PQ	green	vert	grün	verde	1	
	yellow	jaune	gelb	amarillo	2	
	orange	orange	orange	naranja	3	
	pink	rose	rosa	rosa	4	
	red	rouge	rot	rojo	5	
	purple	pourpre	purpurn	púrpura	6	



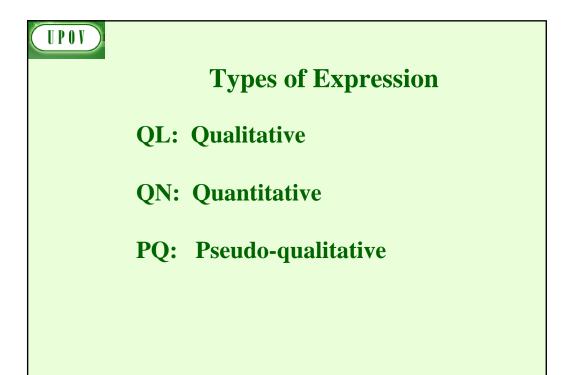




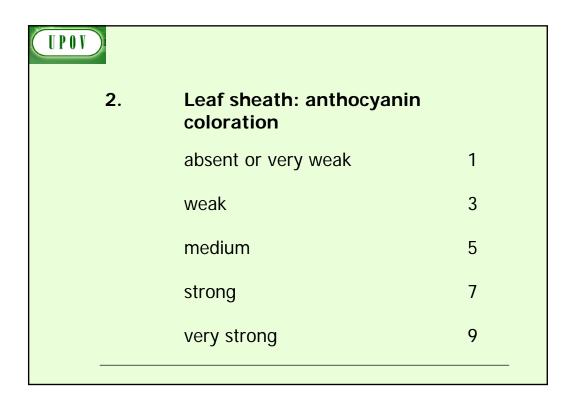


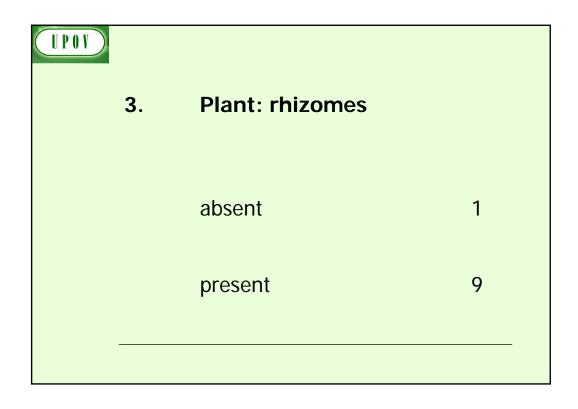


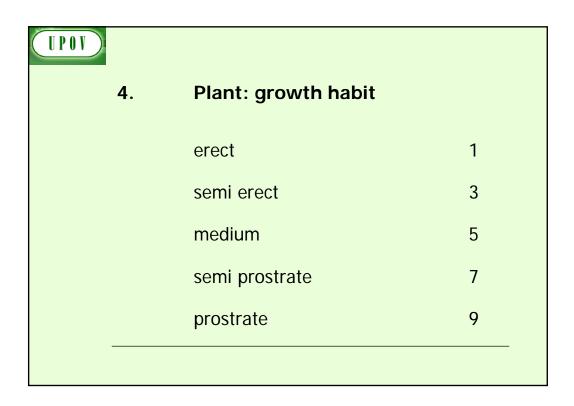




		Note/ Nota
1.	Plant: ploidy	
	diploid	2
	tetraploid	4
	hexaploid	6
	octoploid	8





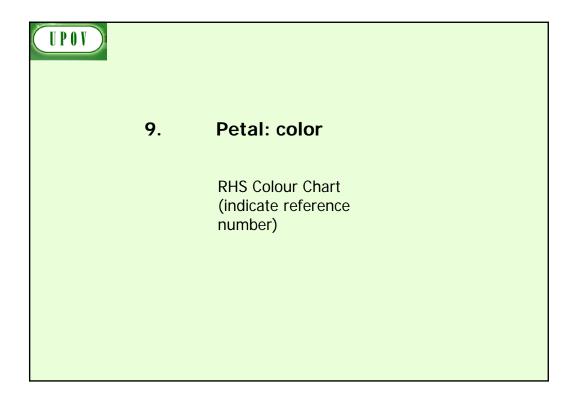


5.	Leaf blade: ratio length/width	
	very small	1
	small	3
	medium	5
	large	7
	very large	9

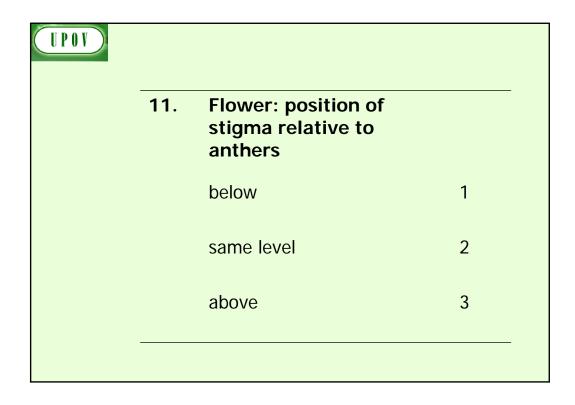
,	Detal salar	
6.	Petal: color	
	white	1
	yellow	2
	orange	3
	red	4
	pink	5
	purple	6

	of green color of upper side	
	light	3
	medium	5
	dark	7

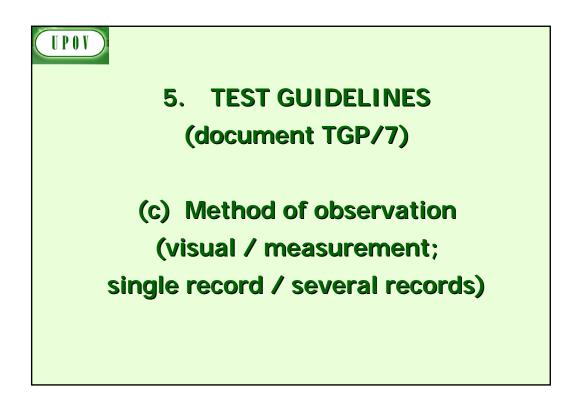
8.	Leaf blade: shape of base	
	acute	1
	obtuse	2
	truncate	3
	cordate	Z



UPOV			
	10.	Leaf blade: profile in cross section	
		straight or weakly concave	1
		moderately concave	2
		strongly concave	3



UPOV			
	12.	Petal: shape (excluding claw)	
		broad elliptic	1
		circular	2
		oblate	3





Method of Observation

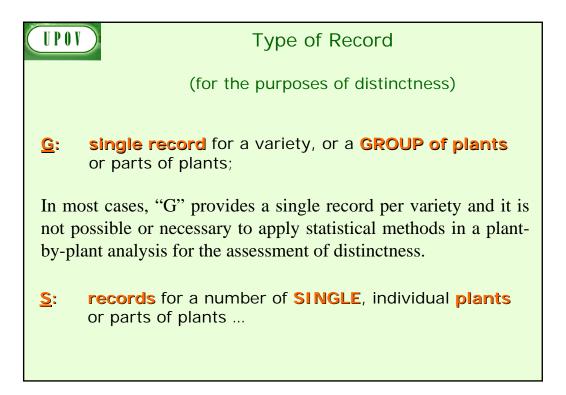
M: Measurement:

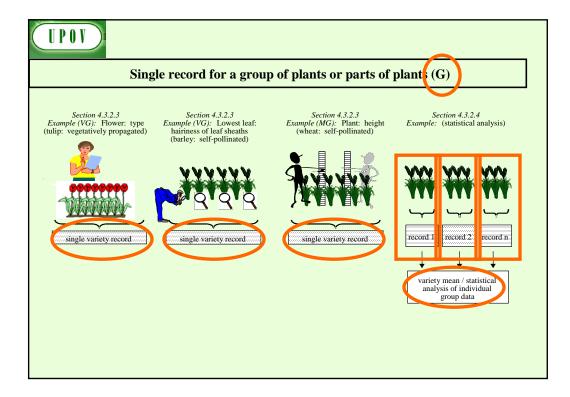
an objective **observation against a calibrated, linear scale** e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.);

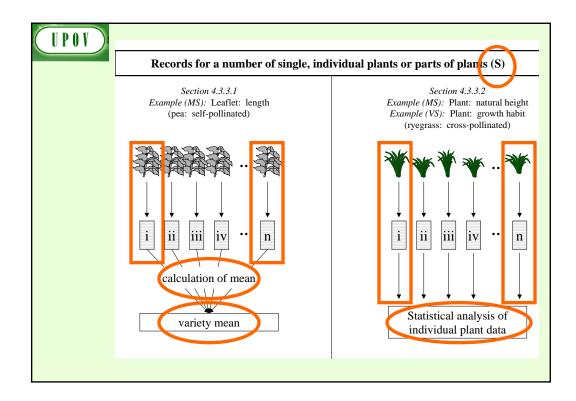
V: Visual observation:

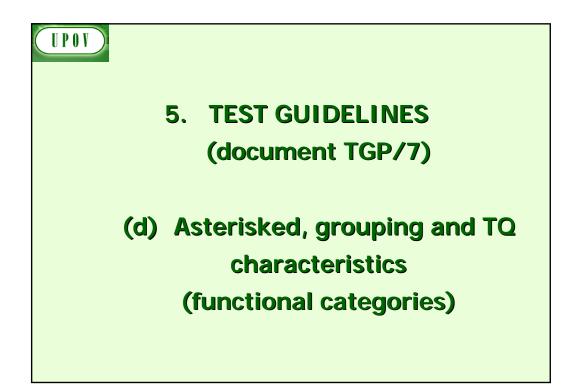
includes observations where the expert uses **reference points** (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts).

"Visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the expert and, therefore, also **includes smell, taste and touch**.









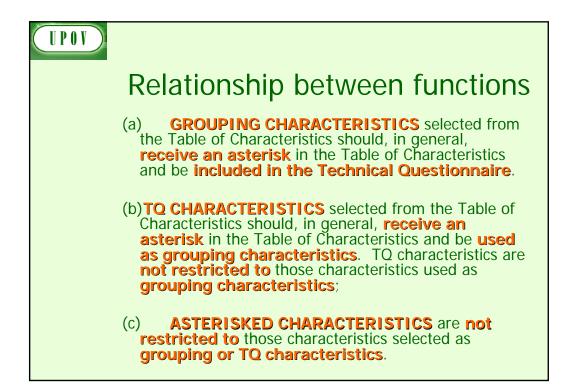
C	U	P	0	V)	

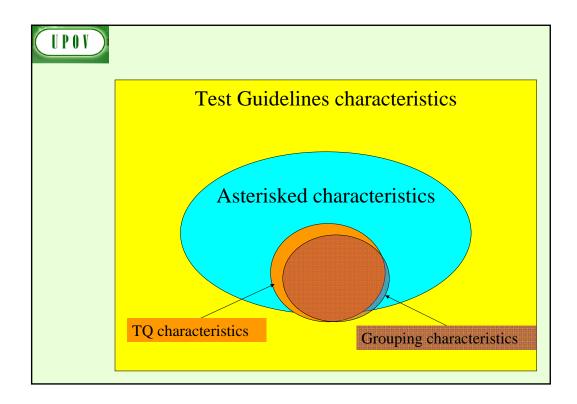
Standard Test Guidelines Characteristic

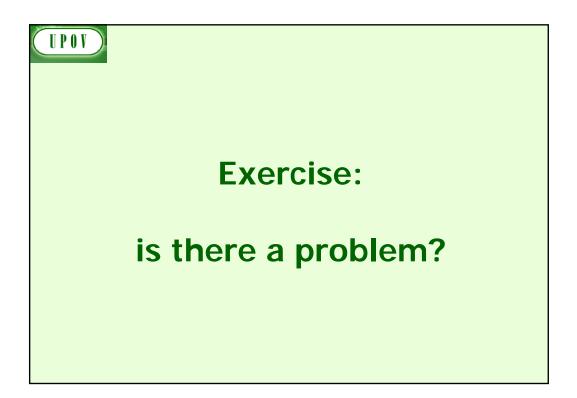
Function	Criteria
1.Characteristics that are accepted by	1.Must satisfy the criteria for use of any
UPOV for examination of DUS and	characteristic for DUS as set out in
from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular	Chapter 4, section 4.2.
circumstances.	2.Must have been used to develop a variety description by at least one member of the
	Union.
	3.Where there is a long list of such
	characteristics and, where considered
	appropriate, there may be an indication of
	the extent of use of each characteristic.

Asterisked Characteristic				
Function	Criteria			
1.Characteristics that are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions.	 1.Must be a characteristic included in the Test Guidelines. 2. Should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union EXCEPT when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate. 3.Must be useful for function 1. 4.Particular care should be taken before selection of disease resistance characteristics. 			

Function	Criteria
 characteristics in which the documented states of expression, even where recorded at different locations, can be used either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness, and/or (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together 	 Qualitative characteristics or (b) Quantitative or pseudo-qualitative characteristics which provide useful discrimination between the varieties of common knowledge from documented states of expression recorded at different locations. Must be useful for functions 1 and 2. Should be an asterisked characteristic and/or included in the Technical Questionnaire or application form.

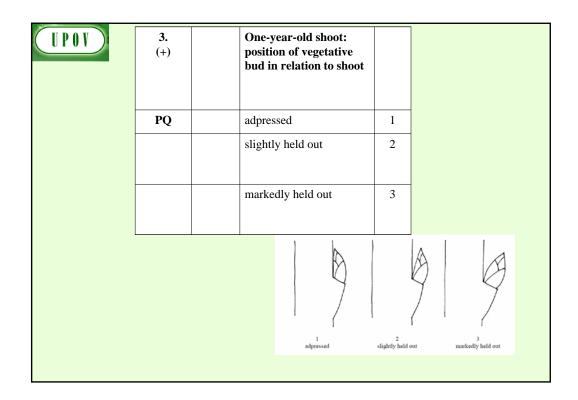


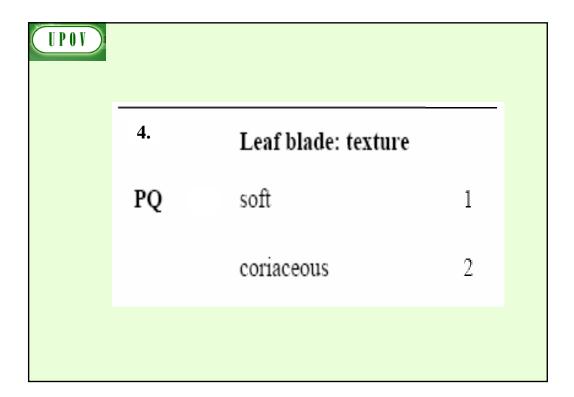




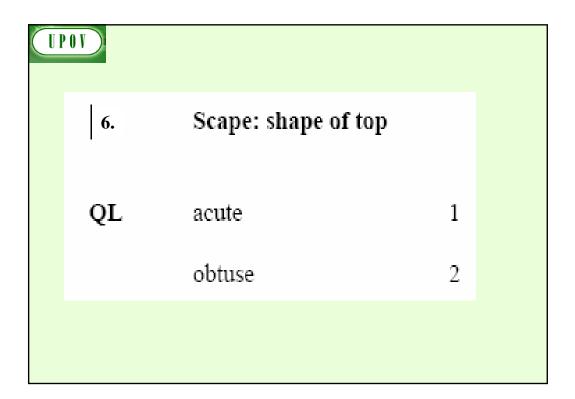
UPOV				
	1.	Branch: length		
		short (<15cm)	1	
	QN	medium (16-45cm)	2	
		long (>45cm)	3	

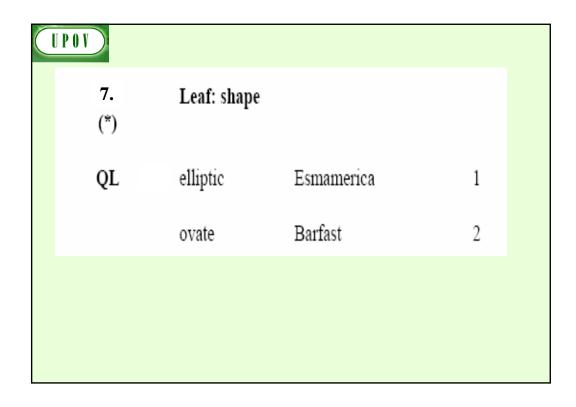
2.	Flower: petaloid stamens	
QN	absent	1
	few (>0 - 20%)	2
	medium (>20-95%)	3
	many (>95%)	4

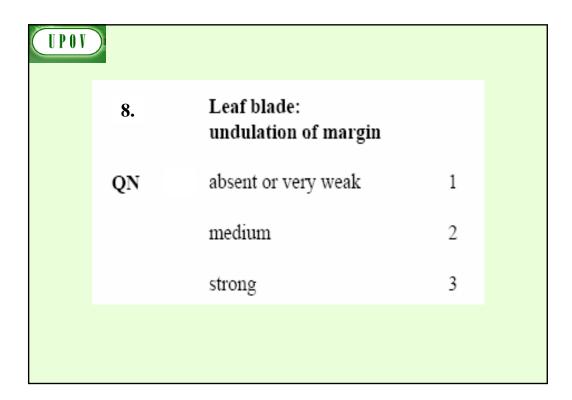




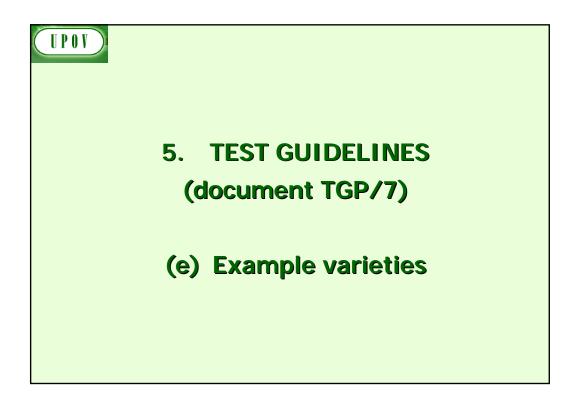
5.	Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels	
QL	inconspicuous	1
	conspicuous	2







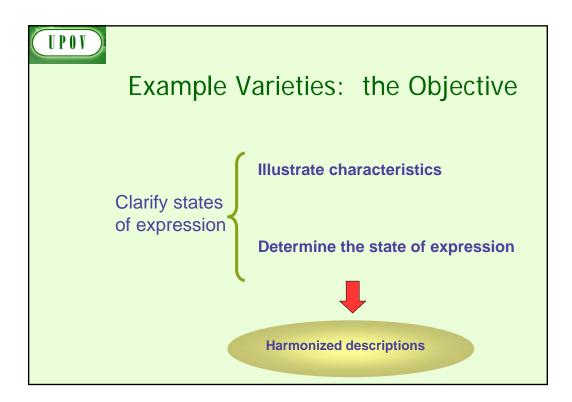
UP O	V				
	9. (*)	VG	Stem: position of long side branches		
	PQ		mainly lower third	1	
			mainly middle third	2	
			along whole stem	3	

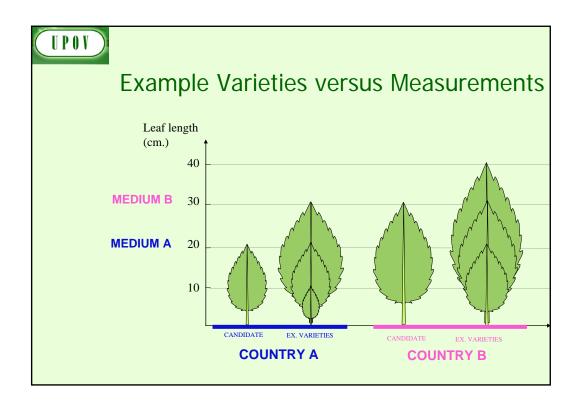


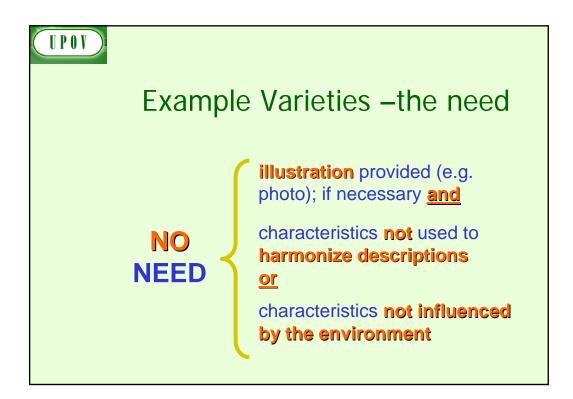
U P O V			Lettuce	TG/13/9 e/Laitue/Salat/Lechuga, - 7 -	2004-03-31		
	7. <u>T</u> a	able of Characteris	tics/Tableau des cara	actères/Merkmalsta	belle/Tabla de cara	icteres	
		English	frança is	Deutsch	español	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
	1. (*)	Seed: color	Semence: couleur	Samen: Farbe	Semilla: color		
		white	blanche	weiß	blanco	Verpia	1
		yellow	jaune	gelb	amarillo	Durango	2
		black	noire	schwarz	negro	Kagraner Sommer	3
	2. (*) (+)	Seedling: anthocyanin coloration	Plantule: pigmentation anthocyanique	Keimpflanze: Anthocyanfärbung	Plántula: pigmentación antociánica		
		absent	absente	fehlend	ausente	Verpia	1
		present	présente	vorhanden	presente	Pirat	9
	3.	Seedling: size of cotyledon (fully developed)	Plantule: taille du cotylédon (à complet développement)	Keimpflanze: Größe des Keimblatts (voll entwickelt)			
		small	petit	klein	pequeño	Romance	3
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Expresse	5
		large	grand	groß	grande	Verpia	7

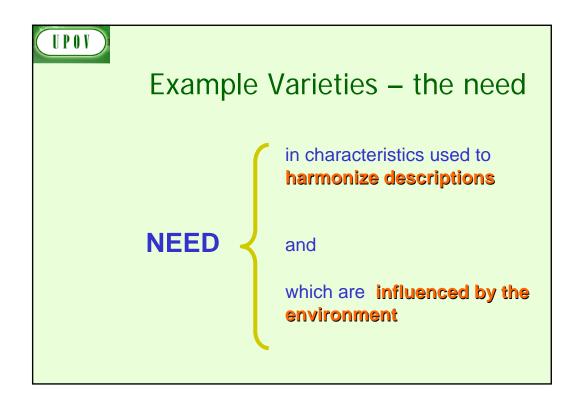
				TG/219/1			
			Perilla/Péril	lle/Perilla/Perilla, 2004 - 10 -	-03-31		
		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note Nota
14.	VG	Leaf blade: intensity of purplish color of <u>lower</u> side		Blattspreite: Intensität der Purpurfarbe der Unterseite	Limbo: intensidad del color purpúreo del envés		
QN	(a)	very light	très claire	sehr hell	muy claro		1
		light	claire	hell	claro	Perlime	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio		5
		dark	foncée	dunkel	oscuro	Perro	7
		very dark	très foncée	sehr dunkel	muy oscuro	Bora, Purple	9
15.	VG	Leaf blade: profile	Limbe: profil	Blattspreite: Profil	Limbo: perfil		
QN	(a)	concave	concave	konkav	cóncavo	Perro	3
		plane	plan	flach	plano	Pergro, Saeyeupsil	5
		convex	convexe	konvex	convexo		7

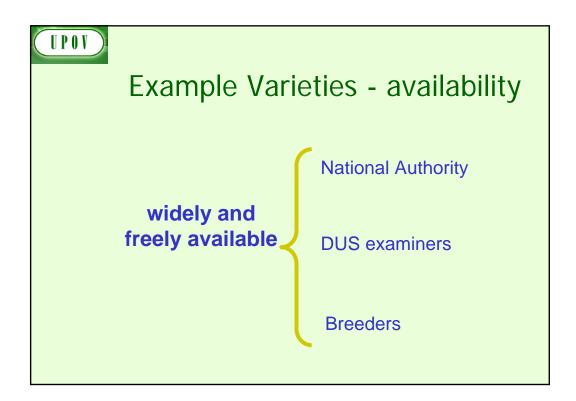
		able	of Characteristics/	Brachyscome/Bl Tableau des caracté	TG/223/1 aues Gänseblümchen, : - 7 - eres/Merkmalstabel		res		
			English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota	
	1. (*) (+)		Plant: growth type	Plante: type de croissance	Pflanze: Wuchstyp	Planta: tipo de crecimiento			
	QL	(a)	basal clusters bushy	en amas à la base buissonnant	basale Büschel buschig	en racimos basales arbustivo		1	
	2. (+)		Only varieties with bushy growth type: Plant: predominant attitude of stems	Variétés à type de croissance buissonnant uniquement: Plante: port le plus fréquent des tiges	Nur Sorten mit buschigem Wuchstyn: Pflanze: vorwiegende	Sólo variedades con <u>tipo de crecimiento</u> <u>arbustivo</u> : Planta: porte predominante de los tallos		2	
	QN	(a)	upright	dressées	aufrecht	erecto		1	
			semi upright	demi-dressées	halbaufrecht	semierecto		3	
			horizontal	horizontales	waagerecht	horizontal		5	
	3.		Only varieties with bushy growth type: Plant: number of stems	<u>Variétés à type de</u> <u>croissance</u> <u>buissonnant</u> <u>uniquement</u> : Plante: nombre de tiges	<u>Nur Sorten mit</u> <u>buschigem</u> <u>Wuchstyn</u> : Pflanze: Anzahl Triebe	Sólo variedades con tipo de crecimiento arbustivo: Planta: número de tallos			
	QN	(a)	few	peu nombreuses	klein	bajo		3	
			medium	moyennement nombreuses	mittel	medio		5	
_			many	nombreuses	groß	alto		7	
	4. (*) (+)		Plant: height including flowers	Plante: hauteur, fleurs comprises	Pflanze: Höhe einschließlich Blüter	Planta: altura, 1 incluidas las flores			
	QN	(a)	short	basse	niedrig	corta	Mardi Gras	3	
			medium	moyenne	mittel	media	Breakoday	5	
			tall	élevée	hoch	larga	Happy Face Pink	7	

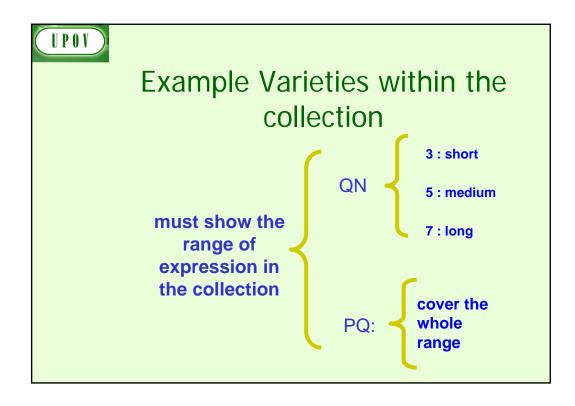


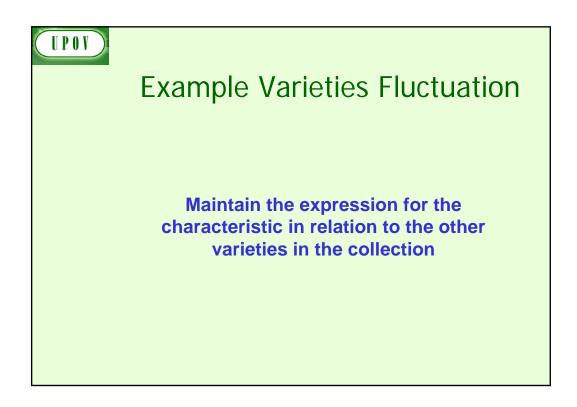


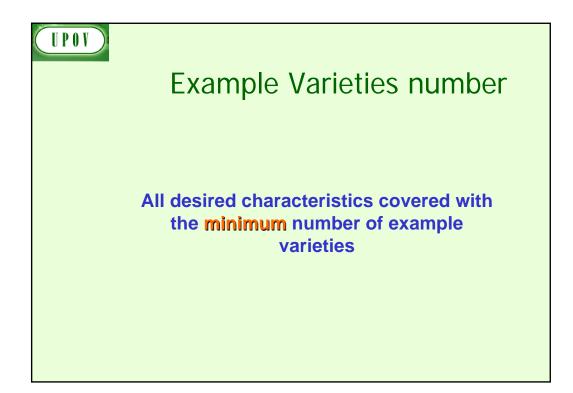


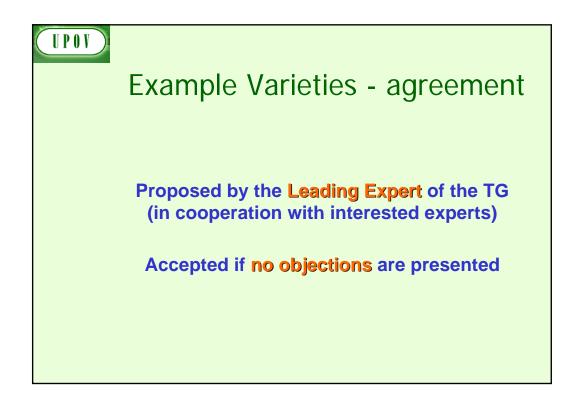


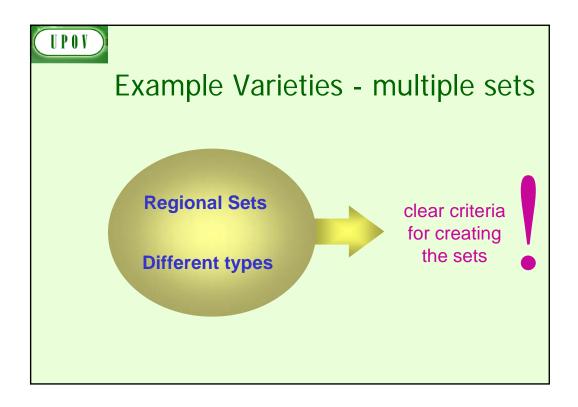


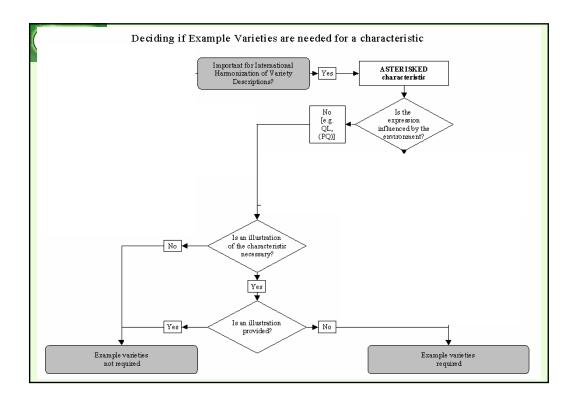


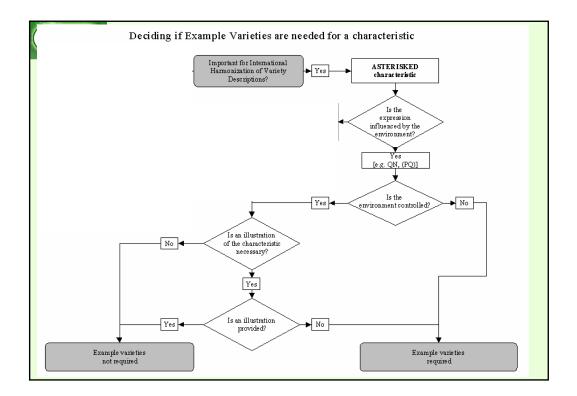


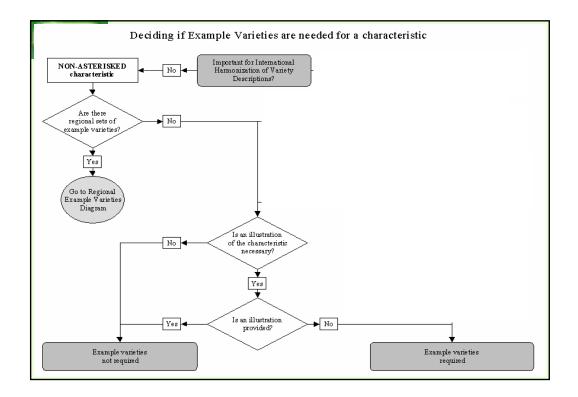














UPOV				
		English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
4. (*) (+)		Plant: height including flowers		
QN	(a)	short	?	3
		medium		5
		tall		7

	English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note Nota
1. (*) (+)	Plant: growth type	9	
QL (a) basal clusters	'	1
	bushy		2

UPO					
			English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
	2. (+)		<u>Only varieties with</u> <u>bushy growth type</u> : Plant: predominant attitude of stems		
	QN	(a)	upright semi upright	?	1 3
			horizontal		5

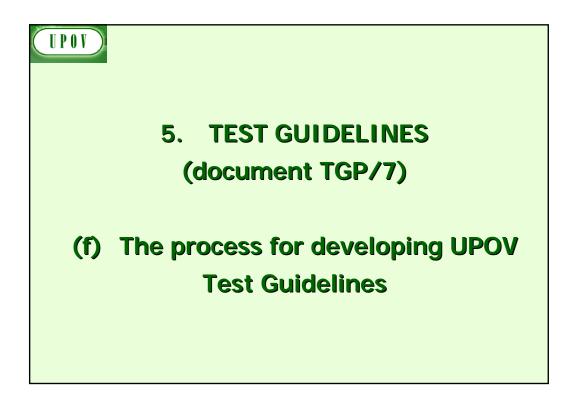
UPOV	D				
			English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
	5. (*) (+)		Plant: width including flowers		
	QN	(a)	narrow	?	3
			medium		5
			broad		7

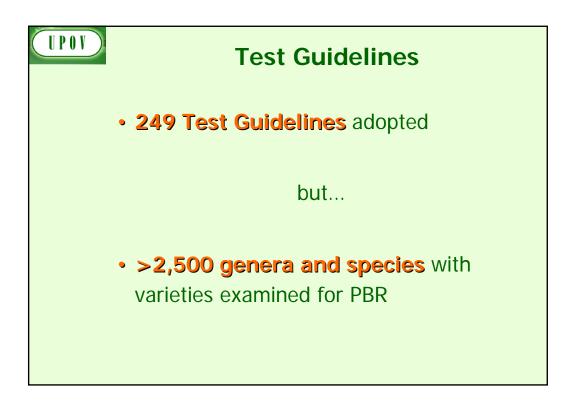
UPOV					
			English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
	9. (*) (+)		Leaf: margins		
	QL	(a) (b)	entire	?	1
			divided		2

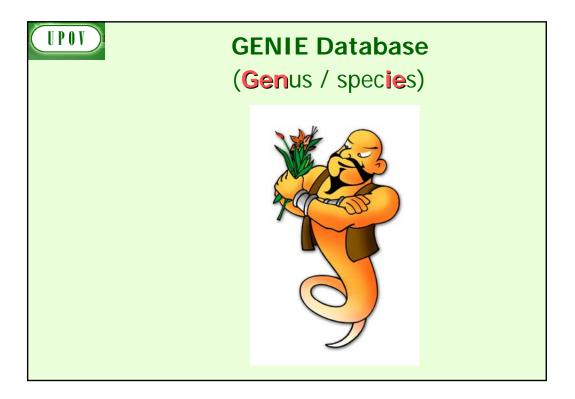
UPOV				Example Varieties/	
			English	Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
	7. (*) (+)		Leaf: length		
	QN	(a) (b)	short	9	3
			medium	-	5
			long		7
			very long		9

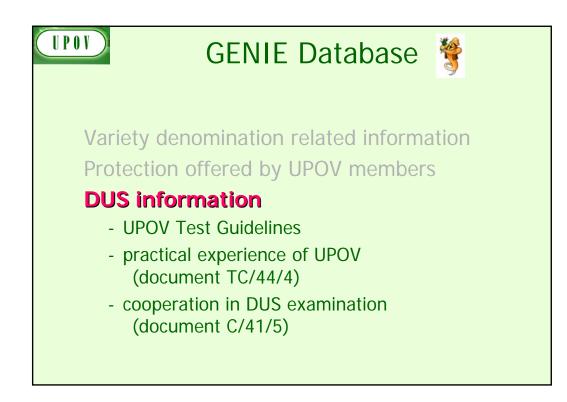
D					
		English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo		Note/ Nota
20. (+)		Flower: bud color			
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		?	

		English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota	
10. (*) (+)		<u>Only varieties with</u> <u>entire leaf margins</u> : Leaf: shape			
PQ	(a) (b)	ovate		1	
		linear		2	
		oblong	•	3	
		elliptic	~	4	
		circular		5	
		oblanceolate		6	
		obovate		7	
		spatulate		8	
		obtriangular		9	
		-			







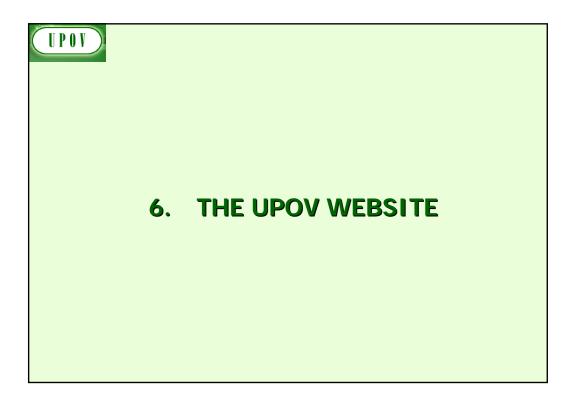




PRIORITY for species or crops with high:

- number of authorities receiving PBR applications;
- number of PBR applications;
- number of foreign applications received by UPOV members;
- economic importance;
- level of breeding activity

EXAMPLE (New Test Gu	<u>idelines)</u>
Test Guidelines: <i>Plantus magnifica</i> (Common na	
Technical Working Party: TWX	
TWX (2005): TWX (2006): TWX (2007): Enlarged Editorial Committee (2008): Technical Committee (2008): Final adopted document (2008):	Alpha (proj.1) Alpha (proj.2) Alpha (proj.3) Alpha (proj.4) Alpha (proj.5) TG/500/1

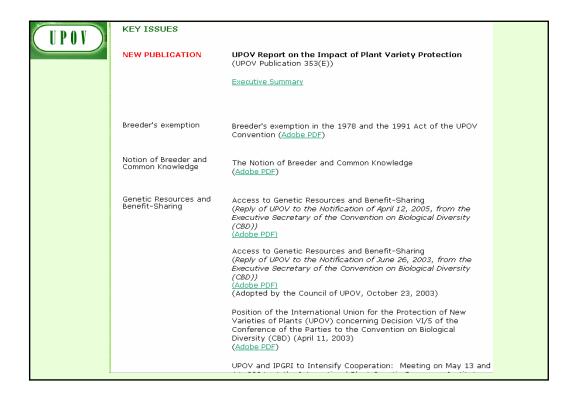






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Mission Statement Introduction	MISSION STATEMENT
UPOV Convention Membership UPOV Bodies Legal Resources	To provide and promote an effective system of plant variety protection, with the aim of encouraging the development of new varieties of plants, for the benefit of society.
Key Issues Contact Us Links	7
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UPOV Convention	LIST OF UPOV PUBLICATIONS*
List of Publications Gazette & Newsletter	The following UPOV publications are available on request:
Laws & Treaties	Abbreviations:
List of Taxa Protected Plant Variety Protection Statistics	A = Arabic, C = Chinese, D = Dutch, E = English, F = French, FEG = French/English/German, G german, I = Italian, J = Japanese, P = Portuguese, R = Russian, S = Spanish
General Introduction to DUS	221 (A) International Convention for the Protecti (C) Plants,
TGP Documents Test Guidelines	(D) text of 1991 only (E)
Practical Technical Knowledge	(F) (G)
Cooperation in Examination	(I) (P)
Plant Variety Database	(R) (S)
Training courses	

