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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

DRAFT

OATS

UPOV Code(s): AVENA_NUD;

AVENA_SAT

Avena nuda L.; Avena sativa L.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from Spain to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Agricultural Crops at its forty-seventh session, to be held in Naivasha, Kenya, from 2018-05-21 to 2018-05-25

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

| Alternative names:* | English | French | German | Spanish |
|--|------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| Avena nuda L. | Naked Oats | Avoine nue | Nackthafer | Avena desnuda |
| <i>Avena sativa</i> L., <i>Avena byzantina</i> K. Koch | Oats | Avoine | Hafer | Avena |

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

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GE

1. <u>Subject of these Test Guidelines</u>

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of Avena nuda L and Avena sativa L..

2. <u>Material Required</u>

- 2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.
- 2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed and panicles, if requested.
- 2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

Seed: 3 kg Panicles: 120

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should, be stated by the applicant.

The panicles should be well developed and should contain a sufficient number of viable seeds to establish a satisfactory row of plants for observation.

- 2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.
- 2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.
- 3. <u>Method of Examination</u>
- 3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

- 3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination
- 3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.
- 3.3.2 The optimum stage of development for the assessment of each characteristic is indicated by a number in the Table of Characteristics. The stages of development denoted by each number are described in Chapter 8.
- 3.4 Test Design
- 3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 2000 plants, which should be divided between at least 2 replicates.
- 3.4.2 The assessment of the characteristic "Seasonal type" should be carried out on at least 300 plants.
- 3.4.3 If tests on panicle rows are conducted, at least 100 panicle rows should be observed.
- 3.4.4 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. <u>Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability</u>

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.1.4 Number of Plants or Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, for the purposes of distinctness, all observations on single plants should be made on 10 plants or parts of plants taken from each of 10 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test, disregarding any off-type plants.

In the case of observations of parts taken from single plants, the number of parts to be taken from each of the plants should be 1.

4.1.5 Method of Observation

The recommended method of observing the characteristic for the purposes of distinctness is indicated by the following key in the Table of Characteristics (see document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness", Section 4 "Observation of characteristics"):

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

Type of observation: visual (V) or measurement (M)

"Visual" observation (V) is an observation made on the basis of the expert's judgment. For the purposes of this document, "visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the experts and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch. Visual observation includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts). Measurement (M) is an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.

Type of record: for a group of plants (G) or for single, individual plants (S)

For the purposes of distinctness, observations may be recorded as a single record for a group of plants or parts of plants (G), or may be recorded as records for a number of single, individual plants or parts of plants (S). In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plant-by-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

In cases where more than one method of observing the characteristic is indicated in the Table of Characteristics (e.g. VG/MG), guidance on selecting an appropriate method is provided in document TGP/9, Section 4.2.

- 4.2 Uniformity
- 4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:
- 4.2.2 These Test Guidelines have been developed for the examination of self-pollinated varieties. For varieties with other types of propagation the recommendation in the General Introduction and document TGP/13 "Guidance for new types and species". Section 4.5 Testing Uniformity should be followed.
- 4.2.3 The recommended sample size for the assessment of uniformity is indicated by the following key in the table of characteristics:

A: sample size of 100 plants / parts of plants / panicle rows B: sample size of 2000 plants

- 4.2.4 For the assessment of uniformity in a sample of 2000 plants, a population standard of 0.1 % and an acceptance probability of at least 95 % should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 2000 plants, 5 off-types are allowed.
- 4.2.5 For the assessment of uniformity in a sample of 100 panicle-rows, plants or parts of plants, a population standard of 1 % and an acceptance probability of at least 95 % should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 100 panicle-rows, plants or parts of plants, 3 off-types are allowed. A panicle-row is considered to be an off-type panicle-row if there is more than 1 off-type plant within that panicle-row.
- 4.2.6 For characteristics with the key "A" in the list of characteristics the assessment of uniformity can be done in 2 steps. In a first step, 20 plants or parts of plants are observed. If no off-types are observed, the variety is declared to be uniform. If more than 3 off-types are observed, the variety is declared not to be uniform. If 1 to 3 off-types are observed, an additional sample of 80 plants or parts of plants must be observed.
- 4.3 Stability
- 4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.
- 4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be further examined by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the initial material supplied.

5. <u>Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial</u>

- 5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.
- 5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.
- 5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:
 - (a) Seed: color of lemma (characteristic 1)
 - (b) Stem: hairiness of uppermost node (characteristic 7)
 - (c) Glume: glaucosity (characteristic 9)
 - (d) Grain: husk (characteristic 15)
 - (e) Seasonal type (characteristic 22)
- 5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction and document TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".
- 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics
- 6.1 Categories of Characteristics
- 6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

- 6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes
- 6.2.1 States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.
- 6.2.2 In the case of qualitative and pseudo-qualitative characteristics (see Chapter 6.3), all relevant states of expression are presented in the characteristic. However, in the case of quantitative characteristics with 5 or more states, an abbreviated scale may be used to minimize the size of the Table of Characteristics. For example, in the case of a quantitative characteristic with 9 states, the presentation of states of expression in the Test Guidelines may be abbreviated as follows:

| State | Note |
|--------|------|
| small | 3 |
| medium | 5 |
| large | 7 |

However, it should be noted that all of the following 9 states of expression exist to describe varieties and should be used as appropriate:

| Note |
|------|
| 1 |
| 2 |
| 3 |
| 4 |
| 5 |
| 6 |
| 7 |
| 8 |
| 9 |
| |

- 6.2.3 Further explanation of the presentation of states of expression and notes is provided in document TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines".
- 6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudoqualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

Seasonal type is indicated as follow:

(S) spring oat varieties

(W) winter oat varieties

6.5 Legend

| | Englisł | English français | | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota | |
|-----|--|------------------|---------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|--|---------------|--|
| 1 2 | 2 3 4 5 6 | | 7 | | | | | |
| | Name of characteristics in English | | Nom o caract frança | tère en | Name des Merkmals auf Deutsch | Nombre del carácter en español | | |
| | states expres | | types | d'expression | Ausprägungsstufen | tipos de expresión | | |

1 Characteristic number

| 2 | (*) | Asterisked characteristic | - see Chapter 6.1.2 |
|---|---|--|---|
| 3 | Type of expression QL QN PQ | Qualitative characteristic Quantitative characteristic Pseudo-qualitative characteristic | see Chapter 6.3 see Chapter 6.3 see Chapter 6.3 |
| 4 | Method of observation (and type MG, MS, VG, VS | e of plot, if applicable) | – see Chapter 4.1.5 |

- 5 (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2
- 6 (a) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1
- 7 Growth stage key See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8

A sample size of 100 plants / parts of plants / panicle rows

B sample size of 2000 plants

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

| | | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|--------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----|----------|---------|---------|--|---------------|
| 1. (*) | QL | VG A | | (a) | 00 | | | |
| | Seed: | color of lemma | | | | | | |
| | white | | | | | | (S) Harmony, (W) Gerald, (W) RGT Lineout | 1 |
| | yellow | | | | | | (S) Canyon, (W) Mascani, (W) Rhapsody | 2 |
| | brown | | | | | | (S) Everest PZO, (W) Prevision | 3 |
| | black | | | | | | (S) RGT Iliade, (W) Calvaro | 4 |
| 2. | QN | VG B | (+) | | 25-29 | | | |
| | Plant: | growth habit | | | | | | |
| | erect | | | | | | | 1 |
| | semi-e | rect | | | | | (S) Canyon, (S) Stella Doro | 3 |
| | interme | ediate | | | | | (S) Matty, (W) RGT Lineout | 5 |
| | semi-p | rostrate | | | | | (S) WPB Elyann | 7 |
| | prostra | te | | | | | (W) Ombrone | 9 |
| 3. | QN | VG A | (+) | | 25-29 | 1 | 1 | |
| | | t leaves: ess of sheaths | | | | | | |
| | absent | or weak | | | | | (S) Harmony, (W) Calvaro | 1 |
| | mediur | n | | | | | (S) Stella Doro, (W) Forridena | 2 |
| | strong | | | | | | (W) RGT Lineout | 3 |
| 4. (*) | QN | VG A | (+) | | 25-60 | | | |
| | Leaf b of mar | lade: hairiness gins | | | | | | |
| | absent | or very weak | - | | | | (S) Harmony, (W) Flavia | 1 |
| | weak | | | | | | (S) WPB Elyann, (W) Calvaro | 3 |
| | mediur | n | | | | | (S) Armani, (W) Black Beauty | 5 |
| | strong | | | | | | (S) Stella Doro, (W) Ombrone | 7 |
| | very st | rong | | | | | (W) Charming, (W) RGT Lineout | 9 |

| | | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|-------|--------------|---|-----|----------|---------|---------|--|---------------|
| 5. | QN | VG B | (+) | | 47-51 | | • | 1 |
| | plant | t: frequency of ts with recurved leaves | | | | | | |
| | abse | nt or very low | | | | | (W) Gerald | 1 |
| | low | | | | | | (S) Armani, (W) Charming | 3 |
| | medi | um | | | | | (S) Apollon, (W) Forridena | 5 |
| | high | | | | | | (S) Matty, (W) Hendon | 7 |
| | very | high | | | | | (S) WPB Elyann | 9 |
| 6. (* |) QN | MG B | (+) | | | | | |
| | | e of panicle rgence | | | | | | |
| | very | early | | | | | (S) Rapidena | 1 |
| | early | | | | | | (S) Stella Doro, (W) Prevision | 3 |
| | medi | um | | | | | (S) Ivory, (W) Ombrone | 5 |
| | late | | | | | | (W) Forridena | 7 |
| | very | late | | | | | (S) Everest PZO, (W) Gerald | 9 |
| 7. (* |) QN | VG A | (+) | | 60-69 | | | |
| | | n: hairiness of ermost node | | | | | | |
| | abse | nt or very weak | | | | | (S) Canyon, (W) Calvaro | 1 |
| | weak | | | | | | (S) Anchuela | 3 |
| | medi | um | | | | | (S) Argentina, (W) Flavia | 5 |
| | stron | g | | | | | (W) Forridena, (W) Mascani | 7 |
| | very | strong | | | | | (S) Kankan | 9 |
| 8. | QN | VG B | | | 60-69 | | | |
| | Flag shea | leaf: glaucosity of th | | | | | | |
| | abse | nt or weak | | | | | (S) Rapidena | 1 |
| | medi | um | | | | | (S) Lennon, (W) Charming | 3 |
| | stron | 9 | 1 | | | | (S) Ivory, (W) Ombrone | 5 |

| | | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|---------|----------------|-----------------------------|-----|----------|---------|---------|--|---------------|
| 9. (*) | QN | VG B | | | 65-69 | · | - | |
| | Glum | e: glaucosity | | | | | | |
| | absen | t or very weak | | | | | (S) Rapidena | 1 |
| | weak | | | | | | (S) Canyon, (W) Hendon | 3 |
| | mediu | m | | | | | (S) Harmony, (W) RGT Victorious | 5 |
| | strong | | | | | | (S) Komfort, (W) Black Beauty | 7 |
| | very s | trong | | | | | (S) Odal | 9 |
| 10. | QN | VG B | (+) | | 70-75 | | | |
| | Panic branc | le: attitude of hes | | | | | | |
| | erect | | | | | | (S) M77 | 1 |
| | semi-e | erect | | | | | (S) RGT Iliade, (W) Calvaro | 2 |
| | horizo | ntal | | | | | (S) Ivory, (W) Balado | 3 |
| | semi-o | drooping | | | | | | 4 |
| 11. | QN | MS A/VG A | | | 70-75 | | | |
| | Glum | e: length | | | | | | |
| | very s | hort | | | | | | 1 |
| | short | | | | | | (S) Armani, (W) Maestro | 3 |
| | mediu | m | | | | | (S) Canyon, (W) Calvaro | 5 |
| | long | | | | | | (S) Lennon, (W) Prevision | 7 |
| | very lo | ong | | | | | (S) Rapidena, (W) Ombrone | 9 |
| 12. (*) | QN | VG A | (+) | | 70-75 | · | | |
| | Prima glauc | ry grain: osity of lemma | | | | | | |
| | absen | t or very weak | | | | | (S) Canyon, (W) RGT Lineout | 1 |
| | weak | | | | | | (S) Armani, (S) Ringsaker | 3 |
| | mediu | m | | | | | (S) Harmony, (S) Riina | 5 |
| | strong | | | | | | (S) Gabby, (S) Odal | 7 |
| | very s | trong | | | | | | 9 |

| | | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|---------|-------------------------------------|--|-----|----------|---------|---------|--|---------------|
| 13. (*) | QN | MG B | (+) | | 80-85 | | | |
| | Plant | : length | | · | | | | |
| | very s | short | | | | | | 1 |
| | short | | | | | | (S) Kurt, (S) Rapidena | 3 |
| | mediu | ım | | | | | (S) Armani, (W) Mascani | 5 |
| | long | | | | | | (S) Canyon | 7 |
| | very lo | ong | | | | | (W) Forridena | 9 |
| 14. (*) | QN | MS B/VG B | | | 80-85 | | | |
| | Panic | le: length | | ÷ | | | | |
| | very s | short | | | | | | 1 |
| | short | | | | | | (S) Kurt, (W) Calvaro | 3 |
| | mediu | Jm | | | | | (S) Harmony, (W) Balado | 5 |
| | long | | | | | | (S) Anchuela, (S) Canyon | 7 |
| | very lo | ong | | | | | (W) Forridena | 9 |
| 15. (*) | QL | VG B | | | 80-92 | | | |
| | Grain | : husk | | -: | | | | |
| | abser | nt | | | | | (S) Lennon, (W) Hendon | 1 |
| | prese | nt | | | | | (S) Canyon, (W) Calvaro | 9 |
| 16. | QL | VG A | (+) | (a) | 80-92 | | | |
| i | seed: brown or bla grain: | for varieties with: color of lemma: <u>n</u> ack: Primary : hairiness of of lemma | | <u>.</u> | | | | |
| | abser | nt | | | | | (S) RGT Iliade, (W) Calvaro | 1 |
| | prese | nt | | | | | (S) Rapidena, (W) Black Beauty | 9 |
| 17. | QN | VG A | (+) | (a) | 80-92 | | | |
| | Primary grain: hairiness of base | | | | | | | |
| | abser | nt or weak | | | | | (S) Canyon, (W) Rhapsody | 1 |
| | mediu | ım | 1 | | | | (S) Matty, (S) Stella Doro | 3 |
| | strong |] | | | | | (S) Agent, (W) Ombrone, (W) Prevision | 5 |

| | | English | | français | deutsch | español | Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo | Note/ Nota |
|---------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-----|----------|---------|---------|--|---------------|
| 18. | QN | VG A | (+) | (a) | 80-92 | | | |
| | Prima of bas | ary grain: length sal hairs | | | | | | |
| | short | | | | | | | 1 |
| | mediu | IM | | | | | (S) Harmony, (W) Black Beauty | 3 |
| | long | | | | | | (S) Everest PZO, (W) Prevision | 5 |
| 19. | QN | VG B | (+) | | 92 | | | |
| | Prima freque | ary grain: ency of awns | | | | | | |
| | absen | t or low | | | | | (S) Ivory, (W) Calvaro, (W) Rhapsody | 1 |
| | mediu | IM | | | | | (S) Ringsaker, (W) Balado, (W) RGT Lineout | 3 |
| | high | | | | | | (S) Odal, (W) Charming, (W) Ombrone | 5 |
| 20. | QN | MG A/MS A | | (a) | 92 | | | |
| | Prima of len | ary grain: length nma | | | | | | |
| | very s | hort | | | | | (S) Everest PZO | 1 |
| | short | | | | | | (S) Ringsaker, (W) RGT Victorious | 3 |
| | mediu | IM | | | | | (S) Canyon, (W) RGT Lineout | 5 |
| | long | | | | | | (S) Ivory, (W) Rhapsody | 7 |
| | very lo | ong | | - | | | (S) Harmony, (W) Ombrone | 9 |
| 21. | QN | VG A | (+) | (a) | 92 | | | 1 |
| | Prima of rac | ary grain: length chilla | | | | | | |
| | short | | | | | | (S) Armani, (W) Prevision | 1 |
| | mediu | ım | | | | | (S) Canyon, (W) RGT Lineout | 3 |
| | long | - . | | | | | (W) Forridena | 5 |
| 22. (*) | PQ | VG | (+) | | - | | | |
| | Seaso | onal type | | | | | | |
| | winter | type | | | | | (W) Balado, (W) RGT Lineout | 1 |
| | altern | ative type | | | | | (W) Forridena | 2 |
| | spring | ı type | | | | | (S) Harmony, (S) Stella Doro | 3 |



8. Explanations on the Table of Characteristics

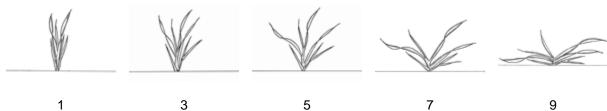
8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) Characteristics which should be observed on Avena sativa L. only.
- 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics

Ad. 2: Plant: growth habit

The growth habit should be assessed visually from the attitude of the leaves and tillers. The angle formed by the outer leaves and the tillers with an imaginary vertical axis should be used.



erect

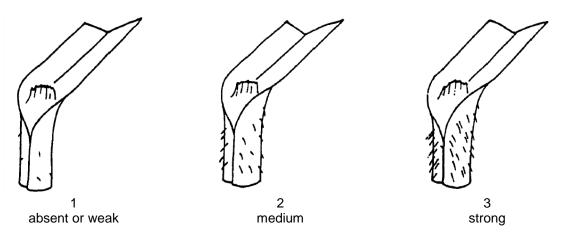


5 intermediate

semi-prostrate

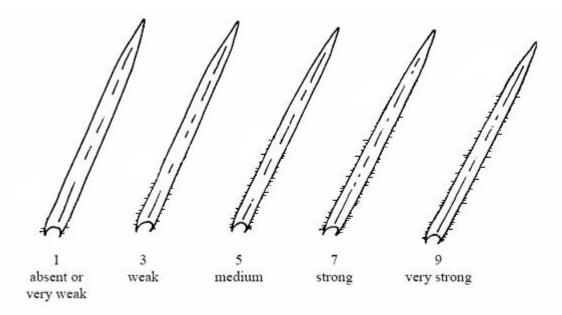
9 prostrate

Ad. 3: Lowest leaves: hairiness of sheaths



Ad. 4: Leaf blade: hairiness of margins

To be recorded on the leaf where the strongest expression is observed.



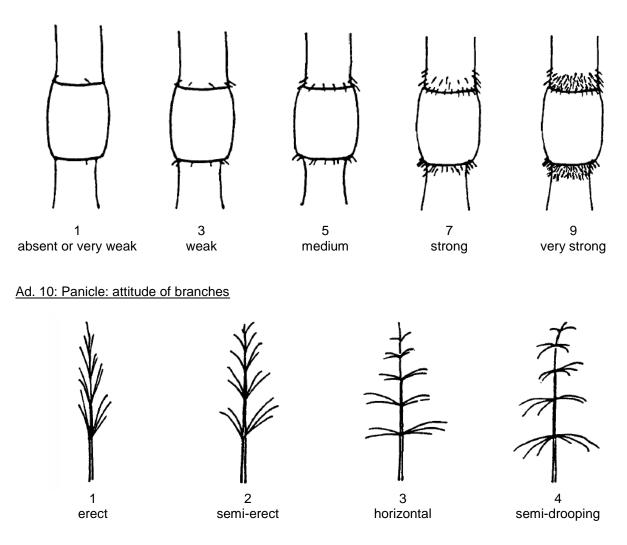
Ad. 5: Plant: frequency of plants with recurved flag leaves

- 1 (absent or very low): all or almost all flag leaves are rectilinear
- 3 (low): about 1/4 of the plants with recurved flag leaves
- 5 (medium): about 1/2 of the plants with recurved flag leaves
- 7 (high): about 3/4 of the plants with recurved flag leaves
- 9 (very high): almost all or all flag leaves are recurved

Ad. 6: Time of panicle emergence

Time of panicle emergence is reached when the first spikelet is visible on 50% of panicles.

Ad. 7: Stem: hairiness of uppermost node



Ad. 12: Primary grain: glaucosity of lemma

Observation should reflect intensity and area of glaucosity.

Ad. 13: Plant: length

Plant length includes stem, panicle and awns (if present).

Ad. 16: Only for varieties with: seed: color of lemma: brown or black: Primary grain: hairiness of back of lemma

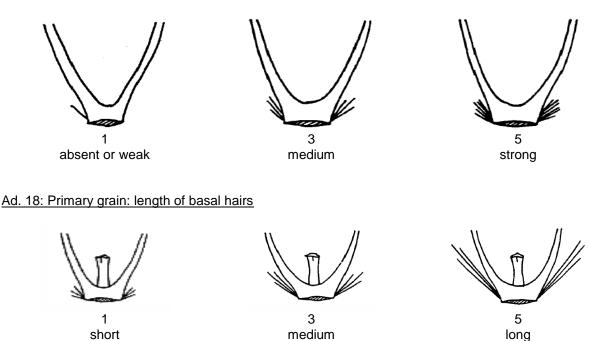
1 absent

9

present



Ad. 17: Primary grain: hairiness of base



Ad. 19: Primary grain: frequency of awns

1 (absent or low): hardly any plant has at least one spikelet awned in the panicle.

2 (low to medium): about 1/4 of the plants with at least one spikelet awned in the panicle.

3 (medium): about 1/2 of the plants with at least one spikelet awned in the panicle.

4 (medium to high): about 3/4 of the plants with at least one spikelet awned in the panicle.

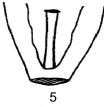
5 (high): almost all plants with at least one spikelet awned in the panicle.

Ad. 21: Primary grain: length of rachilla

1

short

3 medium



long

Ad. 22: Seasonal type

The seasonal type (need of vernalization) should be assessed on plots sown in springtime. Example varieties should always be included in the trial. When the example varieties behave according to its description, candidate varieties can be described. At the time when the latest spring type variety is fully mature (stage 91/92 of the Zadoks decimal code) growth stage reached by the respective variety should be assessed. The states of expression are defined as follows:

Winter type (high need of vernalization): the plants have reached stage 45 of the Zadoks decimal code (boots swollen) at maximum.

Alternative type (partial need of vernalization): the plants have exceeded stage 45 of the Zadoks decimal code (as a rule they have exceeded stage 75) and have reached stage 90 at maximum.

Spring type (no need or very weak need of vernalization): the plants have exceeded stage 90 of the Zadoks decimal code.

Seasonal type is not related to winter hardiness. Spring type varieties have no need for vernalization but may have winter hardiness.

8.3 Decimal code for of the growth stages of the Zadoks decimal code for cereals (Zadok et al., 1974)

| Zadoks | Description |
|---------|-------------|
| Decimal | |

code

Germination

- 00 Dry seed
- 01 Start of imbibition
- 03 Imbibition complete
- 05 Radicle emerged from seed
- 07 Coleoptile emerged from seed
- 09 Leaf just at coleoptile tip

Seedling growth

- 10 First leaf through coleoptile
- 11 First leaf unfolded
- 12 2 leaves unfolded
- 13 3 leaves unfolded
- 14 4 leaves unfolded
- 15 5 leaves unfolded
- 16 6 leaves unfolded
- 17 7 leaves unfolded
- 18 8 leaves unfolded
- 19 9 or more leaves unfolded

Tillering

- 20 Main shoot only
- 21 Main shoot and 1 tiller
- 22 Main shoot and 2 tillers
- 23 Main shoot and 3 tillers
- 24 Main shoot and 4 tillers
- 25 Main shoot and 5 tillers
- 26 Main shoot and 6 tillers
- 27 Main shoot and 7 tillers
- 28 Main shoot and 8 tillers
- 29 Main shoot and 9 or more tillers

Stem elongation

- 30 Pseudo stem erection
- 31 1st node detectable
- 32 2nd node detectable
- 33 3rd node detectable
- 34 4th node detectable
- 35 5th node detectable
- 36 6th node detectable
- 37 Flag leaf just visible
- 39 Flag leaf ligule/collar just visible

Zadoks Description

Decimal code

Booting

- 41 Flag leaf sheath extending
- 43 Boots just visibly swollen
- 45 Boots swollen
- 47 Flag leaf sheath opening
- 49 First awns visible

Inflorescence emergence

- 50 First spikelet of inflorescence visible
- 53 1/4 of inflorescence emerged
- 55 1/2 of inflorescence emerged
- 57 3/4 of inflorescence emerged
- 59 Emergence of inflorescence completed

<u>Anthesis</u>

- 60 Beginning on anthesis
- 65 Anthesis half-way
- 69 Anthesis completed

Milk development

- 71 Caryopses watery ripe
- 73 Early milk
- 75 Medium milk
- 77 Late milk

Dough development

- 83 Early dough
- 85 Soft dough
- 87 Hard dough

<u>Ripening</u>

- 91 Caryopses hard (difficult to divide with thumbnail)
- 92 Caryopses hard (can no longer be dented with thumbnail)
- 93 Caryopses loosening in daytime
- 94 Overripe, straw dead and collapsing
- 95 Seed dormant
- 96 Viable seed giving 50% germination
- 97 Seed not dormant
- 98 Secondary dormancy induced
- 99 Secondary dormancy lost

9. <u>Literature</u>

Zadoks, J. C., Chang, T. T. and Konzak, C. F., 1974: A decimal code for the growth stages of cereals. Weed Research, 14: pp. 415–421.

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

| ТЕСН | NICAL C | UESTIONNAIRE | | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: | |
|------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------|------------------|---|-----|
| | | | | | Application date: (not to be filled in by the applican | ıt) |
| | | to be completed in a | | CHNICAL QUESTION | NAIRE on for plant breeders' rights | |
| 1. | Subject | t of the Technical Questi | | | | |
| | 1.1.1 | Botanical name | Aı | vena nuda L. | | [] |
| | 1.1.2 | Common name | Na | aked Oats | | |
| | 1.2.1 | Botanical name | Av | vena sativa L. | | [] |
| | 1.2.2 | Common name | Oa | ats | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 2. | Applica | int | | | | |
| | Name | | | | | |
| | Addres | S | | | | |
| | Teleph | one No. | | | | |
| | Fax No | | | | | |
| | E-mail | address | | | | |
| | Breede applica | r (if different from nt) | | | | |
| 3. | Propos | ed denomination and bre | eedei | 's reference | | |
| | Propos (if avail | ed denomination able) | | | | |
| | Breede | r's reference | | | | |

| TECHNICAL | QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | | Reference Number: |
|-----------|---|-----------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| #4. Infor | mation on the breeding scheme | and propagation of the | e var | iety |
| 4.1 | Breeding scheme | | | |
| Varie | ety resulting from: | | | |
| 4.1 | .1 Crossing | | | |
| (8 | a) controlled cross (please state parent varieti | es) | | [] |
| | (|) > | x | () |
| | female parent | | | male parent |
| (t | partially known cross (please state known parent | variety(ies)) | | [] |
| | (|) > | x | () |
| | female parent | | | male parent |
| (0 | c) unknown cross | | | [] |
| 4.1.2 | 2 Discovery and developmen (please state where and wh | t ien discovered and hov | v dev | [] veloped) |
| | | | | |
| 4.1.3 | Mutation (please state parent variety |) | | [] |
| | | | | |
| 4.1.4 | Other (Please provide details) | | | [] |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| TECHNICAL Q | UESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: | |
|-------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|---|
| 4.2 | Method of propagating t Seed-propagated varieti | - | | |
| (a) (b) | Self-pollination Other (please provide de | | [[|] |
| | | | | |
| 4.2.2 | Other (Please provide details) | | I |] |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| | NICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: | |
|------------|--|-----------------|--|--------|
| | Characteristics of the variety to be in characteristic in Test Guidelines; ple | | brackets refers to the corresponding ch best corresponds). | |
| | Characteristics | | Example Varieties | Note |
| 5.1 (1) | Seed: color of lemma | | | |
| | white | | (S) Harmony, (W) Gerald, (W) RGT Lineou | ıt 1 [|
| | yellow | | (S) Canyon, (W) Mascani, (W) Rhapsody | 2 [|
| | brown | | (S) Everest PZO, (W) Prevision | 3[|
| | black | | (S) RGT Iliade, (W) Calvaro | 4 [|
| 5.2 (4) | Leaf blade: hairiness of margins | | | |
| | absent or very weak | | (S) Harmony, (W) Flavia | 1 [|
| | very weak to weak | | | 2[|
| | weak | | (S) WPB Elyann, (W) Calvaro | 3[|
| | weak to medium | | | 4 [|
| | medium | | (S) Armani, (W) Black Beauty | 5 [|
| | medium to strong | | | 6 [|
| | strong | | (S) Stella Doro, (W) Ombrone | 7 [|
| | strong to very strong | | | 8 [|
| | very strong | | (W) Charming, (W) RGT Lineout | 9 [|
| 5.3 (6) | Time of panicle emergence | | | |
| (-) | very early | | (S) Rapidena | 1 [|
| | very early to early | | | 2 [|
| | early | | (S) Stella Doro, (W) Prevision | 3 [|
| | early to medium | | | 4 [|
| | medium | | (S) Ivory, (W) Ombrone | 5 [|
| | medium to late | | | 6 [|
| | late | | (W) Forridena | 7 [|
| | late to very late | | | 8 [|
| | very late | | (S) Everest PZO, (W) Gerald | 9 [|

| | Characteristics | Example Varieties | Note |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|
| 5.4 (7) | Stem: hairiness of uppermost node | | |
| (-) | absent or very weak | (S) Canyon, (W) Calvaro | 1[] |
| | very weak to weak | | 2[] |
| | weak | (S) Anchuela | 3[] |
| | weak to medium | | 4[] |
| | medium | (S) Argentina, (W) Flavia | 5[] |
| | medium to strong | | 6[] |
| | strong | (W) Forridena, (W) Mascani | 7[] |
| | strong to very strong | | 8[] |
| | very strong | (S) Kankan | 9[] |
| 5.5 (9) | Glume: glaucosity | | |
| | absent or very weak | (S) Rapidena | 1[] |
| | very weak to weak | | 2[] |
| | weak | (S) Canyon, (W) Hendon | 3[] |
| | weak to medium | | 4[] |
| | medium | (S) Harmony, (W) RGT Victorious | 5[] |
| | medium to strong | | 6[] |
| | strong | (S) Komfort, (W) Black Beauty | 7[] |
| | strong to very strong | | 8[] |
| | very strong | (S) Odal | 9[] |
| 5.6 (13) | Plant: length | | |
| | very short | (W) Balado, (W) Hendon | 1[] |
| | very short to short | | 2[] |
| | short | (S) Kurt, (S) Rapidena | 3[] |
| | short to medium | | 4[] |
| | medium | (S) Armani, (W) Mascani | 5[] |
| | medium to long | | 6[] |
| | long | (S) Canyon | 7[] |
| | long to very long | | 8[] |
| | very long | (W) Forridena | 9[] |
| 5.7 (15) | Grain: husk | | |
| | absent | (S) Lennon, (W) Hendon | 1[] |
| | present | (S) Canyon, (W) Calvaro | 9[] |

| | Characteristics | Example Varieties | Note |
|-------------|------------------|------------------------------|------|
| 5.8 (22) | Seasonal type | | |
| | winter type | (W) Balado, (W) RGT Lineout | 1[] |
| | alternative type | (W) Forridena | 2[] |
| | spring type | (S) Harmony, (S) Stella Doro | 3[] |

| TECHNICAL QUESTION | NAIRE | Page {x} of | {y} | Reference Nu | ımber: |
|---|---|-----------------|--------------|--|---|
| 6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way. | | | | | |
| Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety | Characteristic your candidate from the simila | variety differs | the characte | e expression of ristic(s) for the variety(ies) | Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for you candidate variety |
| Example | Leaf blade: h marg | | very wea | ak to weak | medium |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Comments: | | | | | |

| TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE | | Page {x} of {y} | Reference Number: | | |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| #7. | Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety | | | | |
| 7.1 | In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety? | | | | |
| | Yes [] | No | [] | | |
| | (If yes, please provide details) | | | | |
| 7.2 | Are there any special conditions | for growing the variety o | r conducting the examination? | | |
| | Yes [] | No | [] | | |
| | (If yes, please provide details) | | | | |
| 7.3 | Other information | | | | |

| TECH | HNICA | L QUESTIONNAIRE | Page {x} of {y} | Refere | nce Number: | | | |
|----------------|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------|--|--|
| 8. | | rization for release | | | | | | |
| | (a) | (a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health? | | | | | | |
| | | Yes [] | No [] | | | | | |
| | (b) | (b) Has such authorization been obtained? | | | | | | |
| | | Yes [] | No [] | | | | | |
| | If the | answer to (b) is yes, please | attach a copy of the aut | horization. | | | | |
| 9. Int | ormatio | on on plant material to be ex | amined or submitted for | examination | | | | |
| | 9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc. | | | | | | | |
| chara has i | acterist underge | ant material should not hat ics of the variety, unless the one such treatment, full deta your knowledge, if the plant r | e competent authorities ails of the treatment mu | allow or reques st be given. In t | t such treatment. I his respect, please | f the plant material | | |
| | (a) | Microorganisms (e.g. v | virus, bacteria, phytopla | sma) | Yes [] | No [] | | |
| | (b) | Chemical treatment (e | .g. growth retardant, pe | sticide) | Yes [] | No [] | | |
| | (c) | Tissue culture | | | Yes [] | No [] | | |
| | (d) | Other factors | | | Yes [] | No [] | | |
| | Ple | ase provide details for where | e you have indicated "ye | es". | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 10. | 10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct: | | | | | | | |
| _ | Applicant's name | | | | | | | |
| | , | | | | | | | |
| | Sig | nature | | Dat | te | | | |

[End of document]