

TECHNICAL WORKING PARTY FOR AGRICULTURAL CROPS

Thirty-seventh Session Nelspruit, South Africa, 2008

PREPARATORY WORKSHOP

July 13, 2008

UPOV	PROGRAM
1.	Introduction to UPOV
2.	Introduction to the Technical Working Parties
3.	Overview of the General Introduction (document TG/1/3 and TGP documents)
4.	Test Guidelines (document TGP/7) (a) Introduction (b) Guidance on drafting traracteristics (c) Method of observation (V/M; G/S) (d) Asterisked, group 2 and TQ characteristics (e) Example varieties (f) The process for developing UPOV Test Guidelines
5.	The UPOV website
6.	Agenda for the TWP meeting

(UPOV)

1. INTRODUCTION TO UPOV



UPOV

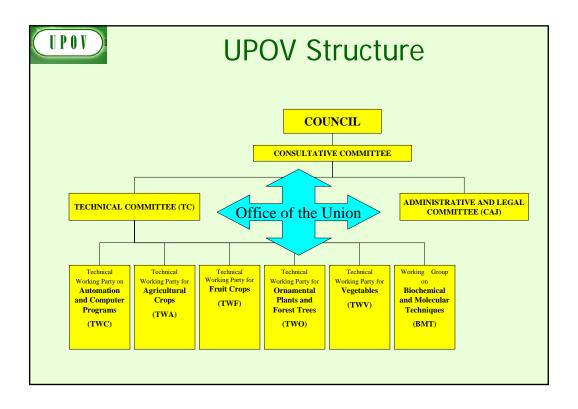
The International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants established in 1961

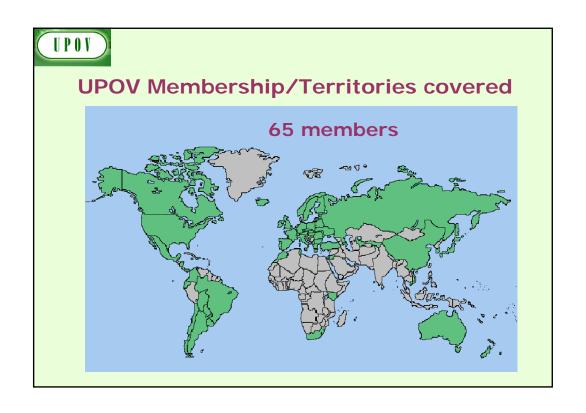
The International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants

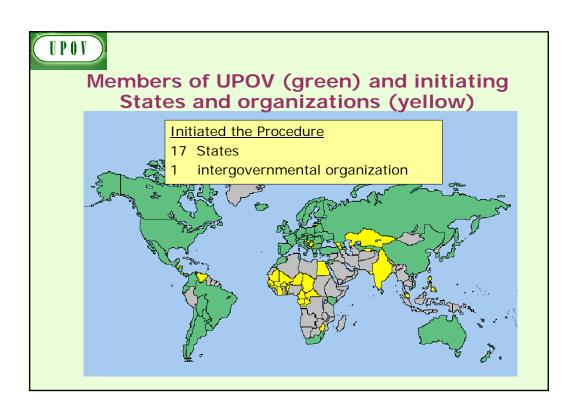
Union internationale pour la protection des obtentions végétales

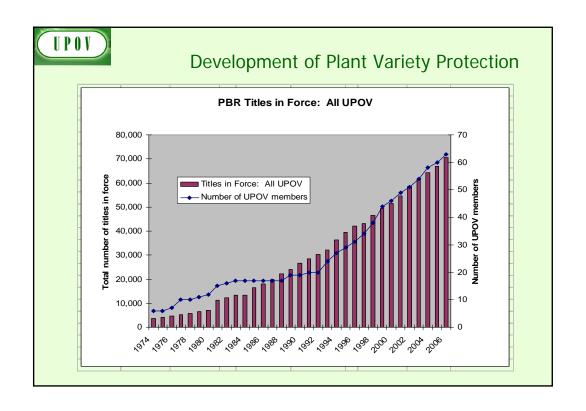


- Members of the Union
 - -States
 - -Intergovernmental Organization(s)
- Organs established by the Convention
 - -Council
 - -Office of the Union
- Other Bodies





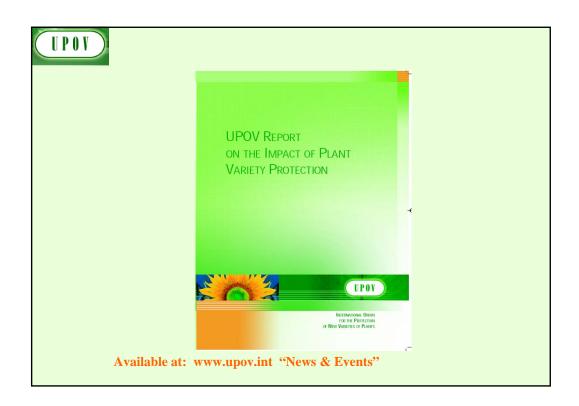






UPOV MISSION STATEMENT

"To provide and promote an effective system of plant variety protection, with the aim of encouraging the development of new varieties of plants, for the benefit of society"



2. INTRODUCTION TO THE UPOV TECHNICAL WORKING PARTIES (THE DUS EXAMINATION)



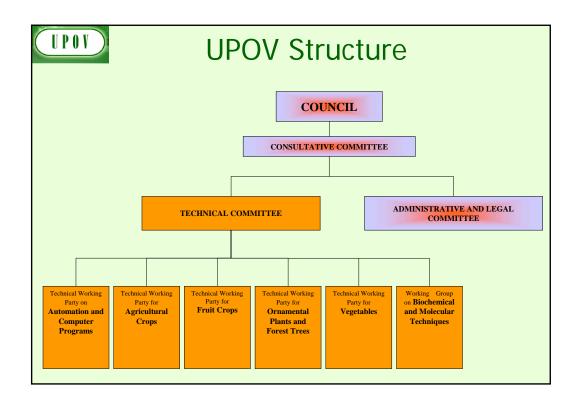


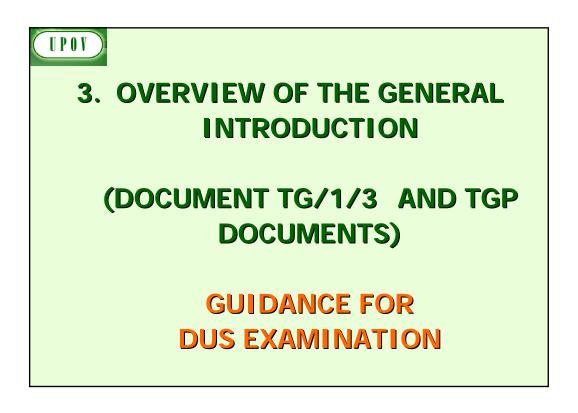
THE CONDITIONS FOR GRANTING A BREEDER'S RIGHT

Other conditions

- VARIETY DENOMINATION
- FORMALITIES
- PAYMENT OF FEES

NO OTHER CONDITIONS!







Guidance for DUS Examination

facilitates:

BEST PRACTICE (based on experience)

- => good decisions
- => good definition of the object of protection
 (strong protection)
- => efficiency in method of examination (learn from the best)

HARMONIZATION

- => efficiency
 - mutual acceptance of DUS reports (minimize cost of examination for individual authorities)
 - mutual recognition of variety descriptions (all parties speak the same "language")
 - simple and cheap system for applicants (minimize cost for breeders)



UPOV provides guidance by:

- The "General Introduction" (TG/1/3)
 - General technical principles
 - Organization of DUS Testing
 - Associated "TGP" Documents (e.g. statistical methods)

	TG/1/3 General Introduction
	<u></u>
	"Associated" TGP Documents
Ref.	Title
TG/00	List of TGP Documents and Latest Issue Dates
TGP/1	General Introduction With Explanations
TGP/2	List of Test Guidelines Adopted by UPOV
TGP/3	Varieties of Common Knowledge
TGP/4	Constitution and Maintenance of Variety Collections
TGP/5	Experience and Cooperation in DUS testing
TGP/6	Arrangements for DUS testing
TGP/7	Development of Test Guidelines
TGP/8	Trial Design and Techniques Used in the Examination of DUS
TGP/9	Examining Distinctness
TGP/10	Examining Uniformity
TGP/11	Examining Stability
TGP/12	Special Characteristics
TGP/13	Guidance for New Types and Species
TGP/14	Glossary of Technical, Botanical and Statistical Terms Used in UPOV Documents
TGP/15	New Types of Characteristics

UPOV PROGRAM 1. **Introduction to UPOV** 2. **Introduction to the UPOV Technical Working Parties** Overview of the General Introduction (document TG/1/3 and TGP documents) 3. **Test Guidelines (document TGP/7)** 4. Introduction Guidance on drafting characteristics Method of observation (V/M; G/S) Asterisked, grouping and TQ characteristics Example varieties The process for developing UPOV Test Guidelines The UPOV website 5. Agenda for the TWP meeting 6.



4. TEST GUIDELINES

(a) Introduction

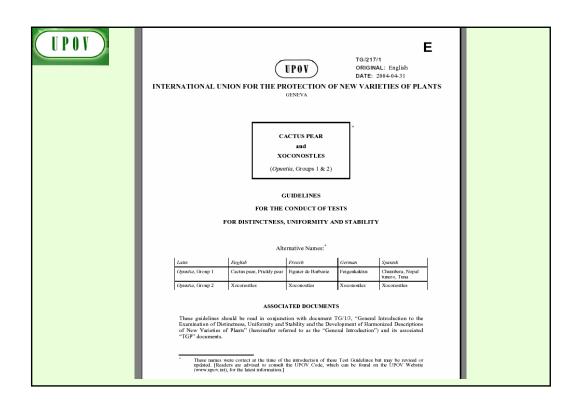


UPOV provides guidance by:

- The "General Introduction" (TG/1/3)
 - General technical principles
 - Organization of DUS Testing
 - Associated "TGP" Documents (e.g. statistical methods)

AND

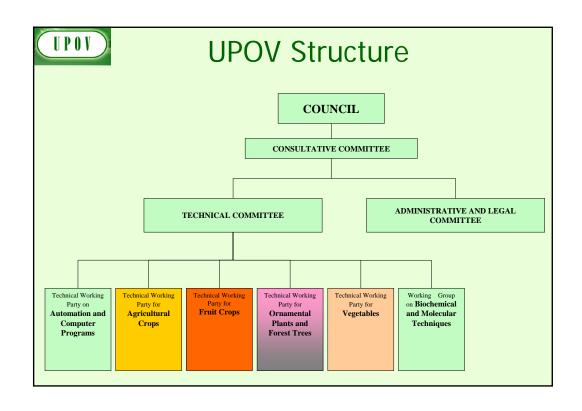
- "Test Guidelines"
 - Species/Crop-specific recommendations developed by crop experts
 - TGP/7 "Development of Test Guidelines" adopted

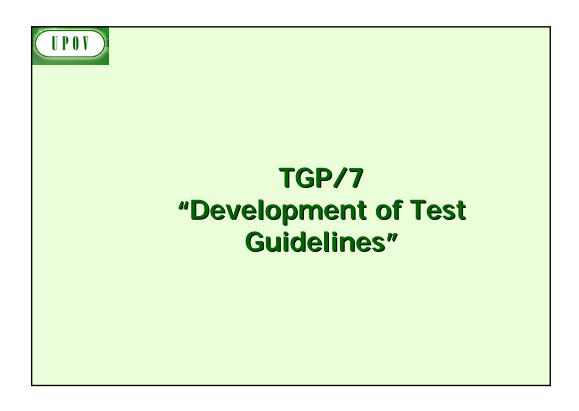




Test Guidelines

- 249 Test Guidelines adopted
- Further 62 to be discussed in 2008
 (19 revisions / 43 new Test Guidelines)







- 1. Introduction
- 2. Procedure for the Introduction and Revision of UPOV Test Guidelines
- 3. Guidance for Drafting Test Guidelines
 - •The TG Template
 - •Additional Standard Wording for the TG Template
 - •Guidance Notes for the TG Template



1. Introduction

Purpose of document TGP/7:

- ★to provide guidance on the development of

 UPOV TEST GUIDELINES
- *to provide guidance on the development of

INDIVIDUAL AUTHORITIES' TEST GUIDELINES,

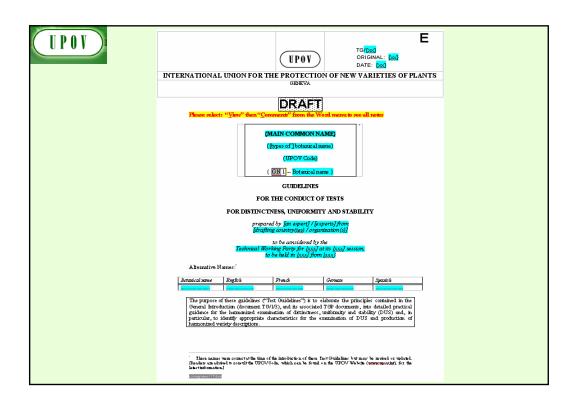
in the absence of UPOV Test Guidelines

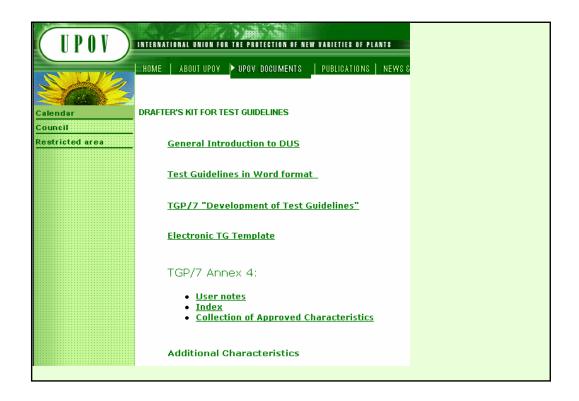


The TG Template

(Annex I of document TGP/7)

- •Format of the cover page,
- •Universal Standard wording of 10 Chapters,
- •Format of the Table of Characteristic (Chapter 7),
- •Format of the Technical Questionnaire (Chapter10)







10 Chapters of UPOV Test Guidelines

- 1. Subject of the Test Guidelines
- 2. Material Required
- 3. Methods of Examination
- 4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability
- 5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial
- 6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics
- 7. Table of Characteristics
- 8. Explanation on the Table of Characteristics
- 9. Literature
- 10. Technical Questionnaire



Format of the Table of Characteristic

Char. No. (*) (+) (QL/QN/PQ)		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
(GN 18) Order of characteristics in the Table of Characteristic s}		{GN 24 Heading of a characteristic}					
{ GN 19 Asterisked characteristics}	Recommendati ons for conducting the examination}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{ GN 12 Example varieties }	{GN 26 Notes}			
{ GN 20 Explanation of the characteristic}	{GN 23 Growth stage}	States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 12 Example varieties}	{GN 26 Notes}
Type of expression of the characteristic}	{Other}	{GN 25 States of expression of a characteristic}	{GN 12 Example varieties}	{GN 26 Notes}			



4. TEST GUIDELINES

(b) Guidance on drafting characteristics

- selection of characteristics
- types of expression (QL, QN, PQ)
- states of expression / notes



"CHARACTERISTICS"

- may have direct commercial relevance
 - Flower color (ornamental)
 - Fruit color
- but commercial relevance NOT required
 - Leaf shape



Selection of Characteristics

The basic requirements that a characteristic should fulfill before it is used for DUS testing or producing a variety description are that its expression (TG/1/3: Section 4.2.1):

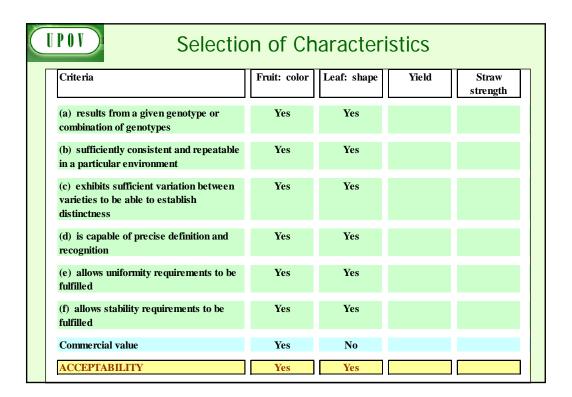
- (a) **results from a given genotype** or combination of genotypes;
- (b) is sufficiently **consistent and repeatable** in a **particular environment**;
- (c) exhibits sufficient **variation between varieties** to be able to establish distinctness;
- (d) is capable of **precise definition and recognition**;
- (e) allows uniformity requirements to be fulfilled;
- (f) allows **stability requirements** to be fulfilled, meaning that it produces consistent and repeatable results after repeated propagation or, where appropriate, at the end of each cycle of propagation.



Selection of Characteristics

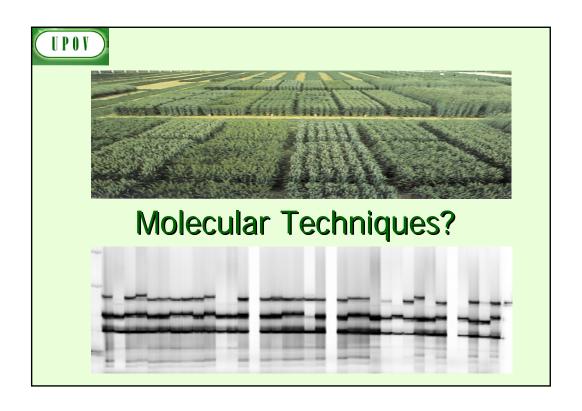
- Yield ???
- Straw strength ???

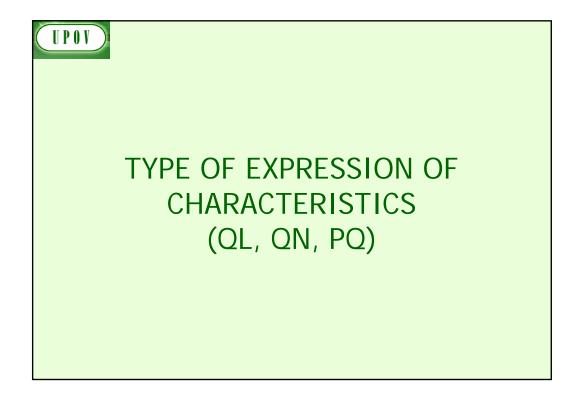
Etc.



Criteria	Fruit: color	Leaf: shape	Yield	Straw strength
(a) results from a given genotype or combination of genotypes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(b) sufficiently consistent and repeatable in a particular environment	Yes	Yes	(No)	(No)
(c) exhibits sufficient variation between varieties to be able to establish distinctness	Yes	Yes	???	???
(d) is capable of precise definition and recognition	Yes	Yes	(No)	???
(e) allows uniformity requirements to be fulfilled	Yes	Yes	???	???
(f) allows stability requirements to be fulfilled	Yes	Yes	???	???
Commercial value	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

Special Characte	eristics: Disease Resistance
Criteria	Disease Resistance
(a) results from a given genotype or combination of genotypes	*Knowledge of nature of genetic control of resistance is important
(b) sufficiently consistent and repeatable in a particular environment	*Standardize conditions (greenhouse / laboratory) & methodology *Standardize inoculum *Ring-test
(c) exhibits sufficient variation between varieties to be able to establish distinctness	*Susceptible / Resistant OR varying degrees of resistance?
(d) is capable of precise definition and recognition	*Define and recognize races and strains
(e) allows uniformity requirements to be fulfilled	see above
(f) allows stability requirements to be fulfilled	see above
	Difficult and expensive

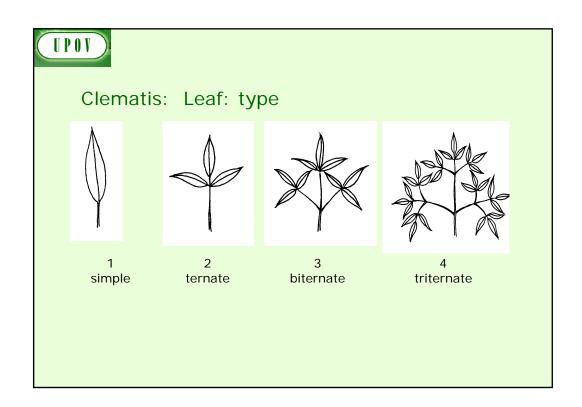




Qualitative Characteristics

"Qualitative characteristics" are those that are **expressed in discontinuous states** (e.g. sex of plant: dioecious female (1), dioecious male (2), monoecious unisexual (3), monoecious hermaphrodite (4)).

These states are self-explanatory and independently meaningful. All states are necessary to describe the full range of the characteristic, and every form of expression can be described by a single state. The order of states is not important. As a rule, the **characteristics are not influenced by environment**.



Qualitative Characteristics

In qualitative characteristics, the difference between two varieties may be considered clear if one or more characteristics have expressions that fall into two different states in the Test Guidelines. Varieties should not be considered distinct for a qualitative characteristic if they have the same state of expression.

(e.g. sex of plant: dioecious female (1), dioecious male (2), monoecious unisexual (3), monoecious hermaphrodite (4)).

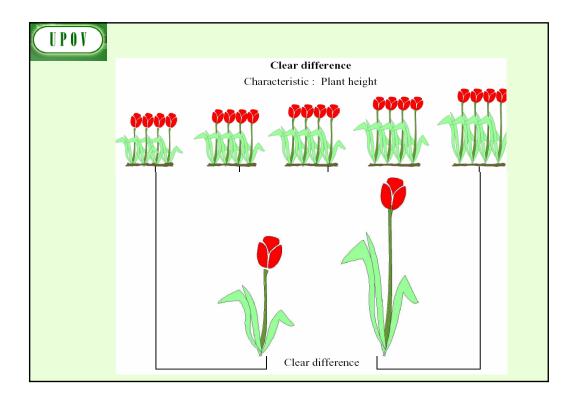
(UPOV)

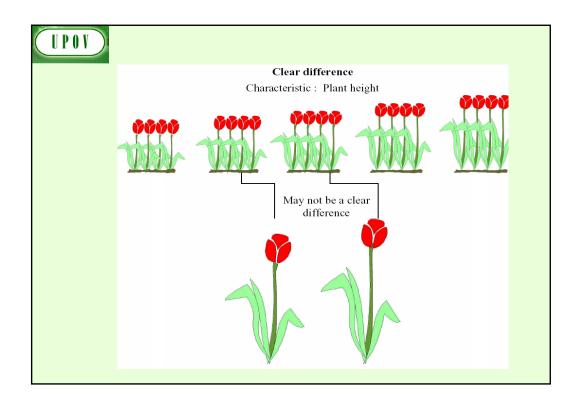
Ouantitative Characteristics

"Quantitative characteristics" are those where the expression covers the full range of variation from one extreme to the other. The **expression can be recorded on a one-dimensional, continuous or discrete, linear scale**. The range of expression is divided into a number of states for the purpose of description (e.g. length of stem: very short (1), short (3), medium (5), long (7), very long (9)). The division seeks to provide, as far as is practical, an even distribution across the scale. The Test Guidelines do not specify the difference needed for distinctness. The states of expression should, however, be meaningful for DUS assessment.

Quantitative Characteristics

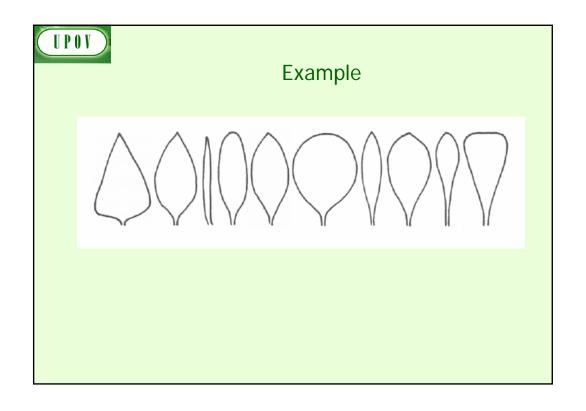
Quantitative characteristics are considered for distinctness according to the method of observation and the features of propagation of the variety concerned.

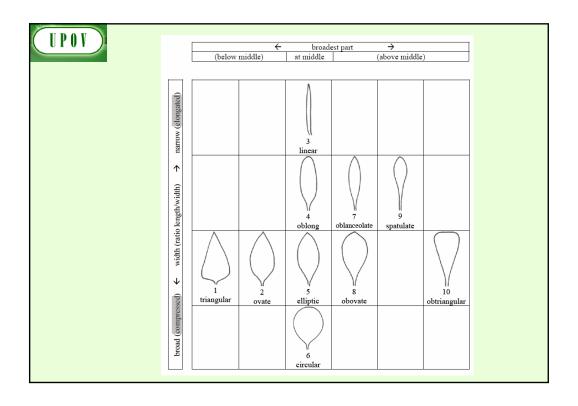


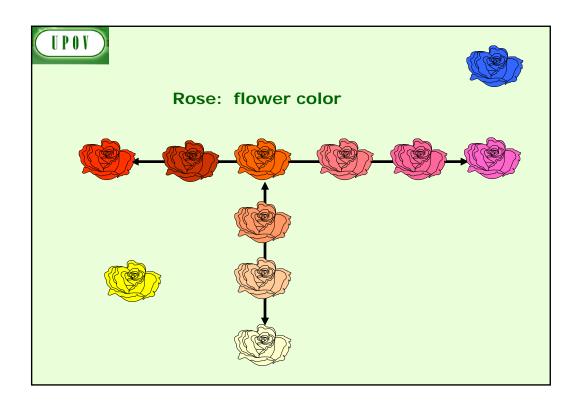


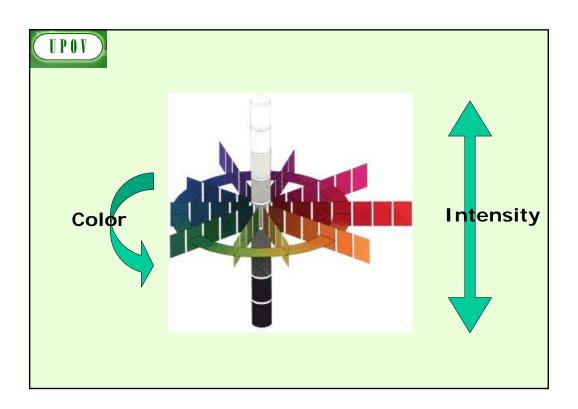
Pseudo-Qualitative Characteristics

In the case of "pseudo-qualitative characteristics," the **range of expression is at least partly continuous, but varies in more than one dimension** (e.g. shape: ovate (1), elliptic (2), circular (3), obovate (4)) and cannot be adequately described by just defining two ends of a linear range. In a similar way to qualitative (discontinuous) characteristics — hence the term "pseudo-qualitative" — each individual state of expression needs to be identified to adequately describe the range of the characteristic.



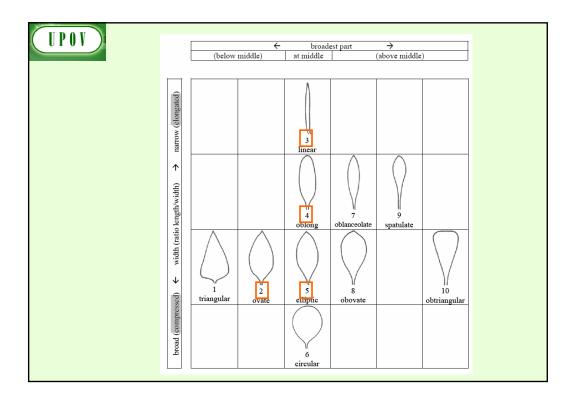






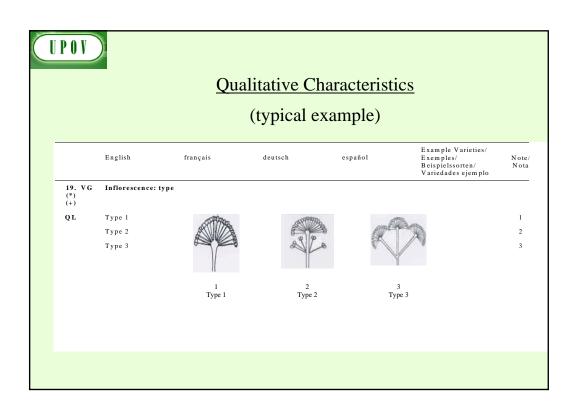
Pseudo-Qualitative Characteristics

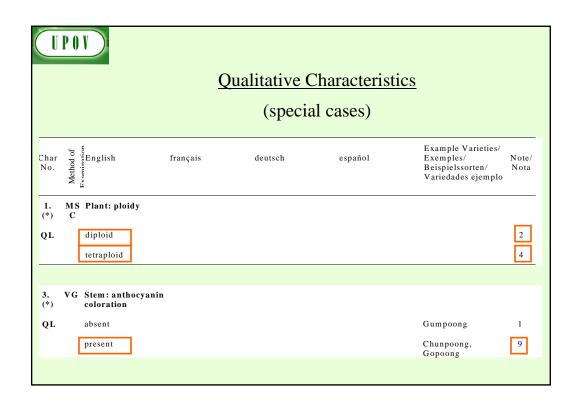
A different state in the Test Guidelines may not be sufficient to establish distinctness (see also section 5.5.2.3). However, in certain circumstances, varieties described by the same state of expression may be clearly distinguishable.

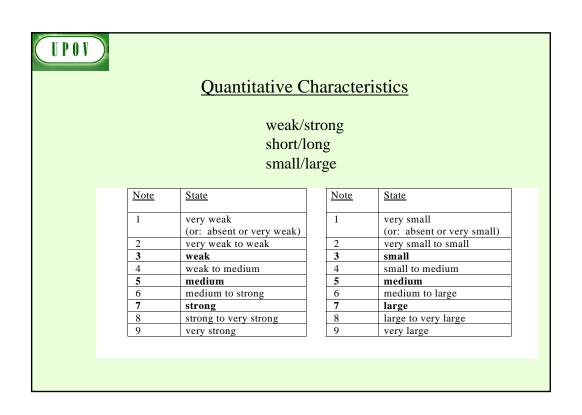




STATES / NOTES for QL, QN ,PQ









Quantitative Characteristics

Standard Range Version 1	Standard Range Version 2	Standard Range Version 3	Standard Range Version 4
1 very weak	1 very weak	-	-
(or: absent or very weak)	(or: absent or very weak)		
3 weak	3 weak	3 weak	3 weak
5 medium	5 medium	5 medium	5 medium
7 strong	7 strong	7 strong	7 strong
9 very strong	-	9 very strong	-



Quantitative Characteristics

State	Example 1	Example 2	Example 3	Example 4
	Size relative to:	Angle:	Position:	Length in relation to:
1	much smaller	very acute	at base	equal
3	moderately smaller	moderately acute	one quarter from base	slightly shorter
5	same size	right angle	in middle	moderately shorter
7	moderately larger	moderately obtuse	one quarter from apex end	much shorter
9	much larger	very obtuse	at apex	very much shorter



Quantitative Characteristics

Limited range

State	Example 1
	Stem: attitude
1	erect
3	semi-erect
5	prostrate

Condensed range

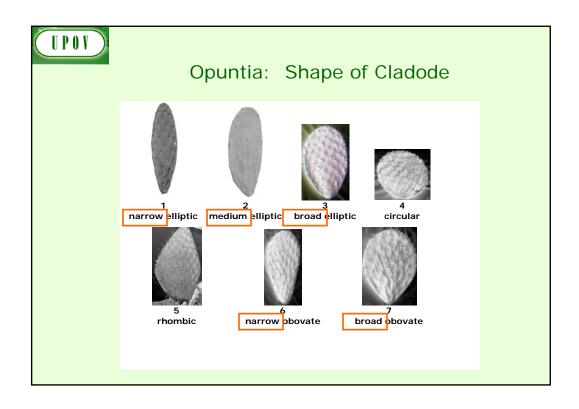
Exa	ample 1
1	e.g. absent or very weak
	(absent or very weakly expressed)
2	weak
	(weakly expressed)
3	strong
	(strongly expressed)

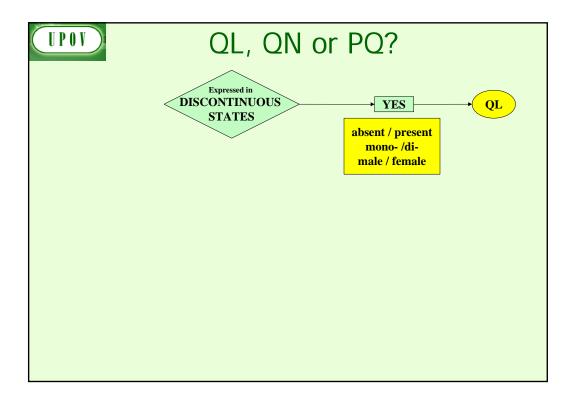
Exa	ample 2
1	e.g. absent or weak
	(absent or weakly expressed)
2	moderate (or medium)
	(moderately expressed)
3	strong
	(strongly expressed)

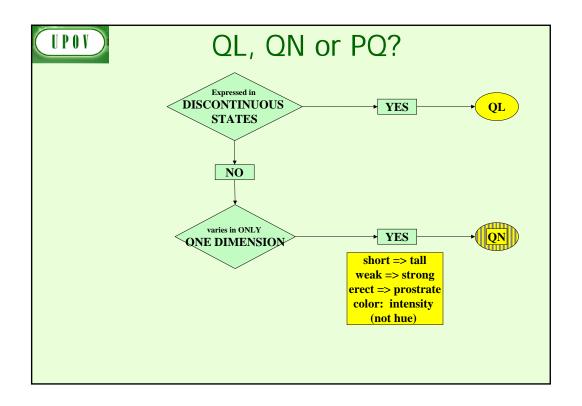


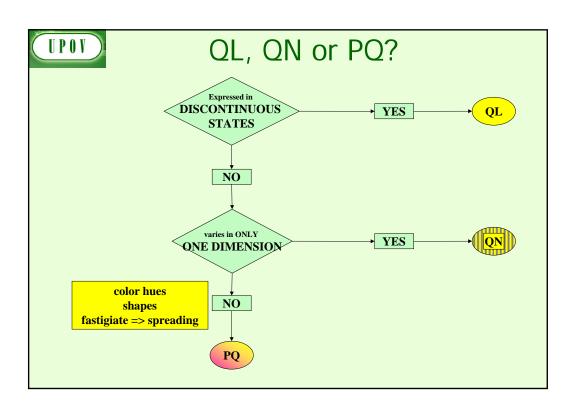
Pseudo-qualitative Characteristics (typical examples)

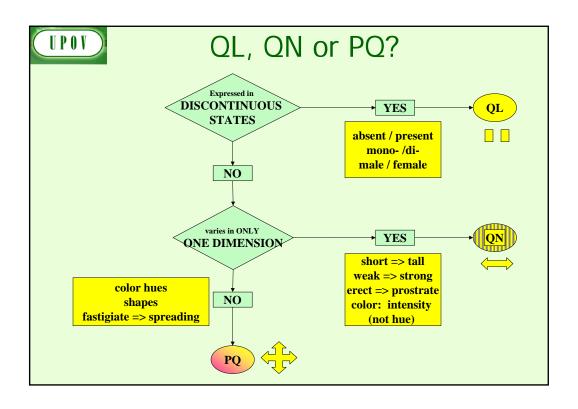
	4 . +)	Flower: color of the center	Fleur: couleur du centre	Farbe der Mitte	Flor: color del centro	
P	Q	green	vert	grün	verde	1
		yellow	jaune	gelb	amarillo	2
		orange	orange	orange	naranja	3
		pink	rose	rosa	rosa	4
		red	rouge	rot	rojo	5
		purple	pourpre	purpurn	ри́грига	6













Types of Expression

QL: Qualitative

QN: Quantitative

PQ: Pseudo-qualitative

UPOV)		
		Note/ Nota
1.	Plant: ploidy	
	diploid	2
	tetraploid	4
	hexaploid	6
	octoploid	8

UPOV		
2.	Leaf sheath: anthocyanii coloration	n
	absent or very weak	1
	weak	3
	medium	5
	strong	7
	very strong	9
		-

UPOV 3.	Plant: rhizomes	
	absent	1
	present	9

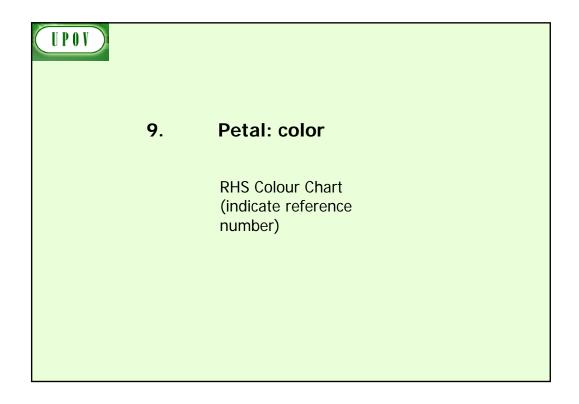
UPOV			
	4.	Plant: growth habit	
		erect	1
		semi erect	3
		medium	5
		semi prostrate	7
		prostrate	9
_			

5.	Leaf blade: ratio length/width	
	very small	1
	small	3
	medium	5
	large	7
	very large	Ç

POV			
	6.	Petal: color	
		white	1
		yellow	2
		orange	3
		red	4
		pink	5
		purple	6

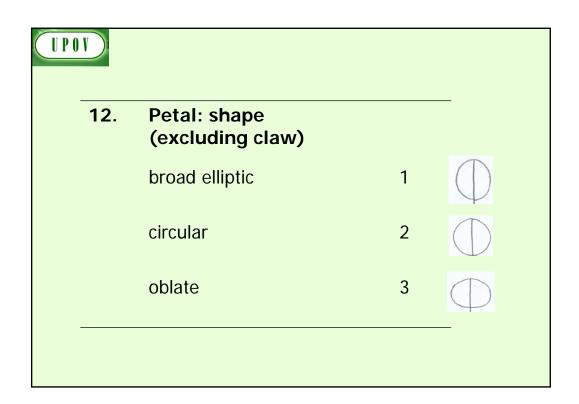
7.	Leaf blade: intensity of green color of upper side	
	light	3
	medium	5
	dark	7

8.	Leaf blade: shape of base	
	acute	
	obtuse	
	truncate	•
	cordate	



UPOV			
	10.	Leaf blade: profile in cross section	
		straight or weakly concave	1
		moderately concave	2
		strongly concave	3

UPOV			
	11.	Flower: position of stigma relative to anthers	
		below	1
		same level	2
		above	3





4. TEST GUIDELINES (document TGP/7)

(c) Method of observation(visual / measurement;single record / several records)



Method of Observation

M: Measurement:

an objective observation against a calibrated, linear scale e.g. using a ruler, weighing scales, colorimeter, dates, counts, etc.);

V: Visual observation:

includes observations where the expert uses reference points (e.g. diagrams, example varieties, side-by-side comparison) or non-linear charts (e.g. color charts).

"Visual" observation refers to the sensory observations of the expert and, therefore, also includes smell, taste and touch.

UPOV

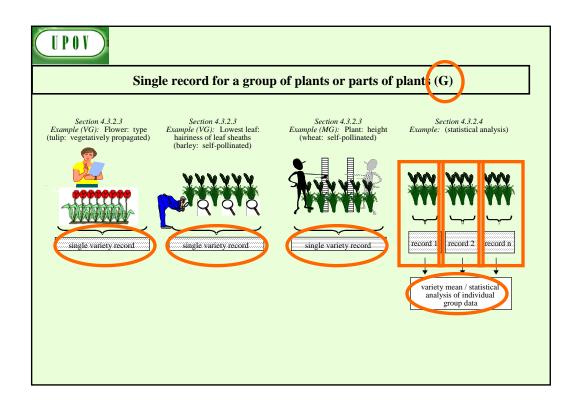
Type of Record

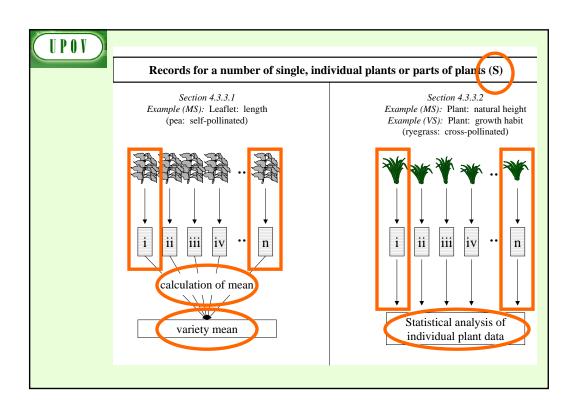
(for the purposes of distinctness)

<u>G</u>: **single record** for a variety, or a **GROUP of plants** or parts of plants;

In most cases, "G" provides a single record per variety and it is not possible or necessary to apply statistical methods in a plantby-plant analysis for the assessment of distinctness.

<u>s</u>: records for a number of **SINGLE**, individual **plants** or parts of plants ...







4. TEST GUIDELINES (document TGP/7)

(d) Asterisked, grouping and TQ characteristics (functional categories)



Standard Test Guidelines Characteristic

Function	Criteria
1.Characteristics that are accepted by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular	1.Must satisfy the criteria for use of any characteristic for DUS as set out in Chapter 4, section 4.2 .
circumstances.	2.Must have been used to develop a variety description by at least one member of the Union .
	3. Where there is a long list of such characteristics and, where considered appropriate, there may be an indication of the extent of use of each characteristic.



Asterisked Characteristic

Function	Criteria
1.Characteristics that are important for the international	1. Must be a characteristic included in the Test Guidelines.
harmonization of variety descriptions.	2. Should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union
	EXCEPT when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.
	3.Must be useful for function 1.
	4. Particular care should be taken before selection of disease resistance characteristics.



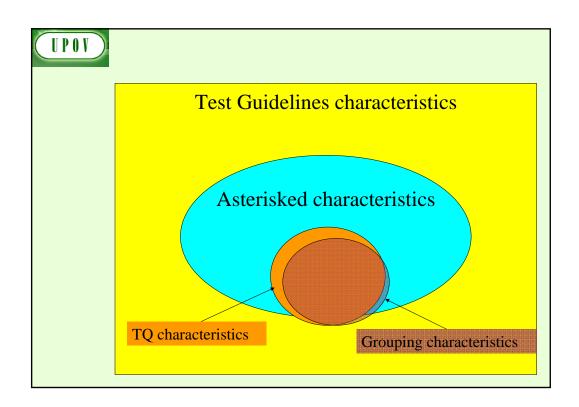
Grouping Characteristic

	Function	Criteria
char	documented states of expression, even where recorded at different locations, can be used either in with other such	1.(a) Qualitative characteristics or (b) Quantitative or pseudo-qualitative characteristics which provide useful discrimination between the varieties of commor knowledge from documented states of expression recorded at different locations.
1.	characteristics: to select varieties of common knowledge that can be	2.Must be useful for functions 1 and 2.
	excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness, and/or	3. Should be an asterisked characteristic and/or included in the Technical Questionnaire or application form.
2 .	to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together	aucstromatic of application form.



Relationship between functions

- (a) **GROUPING CHARACTERISTICS** selected from the Table of Characteristics should, in general, **receive an asterisk** in the Table of Characteristics and be **included in the Technical Questionnaire**.
- (b)TQ CHARACTERISTICS selected from the Table of Characteristics should, in general, receive an asterisk in the Table of Characteristics and be used as grouping characteristics. TQ characteristics are not restricted to those characteristics used as grouping characteristics;
- (c) ASTERISKED CHARACTERISTICS are not restricted to those characteristics selected as grouping or TQ characteristics.



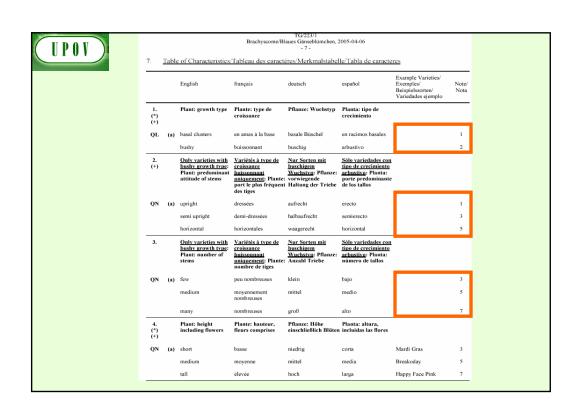


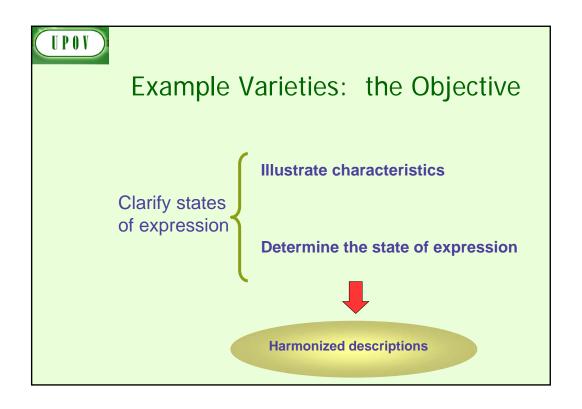
4. TEST GUIDELINES (document TGP/7)

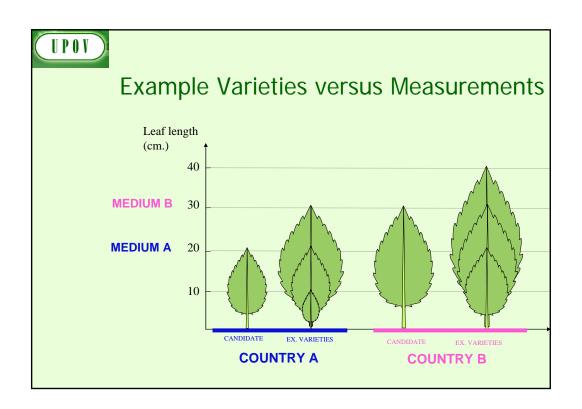
(e) Example varieties

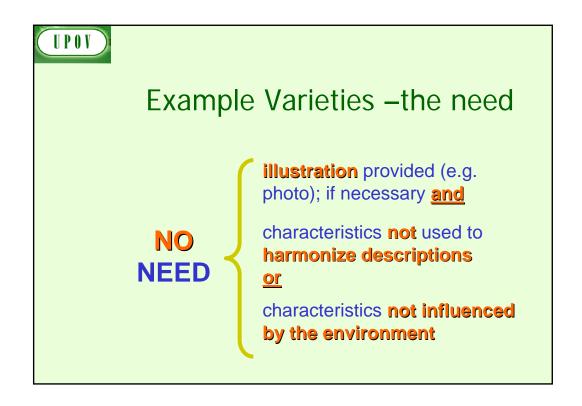
UPOV	7. <u>Ta</u>	TG/13/9 Lettuce/Laitue/Salat/Lechuga, 2004-03-31 - 7 - Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres						
		English	français	Deutsch	españo l	Example Varieties Exemples Beispielssorten Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota	
	1. (*)	Seed: color	Semence: couleur	Samen: Farbe	Semilla: color			
		white	blanche	weiß	blanco	Verpia	1	
		yellow	jaune	gelb	amarillo	Durango	2	
		black	noire	schwarz	negro	Kagraner Sommer	3	
	2. (*) (+)	Seedling: anthocyanin coloration	Plantule: pigmentation anthocyanique	Keimpflanze: Anthocyanfärbung	Plántula: pigmentación antociánica			
		absent	absente	fehlend	ausente	Verpia	1	
		present	présente	vorhanden	presente	Pirat	9	
	3.	Seedling: size of cotyledon (fully developed)	Plantule: taille du cotylédon (à complet développement)	Keimpflanze: Größe des Keimblatts (voll entwickelt)				
		small	petit	klein	pequeño	Romance	3	
		medium	moyen	mittel	medio	Expresse	5	
		large	grand	groß	grande	Verpia	7	

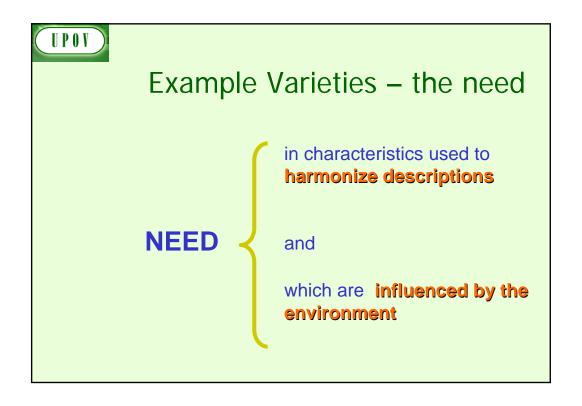
			Perilla/Péril	TG/219/1 le/Perilla/Perilla, 2004 - 10 -	-03-31		
		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
14.	VG	Leaf blade: intensity of purplish color of <u>lower</u> side		Blattspreite: Intensität der Purpurfarbe der Unterseite	Limbo: intensidad del color purpúreo del envés		
QN	(a)	very light	très claire	sehr hell	muy claro		1
		light	claire	hell	claro	Perlime	3
		medium	moyenne	mittel	medio		5
		dark	foncée	dunkel	oscuro	Perro	7
		very dark	très foncée	sehr dunkel	muy oscuro	Bora, Purple	9
15.	VG	Leaf blade: profile	Limbe: profil	Blattspreite: Profil	Limbo: perfil		
$\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{N}$	(a)	concave	concave	konkav	cóncavo	Perro	3
		plane	plan	flach	plano	Pergro, Saeyeupsil	5
		convex	convexe	konvex	convexo		7

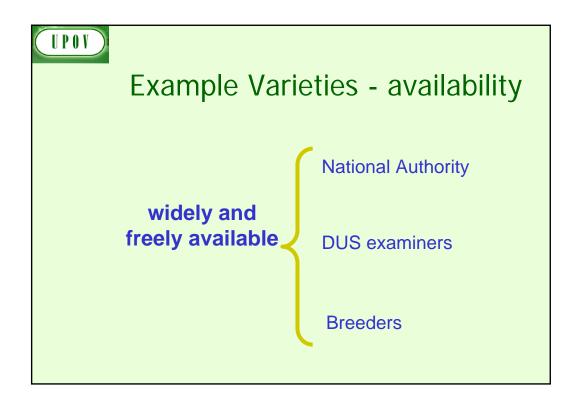


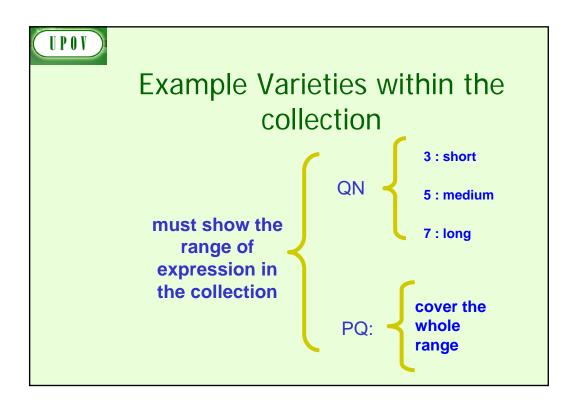














Example Varieties Fluctuation

Maintain the expression for the characteristic in relation to the other varieties in the collection



Example Varieties number

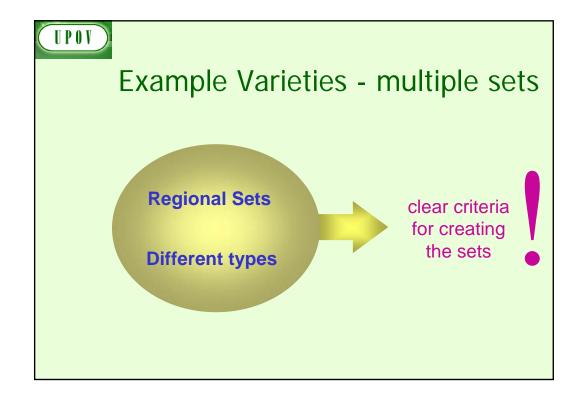
All desired characteristics covered with the minimum number of example varieties

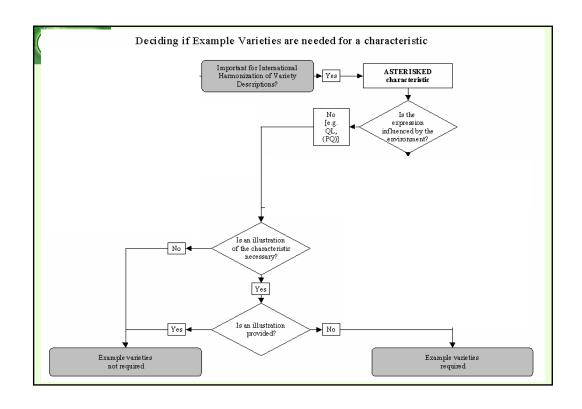


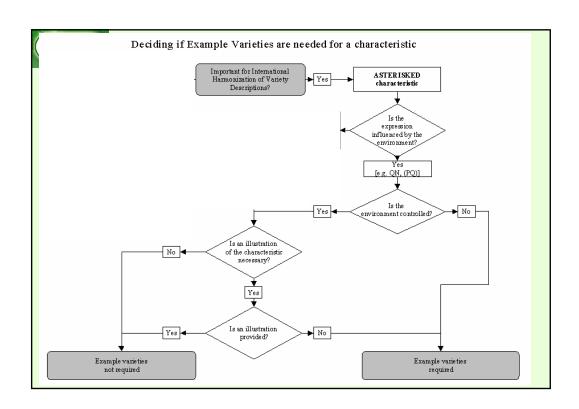
Example Varieties - agreement

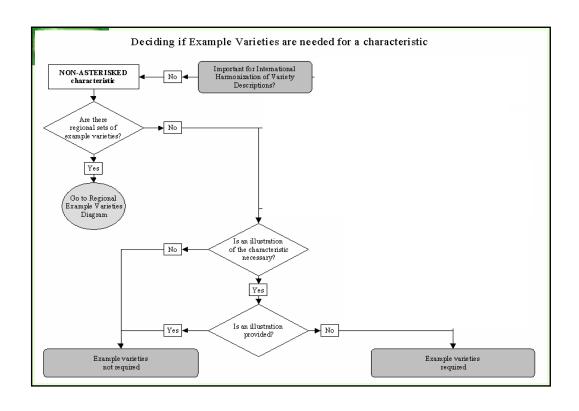
Proposed by the Leading Expert of the TG (in cooperation with interested experts)

Accepted if no objections are presented











UPOV				
		English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
4. (*) (+)		Plant: height including flowers		
QN	(a)	short	?	3
		medium		5
		tall		7

		English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. (*) (+)		Plant: growth type	9	
QL	(a)	basal clusters	•	1
		bushy		2

	English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note Nota
2. (+)	Only varieties with bushy growth type: Plant: predominant attitude of stems		
QN (a)	upright	?	1
	semi upright		3
	horizontal		5

		English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
5. (*) (+)		Plant: width including flowers		
QN	(a)	narrow	?	3
		medium		5
		broad		7

UPOV						
			English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota	
	9. (*) (+)		Leaf: margins	0		
	QL	(a) (b)	entire	?	1	
			divided		2	

UPOV						
			English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota	
	7. (*) (+)		Leaf: length			
	QN	(a) (b)	short	9	3	
			medium	•	5	
			long		7	
			very long		9	

		English	Ex Be	kample Varieties/ kemples/ eispielssorten/ ariedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
20. (+)		Flower: bud color			
PQ	(c)	RHS Colour Chart (indicate reference number)		?	

UPOV			English	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota	
	10. (*) (+)		Only varieties with entire leaf margins: Leaf: shape			
	PQ	(a) (b)	ovate		1	
		(-)	linear		2	
			oblong	9	3	
			elliptic	•	4	
			circular		5	
			oblanceolate		6	
			obovate		7	
			spatulate		8	
			obtriangular		9	
			· -	-		

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4. TEST GUIDELINES (document TGP/7)

(f) The process for developing UPOV

Test Guidelines



Test Guidelines

• 249 Test Guidelines adopted

but...

 >2,500 genera and species with varieties examined for PBR



GENIE Database

(Genus / species)





GENIE Database



Variety denomination related information Protection offered by UPOV members

DUS information

- UPOV Test Guidelines
- practical experience of UPOV (document TC/44/4)
- cooperation in DUS examination (document C/41/5)



PRIORITY for UPOV Test Guidelines

PRIORITY for species or crops with high:

- number of authorities receiving PBR applications;
- number of PBR applications;
- number of foreign applications received by UPOV members;
- economic importance;
- level of breeding activity

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EXAMPLE (New Test Guidelines)

Test Guidelines: *Plantus magnifica* L.

(Common name: Alpha)

Technical Working Party: TWX

TWX (2005):

TWX (2006):

Alpha (proj.1)

Alpha (proj.2)

Alpha (proj.3)

Alpha (proj.3)

Alpha (proj.4)

Alpha (proj.4)

Alpha (proj.4)

Alpha (proj.5)

Technical Committee (2008):

Final adopted document (2008):

TG/500/1

(UPOV)

Exercise:

is there a problem?

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1.	Branch: length	
	short (<15cm)	1
QN	medium (16-45cm)	2
	long (>45cm)	3



2.	Flower: petaloid stamens	
QN	absent	1
	few (>0 - 20%)	2
	medium (>20-95%)	3
	many (>95%)	4

UPOV	3. (+)	One-year-old position of ve bud in relatio	getative				
	PQ	adpressed		1			
		slightly held o	ut	2			
		markedly held	out	3			
			9	2		A	
		adp	1 ressed	2 slightly held o	out	markedly held out	

4. Leaf blade: texture

PQ soft 1

coriaceous 2

5.	Fruit: conspicuousness of lenticels		
QL	inconspicuous	1	
	conspicuous	2	,

| 6. Scape: shape of top

QL acute 1
obtuse 2

UPOV					
	7. (*)	Leaf: shape			
	QL	elliptic	Esmamerica	1	
		ovate	Barfast	2	

8. Leaf blade:
undulation of margin

QN absent or very weak 1
medium 2
strong 3

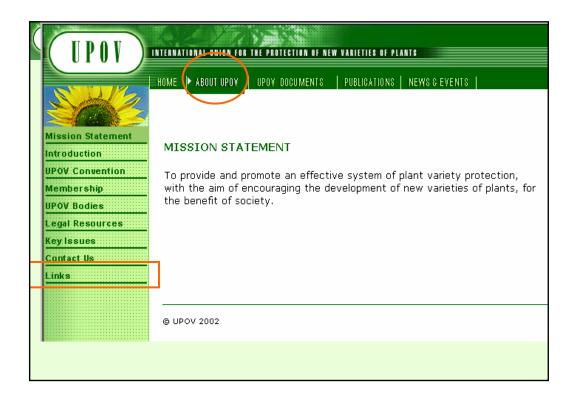
UPO	V			
	9. VG (*)	Stem: position of long side branches		
	PQ	mainly lower third	1	
		mainly middle third	2	
		along whole stem	3	

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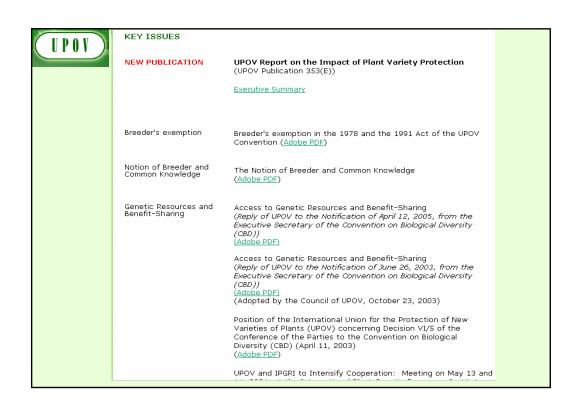
5. THE UPOV WEBSITE

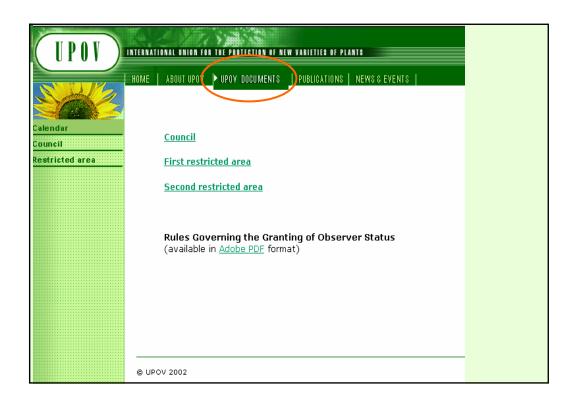


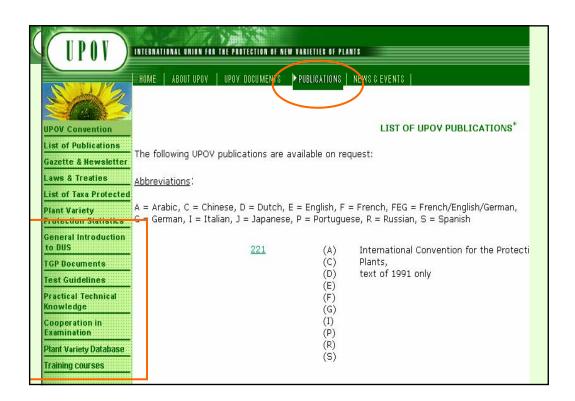


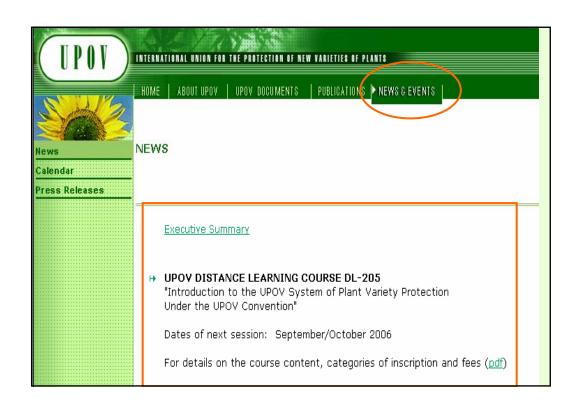


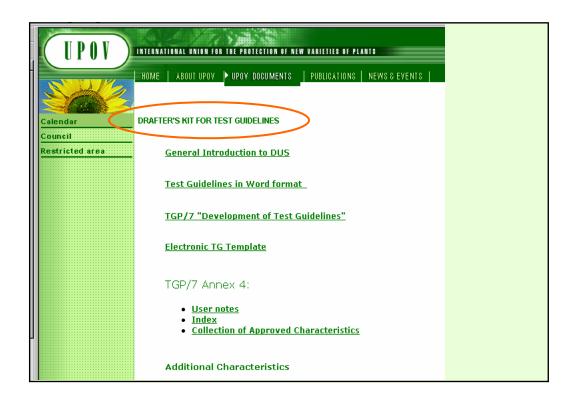












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6. AGENDA for the TWA Session

