



BMT/15/26

ORIGINAL: English

DATE: June 27, 2016

INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

Geneva

**WORKING GROUP ON BIOCHEMICAL AND MOLECULAR
TECHNIQUES AND DNA PROFILING IN PARTICULAR**

Fifteenth Session

Moscow, Russian Federation, May 24 to 27, 2016

**ASSESSMENT AND CLASSIFICATION OF BREEDING ACCESSIONS OF VEGETABLE PLANTS WITH
THE USE OF DNA MARKERS**

Document prepared by experts from Russian Federation

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The Annex to this document contains a copy of a presentation "Assessment and classification of breeding accessions of vegetable plants with the use of DNA markers" made at its fifteenth session of the Working Group on Biochemical and Molecular Techniques and DNA-Profiling in particular (BMT).

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[Annex follows]

Assessment and classification of breeding accessions of vegetable plants with the use of DNA markers

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The common plant breeding accessions

Species – groups of actually or potentially interbreeding natural populations which are reproductively isolated from other such groups. Species are the largest and most inclusive reproductive communities of sexual and cross-fertilizing individuals that share in a common gene pool (Mayr 1940; Dobzhansky 1950)

Variety – in classical taxonomy, heterogeneous grouping including non genetic variation of the phenotype, morph, domestic breeds, and geographic races (Mayr 1963).

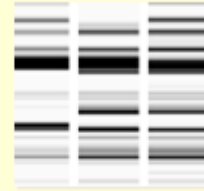
Cultivar - grouping of plants selected for desirable characteristics that can be maintained by propagation.

Cultivar groups – the most closely related cultivars used for a long time for specific environment condition

Biotechnologically produced plants – DH, cloned accessions, genetically modified etc.

Variation matching in DNA sequence

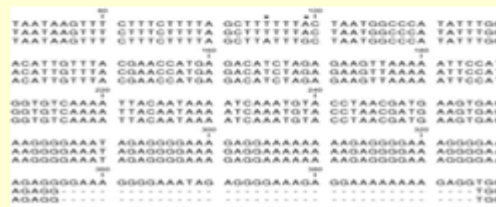
Lack of sufficient locus (200-600 b.p.) in one genome and its presence in genome of other genotype
Differences in PCR product migration revealed by methods RAPD, AFLP, ISSR.....



Difference in 5-10 nucleotides at loci of genotypes studied by methods SSR, STS....



Variation of one nucleotide at locus studied by methods SSR, SNP, CAPS....



Phylogenetic relationships among Brassica species «U-triangle» (U, 1935; Karpechenko, 1922)

Naturally occurred hybridization
of these species produced

allotetraploid forms

- B.rapa (leafy Asian genotypes turnip, bird rape, nappa cabbage – genome A, n=10),
- B.nigra (black mustard - genome B, n=8),
- B.oleracea (head cabbage, Broccoli, Brussels sprout, Kohlrabi, Savoy, cauliflower, ornamental – genome C, n=9),

- B. juncea (green mustard - AB, n=18),
- B.napus (rapeseed, rutabagas - AC, n=19),
- B.carinata (Abyssinian mustard, Ethiopian mustard) - BC, n=17).

«U-triangle»
(U, 1935; Karpechenko, 1922)

B.гара
(геном A, n=10)

B.juncea
(AB, n=18)

B.napus
(AC, n=19)

B.nigra
(геном B, n=8)

B.carinata
(BC, n=17)

B.oleracea
(геном C, n=9)

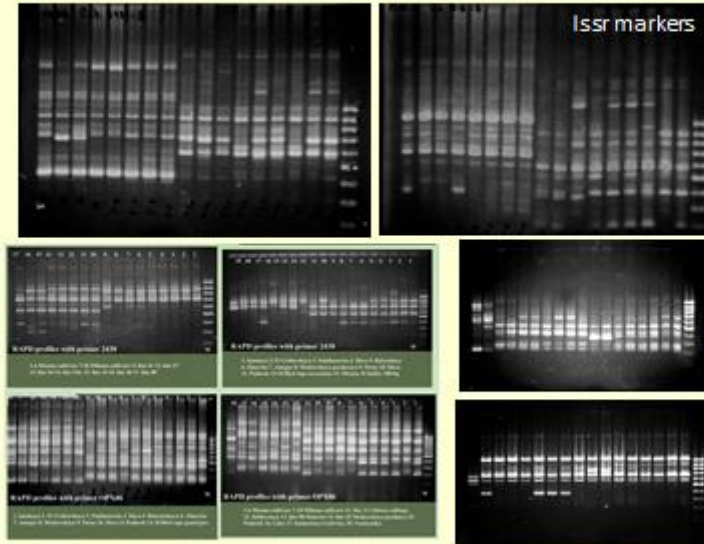
Plant material

genome C was represented by 12 commercial cultivars and 8 inbred lines of head cabbage *Brassica oleracea* convar. *capitata*(L.) Alef. var. *capitata* L. f. *alba* DC., 2 cultivars of red cabbage (convar. *Capitata* (L.) Alef. var. *capitata* L. f. *rubra*(L.) Thell.), 3 cultivars of ornamental cabbage (convar. *acefala* D.C.), 1 cultivar of broccoli (var. *cymosa* Duch), 1 cultivar of Savoy cabbage (convar. *capitata*(L.) Alef. var. *sabauda* L.), 1 accession of kohlrabi (convar. *acefala*(DC.) Alef. var. *gongylodes* L.)

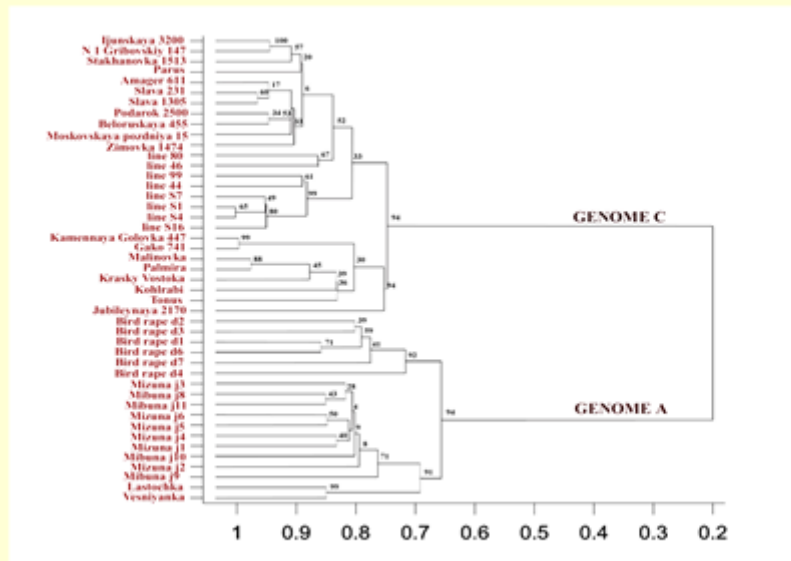
genome A,

2 cultivars of Chinese cabbage *Brassica rapa* ssp. *chinensis* (L.) Hanelt., 8 accessions of bird rape (ssp. *oleifera* (DC.) Metzger f. *biennis*), 10 accessions of Mizuna and Mibuna salad green (ssp. *nipposinica* (Bailey) Hanelt) from All-Russian Research Institute of Vegetable Breeding and Seed Production and N.I. Vavilov Research Institute of Plant Industry.

Examples of agarose gel electrophoregrams

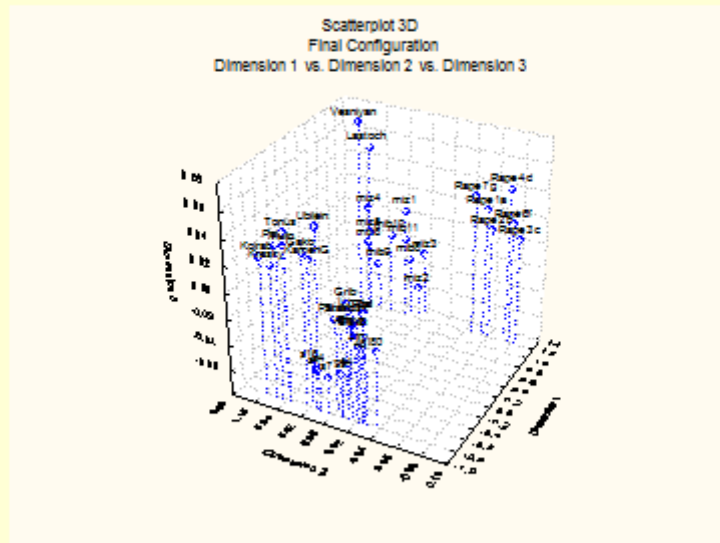


DNA classification of Brassica breeding accessions

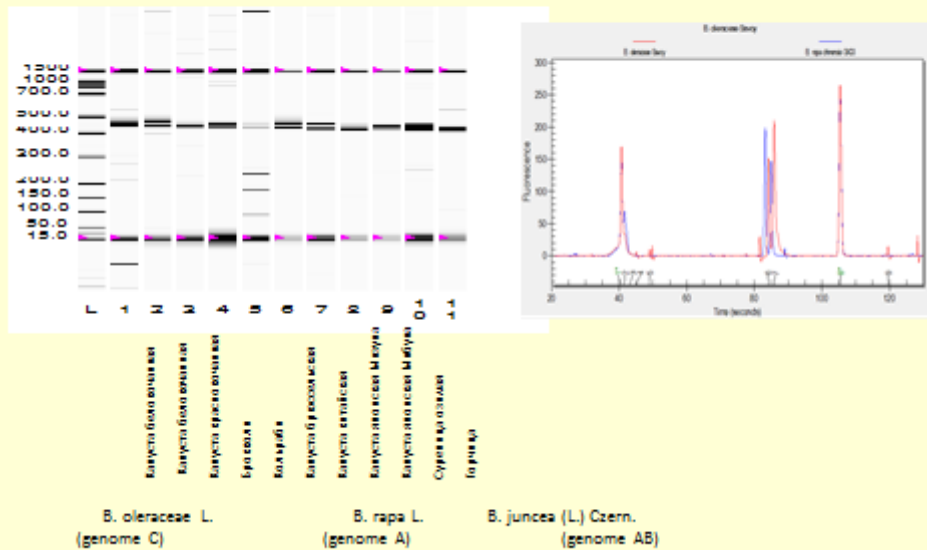


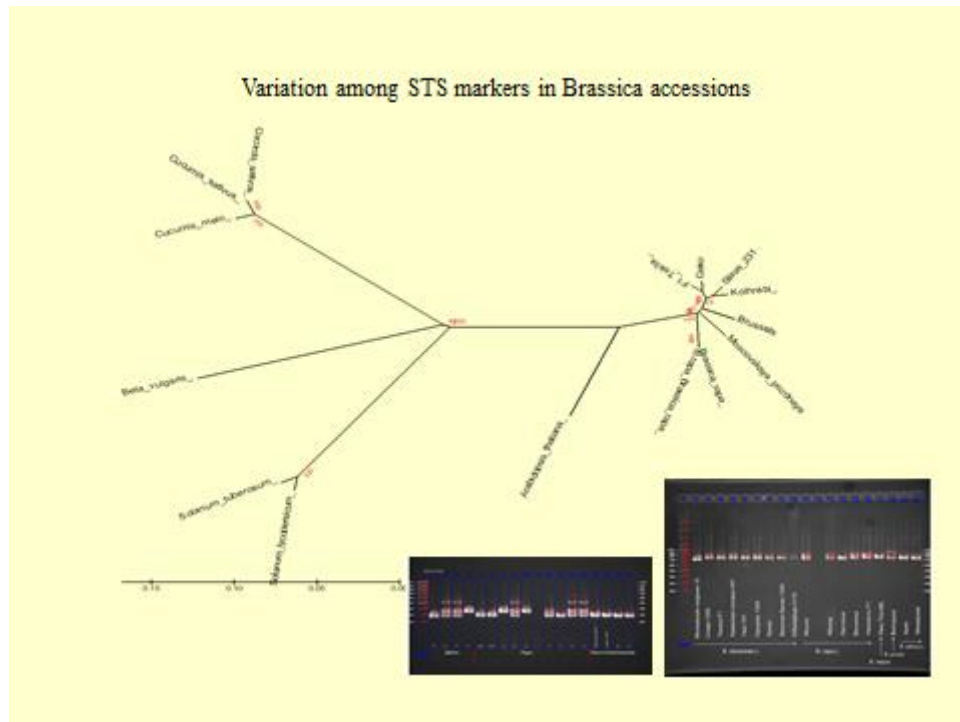
On the basis of RAPD, ISSR, SSR analysis

Three-dimensional plot of Brassica accessions



Results of gene locus amplification





Polymorphism of ISSR and SSR markers in accessions of *Allium* genus



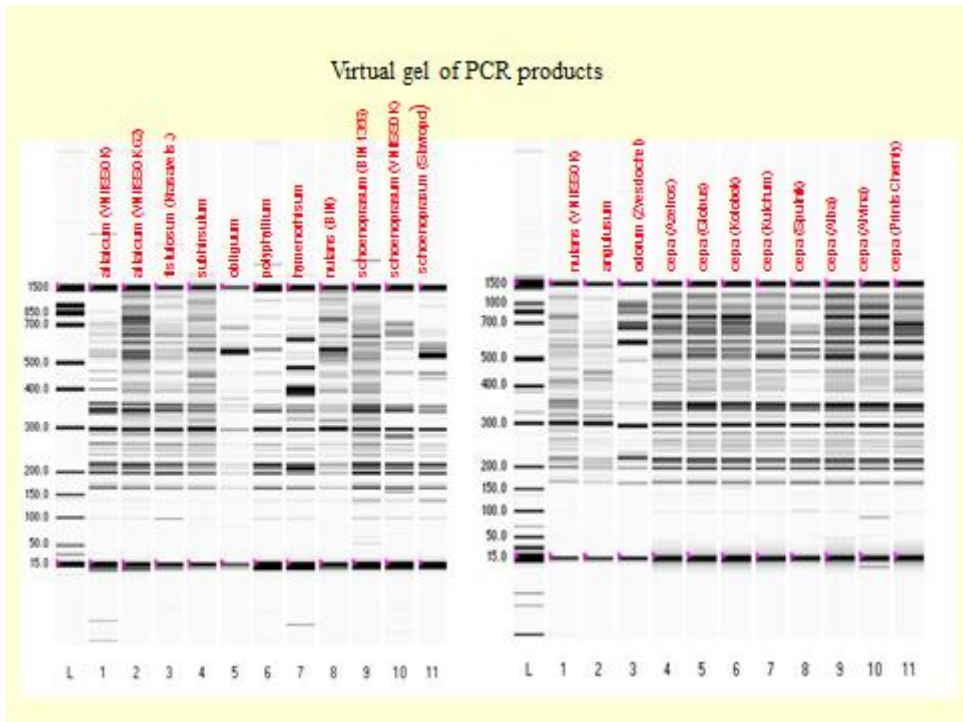
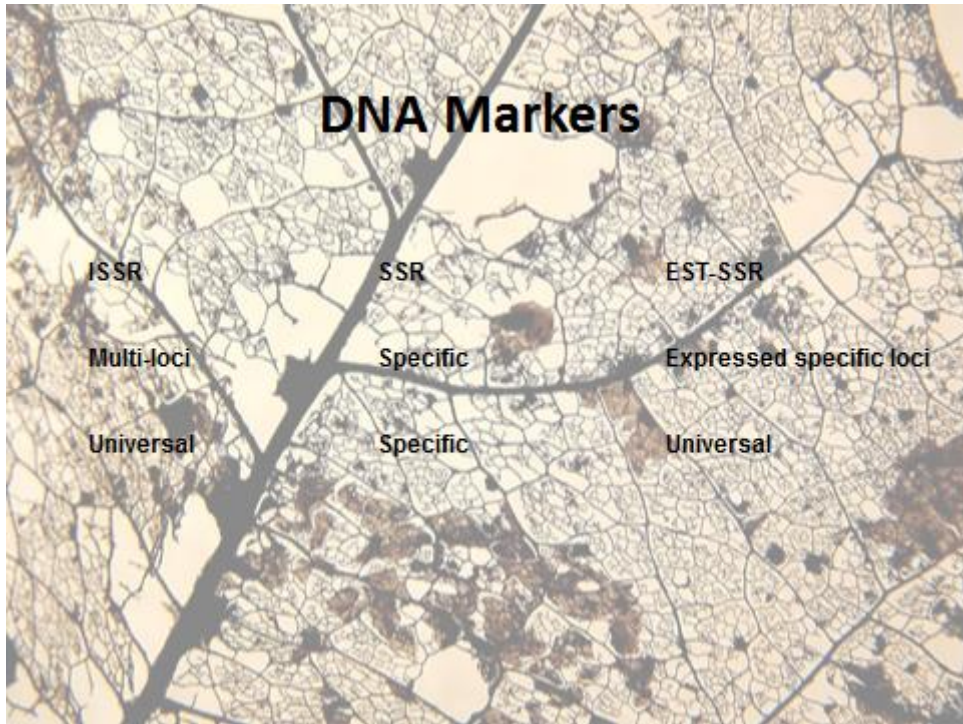


Allium species taken for the study

		New (by Friesen et al, 2006)	traditional (by Hanelt, 1992)
<i>A. fistulosum</i> L.	16	Cepa/Cepa	Rhizirideum/Cepa
<i>A. altaicum</i> Pall	16	Cepa/Cepa	Rhizirideum/Cepa
<i>A. nutans</i> L.	32	Rhizirideum/Rhizirideum	Rhizirideum/Rhizirideum
<i>A. schoenoprasum</i> L.	16, 32	Cepa/Schoenoprasum	Rhizirideum/Schoenoprasum
<i>A. ramosum</i> L.	16	Butomissa/Butomissa	Rhizirideum/Butomissa
<i>A. obliquum</i> L.	16	Polyprason/Oreiprason	Rhizirideum/Petroprason
<i>A. angulosum</i> L.	16	Rhizirideum/Rhizirideum	Rhizirideum/Rhizirideum
<i>A. hymenorrhizum</i> Ledeb.	16	Polyprason/Falcatifolia	Rhizirideum/Oreiprason
<i>A. subhirsutum</i> L.	16	Amerallium/Mollum	Amerallium/Mollum
<i>A. polyphyllum</i> Kar&Kir	32	Polyprason/Falcatifolia	Rhizirideum/Oreiprason
<i>A. cepa</i> L.	16	Cepa/Cepa	Rhizirideum/Cepa

15 subgenera, 56 sections, 73 sections, 730 species

6 subgenera, 50 section and subsections, 600-700 species



SSR-markers used for analysis

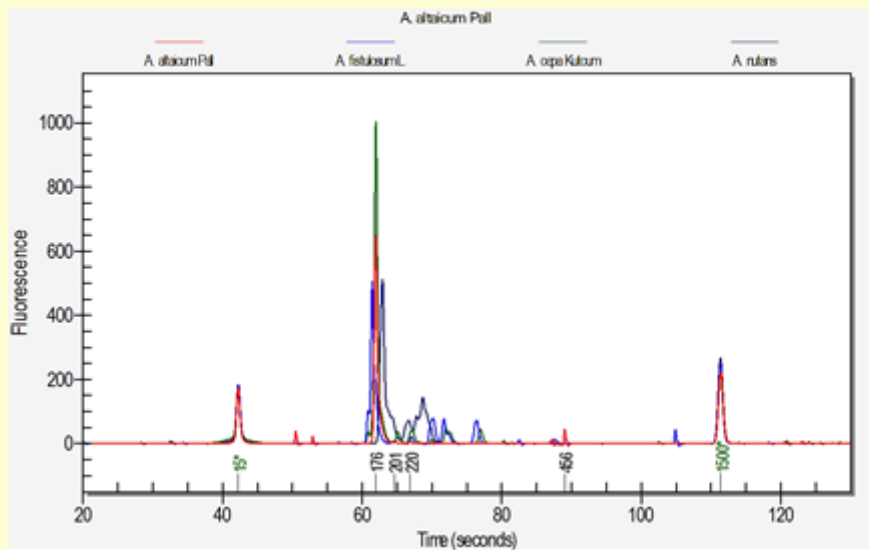
EST-SSR	T _n	Type of repeat	Fragment size (bp)
ACM 004	33	(CCA) ₄	203-206-213
ACM 018	33	(CCT) ₆	273-278
ACM 024	37.5	(GCA) ₁₀ -(SSN) ₄ (GCA) ₄ (ACA) ₄	150-190-200
ACM 082	38	(TCT) ₁₃	190-200
ACM 091	38	(TCT) ₁₀	190-200-220
ACM 094	37	(TGG) ₅	120-150

Species	EST-SSR markers					
	ACM 004	ACM 018	ACM 024	ACM 082	ACM 091	ACM 094
<i>Allium sativum</i> Pall	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Allium fistulosum</i> L.	+	+	+	+	+	+
<i>Allium subhirsutum</i> L.	-	+	-	-	+	-
<i>Allium asiaticum</i> L.	-	+	+	+	+	-
<i>Allium polyphyllum</i> Kar. & Kir	-	+	-	-	+	-
<i>Allium agnoscens</i> Loddh	-	+	+	+	+	-
<i>Allium nutans</i> L.	-	+	-	-	+	-
<i>Allium angulosum</i> L.	-	+	-	-	+	-
<i>Allium arvensis</i> L.	+	+	+	+	-	-
<i>Allium roseum</i> L.	-	+	+	-	-	-
<i>Allium cepa</i> L.	+	+	+	+	+	+

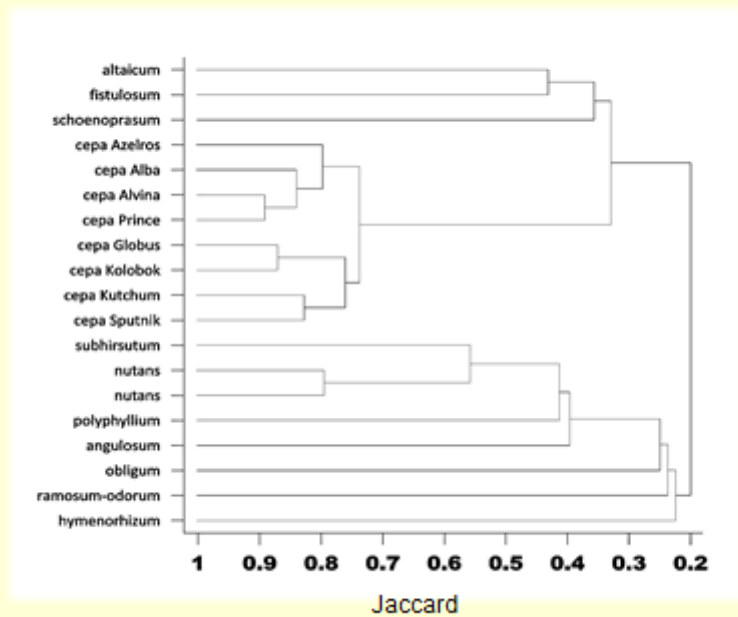
EST-SSR marker analysis



Capillary electrophoresis of amplified locus ACM091



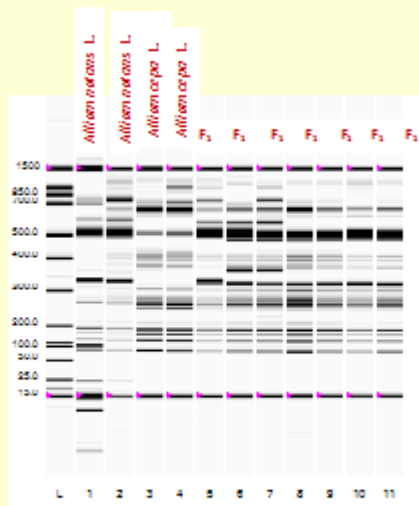
Relation among *Allium* accessions revealed by DNA markers



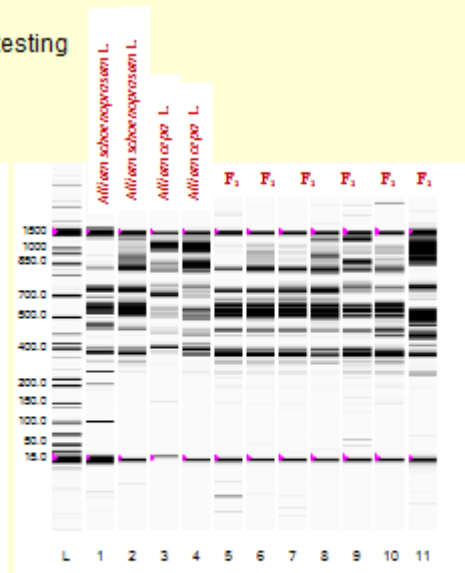
Interspecific hybrids



Hybrid testing

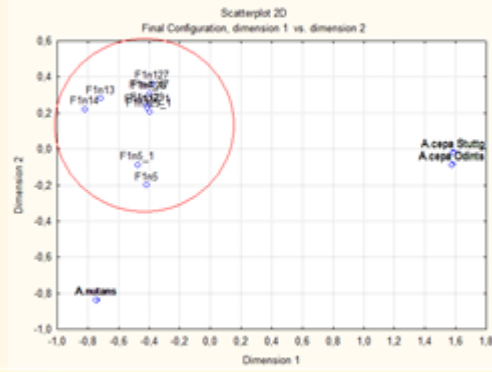
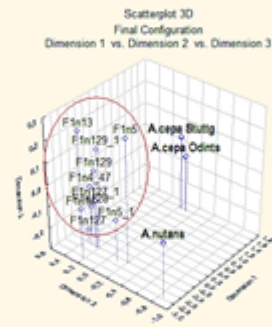


Virtual gel representing the PCR products observed after amplification ISSR loci of *Allium sativum* L., Stuttgarter Riesen (*Allium cepa* L.) and interspecific hybrid plants



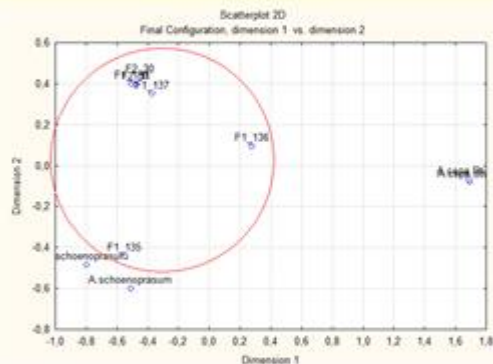
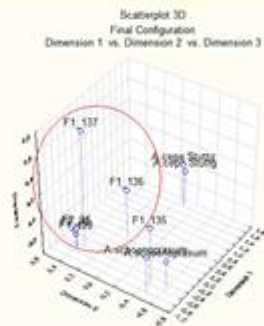
Virtual gel representing the PCR products observed after amplification ISSR loci of *Allium schoenoprasum* L., Stuttgarter Riesen (*Allium cepa* L.) and interspecific hybrid plants

Relationship among interspecific hybrid plants *A. nutans* L. × *A. cepa* L. shown with method of principal component analysis



*based on 77 ISSR loci and 25 SSR loci

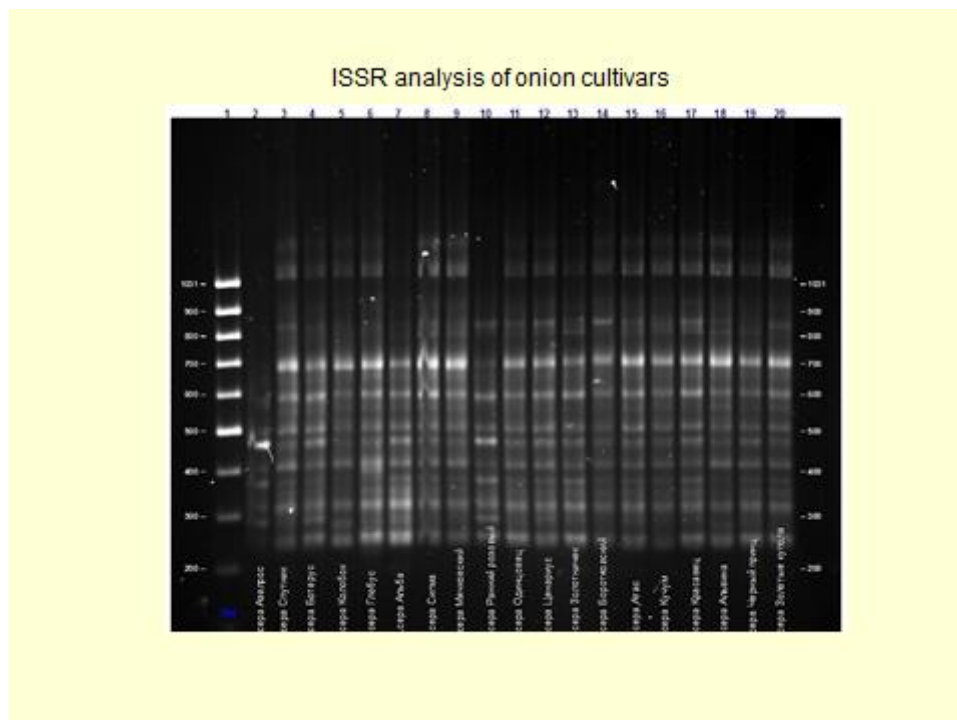
Relationship among interspecific hybrid plants *A. schoenoprasum* L. × *A. cepa* L. shown with method of principal component analysis

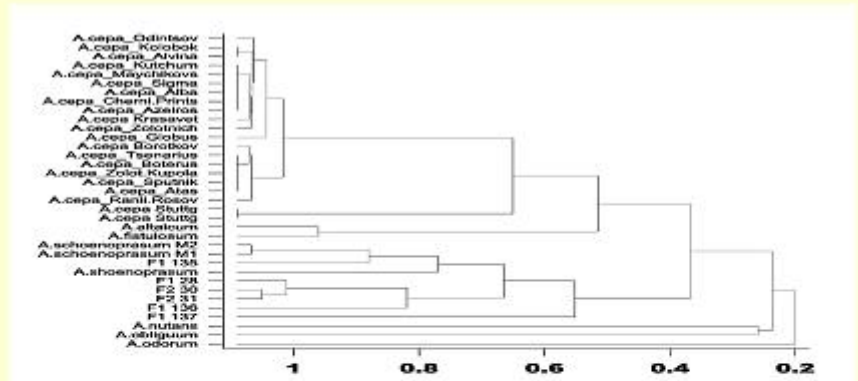


*Estimated 147 ISSR markers

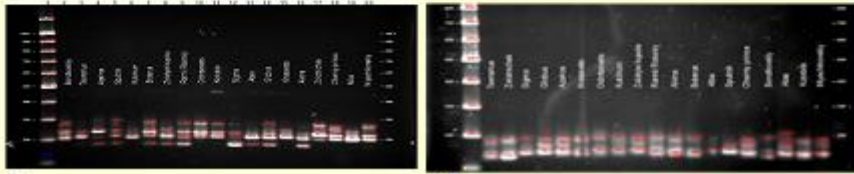
Onion cultivars analyzed

Cultivar	Bulb skin color	Shape of bulb
Acepa Azalra	Yellow	Globe
Acepa Globus	Yellow	Globe
Acepa Kolobok	Yellow	Globe
Acepa Kulthum	Yellow	Globe
Acepa Borodkovskiy	Yellow	Flat globe
Acepa Botanus	Yellow	Flat globe
Acepa Odintsovets	Yellow	Flat globe
Acepa Zolotiy Kupola	Yellow	Flat globe
Acepa Sigma	Yellow	Flat globe
Acepa Tsenarus	Yellow	Flat globe
Acepa Zolotnitchek	Yellow	Globe
Acepa Atlas	Yellow golden	Snow elliptic
Acepa Alba	White	Globe
Acepa Cherniy Prints	Dark violet	Globe
Acepa Alvena	Violet	Flat
Acepa Niyechikovskiy	Yellow	Flat
Acepa Sputnik	Yellow	Flat
Acepa Maniyi Kosoviy	Pink	Globe
Acepa Krasavets	Dark red	Globe



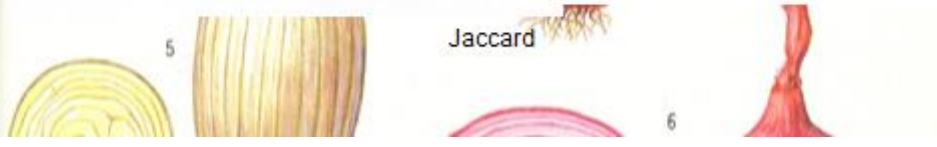
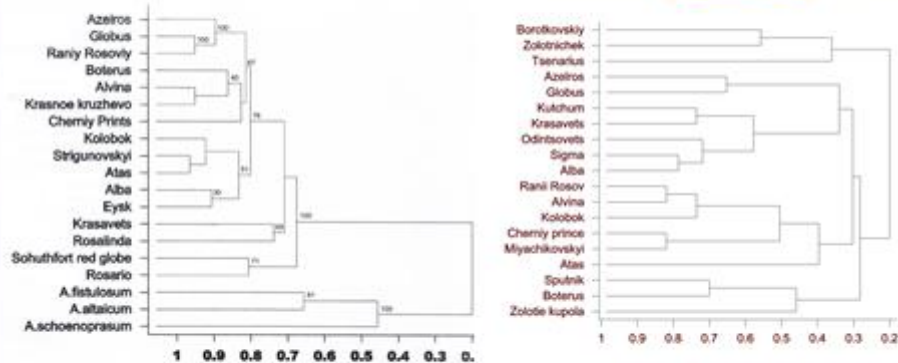


Дендрогрaмма генетических расстояний, построенная на основе полиморфизма ISSR-маркеров и SSR.



А - Электрофорeграммы полученные в результате амплификации геномной ДНК сорта лука с микросателлитными локусами А - ACM132 и Б - ACM024

Relationship among cultivars of onion revealed by EST-SSR markers
Polymorphism detected among 19 onion cultivars



Jaccard

Thank you for your attention



[End of Annex and of document]